Crowley, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Acadia Parish Police Jury Crowley, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Acadia Parish Police Jury (the Police Jury), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Police Jury's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and adverse audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the Police Jury's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the Police Jury's primary government unless the Police Jury also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The Police Jury has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The amount by which this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America would affect the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units is not reasonably determinable.

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Police Jury as of December 31, 2020, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Police Jury as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Police Jury has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Police Jury's basic financial statements. The other financial information and other supplemental information on pages 59-80 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other financial information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other financial information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The prior year comparative information on the comparative statements has been derived from the Police Jury's 2019 financial statements, which were audited by other auditors whose report dated May 20, 2020, expressed an unmodified opinion on the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Acadia Parish Police Jury as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The other supplemental information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 23, 2021, on our consideration of the Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana July 23, 2021 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Primary
	Government
	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 8,276,915
Investments	17,489,898
Taxes receivable	444,183
Other receivables	19,593
Due from other governmental entities	10,274,735
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable	2,431,640
Depreciable, net	51,602,766
Total assets	90,539,730
DECEMBER OF THE ONG OF BEGOINGER	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	G11 120
Pension plan	711,139
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	2,522,982
Retainage payable	7,723
Accrued liabilities and other payables	296,120
Deposits payable	69,000
Accrued interest	34,008
Long-term liabilities:	•
Portion due within one year -	
Capital lease payable	77,099
Bonds and certificates payable	795,000
Compensated absences payable	113,514
Portion due after one year -	•
Capital lease payable	249,599
Bonds and certificates payable	4,375,000
Compensated absences payable	264,866
Net pension liability	256,976
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs liability	6,297,074
Total liabilities	15,358,961
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension plan	960,292
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	48,537,708
Restricted for:	, ,
Debt service	1,088,715
Property tax and sales tax dedication	23,844,431
Road maintenance and construction	1,765,542
Unrestricted	(304,780)
Total net position	\$ 74,931,616
In Inda Language	φ / 4,931,010

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Crowley, Louisiana

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Program Revenues Net (Ex			Net (Expense) Revenues	
			Operating	Capital	and Changes in Net Position	
		Fees, Fines, and	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 3,658,462	\$ 302,293	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,356,169)	
Public safety	2,693,505	115,171	1,662	-	(2,576,672)	
Public works	5,883,729	-	1,918,607	-	(3,965,122)	
Economic development and assistance	753,747	106,500	-	233,994	(413,253)	
Health and welfare	8,890,036	6,955	1,464,284	-	(7,418,797)	
Culture and recreation	409,316	98,259	-	-	(311,057)	
Interest on long-term debt	161,464	<u> </u>			(161,464)	
Total primary government	\$22,450,259	\$ 629,178	\$3,384,553	\$ 233,994	(18,202,534)	
		General revenues:				
		Taxes -				
		Property taxes, levied for general purposes 5,342,634				
		Sales and use taxes, levied for general purposes 14,085,766				
		Severance taxes 250,534				
		Fire insurance premium 247,327				
		Franchise fees 115,755				
		Other taxes 19,313				
		Occupational licenses and permits 655,1				
		Gaming revenues 218,15				
		Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs -				
		State shared revenue 174,667				
		Non-employer pension contribution 45,293				
		Interest and investment earnings 317,770				
		Gain on disposal of capital assets 120,000				
		Miscellaneous 165,608				
		Total general revenues 21,758,015				
		Change in ne	t position		3,555,481	
		Net position - beginn	ning as restated		71,376,135	
		Net position - ending	5		<u>\$ 74,931,616</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Parish Road Fund

To account for costs associated with constructing and maintaining the road system within Acadia Parish.

Sales Tax Fund

To account for the collection and disbursement of the Police Jury's 1% parish wide sales and use tax levied which is dedicated to covering the cost of constructing, acquiring, improving, maintaining, and operating solid waste collection and disposal facilities and the remainder to be used for public roads and bridges.

1% Sales Tax District No. 2 Fund

To account for the collection and disbursement of the 1% sales and use tax levied which is dedicated to covering the cost of repairing, constructing, improving, and maintaining roads and bridges in the unincorporated areas of the parish.

Mosquito Control Sales Tax District No. 3 Fund

To account for the collection and disbursement of the 1/4% sales and use tax which is dedicated to covering the cost of maintaining and operating a parish wide mosquito control program, including the cost of acquiring land, buildings, and equipment necessary in connection therewith.

Crowley, Louisiana

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	General	Parish Road	Sales Tax	1% Sales Tax District No. 2	Mosquito Control Sales Tax District	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	No. 3 Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS	0.04.054	2 24747	0.0001.000		E (00.166	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	A 0.054.014
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 365,374	\$ 217,178	\$ 3,551,027	\$ 1,290,412	\$ 602,466	\$ 2,250,458	\$ 8,276,915
Investments	2,381,640	2,490,228	5,130,027	866,224	1,907,086	4,714,693	17,489,898
Taxes receivable	200,819	104,316	2 412	-	-	139,048	444,183
Other receivables	5,561	4,441	2,412	-	-	7,179 35,000	19,593 256,207
Due from other funds	221,207	1 004 540	3,178,675	920,126	282,286	,	•
Due from other governmental agencies	3,219,251	1,084,560				1,589,837	10,274,735
Total assets	<u>\$6,393,852</u>	<u>\$3,900,723</u>	<u>\$11,862,141</u>	\$ 3,076,762	<u>\$ 2,791,838</u>	<u>\$ 8,736,215</u>	<u>\$36,761,531</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$2,007,291	\$ 15,326	\$ 260,282	\$ -	\$ 14,202	\$ 225,881	\$ 2,522,982
Retainage payable	-	-	-	-	-	7,723	7,723
Accrued liabilities and other payables	94,699	94,492	68,552	-	-	38,377	296,120
Deposits payable	-	69,000	-	-	-	-	69,000
Due to other funds	35,000		150,528	50,771	19,908		256,207
Total liabilities	2,136,990	178,818	479,362	50,771	34,110	271,981	3,152,032
Fund balances:							
Restricted for -							
Property tax and sales tax dedication	506,237	3,721,905	11,382,779	3,025,991	2,757,728	2,449,791	23,844,431
Debt service	-	_	-	-	_	1,122,723	1,122,723
Road maintenance and construction	-	_	-	-		1,765,542	1,765,542
Committed to -							
Health unit operation and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	1,603,652	1,603,652
Rice Arena operation and maintenance	<u></u>	-	-	-	-	1,245,510	1,245,510
Assigned to -							
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	100	100
Airport	-	-	-	-	-	195,697	195,697
Other	-	_	-	-	-	81,219	81,219
Unassigned	3,750,625	-					3,750,625
Total fund balances	4,256,862	3,721,905	11,382,779	3,025,991	2,757,728	8,464,234	33,609,499
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$6,393,852	<u>\$3,900,723</u>	\$11,862,141	\$ 3,076,762	\$ 2,791,838	\$ 8,736,215	\$36,761,531

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Crowley, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds at December 31, 2020		\$33,609,499
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources,		
and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 1,862,720	
Construction in progress	568,920	
Buildings and improvements, net of \$11,750,364		
accumulated depreciation	16,264,229	
Improvements other than buildings, net of \$473,897		
accumulated depreciation	303,004	
Machinery and equipment, net of \$7,756,793		
accumulated depreciation	4,532,084	
Infrastructure, net of \$27,487,202 accumulated depreciation	30,503,449	54,034,406
The deferred outflows of expenditures for the pension plans are not a use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds		711,139
Some liabilities are not due and payable from current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:		
Accrued interest	(34,008)	
Compensated absences payable	(378,380)	
Capital lease payable	(326,698)	
Bonds payable	(5,170,000)	
Net pension liability	(256,976)	
Landfill closure and post closure care costs liability	(6,297,074)	(12,463,136)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the pension plans are not		
available resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds		(960,292)
Net position at December 31, 2020		<u>\$74,931,616</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Parish	Sales	1% Sales	Mosquito Control Sales	Other	Total
	General	Road	Tax	Tax District	Tax District	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	No. 2 Fund	No. 3 Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$2,585,669	\$ 1,347,559	\$ 9,470,762	\$ 3,391,209	\$ 1,223,795	\$ 1,795,008	\$ 19,814,002
Licenses and permits	652,895	2,295	-	-	-	-	655,190
Intergovernmental	1,927,302	633,119	1,272,038	-	-	426,240	4,258,699
Charges for services	1,315,721	=	=	-	-	128,821	1,444,542
Fines and forfeits	57,151	-	-	-	-	192,247	249,398
Investment income	44,500	30,340	118,609	6,045	60,319	57,957	317,770
Miscellaneous	303,113	30,024	16,750		10,000	45,241	405,128
Total revenues	6,886,351	2,043,337	10,878,159	3,397,254	1,294,114	2,645,514	27,144,729
Expenditures:							
Current -							
General government	3,212,948	-	-	-	-	243,006	3,455,954
Public safety	2,471,326	-	-	-	-	9,410	2,480,736
Public works	-	2,939,985	<u></u>	301,254	-	586,735	3,827,974
Economic development and assistance	115,282	-	~	-	-	389,484	504,766
Health and welfare	681,912	-	6,114,615	-	1,934,596	946,938	9,678,061
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	•	-	360,850	360,850
Debt service -							
Principal	-	85,777	-	-	-	971,000	1,056,777
Interest		2,614	-	-	-	153,449	156,063
Capital outlay	77,212	109,771	13,297		-	463,740	664,020
Total expenditures	6,558,680	3,138,147	6,127,912	301,254	1,934,596	4,124,612	22,185,201
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	327,671	(1,094,810)	4,750,247	3,096,000	(640,482)	(1,479,098)	4,959,528
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	60,650	1,465,000	150,000	-	-	2,099,742	3,775,392
Transfers out	(263,489)	-	(1,050,000)	(2,185,649)	-	(276,254)	(3,775,392)
Proceeds from sale of							
capital assets				-		120,000	120,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(202,839)	1,465,000	(900,000)	(2,185,649)		1,943,488	120,000
Net change in fund balances	124,832	370,190	3,850,247	910,351	(640,482)	464,390	5,079,528
Fund balances, beginning as restated	4,132,030	3,351,715	7,532,532	2,115,640	3,398,210	7,999,844	28,529,971
Fund balances, ending	\$4,256,862	\$ 3,721,905	\$11,382,779	\$ 3,025,991	\$ 2,757,728	\$ 8,464,234	\$33,609,499

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Crowley, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2020

Total net change in fund balances for the year ended December 31, 2020 per statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances		\$ 5,079,528
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance Depreciation expense	\$ 664,020 (2,962,798)	
Loss on sale/disposal of capital assets	(5,061)	(2,303,839)
Non-employer's contributions to the pension plans		45,293
The repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds but has no effect on net position. Also, the governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities over multiple periods. Repayment of bond principal Repayment of capital lease	971,000 85,777	1,056,777
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Interest	(5,401)	
Compensated absences	(18,199)	
Pension expense	(28,557)	
Landfill closure and post closure care costs	(270,121)	(322,278)
Change in net position for the year ended December 31, 2020		
per statement of activities		\$ 3,555,481

Crowley, Louisiana Fiduciary Fund

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Landfill Trust Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments Total assets	\$ 106,831 2,835,986 2,942,817
LIABILITIES	
Liabilities	
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for landfill closure and post closure costs	\$ 2,942,817

Crowley, Louisiana Fiduciary Fund

Statement of Changes in Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Landfill <u>Tru</u> st Fund
Additions:	
Investment income Contributions from Acadia Parish Police Jury Total additions	\$ 50,984 - 50,984
Net position, beginning of year	2,891,833
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,942,817

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Acadia Parish Police Jury's (the Police Jury) financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Police Jury are discussed below.

