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MEMBER OF THE
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
and the
AICPA GOVERNMENTAL
AUDIT QUALITY CENTER

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of Oberlin Oberlin, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Housing Authority of Oberlin basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design and audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Managements' Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The statement of modernization-uncompleted, financial data schedules, and other information as listed on the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statement of modernization costs-uncompleted, financial data schedules, and other information as listed on the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the statement of modernization-uncompleted, financial data schedules, and other information as listed on the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 7, 2020 on our consideration of the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Audit Standards in considering the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mike Estes, P.C.

Fort Worth, Texas

Mike Ester P.C.

May 7, 2020

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)
December 31, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) December 31, 2019

The management of Housing Authority of Oberlin, LA presents the following discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the Housing Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019. This represents an overview of financial information. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Authority's included audited financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The primary source of funding for these activities continues to be subsidies and grants from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), whereas tenant rentals provide a secondary but also significant source of funding.
- The Housing Authority's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$139,970 at the close of the fiscal year ended 2019.
 - ✓ Of this amount \$131,051 represents a restriction equal to the net amount invested in land, buildings, furnishings, leasehold improvements, equipment, and construction in progress, minus associated debts.
 - ✓ The remainder of \$8,919 of unrestricted assets could be used to meet the Housing Authority's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. As a measure of financial strength, this amount equals 7% of the total operating expenses of \$122,161 for the fiscal year 2019, which means the Authority might be able to operate about 1 months using the unrestricted assets alone, compared to 2 months in the prior fiscal year.
- The Housing Authority's total net position decreased by \$27,369, a 16% decrease from the prior fiscal year 2018.
- The decrease in net position of these funds was accompanied by a decrease in unrestricted cash by \$14,891 from fiscal year 2018.
- The Authority Spent \$3,250 on capital asset additions and \$4,810 on construction in progress.
- These changes led to a decrease in total assets by \$20,495 and an increase in total liabilities by \$6,874. As
 related measure of financial health, there are still over \$1 of current assets covering each dollar of total
 current liabilities, which compares to \$3 covering the prior fiscal year's liabilities.
- The Housing Authority continues to operate without the need for debt borrowing.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the Housing Authority's basic financial statements. The Housing Authority is a special-purpose government engaged in business-type activities. Accordingly, only fund financial statements are presented as the basic financial statements, comprised of two components: (1) fund financial statements and (2) a series of notes to the financial statements. These provide information about the activities of the Housing Authority as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Housing Authority's finances. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves demonstrating how projects funded by HUD have been completed, and whether there are inadequacies in the Authority's internal controls.

Reporting on the Housing Authority as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is, "Is the Housing Authority as a whole better off, or worse off, as a result of the achievements of fiscal year 2019?" The Statement of net position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information about the Housing Authority as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) December 31, 2019

Fund Financial Statements

All of the funds of the Housing Authority are reported as proprietary funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Housing Authority, like other enterprises operated by state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Housing Authority's financial statements report its net position and changes in net position. One can think of the Housing Authority's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the Authority's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the Authority's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. One will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as the changes in the Authority's occupancy levels or its legal obligations to HUD, to assess the overall health of the Housing Authority.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Housing Authority's annual report consists of financial statements that show combined information about the Housing Authority's most significant programs:

Public Housing Capital Fund Program	\$ 4,810
Low Rent Public Housing	49,416
Total funding received this current fiscal year	\$ 54,226

The Housing Authority's auditors provided assurance in their independent auditors' report with which this MD&A is included, that the basic financial statements are fairly stated. The auditors provide varying degrees of assurance regarding the other information included in this report. A user of this report should read the independent auditors' report carefully to determine the level of assurance provided for each of the other parts of this report.

Reporting the Housing Authority's Most Significant Funds

The Housing Authority's financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). However, the Housing Authority establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes, or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money.

The Housing Authority's enterprise funds use the following accounting approach for Proprietary funds: All of the Housing Authority's services are reported in enterprise funds. The focus of proprietary funds is on income measurement, which, together with the maintenance of net position, is an important financial indicator.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Housing Authority's net position was \$139,970 as of December 31, 2019. Of this amount, \$131,051 was invested in capital assets and \$8,919 was unrestricted. No other specific Assets are restricted. Also, there are no other restrictions on general net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) December 31, 2019

CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2019

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
ASSETS			
Current assets	\$	30,163	\$ 36,459
Capital assets, net of depreciation		131,051	145,250
Total assets	***************************************	161,214	 181,709
LIABILITIES	-		
Current liabilitiies		21,244	 14,370
Total liabilities	·	21,244	 14,370
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of depreciation		131,051	145,250
Unrestricted net position		8,919	22,089
Total net position	\$	139,970	\$ 167,339

The net position of these funds decreased by \$27,369, or by 16%, from those of fiscal year 2018, as explained below. In the narrative that follows, the detail factors causing this change are discussed:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) December 31, 2019

CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2019

	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
OPERATING REVENUES			
Tenant Revenue	\$ 38,366	\$	39,075
HUD grants for operations	54,226		55,195
Other non-tenant revenue	2,193		1,202
Total operating revenues	94,785		95,472
OPERATING EXPENSES			
General	15,775		16,270
Ordinary maintenance and repairs	22,368		26,460
Administrative expenses and management fees	59,668		58,480
Utilities	1,978		1,978
Tenant services	113		60
Depreciation	22,259		22,043
Total operating expenses	122,161		125,291
Income (losses) from operations	 (27,376)		(29,819)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES			
Interest income	7		8
Total non-operating revenues	 7		8
Income (losses) before capital contributions	 (27,369)	<u> </u>	(29,811)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	0		0
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(27,369)	- —	(29,811)
NET POSITION- BEGINNING	167,339		197,150
NET POSITION- END	\$ 139,970	\$	167,339

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) December 31, 2019

EXPLANATIONS OF FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Compared with the prior fiscal year, total operating and capital contributions decreased \$688 from a combination of larger offsetting factors. Reasons for most of this change are listed below:

- Total tenant revenue decreased by \$709 from that of the prior fiscal year because the amount of rent each tenant pays is based on a sliding scale of their personal income. Included in this total is other tenant revenues (such as fees collected from tenants for late payment of rent, damages to their units, and other assessments) which increased by \$255.
- Federal revenues from HUD for operations decreased by \$969 from that of the prior fiscal year. The
 determination of operating grants is based in part upon operations performance of prior years. This amount
 fluctuates from year-to-year because of the complexities of the funding formula HUD employs. Generally,
 this formula calculates an allowable expense level adjusted for inflation, occupancy, and other factors, and
 then uses this final result as a basis for determining the grant amount. The amount of rent subsidy received
 from HUD depends upon an eligibility scale of each tenant.
- The Housing Authority was still in the process of completing projects funded from grants by HUD for fiscal years 2015 through 2019.
- Total other operating revenue increased by \$991 from the prior fiscal year.

Compared with the prior fiscal year, total operating expenses decreased \$3,130, or by 2%, but this also was made up of a combination of offsetting factors. Again, reasons for most of this change are listed below:

- Depreciation expense increased by \$216 from that of the prior fiscal year.
- Maintenance and repairs decreased by \$4,092 from that of the prior fiscal year due to changes in the following: Repair staff wages decreased by \$1 and related employee benefit contributions decreased by \$35.
 Materials used decreased by \$1,693 and contract labor costs decreased by \$2,363.
- General Expenses decreased by \$495 from that of the prior fiscal year. Payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT) decreased by \$96. PILOT is calculated as a percentage of rent minus utilities and therefore changed proportionately to the changes in each of these. Insurance premiums decreased by \$185, other general expenses decreased by \$78 and bad debts decreased by \$136.
- Administrative Expenses increased by \$1,188 from that of the prior fiscal year due to a combination of factors. Employee benefit contributions increased by \$26, office expenses increased by \$549 and sundry expenses increased by \$613.
- Total Tenant Services increased by \$53 from that of the prior fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2019, the Housing Authority had a total cost of \$1,207,769 invested in a broad range of assets and construction in progress from projects funded in 2015 through 2019, listed below. This amount, not including depreciation, represents increases of \$8,060 from the prior year. More detailed information about capital assets appears in the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) December 31, 2019

Statement of Capital Assets As of December 31, 2019

		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Land	\$	7,594	\$	7,594
Construction in progress		4,810		-
Buildings		927,272		924,022
Leasehold improvements		214,966		214,966
Furniture and equipment		53,127		53,127
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,076,718)	(1,054,459)
Total	<u>\$</u>	131,051	\$	145,250

As of the end of the 2019 fiscal year, the Authority is still in the process of completing HUD grants of \$141,486 obtained during 2015 through 2019 fiscal years. A total remainder of \$101,702 will be received and spent for completing these projects during fiscal year 2020.

Debi

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Housing Authority is primarily dependent upon HUD for the funding of operations; therefore, the Housing Authority is affected more by Federal budget than by local economic conditions. The capital budgets for the 2020 fiscal year have already been submitted to HUD for approval and no major changes are expected.

The Capital fund programs are multiple year budgets and have remained relatively stable. Capital Funds are used for the modernization of public housing properties including administrative fees involved in the modernization.

