RICHLAND PARISH ASSESSOR RAYVILLE, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

RICHLAND PARISH ASSESSOR DECEMBER 31, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	4
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	5-12
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS) Statement of Net Position - Government Activities Statement of Activities - Government Activities	14 15 16
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS) Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	17 18
to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	19
Fund Balances - Governmental Fund Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to	20
the Statement of Activities	21
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	22-42
OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Governmental Fund Type - General Fund	43 44
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	45
Schedule of Required Pension Contributions	46
Schedule of Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	47
OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits and	48
Other Payments to the Agency Head	49
Additional Reports	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government</i>	
Auditing Standards	50-51
Schedule of Findings and Responses	52
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	53

COCHRAN, CLARK & THOMASON

A CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 905 JULIA STREET · P.O. BOX 538 · RAYVILLE, LA 71269

SUSAN C. COCHRAN, CPA A. CARLTON CLARK III, CPA/ABV, CVA LASLEY D. THOMASON II, CPA, CVA PHONE (318) 728-4855 PHONE (318) 728-5670 FAX (318) 728-6618 CCR@CCRCPA.NET

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Emmett "Lee" Brown, III Richland Parish Assessor Rayville, LA 71269

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Richland Parish Assessor as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Assessor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the Richland Parish Assessor, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management discussion and analysis (pages 5-12), budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of employer's share of net liability, and schedule of employer required pension pension contributions (included in the table of contents on pages 44-47) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Richland Parish Assessor's basic financial statements. The accompanying other financial information consisting of the Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits and Other Payments to the Agency Head on page 49 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2021, on our consideration of the Richland Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Richland Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

COCHRAN, CLARK & THOMASON

Cochran Clark ; Thomason

Rayville, LA June 25, 2021 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Within this section of the Richland Parish Assessor, Rayville, Louisiana (the Parish Assessor) annual financial report, the Parish Assessor's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Parish Assessor for the calendar year ended December 31, 2020. The Parish Assessor's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Parish Assessor's assets exceeded its liabilities (net position) by \$7,689,748 for 2020.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:

December 31, 2020

- Capital assets of \$91,327 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
- (2) Unrestricted assets of \$7,598,421 represent the portion available to maintain the Parish Assessor's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Parish Assessor's governmental funds reported an unassigned total ending fund balance of \$9,658,412 for 2020.
- At the end of the current calendar year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,658,412 or 1,035% of total General Fund expenditures.
- Overall, the Parish Assessor continues to maintain a strong financial position, in spite of a somewhat depressed economy.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The first item in this report is the Independent Auditors' Report. This report tells the reader what the auditor audited and if the Parish Assessor has followed the accounting and financial reporting rules. For the year ended 2020, the auditor has given the Parish Assessor what is commonly called "a clean opinion". This means that the Parish Assessor is following the accounting rules and the following financial statements reflect the financial position and the financial activity for the year ended December 31, 2020. The auditors' report is signed by the independent auditor. The auditors' report may be found on pages 1 to 3 of this financial report.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the Parish Assessor's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, (3) notes to the basic financial statements, and (4) other supplementary information as may be applicable. The Parish Assessor also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements: required supplementary information, other required supplementary information, and other financial information. These statements and schedules are listed on the Table of Contents page.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Parish Assessor's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Parish Assessor's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the Parish Assessor's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Parish Assessor as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the Parish Assessor would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, in addition to the financial information provided in this report. The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the Parish Assessor's net position changed during the current calendar year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when the Parish Assessor receives or pays cash. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the Parish Assessor's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the Parish Assessor's taxpayers.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 15 through 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Parish Assessor uses a single fund to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Parish Assessor's only fund, the general fund.

The Parish Assessor uses only one fund type:

The Government fund is reported in the fund financial statements and encompasses the same function reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Parish Assessor's governmental fund. These statements report shortterm calendar year accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18 through 21 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 22 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Other required supplementary information is information that the accounting rules strongly suggest be presented within the Assessor's financial report. The general fund's budgetary comparison statement is included as "other required supplementary information". This statement demonstrates compliance with the Parish Assessor's adopted and final budget. The other required supplementary information includes a schedule of funding progress for the other postemployment benefits, a schedule of required pension contributions and a schedule of proportional share of net pension liability and related ratios.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PARISH ASSESSOR AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a summary of the Parish Assessor's net position:

posicion.	~	6		
		ummary of	Net Position	
	2020		2019	
		00	(Restated)	olo
	Governmental	of	Governmental	of
	Activities	Total	Activities	Total
Assets:				
Current Assets	7,130,735	66%	6,965,582	74%
Non-Current Assets	2,608,910	24%	1,789,394	19%
Capital Assets	91,327	1%	82,940	1%
Total Assets	9,830,972	<u>91</u> %	8,837,916	<u>94</u> 8
Deferred Outflows Total Assets &	946,978	<u> 9</u> %	619,654	6%
Deferred Outflows	<u>10,777,950</u>	<u>100</u> %	<u>9,457,570</u>	<u>100</u> %
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities	6,671	0%	2,779	0%
Deferred Inflows Long-Term Other and	553,630	18%	526,920	20%
Postemployment and Pensic	on			
Benefits Payable	2,527,901	82%	2,153,072	80%
Total Liabilities	<u>3,088,202</u>	<u>100</u> 8	2,682,771	<u>100</u> %
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital				
Asset	91,327	1%	82,940	1%
Unrestricted	7,598,421	99%	6,691,859	<u>99</u> %
Total Net Position	7,689,748	<u>100</u> %	6,774,799	<u>100</u> %