Louisiana Revised Statute 33:1236 gives the Police Jury various powers in regulating and directing the affairs of the parish and its inhabitants. The more notable of those are the power to make regulations for its own government; to regulate the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and drainage systems; to regulate the sale of alcoholic beverages; and to provide for the health and welfare of the poor, disadvantaged, and unemployed in the parish. Funding to accomplish these tasks is provided by ad valorem taxes, beer and alcoholic beverage permits, state revenue sharing, and various other state and federal grants.

The Police Jury is the governing authority for Acadia Parish and is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana. The Police Jury is governed by 8 jurors representing the various districts within the Parish. The jurors serve four-year terms.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete, and (d) organizations that are closely related to, or financially integrated with the primary government.

Section 2100 of the 2011 Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes criteria for determining which entities should be considered a component unit and, as such, part of the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria are as follows:

- 1. Legal status of the potential component unit including the right to incur its own debt, levy its own taxes and charges, expropriate property in its own name, sue and be sued, and the right to buy, sell and lease property in its own name.
- 2. Whether the primary government's governing authority appoints a majority of board members of the potential component unit and is able to impose its will on the potential component unit or whether the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- 3. Financial benefit/burden relationship between the primary government and the potential component unit.
- 4. The nature and significance of the relationship between the potential component unit and the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Based upon the previous criteria, the Police Jury has determined that the following component units are part of the reporting entity.

Acadia-Evangeline Fire Protection District Acadia Parish District Criminal Court Acadia Parish Communications District Acadia Parish Planning Commission Acadia-St. Landry Hospital Service District Bayou Des Cannes-Nezpique Gravity **Drainage District** Bayou Mallet Gravity Drainage District Bayou Plaquemine & Wikoff **Drainage District** Conservation & Development Program Consolidated Gravity Drainage District #1 Egan Drainage District #1 Fire Protection District #1 Fire Protection District #2 Fire Protection District #3 Fire Protection District #4 Fire Protection District #5 Fire Protection District #6

Fire Protection District #7 Fire Protection District #8 Fire Protection District #9 Fire Protection District #10 Fire Protection District #11 First Ward Drainage District Fourth Ward Drainage District #1 **Industrial Development Board** Iota Fire Protection District **Iota Long Point Gravity Drainage District** Mermentau River Harbor & Terminal District Second Ward Drainage District #1 Second Ward Gravity Drainage District #2 Sixth Ward & Crowley **Drainage District**

This component unit financial data is necessary for reporting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The Police Jury has chosen to issue financial statements that exclude substantially all component units. These financial statements include the blended component unit for which the Police Jury maintains the accounting records, the Acadia Parish District Criminal Court

Financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained from the respective administrative offices or from the Acadia Parish Police Jury located at 505 NE Court Circle, Crowley, Louisiana, 70526.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements provide operational accountability information for the Police Jury as an economic unit. The government-wide financial statements report the Police Jury's ability to maintain service levels and continue to meet its obligations as they come due. The statements include all governmental activities of the primary government.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Police Jury's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Police Jury are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be an independent fiscal and accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within separate sets of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses, and transfers. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Police Jury's funds, including its fiduciary fund and blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The General Fund is always a major fund. Other individual governmental major funds are determined as funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets and deferred outflows of resources or liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are at least ten percent of the corresponding totals for all governmental funds or funds designated as major at the discretion of the Police Jury. Funds not classified as a major fund are aggregated and presented in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Funds -

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The Police Jury reports these major governmental funds and fund types:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Police Jury. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of government grants or other specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects of the Police Jury.

The following are the Police Jury's major special revenue funds:

The Parish Road Fund is used to account for the cost associated with constructing and maintaining the road system within Acadia Parish.

The Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of the Police Jury's 1% parish wide sales and use tax levied which is dedicated to covering the cost of constructing, acquiring, improving, maintaining, and operating solid waste collection and disposal facilities and the remainder to be used for public roads and bridges.

The 1% Sales Tax District No. 2 Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of the 1% sales and use tax levied which is dedicated to covering the cost of repairing, constructing, improving, and maintaining roads and bridges in the unincorporated areas of the parish.

The Mosquito Control Sales Tax District No. 3 Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of the 1/4% sales and use tax which is dedicated to covering the cost of maintaining and operating a parish wide mosquito control program, including the cost of acquiring land, buildings, and equipment necessary in connection therewith.

Fiduciary Fund

The Landfill Trust Fund accounts for assets held in trust to cover estimated closure and post-closure of the Police Jury's landfill. Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Police Jury, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The measurement focus determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund.

The governmental activities within the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus meets the accounting objectives of determining net income, net position, and cash flows.

The fund financial statements use either the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus as appropriate. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus. This measurement focus is based upon the receipt and disbursement of current available financial resources rather than upon net income.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. An exception to this is grants collected on a reimbursement basis. Those reimbursable grants are recognized as revenue when reimbursable expenditures are made. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

Cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts and savings accounts of the Police Jury.

Investments

Under state law, the Police Jury may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Police Jury may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks have principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool.

In accordance with professional standards, investments meeting the criteria specified in the standards are stated at fair value, which is either a quoted market price or the best estimate available. Investments which do not meet the requirements are stated at cost. These investments include amounts invested in LAMP.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities consist of ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, and state revenue sharing, which are reported at their gross value, and, where applicable, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Uncollectible accounts receivable is recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables. Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances to and from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. The Police Jury maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing asset costs, except for the Road Department that maintains a threshold \$5,000. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation.

Expenditures for maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals are charged to earnings as incurred. Major expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the applicable governmental fund upon acquisition.

Compensated Absences

Substantially all employees of the Police Jury earn from 5 to 20 days of vacation leave each year, depending on length of service. Vacation leave that is not taken is automatically converted into sick leave at the end of each year. Upon voluntary resignation or retirement, an employee may be compensated for accumulated vacation leave not to exceed 20 days.

Sick leave is credited to permanent full-time employees at the rate of one day for each month of continuous employment. Permanent part-time employees accumulate sick leave on a pro-rata basis. Sick leave can be accumulated without limitation. Upon voluntary resignation or retirement, an employee may be compensated for accumulated sick leave not to exceed 60 days.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Full-time employees of the Police Jury earn 88-128 hours of sick leave each year, depending upon their length of service. Unused sick leave may be carried forward from year to year without limitation for employees hired before July of 2016. The carry forward amount is capped at 720 hours for employees hired after June of 2016. Upon termination, unused sick leave is forfeited.

Library employees receive between 10 and 25 days of annual leave each year, depending upon their job classification and length of service. Employees may accumulate up to one and one-half times their annual allotment of annual leave. Upon termination, employees are paid for their accumulated annual leave at the employee's current rate of pay. Library employees receive 15 days of sick leave each year. Employees may carry forward unused sick leave without limitation. Upon termination, unused sick leave is forfeited.

Long-term debt

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds, certificates of indebtedness, and capital leases payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide statements are related to its pension plans. Deferred inflows in the fund financial statements are related to unavailable property tax revenue.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Pensions

The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (See Note 12), has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Member's earnable compensation, for which the employer allocations are based, is recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements contributions are recognized as expenditures when made.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At December 31, 2020, the Police Jury reported \$26,698,688 of restricted net position, of which \$23,844,431 was restricted by enabling legislation. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets. It is the Police Jury's policy to use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for an expense which has been incurred.
- c. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows.

a. Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Jury, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Police Jury.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Police Jury's adopted policy, only the Jury may assign amounts for specified purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

It is the Police Jury's policy to use restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless prohibited by legal or contractual provisions. Additionally, the Police Jury uses committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of fund balance in that order when expenditures are made.

E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for the governmental activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the statement of activities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources, which are classified by character.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

F. Revenue Restrictions

The Police Jury has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions on Use
Sales tax	See Note 7

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Police Jury may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Police Jury may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

At December 31, 2020, the Police Jury had demand deposit (book balances) totaling \$8,383,746 as follows:

	Primary	Fiduciary	
	Government	Funds	Total
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 8,276,915	\$ 106,831	\$ 8,383,746

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Police Jury's deposits may not be recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31, 2020, were secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 8,158,606
Federal deposit insurance	250,000
Pledged securities	7,908,606
Total federal deposit insurance and pledged securities	\$ 8,158,606

Deposits in the amount of \$7,908,606 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institutions' trust department or agent, but not in Police Jury's name. The Police Jury does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(3) <u>Investments</u>

As of December 31, 2020, the Police Jury's investment types and maturities were as follows:

		Investment Maturities				
	% of	Fair	Less Than	One - Five	Six - Ten	More than
Primary Government:	Portfolio	Value	One Year	Years	Years	Ten Years
Investment Type						
Fixed income securities:						
GNR	0%	\$ 39,719	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,719
FHR	1%	257,179	118,304	297	7,734	130,844
Corporate bonds	<u>7%</u>	1,159,834		1,159,834	-	
	<u>8%</u>	1,456,732	118,304	1,160,131	7,734	170,563
Fixed income government securities:						
U.S. Treasury Notes	13%	2,230,280	399,954	1,830,326	-	-
Federal farm bonds	4%	690,283	_	575,640	114,643	-
FNMA	0%	7,420	-	2,136	5,284	-
FHLMC	4%	632,857	-	286,857	346,000	-
GNMA	0%	71,390	-	2,174	-	69,216
Exchange Traded Funds -						
U.S. Treasury	0%	26,596	_	26,596	-	-
Mortgage backed bonds	<u>14%</u>	2,496,881	2,496,881		-	
	<u>35%</u>	6,155,707	2,896,835	2,723,729	465,927	69,216
State Investment Pool (LAMP)	40%	6,949,397	6,949,397			
Certicates of deposit	<u>17%</u>	2,928,062	-	2,928,062	_	
Total	<u>100%</u>	\$17,489,898	<u>\$ 9,964,536</u>	\$6,811,922	<u>\$ 473,661</u>	<u>\$239,779</u>
		Investment Maturities				
	% of	Fair	Less Than	One - Five	Six - Ten	More than
Investment Type	Portfolio	Value	One Year	Years	Years	Ten Years
U.S. Treasuries	35%	\$ 6,155,707	\$ 2,896,835	\$ 2,723,729	\$ 465,927	\$ 69,216
U.S. Instrumentalities	25%	4,384,794	118,304	4,088,193	7,734	170,563
State Investment Pool (LAMP)	<u>40%</u>	6,949,397	6,949,397	-	-	
Total	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$17,489,898</u>	\$ 9,964,536	\$6,811,922	\$ 473,661	\$239,779

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

		Investment Maturities				
	% of	Fair	Less Than	One - Five	Six - Ten	More than
Fiduciary Funds:	Portfolio	Value	One Year	Years	Years	Ten Years
Investment Type						
Fixed income government						
securities:						
U.S. Treasury Notes	16%	\$ 466,151	\$ 466,151	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State Investment Pool (LAMP)	7%	197,396	197,396	-	-	-
Certicates of deposit	<u>77%</u>	2,172,439	2,172,439			-
Total	<u>100%</u>	\$ 2,835,986	\$ 2,835,986	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
			Inve	stment Maturitie	es	
	% of	Fair	Less Than	One - Five	Six - Ten	More than
Investment Type	Portfolio	Value	One Year	Years	Years	Ten Years
U.S. Treasuries	16%	\$ 466,151	\$ 466,151	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Instrumentalities	77%	2,172,439	2,172,439	-	-	-
State Investment Pool (LAMP)	<u>7%</u>	<u> 197,396</u>	<u>197,396</u>			
Total	<u>100%</u>	\$ 2,835,986	\$ 2,835,986	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>

Interest rate risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Police Jury will only invest in the following: (1) direct United States Treasury obligations, (2) bond, debentures, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and provided such obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or guaranteed by United States government instrumentalities, (3) direct security repurchase agreements of any federal bank entry only securities, (4) time certificate of deposit, and (5) mutual trust fund institutions which are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission which have underlying investments consisting solely of and limited to securities of the United States government or its agencies, limited to 25% of the monies considered available for investment.