CONTACTING THE HOUSING AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Housing Authority's finances, and to show the Housing Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or wish to request additional financial information, contact Sylvia Manuel, at Housing Authority of Kinder, LA; P O Box 338, Kinder, LA 70655.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2019

ASSETS Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,814
Accounts receivable		4,738
Prepaid items and other assets		7,611
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents		2,000
Total Current Assets	•	30,163
Capital Assets, net	•	
Land and other non-depreciated assets		12,404
Other capital assets - net of depreciation		118,647
Total Capital Assets, net		131,051
Total Assets	\$	161,214
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	4,777
Unearned income		229
Accrued PILOT		14,238
Deposits due others		2,000
Total Current Liabilities		21,244
Noncurrent Liabilities	•	0
Total Liabilities		21,244
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		131,051
Unrestricted		8,919
Net Position	\$	139,970

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES Dwelling rental \$ 38,074 Governmental operating grants 54,226 Other-dwelling 292 2,193 Other 94,785 **Total Operating Revenues OPERATING EXPENSES** Administration 59,668 Tenant services 113 Utilities 1,978 Ordinary maintenance & operations 22,368 General expenses 15,775 Depreciation 22,259 **Total Operating Expenses** 122,161 Income (Loss) from Operations (27,376)Non Operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest earnings 7 7 Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Income (Loss) before contribution (27,369)Capital Contribution 0 Change in net position (27,369)Total net position - beginning 167,339 Total net position - ending \$ 139,970

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Rental receipts	\$	37,792
Other receipts	ψ	6,133
Federal grants		50,015
Payments to vendors		(40,334)
Payments to employees – net		(60,444)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	Million	(6,838)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	*******	
Purchase of fixed assets		(8,060)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(8,060)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING		
ACTIVITIES Interest income		7
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		7
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(14,891)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Fiscal Year		32,705
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS End of Fiscal Year	\$	17,814

Continued

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income (loss)	\$	(27,376)
Adjustment to reconcile operating		
income (loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		
Depreciation Expense		22,259
Provision of uncollectible accounts		(136)
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables		(4,135)
Prepaid items		(4,462)
Account payables		7,334
Security deposits		(100)
Unearned income		(222)
Net cash provided (used) by operations	\$ _	(6,838)

Concluded

DECEMBER 31, 2019

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DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES The accompanying financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. REPORTING ENTITY Housing Authorities are chartered as public corporations under the laws (LSA – R.S. 40.391) of the State of Louisiana for the purpose of providing safe and sanitary dwellings accommodations. This creation was contingent upon the local governing body of the city or parish declaring a need for the Housing Authority to function in such city or parish. The Housing Authority is governed by a five member Board of Commissioners. The members, appointed by the Honorable Mayor of the Town of Oberlin, serve staggered multi-year terms.

The Housing Authority has the following units:

PHA Owned Housing FW 648 18 Units

GASB Statement 14 establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the Housing Authority is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separate governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement 14, fiscally independent means that the Housing Authority may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt with HUD approval.

The Housing Authority is a related organization of the Town of Oberlin since the Town of Oberlin appoints a voting majority of the Housing Authority's governing board. The Town of Oberlin is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority as it cannot impose its will on the Housing Authority and there is no potential for the Housing Authority to provide financial benefit to, or impose financial burdens on, the Town of Oberlin. Accordingly, the Housing Authority is not a component unit of the financial reporting entity of the Town of Oberlin.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section 2100 establishes criteria for determining which, if any, component units should be considered part of the Housing Authority for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability, which includes:

DECEMBER 31, 2019

- 1) Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:
 - a) The ability of the government to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b) The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the government.
- 2) Organizations for which the government does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the government.
- 3) Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the Housing Authority has determined that there are no component units that should be considered as part of the Housing Authority reporting entity.

B. FUNDS The accounts of the Housing Authority are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The transactions of the Housing Authority are reported in a proprietary enterprise fund. The general fund accounts for the transactions of the Public Housing Low Rent program and the Capital Fund program.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position sheet.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. According to the Authority's policy, governmental operating grants are considered operating revenues. The other principal operating revenues of the Housing Authority are rent and maintenance charges to residents and operating fees earned. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the administrative costs of providing the service All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

DECEMBER 31, 2019

D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and interest-bearing demand deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits, of less than ninety days, and cash with fiscal agent. Under state law, the Housing Authority may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

On the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents, end of year, is \$17,814. This is comprised of cash and cash equivalents of \$15,814 and restricted assets – cash of \$2,000, on the statement of net position.

E. INVESTMENTS Investments are limited to L.S.-R.S. 33:2955 and the Housing Authority investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as each equivalents.

The investments are reflected at quoted market prices except for the following which are required/permitted as per GASB Statement No. 31:

Investments in <u>nonparticipating</u> interest-earning contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, are reported using a cost-based measure.

Definitions:

Interest-earning investment contract include time deposits with financial institutions (such as certificates of deposit), repurchase agreements, and guaranteed investment contracts.