The Parish Assessor continues to maintain an extremely high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for governmental activities remains strong. They are as follows:

5 1	2020	2019
Current Ratio	1,069 to 1	2,507 to 1

The Parish Assessor reports a positive balance in the net position for its governmental activities. Net positions have changed as follows:

2020 Increase 914,949 2019 Increase 842,437

Note that 1% of the governmental activities' assets are represented by capital assets in both years. The Parish Assessor uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens.

The following data is presented on the accrual basis of accounting which means that all costs are presented, however, the purchase of capital assets is not included but depreciation on the capital assets is included.

The following table provides a summary of the Parish Assessor's changes in net position:

	Summary	of Chanc	ges in Net Position	n
	2020		2019	_
		00	(Restated)	00
	Governmental	of	Governmental	of
	Activities	Total	Activities	Total
Revenues:				
Program:				
Charges for Services	25,291	1%	26,048	1%
General:				
Taxes	1,748,177	85%	1,653,862	84%
Non-Employer Pension				
Contributions	151,246	7%	142,731	7%
Interest	142,120	<u>7</u> %	154,258	88
Total Revenues	2,066,834	<u>100</u> %	1,976,899	<u>100</u> %
Program Expenses:				
Operational:				
Salaries and benefits	784,737	68%	738,600	65%
Other Postemployment				
& Pension Benefits	227,344	20%	241,830	21%
Operating Services	91,130	8%	87,761	8%
Materials and Supplies	15,947	1%	17,363	2%
Travel and Other	16,231	2%	34,374	3%
Depreciation	14,132	1%	12,061	1%
Lease Interest &				
Amortization	2,364	0%	2,473	0%
Total Expenses:	1,151,885	<u>100</u> %	1,134,462	<u>100</u> %
Change in Net Position	914,949		842,437	
Beginning Net Position	6,774,799		5,932,362	
Ending Net Position	<u>7,689,748</u>		6,774,799	

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

The Parish Assessor is heavily reliant on property taxes to support its operations. As a result, the general economy and local businesses have a major impact on the Parish Assessor's revenue streams.

Sources of revenue are shown below by percentage:

General Revenues Property Tax Non-Employer Pension Payment Interest Total General Revenues	$\frac{2020}{85}$ 7 $\frac{7}{99}$	2019 84 7 <u>8</u> 99
Program Revenues	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Total Revenues	<u>100</u> %	<u>100</u> %

GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

Since assessor operations are staff oriented, a major portion of the budget is used for employee salaries and benefits each year.

The following is a summary of the major operational expenses as a percentage of total expenses:

Salaries and Benefits	2020 68%	2019 65%
Other Postemployment & Pension Benefits	20%	21%
Operating Services	8%	88
Materials and Supplies	1%	2%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PARISH ASSESSOR'S GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the Parish Assessor's operating fund and the source of day-to-day service delivery. As discussed, the General Fund is reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Remember the data presented in the fund financial statements is presented on the modified accrual basis. This means that capital assets purchased during the year are reported as expenditures and no depreciation on these capital assets is reported as an expenditure in the same year.

The total fund balance and change per year is reported in the following chart:

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total fund balance	9, <mark>658,</mark> 412	8,694,070	7,737,263	6,9 <mark>02,7</mark> 94
Change from prior year	964,342	956 , 807	834,469	559 , 376

The fund balance is unreserved indicating availability for continuing Parish Assessor service requirements.

As a percentage of annual expenditures, the General Fund's ending fund balance is considered very adequate. The percentages each year are as follows:

	2020	2019
Fund balance as a % of		
Annual expenditures	1,035%	981%

Though some might consider this percentage high, it is necessary for the Parish Assessor to maintain a strong financial position in order to cover its cash flow needs and any unforeseen costs that might occur in the future. Note that the Parish Assessor is financing its operations on a "pay-as-you-go" system, which means currently there is no outstanding long-term debt (e.g., bonded debt) for capital purposes. In other words, all capital items are free and clear of debt.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund budget was amended. In 2020, the Parish Assessor realized 99% of the revenue budget and the actual expenditures were only 89% of the budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets:	Governmental	Activities 2019
capital assets.		
Depreciable, Equipment, furniture and fixtures	202,795	194,332
Less accumulated depreciation	(<u>154,301</u>)	(<u>147,923</u>)
Net Depreciable Assets	48,494	46,409
Inventoried Assets	42,833	36,531
Book value-capital assets	91,327	82,940

The depreciable capital assets for governmental activities were 76% depreciated at the end of 2020 and 76% depreciated at the end of 2019. The total percentage of depreciated capital assets is quite high, which means that additional resources will be required to replace these capital assets in the future.