Credit rate risk: The risks are managed by restricting investments to those authorized by R.S. 33:5162. The Police Jury's Investment Policy limits investments to fully insured and/or fully collateralized certificates of deposits and direct and indirect obligations of U.S. government agencies. The Police Jury's investments in U.S. Treasuries and U.S. Instrumentalities were rated AA+ by Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of credit risk: R.S. 33:2955 provides that all fixed income investments be appropriately diversified by maturity, security, sector, and credit quality. At December 31, 2020, no more than 5 percent of the Police Jury's total investments were invested in any single issue.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: In the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Police Jury will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Police Jury's investment policy requires all investments to be in the Police Jury's name and all ownership securities to be evidenced by an acceptable safekeeping receipt issued by a third-party financial institution which is acceptable to the Police Jury. Accordingly, the Police Jury had no custodial credit risk related to its investments.

The Police Jury participates in Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The financial statements for LAMP may be accessed on their website (https://www.lamppool.com). The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA – R.S. 33:2955. The following provides information that is relevant to LAMP:

Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

Concentration of credit risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosures using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 or 762 days for U.S. Government variable rate investments. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is 45 days as of December 31, 2020.

The investments of LAMP are stated at fair value which is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pooled shares. LAMP is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(4) Taxes Receivable

At December 31, 2020, taxes receivable consists of the following:

	Governmental Activities			
Fund	Ad val Tax		Franchise Taxes	Total
General	-	2,040	\$ 28,779	\$ 200,819
Parish Road		,316	φ 20,779 -	104,316
Non-major governmental funds	139	,048		139,048
Total taxes receivable	<u>\$ 415</u>	,404	\$ 28,779	\$ 444,183

(5) Due from Other Governmental Units

Governmental Activities:

Amounts due from other governmental units at December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

Acadia Parish School Board - sales tax \$ 3,098,213 Acadia Parish Sheriff Tax Collector - ad valorem tax 4,054,796 Acadia Parish Sheriff Tax Collector - state revenue sharing 75,595 Acadia Parish Sheriff - fines and court costs 25,364 City of Crowley - fines and court costs 1,382 City of Crowley - correctional center bed use 7,320 City of Rayne - correctional center bed use 4,270 Department of Homeland Security (FEMA) - disaster grant 2,621,352 Federal Aviation Administration 146,732 Louisiana Department of the Treasury - alcoholic beverage tax 5,273 Louisiana Department of the Treasury - video poker tax 23,649

4,013

117,270

Louisiana Department of the Treasury - timber severance tax

Louisiana Department of the Treasury - general severance tax

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) Ad valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied in September or October and billed to the taxpayers by the Acadia Parish Sheriff in December. Billed taxes are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the Acadia Parish Assessor and are collected by the Acadia Parish Tax Collector. The taxes are remitted to the Police Jury net of deductions for pension fund contributions.

Total ad valorem taxes levied were \$5,305,370. Ad valorem taxes receivable at December 31, 2020, were \$415,404. There was no allowance necessary at December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, taxes of 15.29 mills were authorized and levied as follows:

		Expiration
		Date
General Tax	6.37	No expiration
Road Maintenance Tax	3.18	2021
Health Unit Maintenance Tax	2.12	2021
Cooperative Extension Facility Tax	2.12	2029
Elder Tax	1.50	2024
Total	15.29	

(7) <u>Dedication of Sales and Use Tax Proceeds</u>

Proceeds of the 1% sale and use tax accounted for in the Sales Tax Fund (2020 collections \$9,470,762) are dedicated to the following purposes:

Originally for paying the cost of constructing, acquiring, improving, maintaining, and operating solid waste collection and disposal facilities, including the payment of the cost of closing garbage dumps previously owned. Rededicated so that there shall first be set aside a sum sufficient to pay (a) the principal and interest on all indebtedness of the Sales Tax District incurred for solid waste purposes, (b) all costs, but not less than \$1,850,000 annually, for construction, acquiring, improving, maintaining, and operating solid waste collection and disposal facilities for the parish, including the establishment and maintenance of an equipment reserve fund into which there shall be deposited \$50,000 annually, and (c) the cost of maintaining an emergency clean-up fund of at least \$100,000 and thereafter, the remainder to be used for the purpose of constructing, improving, and maintaining public roads and bridges in Acadia Parish.

Proceeds of the 1997 1% sale and use tax accounted for in the 1% Sales Tax District No. 2 Fund (2020 collections \$3,391,209) are dedicated to repairing, constructing, improving, and maintaining parish roads and bridges in the unincorporated areas of the parish, including incidental drainage in connection therewith and acquiring equipment thereof.

Proceeds of the 1/4% sale and use tax accounted for in the Mosquito Control Sales Tax District No. 3 Fund (2020 collections \$1,223,795) are dedicated to paying the cost of maintaining and operating a parish wide mosquito control program, including the cost of acquiring land, buildings and equipment necessary in connection therewith.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(8) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	1/1/2020	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2020
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,862,720	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,862,720
Construction in progress	312,699	263,838	7,617	568,920
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	28,096,725	36,983	119,115	28,014,593
Improvements other than buildings	776,901	-	-	776,901
Machinery and equipment	12,110,785	215,723	37,631	12,288,877
Infrastructure	57,835,558	155,093		57,990,651
Totals	100,995,388	671,637	164,363	101,502,662
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	10,914,692	954,787	119,115	11,750,364
Improvements other than buildings	464,000	9,897	-	473,897
Machinery and equipment	7,061,384	727,979	32,570	7,756,793
Infrastructure	26,217,067	1,270,135		27,487,202
Total accumulated depreciation	44,657,143	2,962,798	151,685	47,468,256
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	\$56,338,245	<u>\$(2,291,161)</u>	\$ 12,678	<u>\$54,034,406</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 176,340
Public safety	247,732
Public works	2,096,285
Economic development and assistance	271,785
Health and welfare	90,038
Culture and recreation	80,618
Total depreciation expense	\$2,962,798

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(9) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance 1/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2020	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds/certificates payable	\$ 6,141,000	\$ -	\$ 971,000	\$ 5,170,000	\$ 795,000
Capital lease payable	412,475	_	85,777	326,698	77,099
Compensated absences	360,181	18,199	-	378,380	113,514
Net pension liability	2,007,000	-	1,750,024	256,976	-
Landfill closure and post-closure care					
costs liability	6,026,953	270,121	<u>.</u>	6,297,074	-
Total	\$14,947,609	\$ 288,320	\$2,806,801	\$12,429,128	\$ 985,613

Bonds and certificates of indebtedness payable at December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

		Current
•		Portion
\$938,000 Correctional Center Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, dated October 1, 2013, due in annual installments of \$108,000 to \$130,000 through October 1, 2021 at an interest rate of 2.55%, secured by excess annual revenues	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000
	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
\$9,750,000 Sales Tax District #2 Bonds, Series 2012, dated May 14, 2012, due in annual installments of \$535,000 to \$780,000 through May		
1, 2027, interest at 2.70%, secured by the 1% sales and use tax	5,040,000	665,000
	\$5,170,000	\$ 795,000
The capital lease payable at December 31, 2020, consists of:		
		Current
		Portion
\$412,475 lease-purchase agreement dated November 25, 2019, due in one down payment of \$30,000 and five (5) annual installments of \$86,698 including interest at 3.79% through February 25, 2024; secured by equipment with a book value of \$408,060 (net of \$34,415 accumulated depreciation), which is included in the machinery and		
equipment asset class.	\$ 326,698	\$ 77,099

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all long-term debt as of December 31, 2020, are follows:

	Governmental Activities									
Year Ending		Bonds/Certifica	ates		Capital Leas	e				
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Interest Total		Interest Total Principal I		Interest Total Princip	Total Principal In	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 795,000	\$ 130,418	\$ 925,418	\$ 77,099	\$ 12,599	\$ 89,698				
2022	680,000	108,945	788,945	80,072	9,626	89,698				
2023	700,000	90,315	790,315	83,160	6,538	89,698				
2024	720,000	71,145	791,145	86,367	3,331	89,698				
2025	740,000	51,435	791,435	-						
2026-2027	1,535,000	41,783	1,576,783	_		<u> </u>				
Total	\$5,170,000	\$494,041	\$5,664,041	\$326,698	\$ 32,094	\$358,792				

(10) Operating Leases

As of December 31, 2020, the Police Jury had various cancellable equipment operating leases. Total lease expense during 2020 amounted to \$200,339.

The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

\$124,776
97,102
66,328
46,020
\$334,226

(11) <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The Police Jury maintains a section 457 deferred compensation plan whereby eligible employees may elect to contribute a portion of their compensation. The Police Jury matches up to the first 4% of employee contributions. The plan assets are administered by a nongovernmental third party and the plan assets are invested at the discretion of the plan's participants. There were no matching contributions for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(12) Pension Plans

The Police Jury participates in three cost-sharing defined benefit plans, each administered by separate public employee retirement systems. Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of all plans administered by these public employee retirement systems to the State Legislature. These plans are not closed to new entrants. Substantially all Police Jury employees participate in one of the following retirement systems:

Plan Descriptions:

<u>Parochial Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u> provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible employees and their beneficiaries as defined in LRS 11:1901 and 11:1941. The Police Jury participates in Plan A.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible state employees and their beneficiaries as defined in the Louisiana Revised Statutes. The age and years of creditable service required for a member to receive benefits are established by LRS 11:441 and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer and job classification.

Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System (ROVERS) provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible registrars of voters in each parish, their deputies, their permanent employees, and their beneficiaries as defined in the Louisiana Revised Statutes. Eligibility for retirement benefits and the computation of retirement benefits are defined in LRS 11:2071-2072.

The systems' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Interest income is recognized when earned. Ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing monies are recognized in the year collected by the tax collector. A brief summary of eligibility and benefits of the plans are provided in the following table:

	PERS	LASERS	ROVERS
Final average salary	Final average compensation	Highest 36 months or 60 months ²	Highest 36 months or 60 months ²
Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefits	30 years of any age 25 years age 55 ¹ 10 years age 60 ¹ 7 years age 65 ¹	30 years of any age 25 years age 55 20 years of any age ³ 5-10 years age 60 ⁴	30 years of any age ^{5,6} 20 years age 55 ^{5,6} 10 years age 60 ^{5,6}
Benefit percent per years of service	3.00%	2.5% - 3.5% ⁷	3.0% - 3.33%8

¹ Employees hired after January 1, 2007: 30 years age 55, 10 years age 62, 7 years age 67

² Employees hired after 6/30/06 use the revised benefit calculation based on the highest 60 months

³ With actuarial reduced benefits

⁴ Five to ten years of creditable service at age 60 depending upon the plan or when hired

⁵ For those hired prior to 1/1/2013

⁶ Hired after 12/31/12 age eligibility is 30 years at 55, 20 years at 60, and 10 years at age 62

⁷ Members in regular plan 2.5%, hazardous duty plan 3.33%, and judges 3.5%

⁸ Benefit percent varies depending on hire date

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Contributions

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. In addition, PERS and ROVERS receive a percentage of ad valorem taxes collected by parishes. These entities are not participating employers in the pension systems and are considered to be nonemployer contributing entities. Contributions of employees, employers, and nonemployer contributing entities effective for the year ended December 31, 2020, for the defined benefit pension plans in which the primary government is a participating employer were as follows:

Plan	Active Member Contribution Percentage	Employer Contribution Percentage	Amount from Nonemployer Contributing Entities	Amount of Police Jury Contributions
PERS	9.50%	12.25%	\$ 33,992	\$ 355,757
LASERS	11.50%	42.50%	- -	16,292
ROVERS	7.00%	18.00%	11,301	8,215
Total			\$ 45,293	\$ 380,264

Net Pension Liability

The Police Jury's net pension liability at December 31, 2020, is comprised of its proportionate share of the net pension liability relating to each of the cost-sharing plans in which the Police Jury is a participating employer. The Police Jury's net pension liability for each plan was measured as of the plan's measurement date (June 30, 2020, for all plans except PERS and December 31, 2019, for PERS) and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Police Jury's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the plans in which it participates was based on the Police Jury's required contributions in proportion to total required contributions for all employers.