- **F. REVENUE RECOGNITION** Revenues and other governmental fund financial resource increments are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual that is, when they become *measurable* and *available* to the finance expenditures of the fiscal period. "Available" is determined as collectible within the 12 months of the fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used in pay liabilities of the current period.
- **G. INVENTORY** All purchased inventory items are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory is recorded using the purchase method. At year end, the amount of inventory is recorded for external financial reporting.
- **H. PREPAID ITEMS** Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

DECEMBER 31, 2019

I. CAPITAL ASSETS Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (excluding salvage value). The capitalization threshold is \$1,500. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated useful live is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Site improvements15 yearsBuildings15-33 yearsBuilding improvements15 yearsFurniture and equipment5-7 yearsComputers3 years

- J. UNEARNED INCOME The Housing Authority reports prepaid revenues on its statement of net position. Prepaid revenues arise when resources are received by the Housing Authority before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Housing Authority has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for prepaid revenue is removed from the statement of net position and the revenue is recognized.
- K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES The Housing Authority follows Louisiana Civil Service regulations for accumulated annual and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to three hundred hours of annual leave which may be received upon termination or retirement. Sick leave hours accumulate, but the employee is not paid for them if not used by his/her retirement or termination date.
- L. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS The Authority does not recognize or pay any post employment benefits. Accordingly, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 45 does not apply.
- M. NET POSITION AND FLOW ASSUMPTIONS Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on net position use as either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted resources are used first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

DECEMBER 31, 2019

N. USE OF ESTIMATES The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and other financing sources and uses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS The Housing Authority has reported their investments with a maturity at time of purchase of one year or less at amortized cost. Investments with maturity at time of purchase of greater than one year are presented at fair value at December 31, 2019. Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Interest Rate Risk: The Housing Authority's policy does not address interest rate risk.

Credit Rate Risk: GASB 40 disclosure of credit rate risk does not apply, since the Authority's only investments are certificates of deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk: The Authority's policy requires the financial institution to cover the first \$250,000 of deposits with FDIC coverage. Any excess deposits must be collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, with a fair market value that equals or exceeds the amount of excess deposits.

Restricted Cash: \$2,000 is restricted in the General Fund for security deposits.

At December 31, 2019, the Housing Authority's carrying amount of deposits was \$17,729 and the bank balance was \$18,601. Petty cash consists of \$85. The entire bank balance was covered by FDIC Insurance.

DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS The changes in capital assets are as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance
Non-depreciable assets	-						
Land and buildings	\$	7,594	\$	0	\$	0 \$	7,594
Construction in progress		0		4,810		0	4,810
Depreciable assets:							
Buildings		1,138,988		3,250		0	1,142,238
Furniture and equipment		53,127		0		0	53,127
Total capital assets	_	1,199,709		8,060		0	1,207,769
Less: accumulated depreciation	-						
Buildings		1,001,332		22,259		0	1,023,591
Furniture and equipment		53,127		0		0	53,127
Total accumulated depreciation	-	1,054,459	····	22,259	***************************************	0	1,076,718
Total capital assets, net	\$	145,250	 \$	(14,199)	\$	0 \$	131,051

NOTE 4 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE The payables at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Vendors	\$ 3,597
Payroll taxes &	
Retirement withheld	801
Utilities	379
T 1	 4 7 7 7
Total	\$ 4,777

DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 5 – RETIREMENT SYSTEM The Housing Authority participates in the Housing Renewal and Local Agency Retirement Plan, which is a defined contribution plan. The plan consists of employees of various local and regional housing authorities, urban renewal agencies, and other similar organizations. Through this plan, the Housing Authority provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees. All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the plan the first day of the month after completion of one month of continuous employment.

Under a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Each participant in the plan is required to make a monthly contribution equal to 5% of his effective compensation, and may make additional contributions. The employer is required to make monthly contributions equal to 8.5% of each participant's effective compensation.

The Housing Authority's contribution for each employee and income allocated to the employee's account is fully vested after five years of continuous service. The Housing Authority's contributions and interest forfeited by employees who leave employment before ten (10) years of service or before their 65th birthday are first used to pay for plan expenses and if there is any residual amount, the amount is refunded to the Housing Authority.

The Housing Authority has the right to establish or amend retirement plan provisions. The Housing Authority's Joinder Agreement with the Housing Renewal and Local Agency Retirement Plan may be amended or modified by Board Resolution. Amendment of the Joinder Agreement is limited to provisions affecting plan specifications.

The Housing Authority made the required contributions of \$4,823 for the year ended December 31, 2019, of which \$1,420 was paid by the Housing Authority and \$3,403 was paid by employees. No payments were made out of the forfeiture account.

NOTE 6 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation The Housing Authority is not presently involved in litigation.

<u>Grant Disallowances</u> The Housing Authority participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Housing Authority management believes that the amount of disallowance, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

<u>Construction Projects</u> There are certain renovation or construction projects in progress at December 31, 2019. These include modernizing rental units. These projects are being funded by HUD. Funds are requested periodically as the cost is incurred.

DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>Risk Management</u> The Housing Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Housing Authority carries commercial insurance.

The Housing Authority transfers risk of loss by participating in a public entity risk pool and contracting with a commercial insurance carrier for all major categories of exposed risk.