Long-term debt

At year-end, the Parish Assessor had no long-term debt outstanding. The Parish Assessor may issue general obligation debt to meet its capital needs but has elected to fund these needs on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Financing capital on a current basis eliminates the deferral of capital costs to future periods.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE PARISH ASSESSOR

Since the primary revenue stream for the Parish Assessor is property taxes, this type of tax is not subject to changes in the economy, in the short-term. However, in the long-term property tax revenues suffer if the economy does not maintain growth. Accrued cost for "other postemployment benefits" (OPEB payable and the related expense) were recorded pursuant to GASB No. 75. These calculations are determined by an actuary for presentation in the Assessors annual financial report. This liability is significant in comparison to the Assessor's total assets and has substantially reduced the net position.

For retirement reporting, GASB 68 as amended by GASB 71 were implemented to report the pension cost liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows. The accrued cost and liabilities are reported in the government wide statements. The calculations are provided in the audited financial statements of the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund. The related cost and liability are significant and have substantially reduced the net position.

CONTACTING THE PARISH ASSESSOR'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Parish Assessor's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Parish Assessor's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about the contents of this report or would like to request additional information, please contact Mr. Lee Brown, at the Richland Parish Assessor's Office, 708 Julia Street, Room 115, Rayville, Louisiana, 71269.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position - Government Activities December 31, 2020

ASSETS

Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments (amortized cost) Taxes Receivable (net) Right to Use Asset Capital assets (net) Total Assets	5,420,059 2,603,669 1,710,676 5,241 91,327 9,830,972
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation Pension Plan	572,737
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	374,241 946,978
Iotal Deferred Outriows of Resources	940,970
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,777,950
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	6 , 671
Lease Obligation	5,606
Net Pension Liabilities	158,295
Other Post Employment Benefits Payable	2,364,000
Total Liabilities	2,534,572
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation	302,433
Pension Plan	251 , 197
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	553,630
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,088,202
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	91,327
Restricted	-
Unrestricted	7,598,421
Total Net Position	7,689,748

Statement of Activities - Government Activities December 31, 2020

Activities	Expenses	Program Revenues Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General Government	<u>1,151,885</u>	25,291	(1,126,594)

General	revenues:
Taxes	:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Non-Employer Pension Contributions	1,748,177 151,246
Interest and Investment Earnings	142,120
Total General Revenues	2,041,543
Change in Net Position	914,949
Net Position - January 1, 2020	6,774,799
Net Position - December 31, 2020	7,689,748

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund December 31, 2020

ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	5,420,059
Investments (amortized cost)	2,603,669
Taxes Receivable (net)	1,710,676
Total Assets	9,734,404
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	6 , 671
Total Liabilities	6,671
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable Taxes	69,321
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	69,321
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	75 , 992
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable	_
Restricted	-
Committed	-
Assigned	-
Unassigned	9,658,412
Total Fund Balances	9,658,412
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,734,404
and Fund Balances	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Total fund balance for the Governmental Fund	9,658,412
Total net position reported for Governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:	
Equipment, furniture and fixtures, net of accumulated depreciation	91,327
Right to use assets for equipment used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	5,241
Deferred outflows of expenditures for the OPEB obligation and retirement system are not available resources and therefore,	
are not reported in the fund financial statements. Those deferred outflows consist of:	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pension	572,737 374,241
Revenues that have been deferred are unearned in the government funds but are recognized as revenue in the government-wide statements.	69,321
Deferred inflows of contributions for the OPEB obligation and retirement system are not payable from current expendable resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements. Those deferred inflows consist of:	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pension	(302,433) (251,197)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Those long-term liabilities consist of:	
Lease Obligation	(5,606)
Net Pension Obligations	(158,295)
Other Post Employment Benefits Payable	(2,364,000)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	7,689,748

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues Ad Valorem Taxes 1,729,776 Fire District Fees 10,504 Other Revenues 14,787 Interest & Investment Earnings 142,120 Total Revenues 1,897,187 Expenditures: Current -General Government: 784,737 Personnel Services and Related Benefits Operating Service 91,675 Materials and Supplies 21,850 Travel and Other Charges 16,231 Capital Outlay 18,352 Total Expenditures 932,845 Net Change in Fund Balance 964,342 Fund Balance - January 1, 2020 8,694,070 Fund Balance - December 31, 2020 9,658,412