As of the most recent measurement date, the Police Jury's proportion for each plan and the change in proportion from the prior measurement date were as follows:

Plan	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	Proportionate Share (%) of Net Pension Liability	Increase/(Decrease) from Prior Measurement Date
PERS	\$ 19,774	0.420060%	0.017578%
LASERS	160,368	0.001940%	-0.000070%
ROVERS	76,834	0.356658%	0.038848%
Total	\$ 256,976		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Since the measurement date of the net pension liability was June 30, 2020 (December 31, 2019, for PERS), the net pension liability is based upon fiduciary net position for each of the plans as of those dates. Detailed information about each pension plan's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and fiduciary net position that was used in the measurement of the Police Jury's net pension liability is available in the separately issued plan financial reports for those fiscal years. The financial report for each plan may be accessed on their website as follows:

PERS - http://www.persla.org/
LASERS - http://lasersonline.org/
ROVERS - http://www.larovers.com/

Actuarial Assumptions

The following table provides information concerning actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans in which the primary government is a participating employer:

	PERS	LASERS	ROVERS
Date of experience study on which significant assumptions are based	1/1/2013 - 12/31/2017	7/1/2014 - 6/30/2018	7/1/2014 - 6/30/2019
Expected remaining service lives	4	2	5
Inflation rate	2.4%	2.3%	2.3%
Projected salary increases	4.75%	2.6% - 13.8%	5.25%
Projected benefit changes including COLAs	None	None	None
Source of mortality assumptions	(1), (2), (3)	(4), (5)	(5), (6)

- (1) PubG-2010 (B) Healthy Retiree Table
- (2) PubG-2010 (B) Employee Table
- (3) PubNS-2010 (B) Disabled Retiree Table
- (4) RP-2014 Blue Collar (males/females) and White Collar (females) Healthy Annuitant Tables
- (5) RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table
- (6) RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Cost of Living Adjustments

The pension plans in which the Police Jury participates have the authority to grant cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) on an ad hoc basis. COLAs may be granted to the state system (LASERS) if approved with a two-thirds vote of both houses of the Legislature, provided the plan meets certain statutory criteria related to the funded status and interest earnings.

Pursuant to LRS 11:242(B), the power of the Board of Trustees of the statewide systems (PERS, and ROVERS) to grant a COLA is effective in calendar years that the legislature fails to grant a COLA, unless in the legislation granting a COLA, the legislature authorizes the Board of Trustees to provide an additional COLA. The authority to grant a COLA by the Board is subject to the funded status and interest earnings. The effects of the benefit changes made as a result of the COLAs is included in the measurement of the total pension liability as of the measurement date at which the ad hoc COLA was granted and the amount is known and reasonably estimable.

Discount Rate

The discount rates used to measure the Police Jury's total pension liability for each plan and the significant assumptions used in the determination of the discount rate for each plan are as follows:

	PERS	LASERS	ROVERS
Discount rate	6.50%	7.55%	6.40%
Change in discount rate from prior valuation	0.00%	-0.05%	-0.10%
Plan cash flow assumptions	(1)	(1)	(1)
Rates incorporated in the Discount Rate:			
Long-term Rate of Return	6.50%	7.55%	6.40%
Periods applied	All	All	All
Municipal Bond Rate	N/A	N/A	N/A

Plan Cash Flow Assumptions:

1) Plan member contributions will be made at the current contributions rates and sponsor contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates.

The discount rates used to measure the Police Jury's total pension liability for each plan is equal to the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits. For LASERS, and ROVERS, the long-term expected rate of return for each plan was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For PERS the rate was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM), a treasury yield curve approach and an equity building block model. Risk return and correlation are projected on a forward-looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized for each plan in the following tables:

	PERS*		LASERS**		ROVERS*	
		Long-term Expected		Long-term Expected		Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return	Allocation	of Return	Allocation	of Return
Domestic Fixed Income	35%	1.05%	6%	1.76%	12.5%	0.31%
International Fixed Income	_	-	10%	3.98%	10%	0.35%
Domestic Equity	52%	3.41%	23%	4.79%	37.5%	2.81%
International Equity		-	32%	5.83%	20%	1.70%
Global Equity		-	-	-	-	-
Global Tactical Asset						
Allocation	_	-	-	-	-	-
Risk Parity	_	-	7%	4.20%	-	-
Alternative Investments	11%	0.61%	22%	6.69%	10%	0.63%
Private Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real Estate	2%	0.11%	-	-	10%	0.45%
Total	100%	5.18%	100%	5.81%	100%	6.25%
Inflation/Rebalancing		2.00%				2.50%
Expected Return		7.18%				8.75%

^{*}Arithmetic real rates of return

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

Changes in the net pension liability may either be reported in pension expense in the year the change occurred or recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources in the year the change occurred and amortized into pension expense over a number of years. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Police Jury recognized \$408,821 in pension expense related to all defined benefit plans in which it participates.

^{**}Geometric real rates of return

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The pension expense is summarized by plan in the following table:

Plan	Pension Expense
PERS	\$ 365,969
LASERS	23,527
ROVERS	19,325
Total	<u>\$ 408,821</u>

At December 31, 2020, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
	PERS	LASERS	ROVERS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected	\$ - 276,170	\$ - 513	\$ - 14,166	\$ - 290,849
and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences	-	23,443	2,055	25,498
between actual contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions to the pension plans subsequent to the measurement	19,437	-	7,070	26,507
date of the net pension liability	355,757	8,156	4,372	368,285
Total	\$ 651,364	\$32,112	\$ 27,663	\$711,139
	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	PERS	LASER	S ROVERS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$ 177,02	\$ 1,540	0 \$ 12,403	\$ 190,964
plan investments Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences	741,238 -	3 - -	-	741,238
between actual contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total	12,88 \$931,14		15,203 \$ 27,606	28,090 \$960,292

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$368,285 resulting from the employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability during the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions to be recognized in pension expense are as follows:

Year Ended				
December 31,	PERS	LASERS	ROVERS	Total
2021	\$ (144,730)	\$ 2,987	\$(11,145)	\$ (152,888)
2022	(182,643)	6,760	(423)	(176,306)
2023	25,552	7,244	2,215	35,011
2024	(333,718)	5,425	5,038	(323,255)
Total	<u>\$(635,539)</u>	\$ 22,416	<u>\$ (4,315)</u>	\$ (617,438)

Sensitivity of the Police Jury's Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Police Jury's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities of the plans, calculated using their respective discount rates, as well as what the Police Jury's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Net Pension Liability			
	Current	1%	Current	1%	
Plan	Discount Rate	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
PERS	6.50%	\$2,137,220	\$ 19,774	\$(1,754,604)	
LASERS	7.55%	197,068	160,368	129,225	
ROVERS	6.40%	126,179	76,834	34,780	
Total		\$2,460,467	\$ 256,976	\$(1,590,599)	

Payables to the Pension Plans

The Police Jury recorded accrued liabilities to each of the pension plans for the year ended December 31, 2020, for the contractually required contributions for the month of December 2020. The amounts are included in liabilities under the amounts reported as accounts and other payables. The balance due to each plan at December 31, 2020, is as follows:

Plan	
PERS	\$169,328
LASERS	1,727
ROVERS	1,217
Total	\$ 172,272

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, several employees of the Police Jury joined the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Police Jury contributed \$2,687 to the plan. The Police Jury's proportionate share of the pension plan liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources will be reported during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(13) Fair Value Measurements

Professional standards require the disclosure for fair value measurements of financial assets and liabilities and for fair value measurements of nonfinancial items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. The standards establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- b. Level 2 inputs are observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- c. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Police Jury in estimating fair values of financial instruments:

- a. The carrying amount reported in the statement of net position for the following approximates fair value due to the short maturities of these instruments: cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable.
- b. The fair value for investment securities is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date multiplied by the quantity held. The carrying value equals fair value.

The following table presents assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2020:

Primary Government:

Description	Total	Level 1		Level 2		evel 3
Fixed income securities: U.S. Treasuries	\$ 6,155,707	\$ 6,155,707	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Instrumentalities	\$ 4,384,794 10,540,501	\$ 6,155,707	\$	4,384,794 4,384,794	\$	_
Fiduciary Funds: Description	Total	Level 1		Level 2	L	evel 3
U.S. Treasuries U.S. Instrumentalities	\$ 466,151	\$ 466,151	\$	-	\$	-
	\$ 466,151	\$ 466,151	\$	-	\$	-

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(14) <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

A. A summary of interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2020, follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivables	Payables
Major governmental funds:		
General Fund	\$ 221,207	\$ 35,000
Sales Tax Fund	-	150,528
1% Sales Tax District No. 2 Fund	-	50,771
Mosquito Control Sales Tax District No. 3 Fund	-	19,908
Total major governmental funds	221,207	256,207
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
Special revenue funds	35,000	-
Total interfund receivables and payables	\$ 256,207	\$ 256,207

The above amounts are for reimbursements owed for expenditures paid for those funds.

B. Transfers consisted of the following at December 31, 2020:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major governmental funds:		
General Fund	\$ 60,650	\$ 263,489
Parish Road Fund	1,465,000	-
Sales Tax Fund	150,000	1,050,000
1% Sales Tax District No. 2 Fund		2,185,649
Total major governmental funds	1,675,650	3,499,138
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
Special revenue funds	89,104	196,189
Debt service funds	1,110,638	65
Capital projects funds	900,000	80,000
Total nonmajor governmental funds	\$3,775,392	\$3,775,392

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Crowley, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(15) <u>Compensation of Police Jurors</u>

A summary of compensation paid to police jurors for the year ended December 31, 2020, follows:

Chance Henry (incoming)	\$ 12,194
Alphonse J. Credeur (incoming)	11,032
Gordon R. Morgan (incoming)	11,032
Jeffery Morgan (incoming)	11,032
Jimmie J. Pellerin (incoming)	11,400
Patrick Daigle (incoming)	11,032
Steve Comeaux (incoming)	11,032
Walter Andrus (incoming)	11,032
David Savoy (outgoing)	406
Charles K. Broussard (outgoing)	368
Kerry T. Kilgore (outgoing)	368
Peter J. Joseph (outgoing)	368
Richard A. Faul (outgoing)	368
Robert J. Guidry (outgoing)	368
Ronald Fabacher (outgoing)	368
Total	\$ 92,400

(16) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to A. J. Broussard, Secretary/Treasurer for the period January 1, 2020, through February 12, 2020, and Huey Bryan Borill, Secretary/Treasurer for the period February 13, 2020, through December 31, 2020, follows:

Purpose	Ar	Amount				
	A.J.	Huey Bryan Borill				
Salary	Broussard					
	\$17,162	\$ 57,464				
Benefits - insurance	1,599	17,588				
Benefits - retirement	-	6,900				
Benefits - payroll taxes	1,039	4,396				
Total	<u>\$ 19,800</u>	<u>\$ 86,348</u>				

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(17) Risk Management

The Police Jury is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation and employee dishonesty. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(18) Litigation and Claims

There is no litigation pending against the Police Jury at December 31, 2020.

(19) Federal Compliance Contingencies

The Police Jury receives grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by governmental agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the grantor for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency.