This includes coverage of property, general liability, public liability, and worker's compensation. The risk pool and insurance contracted are obligated to meet settlements up to the maximum coverage, after the PHA's premiums and deductions are met.

Louisiana State law prohibits one governmental entity assessing another entity. If the Louisiana Housing Council, Inc. Group Self Insurance Risk Management Agency risk pool is unable to meet its obligations, the risk to the Housing Authority is only that its own claim would be unpaid.

Coverage has not significantly changed from the previous year and settlements for each of the past three years have not exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 7 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE The Department of Housing and Urban Development provided \$54,226 to the Housing Authority, which represents approximately 57% of the Housing Authority's total revenue and capital contributions for the year.

NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS Effective January 1, 2020, the Authority was merged with the Housing Authority of Kinder. This was based on a consolidation approval dated October 28, 2019 by HUD, for the consolidation of the following authorities: Kinder, Oberlin, Basile, and Elton.

MIKE ESTES, P.C.



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MEMBER OF THE
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
and the
AICPA GOVERNMENTAL
AUDIT QUALITY CENTER

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Housing Authority of Oberlin Oberlin, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund of the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 7, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mike Estes, P.C.

Fort Worth, Texas

Mike Ester, P.C.

May 7, 2020

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Section I – Summary of the Auditor's Results

Financial Statement Audit

1.	Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Financial Statements – Unmodified.						
2.	Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:						
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes yes	<u> </u>	no none reported		
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes		no		

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>Section II – Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards generally accepted in the United States of America:</u>

None

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

There were no audit findings.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

The following prior audit finding was a significant deficiency, required to be reported, in the prior year in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* generally accepted in the United States of America:

There were no prior audit findings.



HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF MODERNIZATION COSTS - UNCOMPLETED

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

CASH BASIS

		2015 Capital Fund	w 30000	2016 Capital Fund		2017 Capital Fund	···· ·····	2018 Capital Fund		2019 Capital Fund
Funds approved	\$	21,402	\$	22,488	\$	23,431	\$	36,380	\$	37,785
Funds expended		18,554		15,571		3,659		0		0
Excess of funds approved	\$ _	2,848	\$	6,917	\$ = =	19,772	\$ = =	36,380	\$	37,785
Funds advanced	\$	18,554	\$	15,571	\$	3,659	S	0	\$	0
Funds expended		18,554		15,571		3,659		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of funds advanced	\$_	0	\$_	0	 \$ 	0	 - S	0	\$_	0

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Agency Head Name: Sylvia Manuel, Executive Director

Purpose	Amount
Salary	22,285
Benefits-insurance	
Benefits-retirement	
Benefits	
Car allowance	
Vehicle provided by government	
Per diem	
Reimbursements	55
Travel	
Registration fees	
Conference travel	
Continuing professional education	
fees	
Housing	
Unvouchered expenses*	
Special meals	
Total	22,340

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

FEDERAL GRANTOR PROGRAM TITLE	CDFA NO.	PROGRAM EXPENDITURES
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs:		
Low-Income Housing Operating Subsidy	14.850a	\$ 49,416
Capital Fund Program	14.872	4,810
Total United States Department		
of Housing and Urban Development		\$ 54,226
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 54,226

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF OBERLIN, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Housing Authority of the Town of Oberlin, Louisiana (the "Housing Authority") under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2019. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Housing Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Housing Authority.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Federal awards revenues are reported in the Housing Authority's basic financial statements as follows:

	Fed	leral Sources
Enterprise Funds	-	
Governmental operating grants	\$	54,226
Capital contributions		0
Total	\$	54,226

NOTE 4 – RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for changes made to reflect amounts in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 5 – DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE The Housing Authority did not elect to use the 10-precent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Entity Wide Balance	e Sheet Summary		
	Project Total	Subtotal	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$15,814	\$15,814	\$15,814
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development	Ψ10,514	Ψ10,014	Ψ10,014
113 Cash - Other Restricted			
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities	\$2,000	φ2,000	\$2,000
100 Total Cash	\$17,814	\$ 1 7,814	\$17,814
Total Cash	\$17,014	Ψ17,014	410,110
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects			
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	\$4,666	\$4,666	\$4,666
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	Ψ-1,000	ψ 1,000	Ψ-,000
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous			
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$72	\$72	\$72
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	\$0	\$0	\$0
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	4.0	7.0	**
128 Fraud Recovery			
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud			
129 Accrued Interest Receivable			
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$4,738	\$4.738	\$4,738
,	¥*,,* ==	+ 1,1 = =	7 1,1 = =
131 Investments - Unrestricted			
132 Investments - Restricted			
135 Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability			
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$7,611	\$7,611	\$7,611
143 Inventories		. <u> </u>	
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories			
144 Inter Program Due From			
145 Assets Held for Sale			
150 Total Current Assets	\$30,163	\$30,163	\$30,163
161 Land	\$7,594	\$7,594	\$7,594
162 Buildings	\$927,272	\$927,272	\$927,272
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings			
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$53,127	\$53,127	\$53,127
165 Leasehold Improvements	\$214,966	\$214,966	\$214,966
166 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$1,076,718	-\$1,076,718	-\$1,076,718
167 Construction in Progress	\$4,810	\$4,810	\$4,810
168 Infrastructure			
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$131,051	\$131,051	\$131,051
171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current			
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non Current - Past Due			
73 Grants Receivable - Non Current			
174 Other Assets			
176 Investments in Joint Ventures			
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$131,051	\$131,051	\$131,051
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources			
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$161,214	\$161,2 1 4	\$161,214