RICHLAND PARISH ASSESSOR Rayville, Louisiana		
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Exp Changes in Fund Balance of the Government to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 202	al Fund	
Total net changes in fund balance per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		964,342
The change in net position reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expenses.		
Expenditures for Capital Assets Disposal of Capital Assets Less Current Year Depreciation	24,254 (1,735) (14,132)	8,387
Governmental funds report deferred earned revenue as liabilities. However, in the statement of activities these revenues are fully accrued as follows:		
Current Year Deferrals Prior Year Deferrals	69,321 (50,920)	18,401
Governmental funds report lease payments as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the payments are reported as a decrease in lease obligation and interest expense. In the statement of activities, the right to use asset for the leased asset is amortized.		
Expenditures for Lease Payments Interest on Lease Obligation Amortization of Right to Use Asset	2,280 (398) (1,966)	(84)
Other post-employment benefits are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures when paid. However, in the government wide statement of activities, OPEB expense is reported based on the additional adjustments to the total OPEB liability determined by an actuarial valuation, and includes various amortized amounts.		(165,964)
Governmental funds report retirement expenditures as payment is remitted to the retirement system. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, retirement is reported based on the additional allocation stated in the retirement system report, and includes the Assessor's share of Non-employers pension contributions and various amortized amounts.		89 867
Total Changes in Net Position per Statement of Activities	-	89,867 914,949
	=	

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Assessor is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a term of four years. The Assessor assesses all real and movable property in the parish, subject to ad valorem taxation. The Assessor is authorized to appoint as many deputies as necessary for the efficient operation of his office and to provide assistance to the taxpayers of the parish. The deputies are authorized to perform all functions of the office, but the Assessor is officially and pecuniarily responsible for the actions of the deputies.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Assessor conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513, as well as any applicable requirements set forth by *Audits of State and Local Governments*, the industry audit guide issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Richland Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Richland Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Because the Police Jury maintains and operates the parish courthouse in which the Assessor's office is located, the Assessor was determined to be a component unit of the Richland Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Assessor and do not present information on the Police Jury, the general government services provided by the Police Jury, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Assessor's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Assessor are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The Assessor maintains only one fund. It is categorized as a governmental fund. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, or revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and,
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The major fund of the Assessor is described below:

Governmental Fund -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Assessor. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. The governmental fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The government-wide financial statement utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the government activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interestbearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Assessor.

Investments

According to RS 33:2955, political subdivisions of the state are allowed to invest in certain bonds issued by domestic United States Corporations. The investments are reported at amortized cost.

The amortized cost of investments includes the par values of the bonds at maturity plus unamortized premiums or discounts. The premium and discount will be amortized using the straight-line method until the bonds have reached maturity. Amortization of premiums and discounts are reported as decreases and increases in interest revenue and as reductions to the unamortized premiums and discounts. RICHLAND PARISH ASSESSOR Rayville, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing. Ad valorem taxes are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes. At December 31, 2020, an allowance for ad valorem taxes was considered unnecessary due to immateriality.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Assessor maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing these assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Deprecation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Furniture, fixtures, and equipment

3-5 years

Compensated Absences

Depending on length of service, employees receive from ten to fifteen days of noncumulative vacation leave each year. Sick leave, which is noncumulative, is earned at the rate of five days each year and one day for every working year over three years, not to exceed fifteen days. There are no accumulated and vested benefits related to vacation and sick leave that require accrual or disclosure.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases

Leases of equipment will be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. At inception, leases will be recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments over the remaining life of the lease. The minimum lease payments will be discounted at the entity's incremental borrowing rate, which has been estimated at 6%. The right to use the equipment under the lease is recorded as an asset in the statement of net position. The right to use leased equipment will be amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the lease. In addition, the lease obligation is recorded as a liability in the statement of net position. The lease obligation will be reduced as payments are made, and an outflow for interest expense on the liability will be recognized in the statement of activities.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. The Assessor's deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the government-wide statement are attributable to its pension plan and OPEB plan. Ad valorem taxes for the governmental fund which have not been remitted within 60 days subsequent to year end are considered deferred inflows of resources.

Net Position Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- b. Restricted Consists of assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted All other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows.

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Assessor, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Richland Parish Assessor.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Assessor's adopted policy, only the Assessor may assign amounts for specified purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Assessor considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Assessor considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Assessor has provided otherwise in this commitment or assignment actions.

RICHLAND PARISH ASSESSOR Rayville, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Revenues, Expenditures, And Expenses

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, attach as an enforceable lien, and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1993 requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Ad valorem taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year.

Fees for preparing tax rolls are recorded in the year prepared. Interest income on time deposits is recorded when the time deposits have matured. Interest income on demand deposits is recorded monthly when the interest is earned and credited to the account.

Based on the above criteria, ad valorem taxes, and fees for preparing tax rolls have been treated as susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by character and function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by character.