(20) Acadia Parish Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require that the Police Jury place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses relating to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill are accounted for in a governmental fund. The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs are accounted for in the government-wide financial statements and are based on the amount of space used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care costs is \$6,297,074 at December 31, 2020, which represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on 44.60% usage (filled) of the landfill. It is estimated that an additional \$7,821,926 will be recognized as closure and post-closure care costs between the date of the balance sheet and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity (2060), which represents an estimated remaining life of 40 years. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care of \$14,119,000 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired at December 31, 2020. However, the actual costs of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The Police Jury meets the requirements for providing financial assurance for the closure and post-closure care costs set forth by the Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Environmental Quality under LAC 33:VII.727.A.2.d.ix.

The Police Jury has a formal trust agreement with the Bank of Commerce and Trust Company for the benefit of the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality. The trust was established to provide financial assurance for the estimated closure and post-closure cost of the landfill. At December 31, 2020, the actual trust value was \$2,942,817, with the estimated liability for closure and post-closure costs totaling \$6,297,074. The remaining \$3,354,257 in estimated closure and post-closure costs liability is covered by general governmental revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(21) New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements which were not required to be implemented by the Government during the current fiscal year.

- GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2021.

The effect of implementation of these new pronouncements on the Government's financial statements has not yet been determined.

(22) Prior Period Restatements

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, the Police Jury received proceeds in the amount of \$442,475 from a capital lease obtained for the purchase of equipment. However, the capital lease payable amount of \$412,475 at December 31, 2019, was not properly reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Effective January 1, the Police Jury reclassified its component unit, the Criminal Court Fund, as a special revenue fund to be blended with the fund financial statements, rather than being reported as a separate discretely presented component unit.

These changes resulted in a restatement of previously reported net position/fund balances as follows:

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Funds
	Net	Fund
	Position	Balances
Net position, December 31, 2019, as previously reported	\$71,772,509	\$28,513,870
Prior period adjustments:		
Recordation of capital lease payable	(412,475)	-
Net effect of reclassifying Criminal Court Fund	16,101	16,101
Net position, December 31, 2019, as restated	<u>\$71,376,135</u>	\$28,529,971

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(23) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Non-federal entities must record expenditures on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) when: (1) FEMA has approved the non-federal entity's project worksheet (PW), and (2) the non-federal entity has incurred the eligible expenditures.

During the year ending December 31, 2020, the Police Jury incurred eligible expenditures for FEMA Disaster Reimbursements for Hurricane Laura and Hurricane Delta, however the project worksheets (PW) have not been approved. Therefore, the expected FEMA Disaster Reimbursements and eligible expenditures that were incurred are required to be reported in the financial statements but not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA). All other federal financial assistance received by the Police Jury were less than the reporting threshold of \$750,000.

(24) Subsequent Events

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may have and continue to impact the Acadia Parish Police Jury's ongoing operations. The extent and severity of the potential impact

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ACADIA PARISH POLICE JURY Crowley, Louisiana General Fund

	Bud	loet		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$3,077,000	\$ 2,531,000	\$2,585,669	\$ 54,669	
Licenses and permits	526,000	541,000	652,895	111,895	
Intergovernmental	2,389,800	1,902,300	1,927,302	25,002	
Charges for services	1,048,120	1,100,120	1,315,721	215,601	
Fines and forfeits	75,000	75,000	57,151	(17,849)	
Investment income	40,000	40,000	44,500	4,500	
Miscellaneous	321,200	317,200	303,113	(14,087)	
Total revenues	7,477,120	6,506,620	6,886,351	379,731	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government	3,084,340	3,145,140	3,212,948	(67,808)	
Public safety	1,927,130	2,442,730	2,471,326	(28,596)	
Economic development and assistance	124,400	124,400	115,282	9,118	
Health and welfare	590,000	590,000	681,912	(91,912)	
Capital outlay	_1,898,500	55,500	77,212	(21,712)	
Total expenditures	7,624,370	6,357,770	6,558,680	(200,910)	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues					
over expenditures	(147,250)	148,850	327,671	<u> 178,821</u>	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	60,000	60,000	60,650	650	
Transfers out	(243,300)	(243,300)	(263,489)	(20,189)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(183,300)	(183,300)	(202,839)	(19,539)	
Net change in fund balance	(330,550)	(34,450)	124,832	159,282	
Fund balance, beginning	4,132,030	4,132,030	4,132,030		
Fund balance, ending	\$3,801,480	\$ 4,097,580	\$4,256,862	\$ 159,282	

Crowley, Louisiana Parish Road Fund

	Budş	ret.		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:		111141	11000	(110gati10)
Taxes - ad valorem	\$ 1,234,000	\$ 1,337,000	\$ 1,347,559	\$ 10,559
Licenses and permits	3,200	3,200	2,295	(905)
Intergovernmental revenues - State funds -			ŕ	,
Parish transportation funds	824,500	550,000	548,541	(1,459)
State shared revenue	82,000	82,000	82,544	544
Other	5,000	5,000	2,034	(2,966)
Investment income	28,000	28,000	30,340	2,340
Miscellaneous	20,000	_	30,024	30,024
Total revenues	2,196,700	2,005,200	2,043,337	38,137
Expenditures:			*	
Current - Public works	2 197 000	2 004 000	2.020.005	154015
	3,186,000	3,094,000	2,939,985	154,015
Debt service		-	88,391	(88,391)
Capital outlay	502,500	91,500	109,771	(18,271)
Total expenditures	3,688,500	3,185,500	3,138,147	47,353
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(1,491,800)	(1,180,300)	(1,094,810)	85,490
-				,
Other financing sources: Transfers in	1,465,000	1,465,000	1,465,000	
Transfers in	1,405,000	1,400,000	1,405,000	
Net change in fund balance	(26,800)	284,700	370,190	85,490
Fund balance, beginning	3,351,715	3,351,715	3,351,715	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 3,324,915	\$3,636,415	\$3,721,905	<u>\$ 85,490</u>

Crowley, Louisiana Sales Tax Fund

	Bud	oet		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				(-1-8/+)
Taxes - sales and use	\$7,700,000	\$7,838,000	\$ 9,470,762	\$1,632,762
Intergovernmental revenues -				
Federal grant - FEMA	-	421,341	1,272,038	850,697
Investment income	116,750	116,750	118,609	1,859
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	16,750	6,750
Total revenues	7,826,750	8,386,091	10,878,159	2,492,068
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Health and welfare	6,546,150	6,138,150	6,114,615	23,535
Capital outlay	1,542,500	22,500	13,297	9,203
Total expenditures	8,088,650	6,160,650	6,127,912	32,738
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(261,900)	2,225,441	4,750,247	2,524,806
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	150,000	150,000	150,000	-
Transfers out	(1,050,000)	(1,050,000)	_(1,050,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(900,000)	(900,000)	(900,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(1,161,900)	1,325,441	3,850,247	2,524,806
Fund balance, beginning	7,532,532	7,532,532	7,532,532	
Fund balance, ending	\$6,370,632	\$8,857,973	<u>\$11,382,779</u>	\$2,524,806

Crowley, Louisiana 1 % Sales Tax District No. 2 Fund

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bud	~		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes - sales and use	\$ 2,400,000	\$2,544,000	\$3,391,209	\$ 847,209
Investment income	11,000	6,000	6,045	45
Total revenues	2,411,000	2,550,000	3,397,254	847,254
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Public works	235,200	233,700	301,254	(67,554)
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	2,175,800	2,316,300	3,096,000	779,700
Other financing uses:				
Transfers out	(2,185,300)	(2,185,300)	(2,185,649)	(349)
Net change in fund balance	(9,500)	131,000	910,351	779,351
Fund balance, beginning	2,115,640	2,115,640	2,115,640	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 2,106,140	\$2,246,640	\$3,025,991	\$ 779,351

Crowley, Louisiana Mosquito Control Sales Tax District No. 3 Fund

	Budget Original Final			Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Taxes - sales and use	\$	800,000	\$	900,000	\$1,223,795	\$323,795
Investment income		51,000		51,000	60,319	9,319
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000	10,000	(2,000)
Total revenues		863,000		963,000	1,294,114	331,114
Expenditures: Current -						
Health and welfare	L	804,900		1,968,900	1,934,596	34,304
Net change in fund balance		58,100	(2	1,005,900)	(640,482)	365,418
Fund balance, beginning		3,398,210	3	3,398,210	3,398,210	
Fund balance, ending	\$	3,456,310	<u>\$2</u>	2,392,310	\$2,757,728	\$365,418

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Year Ended December 31,	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Parochial Emplo	oyees Retirement	System*			
2020	0.420060%	\$ 19,774	\$2,331,740	0.8%	99.89%
2019	0.402482%	1,786,360	2,592,491	68.9%	88.86%
2018	0.432709%	(321,177)	2,333,242	13.8%	101.98%
2017	0.479947%	889,611	2,254,584	39.5%	94.15%
2016	0.474515%	1,061,701	2,270,200	46.8%	92.23%
2015	0.563776%	130,800	2,123,300	6,2%	99.15%
Louisiana State 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	Employees Retir 0.001940% 0.002010% 0.002100% 0.002180% 0.002170% 0.002070%	** \$ 160,368 145,623 143,082 153,306 170,165 140,859	\$ 38,379 38,379 38,379 38,379 44,775 35,234	417.9% 379.4% 372.8% 399.5% 380.0% 399.8%	58.00% 62.90% 64.30% 62.50% 57.70% 62.70%
Registrar of Vot	ers Retirement S	ystem**			
2020	0.356658%	\$ 76,834	\$ 45,145	170.2%	83.32%
2019	0.315770%	75,017	44,092	170.1%	84.83%
2018	0.317810%	75,017	58,726	127.7%	80.57%
2017	0.522107%	89,642	73,116	122.6%	80.51%
2016	0.549630%	127,866	68,027	188.0%	73.98%
2015	0.522107%	127,874	70,825	180.5%	76.86%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year.

^{**}The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30th.

Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Contributions in			
		Relation to			Contributions
	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution		as a % of
Year Ended	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
December 31,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroil
_	yees Retirement Sy		_	*	
2020	\$355,757	\$355,757	\$ -	\$2,904,138	12.25%
2019	284,822	284,822	-	2,331,740	12.21%
2018	268,240	268,240	-	2,592,491	10.35%
2017	291,659	291,659	-	2,333,242	12.50%
2016	305,421	305,421	-	2,254,584	13.55%
2015	326,915	326,915	-	2,270,200	14.40%
Louisiana State	Employees Retirem	ent System			
2020	\$ 16,292	\$ 16,292	\$ -	\$ 38,379	42.50%
2019	16,057	16,057	-	38,379	41.84%
2018	15,390	15,390	-	38,379	40.10%
2017	14,987	14,987	-	38,379	39.05%
2016	14,603	14,603	-	38,379	38.05%
2015	17,006	17,006	-	44,775	37.98%
Registrar of Vote	ers Retirement Syst	em			
2020	\$ 8,215	\$ 8,215	\$ -	\$ 45,640	18.00%
2019	8,126	8,126	-	45,145	18.00%
2018	7,655	7,655	-	44,092	17.36%
2017	8,153	8,153	_	58,726	13.88%
2016	15,546	15,546	-	73,116	21.26%
2015	15,275	15,275	-	68,027	22.45%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

(1) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Acadia Parish Police Jury follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to November 1, each Department Head submits a proposed operating budget for the ensuing year to the Secretary/Treasurer. He submits to the Police Jury a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The proposed operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Police Jury.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Police Jury. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

(2) Pension Plans

Changes of Benefit Terms -

A. Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana:

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended December 31, 2020.

B. Louisiana State Employees Retirement System of Louisiana:

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended December 31, 2020.