311 Bank Overdraft 312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days 313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due 321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable 322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion 323 Accounts Payable - PHA Programs 324 Accrued Interest Payable 337 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs 338 Accounts Payable - PHA Projects 339 Account Payable - Other Government 340 Unearned Revenue 341 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue 344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings 345 Other Current Liabilities 351 \$113 \$113 \$113	
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days \$3,597 \$3 313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due \$801 \$801 321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable \$801 \$801 322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion \$801 \$801 324 Accrued Contingency Liability \$802 \$802 325 Accrued Interest Payable \$802 \$802 331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs \$802 \$802 332 Account Payable - PHA Projects \$802 \$802 333 Accounts Payable - Other Government \$14,238 \$14,238 \$14 341 Tenant Security Deposits \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2 342 Unearned Revenue \$229 \$229 \$2 343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue \$113 \$113 \$113 345 Other Current Liabilities \$113 \$113 \$113 \$113	Total
313 Accounts Payable > 90 Days Past Due \$801 \$801 \$321 \$801 \$322 \$322 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable \$801 \$322 \$322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion \$324 Accrued Contingency Liability \$325 Accrued Interest Payable \$325 Accrued Interest Payable - HUD PHA Programs \$331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs \$332 Account Payable - PHA Projects \$333 Accounts Payable - Other Government \$14,238 \$14,238 \$1 341 Tenant Security Deposits \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2 342 Unearned Revenue \$229 \$229 \$229 \$229 343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue \$113 \$113 \$113 \$113	
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable \$801 \$801 \$ 322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$3,597
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable \$801 \$801 \$ 322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion 324 Accrued Contingency Liability 325 Accrued Interest Payable 325 Accrued Interest Payable - HUD PHA Programs 331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Projects 332 Account Payable - Other Government 333 Accounts Payable - Other Government \$14,238 \$14,238 \$1 341 Tenant Security Deposits \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2 342 Unearned Revenue \$229 \$229 \$3 343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue 344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings \$113 \$113 \$113 \$113	\$801
325 Accrued Interest Payable 331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs 332 Account Payable - PHA Projects 514,238 \$14,238 \$1 333 Accounts Payable - Other Government \$14,238 \$1 \$1 341 Tenant Security Deposits \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2 342 Unearned Revenue \$229 \$229 \$2 343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue 34 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings 345 Other Current Liabilities \$113 \$113 \$113 \$113	
325 Accrued Interest Payable 331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs 332 Account Payable - PHA Projects \$14,238 \$14,238 \$1 333 Accounts Payable - Other Government \$14,238 \$1 \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2 341 Tenant Security Deposits \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2 <td></td>	
331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs 332 Account Payable - PHA Projects 333 Accounts Payable - Other Government \$14,238 \$14,238 \$1 341 Tenant Security Deposits \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2 342 Unearned Revenue \$229 \$229 \$2 343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue 344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings \$113 \$113 \$113 \$113	
332 Account Payable - PHA Projects \$14,238 \$14,238 \$1 333 Accounts Payable - Other Government \$14,238 \$1 341 Tenant Security Deposits \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2 342 Unearned Revenue \$229 \$229 \$229 \$3 343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue \$344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings \$113 \$11	
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government \$14,238 \$14,238 \$1 341 Tenant Security Deposits \$2,000 \$2,000 \$2 342 Unearned Revenue \$229 \$229 \$229 \$23 343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue 344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings \$113 \$113 \$113 \$113	
341 Tenant Security Deposits \$2,000	14,238
342 Unearned Revenue \$229 \$229 \$ 343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue 3 344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings \$113 \$113 \$	\$2,000
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue 344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings 345 Other Current Liabilities \$113 \$113	\$229
344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings 345 Other Current Liabilities \$113 \$113 \$	
345 Other Current Liabilities \$113 \$113	
	\$113
	\$266
347 Inter Program - Due To	<u> </u>
348 Loan Liability - Current	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	521,244
	
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	
352 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other	
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	
355 Loan Liability - Non Current	
356 FASB 5 Liabilities	
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities \$0 \$0	\$0
300 Total Liabilities \$21,244 \$21,244 \$2	21,244
	<u> </u>
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets \$131,051 \$131,051 \$1	131,051
511.4 Restricted Net Position	
	\$8,919
	139,970
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net \$161,214 \$161,214 \$161,214	