G. Budgetary Practices

The proposed budget for the General Fund, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, is made available for public inspection at least fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The budget is then legally adopted by the Assessor and amended during the year, as necessary. The budget is established and controlled by the Assessor at the object level of expenditure. Appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended. All changes in the budget must be approved by the Assessor. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The budget was amended for the year ended December 31, 2020.

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund and Subsidiary (LARF) and additions to/deductions from LARF's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LARF.

Financial reporting information pertaining to the Assessor's participation in the LARF is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

The financial statements were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, member and employer contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments and statutory requirements. Benefits and refunds of employee contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the statutes governing LARF. Expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value on a trade date basis. The fiduciary net positions are reflected in the measurement of the Assessor's proportionate share of the plan's net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

Under state law, the Assessor may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Assessor may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 2020, the Assessor has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) as follows:

Demand Deposits	1,583,280
Time Deposits	3,836,779
	5,420,059

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS (continued)

the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31, 2020, are secured as follows:

Bank Balances	<u>5,447,651</u>
Federal Deposit Insurance Pledged Securities (Category 3)	3,225,826 2,221,825
Total	5,447,651

Pledged securities in Category 3 include uninsured or unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Assessor's name.

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Assessor that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS

According to Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955, political subdivisions are permitted to invest in certain bonds of United States domestic corporations. To qualify for investment, the bonds must meet specific long-term ratings and must mature in five years or less. Also included in the investment portfolio is an on-demand alternative to cash that is held by the broker for future investment. This account is stated at cost. By state law, this account must be secured and insured. Deposits to this account are covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for up to \$250,000. The broker has also purchased excess SIPC coverage through Lloyd's, a London based firm. Excess SIPC coverage is fully protected by the Lloyd's trust funds and Lloyd's Central Fund.

All investments meet the stated requirements. Investments (stated at amortized cost) include bonds of seven United States domestic corporations. All of the bonds mature in five years or less. All of the bonds have a Moody's Investors Service long-term rating of Aa3 or above.

Par Value of Bonds:	2,295,000
Unamortized Premiums:	45,805
Unamortized Discounts:	(3,510)
Total Investments (amortized cost):	2,337,295
Cash alternatives held for investment	
(at cost)	266,374
Total Investments	2,603,669

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS (continued)

The cost and fair value of marketable debt securities at December 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Net Carrying Value
December 31, 2020					
Held to Maturity:					
Within one year	594,711	5,649	-	600,360	594,711
1 to 5 years	1,742,584	74,466	(3,056)	1,813,994	1,742,584
Totals	2,337,295	80,115	(3,056)	2,414,354	2,337,295

ω N

The concentration of credit risk in debt securities held to maturity is as follows:

	Net Carrying Value	Moody ' s	Standard & Poors	Percentage of Net Carrying Value
Apple, Inc.	423,522	Aal	AA+	18%
Citibank, N.A.	254,822	Aa3	AA	11%
Exon Mobile	298,571	Aa3	AA	13%
Toyota Motor Credit Corporation	339 , 680	Aa3	AA-	15%
Toyota Motor Credit Corporation	338,287	Aa3	AA-	14%
U.S. Bank National Association	253,438	Aal	AA-	11%
Valdosta & Lowndes	171,189	A1	AA-	7%
Wells Fargo Bank	257,786	Aa2	A+	11%
	2,337,295			100%

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLE AND PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

Accounts Receivable are reported without an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Management believes any allowance would be immaterial.

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1925, the assessor is authorized to levy an ad valorem tax in lieu of pro rata deductions from ad valorem taxing authorities. The authorized millage should be an amount necessary to provide no less ad valorem taxes than that received by the assessor in the initial year. The Richland Parish Assessor levied 8.0 mills for 2020 to provide funding for the office.

The following are the principal taxpayers for the parish and their 2020 assessed valuation:

		Percent
	2020	of Total
	Assessed	Assessed
	Valuation	Valuation
ETC Tiger Pipeline, LLC	22,612,740	10.37%
Southeast Supply Header	14,651,440	6.72%
Gulf South Pipeline Co., LLC	10,974,490	5.03%
Denbury Onshore, LLC	9,036,410	4.15%
Midcontinent Express Pipeline, LLC	8,849,840	4.06%
Enable Gas Transmission	9,927,260	4.55%
Gulf Crossing Pipeline Co.	8,870,010	4.07%
Lansing Louisiana, LLC	5,080,890	2.33%
ANR Pipeline, Co.	6,484,710	2.97%
Hydro Extrusion	4,277,960	1.96%
Total	<u>100,765,750</u>	<u>46.22</u> %

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, are as follows: Balance Balance 1/01/20 Additions Deletions 12/31/20 Capital Assets: Equipment, furniture 230,863 24,254 9,489 and fixtures 245,628 Less accumulated depreciation: Equipment, furniture and fixtures (147,923) (14,132) (7,754) (154, 301)82,940 Net Capital Assets 91,327

Depreciation expense of \$14,132 was charged to the general government function.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN

The Assessor participates in the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund (Fund). The Fund is a cost sharing, multiple-employer, qualified governmental defined benefit pension plan covering Assessors and their deputies employed by any parish of the State of Louisiana, under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1401 through 1494. The plan is a qualified plan as defined by the Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a). Membership in the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund is a condition of employment for Assessors and their full time employees. The Fund's fiscal year ends on September 30.