C. Registrar of Voters Retirement System of Louisiana:

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

(3) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Fund	Budget	Actual	Excess	
General Fund:				
General government	\$3,145,140	\$3,212,948	\$ 67,808	
Public safety	2,442,730	2,471,326	28,596	
Health and welfare	590,000	681,912	91,912	
Capital outlay	55,500	77,212	21,712	
Parish Road Fund:				
Debt service	-	88,391	88,391	
Capital outlay	91,500	109,771	18,271	
1 % Sales Tax District No. 2 Fund:				
Public works	233,700	301,254	67,554	

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Crowley, Louisiana

Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	
	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 8,276,915	\$ 4,737,437
Investments	17,489,898	18,149,191
Taxes receivable	444,183	6,975,362
Other receivables	19,593	23,199
Due from other governmental entities	10,274,735	290,452
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable	2,431,640	2,175,419
Depreciable, net	51,602,766	54,162,826
Total assets	90,539,730	86,513,886
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension plan	711,139	1,635,865
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	2,522,982	1,066,842
Retainage payable	7,723	16,962
Accrued liabilities and other payables	296,120	496,866
Deposits payable	69,000	65,000
Accrued interest	34,008	28,607
Long-term liabilities:		
Portion due within one year -		
Capital lease payable	77,099	85,777
Bonds and certificates payable	795,000	971,000
Compensated absences payable	113,514	190,896
Portion due after one year -		
Capital lease payable	249,599	326,698
Bonds and certificates payable	4,375,000	5,170,000
Compensated absences payable	264,866	169,285
Net pension liability	256,976	2,007,000
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs liability	6,297,074	6,026,953
Total liabilities	15,358,961	16,621,886
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension plan	960,292	151,730
•		
NET POSITION Not investment in capital assets	40 527 7NO	40 794 770
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	48,537,708	49,784,770
Debt service	1 000 715	1 125 220
	1,088,715	1,135,339
Property tax and sales tax dedication Road maintenance and construction	23,844,431	19,227,962
Unrestricted	1,765,542	1,681,736
	(304,780)	(453,672)
Total net position	<u>\$ 74,931,616</u>	<u>\$ 71,376,135</u>

Crowley, Louisiana General Fund

Schedule of Revenues Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2020					
	Bud	ant		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2019	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:		1 11101	1101001	(* (* gaa: (*)	1101441	
Taxes -						
Taxes - ad valorem	\$2,030,000	\$2,184,000	\$2,200,067	\$ 16,067	\$ 2,129,359	
Franchise	120,000	120,000	115,755	(4,245)	119,452	
Severance	912,000	212,000	250,534	38,534	1,077,524	
Other	15,000	15,000	19,313	4,313	17,952	
Total taxes	3,077,000	2,531,000	2,585,669	54,669	3,344,287	
Licenses and permits -						
Occupational licenses	205,000	205,000	203,217	(1,783)	217,679	
Insurance occupational licenses	305,000	240,000	355,799	115,799	324,239	
Other	16,000	96,000	93,879	(2,121)	93,064	
Total licenses and permits	526,000	541,000	652,895	111,895	634,982	
Intergovernmental -						
Federal grants - FEMA	1,833,600	1,356,100	1,368,032	11,932	45,585	
State grants: State shared revenue	92,000	92,000	92,123	123	92,797	
Video poker	198,000	198,000	218,158	20,158	193,869	
Fire insurance premium	255,000	245,000	247,327	2,327	248,749	
Other	11,200	11,200	1,662	(9,538)	48,349	
Total intergovernmental	2,389,800	1,902,300	1,927,302	25,002	629,349	
Charges for services -						
Intergovernmental service charges	948,200	1,014,200	1,229,282	215,082	1,053,568	
Accounting service charges	77,920	77,920	78,320	400	74,700	
Gas charges	22,000	8,000	8,119	119	9,99	
Total charges for services	1,048,120	_1,100,120	1,315,721	215,601	1,138,263	
Fines and forfeits -						
Fines	55,000	55,000	38,205	(16,795)	53,193	
Court costs	20,000	20,000	18,946	(1,054)	15,064	
Total fines and forfeits	75,000	75,000	57,151	(17,849)	68,257	
Investment income	40,000	40,000	44,500	4,500	63,140	
Miscellaneous -						
Rent income	250,850	250,850	239,520	(11,330)	250,850	
Other	70,350	66,350	63,593	(2,757)	253,615	
Total miscellaneous	321,200	317,200	303,113	(14,087)	504,465	
Total revenues	<u>\$7,477,120</u>	\$6,506,620	\$6,886,351	\$ 379,731	\$ 6,382,743	

ACADIA PARISH POLICE JURY Crowley, Louisiana General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2020

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2020					
	Personal Contract of the Contr	ıdget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2019	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Expenditures:						
Current -						
General government:						
Legislative	d 00 400	f 0m 100	A 00 100	do.	00.400	
Salaries and wages	\$ 92,400	•	\$ 92,400	\$ -	\$ 92,400	
Payroll taxes	7,100		6,704	396	6,557	
Group insurance	=00	64,000	65,848	(1,848)	100,240	
Materials and supplies	700		645	55	305	
Advertising	21,500	21,500	20,072	1,428	19,522	
Miscellaneous	33,800	33,800	28,546	5,254	<u>19,537</u>	
Total legislative	155,500	219,500	214,215	5,285	238,561	
Judicial						
Salaries and wages	438,600	403,600	396,701	6,899	392,965	
Payroll taxes	14,225	14,225	8,847	5,378	9,718	
Retirement	52,980	52,980	55,185	(2,205)	50,534	
Group insurance	31,300	108,100	98,952	9,148	119,619	
Appropriations	537,500	539,800	537,552	2,248	606,156	
Insurance	1,135	1,135	390	745	1,306	
Legal and professional	-	51,000	51,636	(636)	59,919	
Materials and supplies	181,300	59,000	59,750	(750)	92,756	
Rent	-	69,000	69,915	(915)	30,762	
Miscellaneous	25,750	19,750	18,253	1,497	35,975	
Total judicial	1,282,790	1,318,590	1,297,181	21,409	1,399,710	
Executive						
Repairs and maintenance	350	350	403	(53)	300	
Legal and professional	150		825	(675)	215	
Materials and supplies	2,100		1,174	926	565	
Total executive	2,600		2,402	198	1,080	
		- 				

(continued)

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures (Continued) Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2020

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		2020			
	Budg			Variance with Final Budget Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Elections -					
Salaries and wages	45,100	45,100	45,346	(246)	45,311
Payroll taxes	700	700	652	48	651
Retirement	8,100	8,100	8,215	(115)	7,930
Insurance	200	200	154	46	159
Legal and professional	500	500	22,435	(21,935)	17,124
Materials and supplies	4,800	4,800	6,890	(2,090)	4,804
Repairs and maintenance	1,500	1,500	1,262	238	1,575
Rent	10,000	10,000	13,078	(3,078)	9,635
Telephone and utilities	4,500	4,500	4,195	305	5,034
Miscellaneous	4,500	4,500	1,4 <u>51</u>	3,049	1,354
Total elections	79,900	79,900	103,678	(23,778)	93,577
Finance and administration -					
Salaries and wages	268,000	298,000	306,955	(8,955)	295,366
Payroll taxes	8,500	8,500	16,057	(7,557)	7,298
Retirement	25,000	25,000	26,908	(1,908)	26,247
Group insurance	108,500	108,500	92,082	16,418	108,442
Insurance	5,750	5,750	4,083	1,667	4,031
Legal and professional	114,500	149,500	190,291	(40,791)	142,118
Materials and supplies	41,080	41,080	44,672	(3,592)	38,024
Repairs and maintenance	5,000	5,000	5,622	(622)	1,765
Rent	16,000	16,000	15,826	174	14,532
Telephone and utilities	11,000	11,000	10,800	200	9,019
Miscellaneous	115,300	115,300	112,996	2,304	115,281
Total finance and administration	718,630	783,630	826,292	(42,662)	762,123
Other -					
Salaries and wages	142,750	142,750	130,832	11,918	108,441
Payroll taxes	1,900	1,900	2,032	(132)	1,642
Retirement	15,900	15,900	15,525	375	12,024
Group insurance	33,830	33,830	26,044	7,786	33,256
Insurance	4,790	4,790	26,837	(22,047)	3,805
Legal and professional	75,000	75,000	73,525	1,475	73,000
Materials and supplies	15,600	15,600	27,018	(11,418)	11,842
Repairs and maintenance	215,800	167,800	164,021	3,779	281,058
Rent	10,200	10,200	10,200	-,.,-	8,500
Telephone and utilities	321,200	265,200	287,827	(22,627)	307,947
Miscellaneous	7,950	7,950	5,319	2,631	1,223
Total other	844,920	740,920	769,180	(28,260)	842,738
Total general government	3,084,340	3,145,140	3,212,948	(67,808)	3,337,789

(continued)

ACADIA PARISH POLICE JURY Crowley, Louisiana General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures (Continued) Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2020

				Variance with Final Budget	
	Bud			Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Public safety -				(54.050)	
Salaries and wages	139,300	139,300	160,330	(21,030)	136,997
Payroll taxes	4,830	4,830	1,954	2,876	3,489
Retirement	11,400	11,400	18,551	(7,151)	9,087
Group insurance	-	110,600	79,671	30,929	62,757
Appropriations	296,100	296,100	258,750	37,350	294,369
Insurance	1,850	1,850	2,588	(738)	1,320
Legal and professional	5,500	5,500	1,033	4,467	413
Materials and supplies	6,250	6,250	7,843	(1,593)	6,042
Prisoner expenses	910,500	515,500	520,439	(4,939)	665,731
Repairs and maintenance	1,500	1,301,500	1,361,652	(60,152)	8,051
Rent	5,400	5,400	4,950	450	5,450
Telephone and utilities	6,000	6,000	8,227	(2,227)	6,136
Miscellaneous	538,500	38,500	45,338	(6,838)	41,228
Total public safety	1,927,130	2,442,730	2,471,326	(28,596)	1,241,070
Economic development and assistance -					
Salaries and wages	18,800	18,800	14,502	4,298	16,447
Payroll taxes	900	900	852	48	819
Insurance	220	220	338	(118)	202
Legal and professional	2,000	7,000	2,855	4,145	1,496
Repairs and maintenance	40,500	35,500	34,070	1,430	40,577
Telephone and utilities	24,900	24,900	20,270	4,630	23,845
Miscellaneous	37,080	37,080	42,395	(5,315)	78,452
Total economic development					
and assistance	124,400	124,400	115,282	9,118	161,838
Health and welfare -					
Appropriations	590,000	590,000	681,858	(91,858)	590,668
Telephone and utilities	_	-	54	(54)	-
Total health and welfare	590,000	590,000	681,912	(91,912)	590,668
Capital outlay	1,898,500	55,500	77,212	(21,712)	121,420
Total expenditures	\$7,624,370	<u>\$ 6,357,770</u>	<u>\$6,55</u> 8,680	\$ (200,910)	<u>\$5,452,785</u>