Single Project R	evenue and Expense	1	
	Low Rent	Capital Fund	Total Project
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$38,074		\$38,074
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$292	<u> </u>	\$292
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$38,366	\$0	\$38,366
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$49,416		\$49,416
70610 Capital Grants		\$4,810	\$4,810
70710 Management Fee		<u> </u>	
70720 Asset Management Fee		-	
70730 Book Keeping Fee			
70740 Front Line Service Fee			
70750 Other Fees			
70700 Total Fee Revenue		†	
		1	
70800 Other Government Grants		1	
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$7		\$7
71200 Mortgage Interest Income	1		
71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale			
71310 Cost of Sale of Assets			
71400 Fraud Recovery			
71500 Other Revenue	\$2,193	 	\$2,193
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	ψ2,100		ΨΕ, 100
72000 Investment Income - Restricted			
70000 Total Revenue	\$89,982	\$4,810	\$94,792
Toolo Total Tovordo	\$00,00 <u>2</u>	ψ-1,010	ψο 1,7 σ 2
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$38,998		\$38,998
91200 Auditing Fees	\$6,830		\$6.830
91300 Management Fee	ψο,σοσ		φυ,σσο
91310 Book-keeping Fee			
91400 Advertising and Marketing	\$105		\$105
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$4,398		\$4,398
91600 Office Expenses	\$6,079		\$6,079
91700 Legal Expense	φυ,υτθ	<u> </u>	φυ,στο
91800 Travel			
91810 Allocated Overhead			
91900 Other	\$3,258		\$3,258
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$59.668	\$0	\$59,668
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$39, 008	D	\$39,000
92000 Asset Management Fee			
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries		1	
92200 Relocation Costs		-	
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services		1	
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$113		\$113
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$113	\$0	\$113
	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	1	
93100 Water	\$501		\$501
93200 Electricity	\$976	1	\$976
93300 Gas	40.0		70.0
93400 Fuel		 	
93500 Labor			
93600 Sewer	\$501		\$501
OUOO OUIG	4001	<u> </u>	ψΟυΙ

Single Project Revenue and Expense					
	Low Rent	Capital Fund	Total Project		
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities					
93800 Other Utilities Expense					
93000 Total Utilities	\$1,978	\$0	\$1,978		
	4,,,,,	+-	#1,010		
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$16,308		\$16,308		
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$3,439		\$3,439		
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$1,376		\$1,376		
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$1,245	1	\$1,245		
94000 Total Maintenance	\$22,368	\$0	\$22,368		
95100 Protective Services - Labor	·	 	<u> </u>		
95200 Protective Services - Cabor 95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs					
95300 Protective Services - Other					
95500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services					
95000 Total Protective Services	\$0	\$0	\$0		
96110 Property Insurance	\$4,588		\$4,588		
<u> </u>					
96120 Liability Insurance	\$2,853 \$2,221		\$2,853 \$2,221		
96130 Workmen's Compensation		 			
96140 All Other Insurance 96100 Total Insurance Premiums	\$2,503 \$12,165	\$0	\$2,503 \$12,165		
90100 Total Insurance Premiums	\$12,105	\$0	\$12,165		
96200 Other General Expenses					
96210 Compensated Absences					
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$3,610		\$3,610		
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents					
96500 Bad debt - Mortgages					
96600 Bad debt - Other					
96800 Severance Expense					
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$3,610	\$0	\$3,610		
96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable					
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)					
96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs					
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0		
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$99,902	\$0	\$99,902		
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	-\$9,920	\$4,810	-\$5,110		
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance			-		
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized			 		
97300 Housing Assistance Payments		 	 		
97350 HAP Portability-In					
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$22,259		\$22,259		
97500 Fraud Losses		<u> </u>	1		
97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds					
97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds	~	†	† 		
97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense		†	1		
90000 Total Expenses	\$122,161	\$0	\$122,161		

Single Project Revenue and Expense					
	Low Rent	Capital Fund	Total Project		
10010 Operating Transfer In		-			
10020 Operating transfer Out					
10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government					
10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit		*			
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds					
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales					
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss		<u> </u>			
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)			1		
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In					
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out	1				
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In			<u> </u>		
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out					
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$0	\$0		
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$32,179	\$4.810	-\$27,369		
	+	\$ 1,5 15	4 2.,555		
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11030 Beginning Equity	\$167,339	\$0	\$167,339		
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	\$101,000	1	¥101,000		
11050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance		-	 		
11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance					
11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability					
11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits Liability		-	 		
11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Dwelling Rents					
11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other					
11170 Administrative Fee Equity			 		
11170 Yearthings dayor do Equity					
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity					
11190 Unit Months Available	216		216		
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	216		216		
11270 Excess Cash	-\$7,017		-\$7,017		
11610 Land Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11620 Building Purchases	\$4,810	\$4,810	\$9,620		
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11660 Infrastructure Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0		
13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0		