The Fund provides retirement benefits, survivor benefits, DROP benefits, disability benefits, and back-DROP benefits. Benefits are calculated based on employment start date, length of service, and age at retirement.

According to state statute, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. Although the direct employer actuarially required contribution for the Fund's fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 was 3.01%, the actual employer contribution rate for the year was 8%. The contributions for all members are established by statute at 8% of earned compensation. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating agency. The Fund also receives one-fourth of one percent of the property taxes assessed in each parish of the state as well as state revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature.

Actuarially determined amounts regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations, and new estimates are made about the future. Key information on the actuarial valuation and assumptions is as follows:

September 30, 2020
Entry Age Normal
5.75%
2.10%
5.25%
Rates based on the Pub 2010
Public Retirement Plans
Mortality Table

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table.

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	7.50%
International equity	8.50%
Domestic bonds	2.50%
International bonds	3.50%
Real estate	4.50%
Alternative assets	5.87%

The long-term expected rate of return selected for this report by the Fund was 5.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the participating employers and non-employer contribution entities will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on these assumptions and the other assumptions and methods as specified in this report, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. Thus, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.75%.

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regards to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational matter over a closed period of five years, beginning with the current period. The Expected Remaining Service Lives (ERSL) for 2020 is 6 years.

As of the valuation date of September 30, 2020, the Fund reported the following members:

Employee Members	
Louisiana Assessors' Offices	64
Louisiana Assessors' Association	1
	65
Current retirees and beneficiaries	564
Terminated vested participants	12
Terminated due a refund	103
Active plan participants	749
Total	1,428

The Assessor's Deferred Outflow of Resources (employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date) to the Fund was \$9,601. This amount will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021.

The Fund issues an annual publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement System, Post Office Box 14699, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-4699 or by calling (318)425-4446.

The payroll covered by the plan and the Richland Parish Assessor's required contribution to the system are as follows:

Payroll Covered	480,054
Required Contribution	38,404

In the current year the required contribution was funded 100%. The required contribution was also funded 100% in 2007 through 2019.

Retirement System Information

Net Pension Liability	158,295
Employer Allocation Percentage	1.036125
Required Contributions	38,104
Actuarial date and measurement date	9/30/20

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Differences between Expected & Actual Experience		5,066	126,472
Changes of Assumptions		351,426	-
Net Differences between projected & Actual Earni	ngs	-	124,478
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	-
Changes in proportion & differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's share	of		
contributions		4,148	247
Contributions subsequent to measuring date		9,601	
Total		370,241	251,197
Pension Expense			
Proportionate Share of Plan Pension Expense Net Amortization of Deferred amounts from Changes	in	107,092	
Proportion		2,439	
Total Employer Pension Expense		109,531	
Proportionate Share			
Employer contributions		38,324	
Non-Employer Contributions		151,246	
Schedule of Net Pension Liability			
Sensitivity to Change in Discount Rate			
Employer's Proportionate Share		1.0361250	
1% Decrease		718,560	
1% Increase		(318,017)	
Amortization of Net Deferred Outflows/Inflows			
	2021	12,727	
	2022	43,461	
	2023	39,678	
	2024	(3,588)	
	2025	21,165	
Net of Deferred Outflows and Inflows, excluding contributions subsequent to the measurement date		113,443	

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 7 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Richland Parish Assessor offers its employees participation in a Deferred Compensation Plan adopted and established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Assessor's employees, permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or proof of hardship. The Assessor's Office provides a match of up to \$200 per month for employees participating in the plan.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the State of Louisiana (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan) subject only to the claims of the general creditors of the State of Louisiana. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the State of Louisiana in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description - Employees of the Assessor's Office voluntarily participated in the State of Louisiana Assessor's Insurance Fund. The Plan and related trust were established on August 30, 1988, pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1022. The Assessor's Insurance Fund provides health benefits, life insurance coverage, long-term disability benefits, vision, long term care, and death benefits to participants and to their beneficiaries and covered dependents. Retired employees are entitled to similar health benefits (in excess of Medicare coverage) provided they have attained at least age 55 with twenty years of service or thirty years of service regardless of age. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of plan members and the Assessor are established and may be amended by Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1022. Employees do not contribute to their post employment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. Contribution amounts vary depending on what healthcare provider is selected from the plan and if the member has Medicare coverage. The Assessor's Insurance Fund offers various plans for both active and retired employees.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The Assessor's office finances the other post-employment benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis with the Assessor contributing monthly amounts. The Assessor's office does not cover the insurance cost for all retirees. For 2020, the Assessor paid a total of \$22,401 in premiums for a retiree.