Crowley, Louisiana Parish Road Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2020						
	D-1-4			Variance with Final Budget	2010		
	Budş Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual		
Revenues:	Original .	1 mai	Actual	(Ivegative)	Flotudi		
Taxes - ad valorem	\$ 1,234,000	\$1,337,000	\$1,347,559	\$ 10,559	\$1,299,414		
Licenses and permits	3,200	3,200	2,295	(905)	1,990		
Intergovernmental revenues -	•		,	` ,	•		
State funds:							
Parish transportation funds	824,500	550,000	548,541	(1,459)	622,056		
State shared revenue	82,000	82,000	82,544	544	83,294		
Other	5,000	5,000	2,034	(2,966)	3,920		
Investment income	28,000	28,000	30,340	2,340	45,292		
Miscellaneous	20,000		30,024	30,024	17,645		
Total revenues	2,196,700	2,005,200	2,043,337	38,137	2,073,611		
Expenditures:							
Current -							
Public works:		1 100 100	1 150 150	10.00	1 150 150		
Salaries and wages	1,123,400	1,188,400	1,178,173	10,227	1,178,173		
Payroll taxes	27,200	27,200	24,601	2,599	24,601		
Retirement	111,800	111,800	115,859	(4,059)	115,859		
Group insurance	365,500	335,500	310,258	25,242	310,258		
Intergovernmental service	131,300	121,300	124,692	(3,392)	124,692		
Insurance	146,000	136,000	150,740	(14,740)	150,740		
Legal and professional	24,600	24,600	18,888	5,712	18,888		
Materials and supplies	315,200	270,200	254,885	15,315	254,885		
Repairs and maintenance Rent	352,500	332,500	333,013	(513) 97,999	333,013 280,101		
Telephone and utilities	378,100	378,100	280,101 33,622	3,978	33,622		
Miscellaneous	37,600 172,800	37,600 130,800	115,153	15,647	115,153		
Total public works	3,186,000	3,094,000	2,939,985	154,015	3,035,241		
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	85,777	(85,777)	30,000		
Interest			2,614	(2,614)	1,307		
Total debt service			88,391	(88,391)	<u>31,307</u>		
Capital outlay	502,500	91,500	109,771	(18,271)	647,447		
Total expenditures	3,688,500	3,185,500	3,138,147	47,353	3,713,995		
Deficiency of revenues							
over expenditures	(1,491,800)	(1,180,300)	(1,094,810)	<u>85,490</u>	(1,640,384)		
Other financing sources:							
Proceeds from capital lease	-	_	_	-	442,475		
Transfers in	1,465,000	1,465,000	1,465,000	_	1,555,000		
Total other financing sources	1,465,000	1,465,000	1,465,000	-	1,997,475		
Net change in fund balance	(26,800)	284,700	370,190	85,490	357,091		
Fund balance, beginning	3,351,715	3,351,715	3,351,715		2,994,624		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 3,324,915	\$3,636,415	\$3,721,905	\$ 85,490	\$3,351,715		

Crowley, Louisiana Sales Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2020				
	Budget			Variance with Final Budget Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:			-	<u> </u>	
Taxes - sales and use	\$ 7,700,000	\$ 7,838,000	\$ 9,470,762	\$1,632,762	\$8,233,994
Intergovernmental revenues -		,		•	, ,
Federal grant - FEMA	<u></u>	421,341	1,272,038	850,697	-
Investment income	116,750	116,750	118,609	1,859	173,525
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	16,750	6,750	16,043
Total revenues	7,826,750	8,386,091	10,878,159	2,492,068	8,423,562
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Health and welfare:					
Salaries and wages	771,200	825,200	855,051	29,851	796,404
Payroll taxes	13,500	13,500	15,802	2,302	16,036
Retirement	79,800	79,800	95,579	15,779	74,275
Group insurance	199,600	253,300	207,495	(45,805)	197,786
Collection expense	125,000	125,000	142,053	17,053	123,500
Insurance	51,600	51,600	58,196	6,596	47,093
Intergovernmental service	467,400	473,400	651,468	178,068	503,483
Legal and professional	473,600	189,900	160,982	(28,918)	191,427
Materials and supplies	475,700	235,700	210,598	(25,102)	382,488
Repairs and maintenance	428,500	448,500	425,666	(22,834)	422,459
Rent	637,100	624,100	563,972	(60,128)	569,489
Solid waste collection	2,760,000	2,760,000	2,685,222	(74,778)	2,734,830
Telephone and utilities	36,800	31,800	28,541	(3,259)	32,404
Miscellaneous	26,350	26,350	13,990	(12,360)	299,926
Total health and welfare	6,546,150	6,138,150	6,114,615	23,535	6,391,600
Capital outlay	1,542,500	22,500	13,297	9,203	618,883
Total expenditures	8,088,650	6,160,650	6,127,912	32,738	7,010,483
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(261,900)	2,225,441	4,750,247	2,524,806	1,413,079
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	150,000	150,000	150,000	-	200,000
Transfers out	(1,050,000)	(1,050,000)	(1,050,000)		(1,300,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(900,000)	(900,000)	(900,000)		(1,100,000)
Net change in fund balance	(1,161,900)	1,325,441	3,850,247	2,524,806	313,079
Fund balance, beginning	7,532,532	7,532,532	7,532,532		7,219,453
Fund balance, ending	\$ 6,370,632	\$ 8,857,973	\$11,382,779	\$2,524,806	\$7,532,532

Crowley, Louisiana
1% Sales Tax District No. 2 Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

2020 Variance with Final Budget Budget Positive 2019 Original Final Actual (Negative) Actual Revenues: Taxes - sales and use \$2,400,000 \$2,544,000 \$3,391,209 \$847,209 \$ 2,823,354 Investment income 11,000 6,000 6,045 45 21,532 Total revenues 2,411,000 2,550,000 3,397,254 847,254 2,844,886 Expenditures: Current -Public works Collection expense 50,000 40,000 50,865 (10,865)41,878 Intergovernmental service 144,600 153,100 203,835 (50,735)170,693 40,600 40,600 46,554 Legal and professional (5,954)36,127 Total expenditures 235,200 233,700 301,254 (67,554)248,698 Excess of revenues over expenditures 2,175,800 2,316,300 3,096,000 779,700 2,596,188 Other financing uses: Transfers out (2,185,300)(2,185,300)(2,185,649)(349)(2,174,165)Net change in fund balance (9,500)131,000 910,351 779,351 422,023 Fund balance, beginning 2,115,640 2,115,640 2,115,640 1,693,617 Fund balance, ending \$2,106,140 \$2,246,640 \$3,025,991 \$779,351 \$ 2,115,640

Crowley, Louisiana Mosquito Control Sales Tax District No. 3 Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2020					
					Variance with	
					Final Budget	
		Budg	et		Positive	2019
	(Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:		,				
Taxes - sales and use	\$	800,000	\$ 900,000	\$1,223,795	\$ 323,795	\$ 981,936
Investment income		51,000	51,000	60,319	9,319	89,425
Miscellaneous		12,000	12,000	10,000	(2,000)	12,000
Total revenues		863,000	963,000	1,294,114	331,114	1,083,361
Expenditures:						
Current -						
Health and welfare						
Collection expense		17,000	17,000	18,356	(1,356)	15,213
Intergovernmental service		51,700	62,200	77,617	(15,417)	64,901
Repairs and maintenance		4,000	-	204	(204)	1,726
Legal and professional		23,500	31,000	36,428	(5,428)	19,195
Rent		8,700	8,700	8,700	-	8,715
Mosquito control		700,000	1,850,000	1,793,291	56,709	488,177
Total expenditures		804,900	1,968,900	1,934,596	34,304	597,927
Net change in fund balance		58,100	(1,005,900)	(640,482)	365,418	485,434
Fund balance, beginning		3,398,210	3,398,210	3,398,210		2,912,776
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	3,456,310	\$2,392 <u>,</u> 310	<u>\$2,757,728</u>	\$ 365,418	\$3,398,210

Crowley, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2020

ASSETS Cash and interest bearing deposits Investments Taxes receivable Other receivables Due from other funds Due from other governmental agencies Total assets	\$ 759,899 3,312,365 139,048 7,179 35,000 1,589,837 \$5,843,328	Debt Service \$1,084,489 38,234 - - - - - - \$1,122,723	Capital Projects \$ 406,070 1,364,094 \$1,770,164	Totals \$2,250,458 4,714,693 139,048 7,179 35,000 1,589,837 \$8,736,215
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued liabilities and other payables Total liabilities	\$ 221,359 7,723 38,377 267,459	\$ - - - -	\$ 4,522 - - - 4,522	\$ 225,881 7,723 38,377 271,981
Fund balances:			··· ·	
Restricted for -				
Debt service	-	1,122,723	=	1,122,723
Cooperative extension operation and maintenance	2,449,791	, , ,	-	2,449,791
Road maintenance and construction Committed to - Health unit operation	-	-	1,765,542	1,765,542
and maintenance Rice Arena operation	1,603,652	-	-	1,603,652
and maintenance Assigned to -	1,245,510	-	-	1,245,510
Capital projects		_	100	100
Airport	195,697	- -	-	195,697
Other	81,219	_		81,219
Total fund balances	5,575,869	1,122,723	1,765,642	8,464,234
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$5,843,328	\$1,122,723	\$1,770,164	\$8,736,215

Crowley, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Special	Debt	Capital	
	Revenue	Service	Projects	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$1,795,008	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,795,008
Intergovernmental revenues -				
Federal grants	137,275	-	-	137,275
State funds	288,965	-	-	288,965
Charges for services	128,821	-	-	128,821
Fines and forfeits	192,247	-	-	192,247
Investment income	47,059	1,260	9,638	57,957
Miscellaneous	45,241			45,241
Total revenues	2,634,616	1,260	9,638	2,645,514
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	243,006	-	-	243,006
Public safety	9,410	~	-	9,410
Public works	-	-	586,735	586,735
Economic development	389,484	-	-	389,484
Health and welfare	946,938	-	_	946,938
Culture and recreation	360,850	-	-	360,850
Debt service	_	1,124,449	-	1,124,449
Capital outlay	304,643		<u>159,097</u>	463,740
Total expenditures	2,254,331	1,124,449	745,832	4,124,612
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	380,285	(1,123,189)	(736,194)	(1,479,098)
Other financing sources (uses):	,			
Transfers in	89,104	1,110,638	900,000	2,099,742
Transfers out	(196,189)	(65)	(80,000)	(276,254)
Proceeds from sale of				
capital assets	120,000			120,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	12,915	1,110,573	820,000	1,943,488
Net change in fund balances	393,200	(12,616)	83,806	464,390
Fund balances, beginning	5,182,669	1,135,339	1,681,836	7,999,844
Fund balances, ending	\$5,575,869	\$ 1,122,723	<u>\$1,765,642</u>	\$ 8,464,234

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific purposes other than debt serve or capital projects.

Legros Memorial Airport Fund

To account for the operation and maintenance of the Legros Memorial Airport. Financing is provided primarily from federal and state grants, rental income, and General Fund transfers.

Acadia Rice Arena Maintenance Fund

To account for the operation and maintenance of the Acadia Rice Arena. Financing is provided primarily from ad valorem taxes, rental income, recreation fees, and concession sales.

Cooperative Extension Facility Maintenance Fund

To account for the operation and maintenance of the Cooperative Extension Facility. Financing is provided primarily from ad valorem taxes.

Health Unit Maintenance Fund

To account for the operation and maintenance of the Health Unit Facility. Funding is provided primarily from ad valorem taxes and federal and state grants.

Criminal Court Fund

To account for the deposited fines and forfeitures to be used and paid for specific and specified expenses generally related to the Judges of the 15th Judicial District and the Office of the District Attorney, upon a motion by the District Attorney and order of the District Court.

Local Emergency Planning Commission Fund

To account for the fee revenues from hazardous material facilities in the parish.

Law Enforcement Witness Fund

To account for the payment of witness fees to off-duty law enforcement officers who in their official capacity are required to be present as a witness in criminal cases. Witness fees are paid from special court costs levied in criminal cases.