•	e and Expense Summar	,	
	Project Total	Subtotal	Total
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$38,074	\$38,074	\$38,074
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$292	\$292	\$292
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$38,366	\$38,366	\$38,366
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$49,416	\$49,416	\$4 9,416
70610 Capital Grants	\$4,810	\$4,810	\$4,810
70710 Management Fee			
70720 Asset Management Fee	i		
70730 Book Keeping Fee			
70740 Front Line Service Fee			
70750 Other Fees	 		
70700 Total Fee Revenue			
70800 Other Government Grants			
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$7	\$7	\$7
71200 Mortgage Interest Income			
71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale	i		
71310 Cost of Sale of Assets			
71400 Fraud Recovery	i		
71500 Other Revenue	\$2,193	\$2,193	\$2,193
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets			
72000 Investment Income - Restricted	<u> </u>		
70000 Total Revenue	\$94,792	\$94,792	\$94,792
	¥= 1,1 ==	T- 1/1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$38,998	\$38,998	\$38,998
91200 Auditing Fees	\$6,830	\$6,830	\$6,830
91300 Management Fee	¥3,222	*	+-,
91310 Book-keeping Fee			
91400 Advertising and Marketing	\$105	\$105	\$105
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$4,398	\$4,398	\$4,398
91600 Office Expenses	\$6,079	\$6,079	\$6,079
91700 Legal Expense	40,0,0	45,575	₩0,010
91800 Travel	+		
91810 Allocated Overhead			
91900 Other	\$3,258	\$3,258	\$3,258
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$59,668	\$59,668	\$59,668
92000 Asset Management Fee			
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries			
92200 Relocation Costs			
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	i		
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$113	\$113	\$113
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$113	\$113	\$113
93100 Water	\$501	\$501	\$501
93200 Electricity	\$976	\$976	\$976
93300 Gas	i		
93400 Fuel			
93500 Labor	i i		
	,		,

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary					
	Project Total	Subtotal	Total		
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities					
93800 Other Utilities Expense					
93000 Total Utilities	\$1,978	\$1,978	\$1,978		
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$16.308	\$16,308	\$16,308		
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$3,439	\$3,439	\$3,439		
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$1,376	\$1,376	\$1,376		
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$1,245	\$1,245	\$1,245		
94000 Total Maintenance	\$22,368	\$22,368	\$22,368		
95100 Protective Services - Labor					
95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs					
95300 Protective Services - Other					
95500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services					
95000 Total Protective Services	\$0	\$0	\$0		
96110 Property Insurance	\$4,588	\$4,588	\$4,588		
96120 Liability Insurance	\$2,853	\$2,853	\$2,853		
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$2,221	\$2,221	\$2,221		
96140 All Other Insurance	\$2,503	\$2,503	\$2,503		
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$12,165	\$12,165	\$12,165		
	i i				
96200 Other General Expenses					
96210 Compensated Absences					
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$3,610	\$3,610	\$3,610		
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents					
96500 Bad debt - Mortgages					
96600 Bad debt - Other					
96800 Severance Expense	40.040	40.040	00.040		
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$3,610	\$3,610	\$3,610		
96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable					
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)			, ii		
96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs					
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0		
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$99,902	\$99,902	\$99,902		
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	-\$5,110	-\$5,110	-\$5,110		
2.000 Encode of approxing moralida and operating Expenses	φο, πο	ψο, 110	ψο, 11ο		
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance					
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized					
97300 Housing Assistance Payments					
97350 HAP Portability-In					
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$22,259	\$22,259	\$22,259		
97500 Fraud Losses					
97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds			-		
97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds					
97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense	#400 404	£400.404	\$400.404		
90000 Total Expenses	\$122,161	\$122,161	\$122,161		

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary					
	Project Total	Subtotal	Total		
10010 Operating Transfer In					
10020 Operating transfer Out					
10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government					
10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit	<u> </u>				
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds					
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales					
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss	 		*		
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)					
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In					
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out	<u> </u>		**		
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In					
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out					
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$0	\$0		
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10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$27,369	-\$27,369	-\$27,369		
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11030 Beginning Equity	\$167,339	\$167,339	\$167,339		
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors					
11050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance					
11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance					
11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability					
11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits Liability					
11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Dwelling Rents					
11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other					
11170 Administrative Fee Equity					
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity					
11190 Unit Months Available	216	216	216		
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	216	216	216		
11270 Excess Cash	-\$7,017	-\$7,017	-\$7,017		
11610 Land Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11620 Building Purchases	\$9,620	\$9,620	\$9,620		
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
11660 Infrastructure Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0		
13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0		
13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0		