As of the valuation date of December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active participants	7	
Retirees	1	
Spouses of Retirees	1	
Total	9	
	December 31, 2020	December 31 2019
Total OPEB Liability	\$2,364,000	\$1,873,694
Covered Payroll	575,439	494,542
Total OPEB liability as		
a % of Covered payroll	410.82%	378,87%

The Assessor's total OPEB liability of \$2,364,000 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date January 1, 2020, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was projected to the measurement date December 31, 2020. Any significant changes during this period have been reflected as described by GASB 75.

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.20%
Salary increases including inflation	3.00%
Mortality	Rates based on Sex-
	distinct Pub 2010
	General Mortality

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.12%. The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

RICHLAND PARISH ASSESSOR Rayville, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The following schedule presents the changes in the Assessor's total OPEB liability for the fiscal year 2020:

Service Cost	102,953
Interest on total OPEB liability	53 , 855
Effect of economic/demographic	
gains or losses	120,407
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	235,492
Benefit payments	(22,401)
Net Change in total OBEB liability	490,306
Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2019	1,873,694
Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2020	2,364,000

The following schedule presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, calculated using the discount rate of 2.12%, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.12%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.12%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	1.12%	Rate 2.12%	3.12%
Total OPEB Liability	2,928,588	2,364,000	1,931,114

The following schedule presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	1,963,571	2,364,000	2,909,673

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Assessor recognized OPEB expense of \$165,964. At December 31, 2020, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
Differences between	Resources	Resources
Expected and actual experience	103,753	54,110
Changes in Assumption	468,984	248,323
Amounts paid subsequent to the Measurement date		
Total	572,737	302,433

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:

2021	31 , 557
2022	31,557
2023	31 , 557
2024	31 , 557
2025	50,859
Thereafter	93,217
	<u>270,304</u>

NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Richland Parish Assessor's office is located in the courthouse of Richland Parish. The Police Jury provides the office space for the Assessor's office. Minor repairs, electricity, water, and sewer fees are all paid by the Police Jury.

NOTE 10 - LEASES

The Richland Parish Assessor has entered into the following operating leases.

In August of 2018, the assessor's office signed a contract for the right to use a copier and fax. The contract has monthly payments of \$190 for 60 months. The lease was noncancelable and contains an option to purchase the equipment at fair market value at the end of the lease. This lease was accounted for under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The total value of the right to use the equipment and the lease obligation was \$9,828 calculated at present value using a 6% incremental borrowing rate at the inception of the lease. Payments under this lease totaled \$2,280 for 2020. Of those lease payments \$1,822 was allocated to the principal of the lease obligation and \$398 was allocated to related interest expense. In addition, the amortization on the right to use the leased equipment was \$1,966 for the current year. These amounts were included in the statement of activities.

RICHLAND PARISH ASSESSOR Rayville, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 10 - LEASES (Continued)

The following is a schedule by years of the amortization of the right to use the leased equipment and the future minimum lease payments required under the lease, as of December 31, 2020.

Operating Leases

					Total
					Minimum
Right to		Lease	Lease	Interest	Lease
Use Asset	Amortization	Obligation	Principal	Expense	Payments
3,275	1,966	3,607	1,998	282	2,280
1,319	1,966	1,486	2,121	159	2,280
-	1,309	-	1,487	33	1,520
	5,241		<u>5,606</u>	474	6,080
	Use Asset 3,275 1,319 -	Use Asset Amortization 3,275 1,966 1,319 1,966 - 1,309	Use Asset Amortization Obligation 3,275 1,966 3,607 1,319 1,966 1,486 - 1,309 -	Use Asset Amortization Obligation Principal 3,275 1,966 3,607 1,998 1,319 1,966 1,486 2,121 - 1,309 - 1,487	Use AssetAmortizationObligationPrincipalExpense3,2751,9663,6071,9982821,3191,9661,4862,121159-1,309-1,48733

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Assessor is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Assessor has obtained coverage from various commercial insurance companies to reduce the exposure to these risks.

NOTE 12 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Program (ITEP) provided through the Louisiana Department of Economic Development, (authorized pursuant to Article VII, Part II, Section 21(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974) authorizes the abatement of ad valorem taxes for a period of up to ten years on capital improvements and equipment related to manufacturing. Exempted property will be excluded from the taxable assessments in the parish tax rolls. The Assessor abated property taxes to entities in the parish through the ITEP in the amount of \$154,975 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Assessor evaluated its December 31, 2020 financial statements for subsequent events through June 25, 2021, the date for which the financial statements were available for distribution, for potential recognition and disclosure.