Crowley, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2020

			Cooperative			Local		
	Legros	Acadia	Extension	Health		Emergency	Law	
	Memorial	Rice Arena	Facility	Unit	Criminal		Enforcement	
	Airport	Maintenance	Maintenance	Maintenance	Court	Commission		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS							-	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ (11,734)	\$ 302,663	\$ 253,238	\$ 85,735	\$ 50,928	\$ 20,942	\$ 58,127	\$ 759,899
Investments	155,958	597,171	1,822,820	736,416	-	-	-	3,312,365
Taxes receivable	-	34,754	34,754	69,540	-	-	-	139,048
Other receivables	4,918	-	2,261	-	-	-	-	7,179
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	35,000	-	-	35,000
Due from other governmental agencies	146,732	338,796	338,829	744,219	19,111		2,150	1,589,837
Total assets	<u>\$295,874</u>	\$1,273,384	\$2,451,902	<u>\$1,635,910</u>	\$105,039	\$ 20,942	\$60,277	\$5,843,328
LIABILITIES AND FUND	BALANCE	5						
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 92,454	\$ 15,141	\$ 2,491	\$ 6,614	\$ 104,659	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 221,359
Retainage payable	7,723	-	-	-	_	-	-	7,723
Other payables	-	12,733	-	25,644		<u>-</u>	_	38,377
Total liabilities	100,177	27,874	2,491	32,258	104,659			267,459
Fund balances:								
Restricted for -								
Cooperative extension operation								
and maintenance	-	-	2,449,411	-	380	=	-	2,449,791
Committed to -								
Health unit operation								
and maintenance	-	-	-	1,603,652	-	-	-	1,603,652
Rice Arena operation								
and maintenance	-	1,245,510	-	-	-	-	-	1,245,510
Assigned to -								, , ,
Airport	195,697	-	_	-		-		195,697
Other	-	-	_	-	<u>.</u>	20,942	60,277	81,219
Total fund balances	195,697	1,245,510	2,449,411	1,603,652	380	20,942	60,277	5,575,869
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$295,874	\$1,273,384	\$2,451,902	\$1,635,910	\$ 105,039	\$20,942	\$ 60,277	\$ 5,843,328

Crowley, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Legros Memorial Airport Fund	Acadia Rice Arena Maintenance Fund	Cooperative Extension Facility Maintenance Fund	Health Unit Maintenance Fund	Criminal Court Fund	Local Emergency Planning Commission Fund	Law Enforcement Witness Fund	Total
Revenues:								
Taxes - ad valorem	\$ -	\$ 448,746	\$ 448,779	\$ 897,483	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,795,008
Intergovernmental revenues -								
Federal grants	-	-	-	137,275	-	-	-	137,275
State funds	233,994	-	-	54,971	-	-	-	288,965
Charges for services	-	98,259	-	6,955	-	3,765	19,842	128,821
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	192,247	-	_	192,247
Investment income	1,005	4,150	18,779	23,125	-	-	-	47,059
Miscellaneous	31,027	2,032	2,354	9,790	38			45,241
Total revenues	266,026	553,187	469,912	1,129,599	192,285	3,765	19,842	2,634,616
Expenditures:								
Ĉurrent -								
General government - judicial	-	-	_	-	243,006	_	-	243,006
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	160	9,250	9,410
Economic development	93,240	-	296,244	-	-	-	-	389,484
Health and welfare	-	-	-	946,938	-	-	-	946,938
Culture and recreation	-	360,850	=	-	_	-	•	360,850
Capital outlay	234,407	23,418	46,818	_	-	-	_	304,643
Total expenditures	327,647	384,268	343,062	946,938	243,006	160	9,250	2,254,331
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(61,621)	168,919	126,850	182,661	(50,721)	3,605	10,592	380,285
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	50,000	4,039	-	65	35,000	-	_	89,104
Transfers out	-	_	-	(195,539)	_	-	(650)	(196,189)
Proceeds from sale of								,
capital assets		-	-	120,000	-	-	-	120,000
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	50,000	4,039		(75,474)	<u>35,000</u>		(650)	12,915
Net change in fund balances	(11,621)	172,958	126,850	107,187	(15,721)	3,605	9,942	393,200
Fund balances, beginning	207,318	1,072,552	2,322,561	1,496,465	16,101	17,337	50,335	5,182,669
Fund balances, ending	\$ 195,697	\$1,245,510	\$2,449,411	\$1,603,652	<u>\$ 380</u>	\$ 20,942	\$ 60,277	\$5,575,869

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted or committed for payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and paying agent fees.

Excess Revenue Sinking Fund

To accumulate monies for payment of the Series 2013 \$938,000 Limited Tax Revenue Bonds. Debt service is secured by excess annual revenues.

Mosquito Control Sales Tax District No. 3 Sinking Fund

To account for the payment of principal and interest requirements of the 2004 Certificate of Indebtedness. Debt service was retired by the 1/4% sales and use tax.

Certificates of Indebtedness Series 2010 Sinking Fund

To account for excess annual revenue dedicated for the payment of principal and interest requirements of the 2010 Certificate of Indebtedness.

Sales Tax District No. 2 Series Bond Sinking Fund

To accumulate monies for payment of the Series 2012 \$9,750,000 Limited Tax Revenue Bonds. Debt service is secured by the 1% sales and use tax.

Sales Tax District No. 2 Series Bond Reserve Fund

To account for a specified amount or balance that is required to be kept in case any pledged revenues are insufficient to pay debt service requirements for Series 2012 \$9,750,000 Limited Tax Revenue Bonds.

Crowley, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2020

	Excess Revenue Sinking Fund	Mosquito Control Sales Tax District No. 3 Sinking Fund	Certificates of Indebtedness Series 2010 Sinking Fund	Sales Tax District No. 2 Series 2012 Bond Sinking Fund	Sales Tax District No. 2 Series 2012 Bond Reserve Fund	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 94,253	\$ 1,719	\$ -	\$ 583,839	\$404,678	\$1,084,489
Investments		38,234				38,234
Total assets	\$ 94,253	\$ 39,953	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 583,839	\$404,678	\$1,122,723
FUND BALANCES						
Fund balances:						
Restricted -						
Debt service	\$ 94,253	\$ 39,953	\$ -	\$ 583,839	<u>\$404,678</u>	\$1,122,723

Crowley, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Mosquito	Certificates of	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	
	Excess	Control Sales	Indebtedness	District No. 2	District No. 2	
	Revenue	Tax District	Series 2010	Series 2012	Series 2012	•
	Sinking	No. 3 Sinking	Sinking	Bond Sinking	Bond Reserve	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Revenues:						
Investment income	<u>\$ 175</u>	\$ 249	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 368	\$ 468	\$ 1,260
Expenditures:						
Debt service -						
Principal retirement	127,000	-	199,000	645,000	-	971,000
Interest	6,554		2,079	144,816	-	153,449
Total expenditures	133,554		201,079	789,816		1,124,449
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	(133,379)	249	(201,079)	(789,448)	<u>468</u>	(1,123,189)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	118,489	-	191,500	800,649	-	1,110,638
Transfers out			(65)	_		(65)
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	118,489		191,435	800,649	-	1,110,573
Net change in fund balances	(14,890)	249	(9,644)	11,201	468	(12,616)
Fund balances, beginning	109,143	39,704	9,644	572,638	404,210	1,135,339
Fund balances, ending	\$ 94,253	\$ 39,953	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 583,839	\$ 404,678	\$1,122,723

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Sales Tax Road Bonds 2008 Refunding Fund

To account for the proceeds from the issuance of 2008 refunding bonds for road maintenance and construction projects.

LCDBG Fund

To account for the receipt and disbursement of LCDGB funds utilized for various projects within the parish.

Crowley, Louisiana Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2020

	Sales Tax Road		
	Bonds 2008		
	Refunding	LCDBG	
	Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 405,970	\$ 100	\$ 406,070
Investments	1,364,094		1,364,094
Total assets	<u>\$1,770,064</u>	<u>\$ 100</u>	\$ 1,770,164
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 4,522	\$ -	\$ 4,522
Fund balances: Restricted for -			
Road maintenance and construction	1,765,542	-	1,765,542
Assigned to -			
Capital projects	<u> </u>	100	100
Total fund balances	1,765,542	100	1,765,642
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,770,064	<u>\$ 100</u>	\$ 1,770,164

Crowley, Louisiana Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Sales Tax Road Bonds 2008 Refunding Fund	LCDBG Fund	Total
Revenues:			
Investment income	\$ 9,638	\$ -	\$ 9,638
Expenditures:			
Public works	586,735	-	586,735
Capital outlay	159,097	-	159,097
Total expenditures	745,832		745,832
Deficiency of revenues			
over expenditures	(736,194)		(736,194)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	900,000	-	900,000
Transfers out	(80,000)		(80,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	820,000		820,000
Net change in fund balances	83,806	-	83,806
Fund balances, beginning	1,681,736	100	1,681,836
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$1,765,542</u>	<u>\$100</u>	<u>\$ 1,765,642</u>

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Crowley, Louisiana Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity

Cash Basis Presentation	Mont E	First Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2020		Second Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2020	
Receipts from:					
Criminal Court Costs/Fees -					
15th Judicial District Attorney	\$	1,000	\$	588	
Acadia Parish Sheriff		127,532		115,718	
City of Crowley		8,708		10,223	
Asset Forfeiture/Sale					
15th Judicial District Attorney				4,273	
Total Receipts	\$	137,240	\$	130,802	

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

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To the Members of the Acadia Parish Police Jury Crowley, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Acadia Parish Police Jury (Police Jury), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Police Jury's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 23, 2021. The opinion on the Police Jury's Aggregately Discretely Presented Component Units was adverse because the financial statements do not include financial data of the component units of the Police Jury, *and* accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with these omitted component units.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Police Jury's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Police Jury's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did identify one deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, which is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2020-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Police Jury's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2020-002 and 2020-003.

Acadia Parish Police Jury's Response to Findings

The Acadia Parish Police Jury's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Police Jury's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana July 23, 2021

Crowley, Louisiana

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Continued)

Part I. Current Year Findings relating to an audit in accordance with Government Auditing Standards;

A. Internal Control

2020-001 Inadequate Recordation of Transactions and Reconciliations of Account Balances

Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred: 2020

CONDITION: The Police Jury did not have adequate controls over recordation of transactions, reconciliations of account balances and monitoring of those accounts. Specific accounting areas involve the following – (1) fund balances in pooled cash account (2) fixed assets (2) capital projects (3) payroll and payroll liabilities and (4) the landfill trust.

CRITERIA: The Policy Jury has policies and procedures designed to ensure that all transactions are recorded properly, account balances reconciled on a timely basis and monitoring of those accounts. However, these policies and procedures are not being followed.

CAUSE: Due to policy and procedures not being adhered to, the Police Jury's accounting records may not be accurate and reconciled timely.

EFFECT: The Police Jury could have discrepancies in the financial statements, thereby causing management to make decisions based upon erroneous information. Additionally, lack of internal controls could result in misappropriation of assets.

RECOMMENDATION: The Police Jury should implement their policies and procedures to ascertain those transactions are properly recorded and account balances reconciled on a timely basis.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The Police Jury will implement their policies and procedures to ascertain those transactions are properly recorded and account balances are reconciled on a timely basis.

B. Compliance

2020-002 Compliance with Budget Act

Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred: 2018

CONDITION: The Police Jury did not comply with the requirements of RS 39:1311 of the Local Government Budget Act.

CRITERIA: Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311 of the Local Government Budget Act requires the governing authority to amend the budget once notified that actual expenditures and other uses exceed budgeted amounts by five percent or more. (Note, state law exempts from the amendment requirement special revenue funds with anticipated expenditures of \$500,000 or less).

CAUSE: The budget variance for the expenditures in the General Fund and Parish Road Fund exceeded the five percent threshold.

ACADIA PARISH POLICE JURY Crowley, Louisiana

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Continued)

EFFECT: The Parish Road Fund and 1% Sales Tax District No. 2 Fund budgets were not amended for expenditures in excess of five percent of the budgeted expenditures.

RECOMMENDATION: Revenues and expenditures should be monitored according to Louisiana R.S. 39:1311 in order to effectively advise the governing authority of any five percent variances as described in Louisiana R.S. 39:1311.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The Police Jury will comply with the requirements of RS 39:1311 of the Local Government Budget Act.

Part II. Prior Year Findings relating to an audit in accordance with Government Auditing Standards:

A. Internal Control

There were no internal control findings.

B. Compliance

2019-001 Compliance with Budget Act

Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred: 2018

CONDITION: Budget variance in the Parish Road Fund exceeded the five percent threshold requiring amendments in accordance with Louisiana R.S. 39:1311.

RECOMMENDATION: Revenues and expenditures should be monitored according to Louisiana R.S. 39:1311 in order to effectively advise the governing authority of any five percent variances as described in Louisiana R.S. 39:1311.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See finding 2020-002.