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact revenue. Other financial impact could occur though such potential impact is unknown at this time.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Governmental Fund Type For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues)		(
Ad Valorem Taxes	1,620,000	1,740,000	1,729,776	(10,224)
Fire District Fees Other Revenue - preparing	10,400	10,400	10,504	104
tax rolls, etc.	13,800	14,240	14,787	547
Interest & Investment Earnings	40,000	127,000	142,120	15,120
Total Revenues	1,684,200	1,891,640	1,897,187	5,547
Expenditures Current - General Government: Personnel Services and				
Related Benefits	770,797	759,899	784,737	(24,838)
Operating Service	164,450	167,300	91,675	75,625
Materials and Supplies	28,850	27,000	21,850	5,150
Travel and Other Charges	37,879	37,879	16,231	21,648
Capital Outlay	30,000	30,000	18,352	11,648
Total Expenditures	1,031,976	1,022,078	932,845	89,233
Net Change in Fund Balance	652,224	869,562	964,342	94,780
Fund Balance - January 1, 2020			8,694,070	
Fund Balance - December 31, 2020			9,658,412	

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)

	Year-end 2020	Year-end 2019	Year-end 2018
Service Costs	102,953	54,266	67,964
Interest on total OPEB Liability	53,855	60,072	64,094
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (loses)	120,407	-	(88,646)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	235,492	359,420	(406,828)
Benefit payments	(22,401)	(21,696)	(20,220)
Net Change in total OPEB liability	490,306	452,062	(383,636)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	1,873,694	1,421,632	1,805,268
Total OPEB liability, ending	2,364,000	1,873,694	1,421,632
Covered Payroll Total OPEB liability as a	575,439	494,542	575 , 000
percentage of covered payroll	410.82%	378.87%	247.24%

The trends in these amounts are significantly affected by changes in benefit terms, the size of composition of the population covered by the benefit terms, and assumptions used in actuarial valuation.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

See Auditors' Report. The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

4 5

Schedule of Required Pension Contributions For the Years Ended December 31, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, and 2015

	Year-end 2020	Year-end 2019	Year-end 2018	Year-end 2017	Year-end 2016	Year-end 2015
Contractually required contribution	38,404	37,204	34,627	40,813	52,156	53,694
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	38,404	37,204	34,627	40,813	52 , 156	53,694
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	-	-	-	-
Assessor's covered employee payroll	480,054	465,053	432,842	429,212	413,117	397,736
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.00%	8.00%	7.99%	9.51%	12.62%	13.50%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

46

RICHLAND PARISH ASSESSOR

Rayville, Louisiana

Schedule of Proportional Share of The Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Years Ended December 31, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, and 2015

	Year-end 2020	Year-end 2019	Year-end 2018	Year-end 2017	Year-end 2016	Year-end 2015
Assessor's proportion of the Net Pension Liability	1.036125	1.030737	0.972074	0.972826	0.940052	0.0938689
Assessor's Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	158,295	271,890	188,975	170,703	331,716	491,238
State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the Assessor						
Total	158,295	271,890	188,975	170,703	331,716	491,238
Assessor's Covered employee payroll	480,054	465,053	432,842	429,212	413,117	397,736
Assessor's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	32.97%	58.46%	43.66%	39.77%	80.30%	123.51
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the total Pension Liability	96.79%	94.12%	95.46%	95.61%	90.68%	85.57%

The State makes required contributions to the various. retirement systems The States share of the Net Pension Liability is not stated.

47

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits and Other Payments to the Agency Head For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Salary	131,797
Expense Checks	13,180
Benefits - Insurance	26,217
Benefits - Retirement	23,196
Deferred Compensation Match	7,320
Vehicle Provided by Government	7,200
Travel	2,862
Cell Phone Reimbursement	2,077
	213,849

A CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 905 JULIA STREET · P.O. BOX 538 · RAYVILLE, LA 71269

SUSAN C. COCHRAN, CPA A. CARLTON CLARK III, CPA/ABV, CVA LASLEY D. THOMASON II, CPA, CVA PHONE (318) 728-4855 PHONE (318) 728-5670 FAX (318) 728-6618 CCR@CCRCPA.NET

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Richland Parish Assessor Rayville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Richland Parish Assessor, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Richland Parish Assessor's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Richland Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Richland Parish Assessor's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Richland Parish.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Richland Parish Assessor's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Richland Parish Tax Assessor's Response to Findings

Richland Parish Tax Assessor's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Richland Parish Tax Assessor's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

COCHRAN, CLARK & THOMASON

Cachran Clash . Thomason

Rayville, LA June 25, 2021

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The Auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Richland Parish Assessor.
- 2. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Richland Parish Assessor were disclosed during the audit.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

No findings in audit report for the year ended 2020.

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

No findings in audit report for the year ended 2019.