Annual Financial Statements

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Annual Financial Statements

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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VILLAGE OF KILBOURNE Kilbourne, Louisiana Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Accountant's Compilation Report

MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN VILLAGE OF KILBOURNE Kilbourne, Louisiana

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and major funds of the Village of Kilbourne (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. I did not audit or review the financial statements nor was I required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on these financial statements.

Supplementary Information

The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head and board of commissioners and the schedule of prior year findings are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information is the representation of management. The information was subject to my compilation engagement, but I have not audited or reviewed the supplementary information, and, accordingly, do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule on page 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. This information is the representation of management. I have not performed, an audit or review on the required supplementary information, and, accordingly, do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN VILLAGE OF KILBOURNE Kilbourne, Louisiana

Management has the omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

I am not independent with respect to the Village of Kilbourne.

arleen Rumas

Calhoun, Louisiana December 17, 2019

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash	\$11,107	\$21,897	\$33,004
Investments	11,503		11,503
Receivables	363	2,350	2,713
Internal balances	(3,442)	3,442	
Capital assets (net)	32,582	165,936	198,518
TOTAL ASSETS	52,113	193,625	245,738
LIABILITIES - accounts payable	2,480	2,672	5,152
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	32,582	165,936	198,518
Unrestricted	17,051	25,017	42,068
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$49,633	\$190,953	\$240,586

Statement B

VILLAGE OF KILBOURNE Kilbourne, Louisiana

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Prog	ram Services			Expense) Revenue ar nges in Net Position	
Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grant	Capital Grant	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
General government \$36,470	\$4,580	\$152	\$8,141	(\$23,597)		(\$23,597)
Public safety - police 30,241	34,018			3,777		3,777
Public works			3,125	3,125		3,125
Total governmental activities 66,711	38,598	152	11,266	(16,695)	NONE	(16,695)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:						
Sewer service 40,439					(\$6,662)	(6,662)
Total government \$107,150	\$72,375	\$152	\$11,266	(16,695)	(6,662)	(23,357)
GENERAL REVENUES, TRANSFERS,						
AND SPECIAL ITEMS:						
Franchise taxes				6,392		6,392
Occupational licenses				11,246		11,246
Investment earnings				144		144
Other general revenues				84		84
Transfers				7,977	(7,977)	
Special item - transfer of completed						
sewer project from LCDBG Capital						
Projects Fund				(172,850)	172,850	
Total general revenues, transfers,						
and special items				(147,007)	164,873	17,866
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				(163,702)	158,211	(5,491)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING				213,335	32,742	246,077
NET POSITION - ENDING				\$49,633	\$190,953	\$240,586

Statement C

VILLAGE OF KILBOURNE Kilbourne, Louisiana

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

	General Fund
ASSETS Cash Investments Receivables TOTAL ASSETS	\$11,107 11,503 <u>363</u> \$22,973
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to Sewer Fund Total liabilities Fund balance - unassigned	\$2,480 3,442 5,922 17,051
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$22,973
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position: Total fund balance - Governmental Funds Amount reported for net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Statement A) is different because:	\$17,051
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund Net position of governmental activities (Statement A)	32,582 \$49,633

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	LCDBG Capital Projects Fund	Total
REVENUES	* < 2 0 2		# < 202
Franchise taxes	\$6,392		\$6,392
Licenses and permits	11,246		11,246
Intergovernmental:	0.000		0.000
State grants	8,293	¢2 125	8,293
Federal grant	24.019	\$3,125	3,125
Fines	34,018		34,018
Rent	3,500		3,500
Mowing	1,080 144		1,080 144
Investment earnings Other revenues	84		
Total revenues		2 125	<u> </u>
Total revenues	64,757	3,125	67,882
EXPENDITURES			
General government:			
Personal services	7,834		7,834
Operating services	23,764	161	23,925
Other charges	2,110		2,110
Public safety:			
Personal services	25,416		25,416
Operating services	4,236		4,236
Capital outlay	8,141	3,125	11,266
Total expenditures	71,501	3,286	74,787
EVCESS/Deficience) OF DEVENUES OVED			
EXCESS(Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(6744)	(161)	(6.005)
EAFENDITURES	(6,744)	(161)	(6,905)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE - transfer from Sewer Fund	7,977		7,977
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,233	(161)	1,072
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	15,818	161	15,979
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$17,051	NONE	\$17,051
(Continued)			

VILLAGE OF KILBOURNE Kilbourne, Louisiana STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities: Net change in fund balance - total governmental activities Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	\$1,072
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. The transfer of the completed sewer improvement project to the Sewer Fund from the LCDBG Capital Projects Fund does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	8,076
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	<u>(172,850)</u> (\$163,702)

(Concluded)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES June 30, 2019

	Sewer Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$21,897
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	\$2,350
Due from General Fund	3,442
Total current assets	27,689
Noncurrent assets - capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	165,936
Total assets	193,625
LIABILITIES - accounts payable	2,672
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	165,936
Unrestricted	25,017
Total net position	\$190,953

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

~	Sewer Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	***
Sewer fees	\$33,777
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Utilities	2,656
Salaries	4,423
Repairs and maintenance	15,930
Office expense	206
Insurance	8,922
Supplies	49
Dues and fees	895 444
Testing fees Depreciation	6,914
Total operating expenses	40,439
OPERATING INCOME (Loss)	(6,662)
NON-OPERATING EXPENSE - transfer to General Fund	(7,977)
SPECIAL ITEM - transfer of completed sewer project from	
LCDBG Capital Projects Fund	172,850
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	158,211
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	32,742
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$190,953

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Sewer Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$31,427
Payments to suppliers	(26,760)
Payments to employees	(4,423)
Net cash provided by operating activities	244
CASH FLOWS FROM NON- OPERATING ACTIVITIES - transfer to	
General Fund	(7,977)
DECREASE IN CASH	(7,733)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	29,630
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$21,897
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$6,662)
Adjustments:	
Depreciation expense	6,914
Increase in accounts receivable	(2,350)
Increase in accounts payable	2,342
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$244

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

INTRODUCTION

The Village of Kilbourne was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The village is governed by the mayor-board of aldermen form of government. The village provides public safety, public works, and general government services to its residents. The village has an elected Chief of Police and one other part-time employee.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14* establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the Village of Kilbourne is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As used in GASB Statement Nos. 14 and 39, fiscally independent means that the municipality may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The village has no component units.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Village of Kilbourne. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by franchise taxes and other general revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and business-type activities funds. All individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the business-type fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Franchise taxes associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the village.

The Village of Kilbourne reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund

The General fund is the general operating fund of the village and accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

LCDBG Capital Projects Fund

The LCDBG Capital Project Fund is used to account for the grant funds received from the Louisiana Office of Community Development for a sewer improvement project. The project

was completed during the year ended June 30, 2019, and the fund was closed and the assets were transferred to the Sewer Enterprise Fund.

The Village of Kilbourne reports the following business-type activity fund:

Sewer Enterprise Fund

The Sewer Enterprise fund accounts for the operations of the village's sewer system.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity is eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided and operating and capital grants. General revenues include all taxes, occupational licenses, and miscellaneous revenue.

Business-type activities funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's ongoing operations. The Sewer Enterprise Fund's operating revenues consist of sewer fees and other miscellaneous operating revenues. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Deposits and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits. State law allows the village to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government-backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government-backed securities. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. At June 30, 2019, the village's investments consist of a nonnegotiable certificate of deposit with an original maturity that exceeds 90 days that is reported in the accompanying financial statements at cost.

D. Receivables

All receivables are generally shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. These statements contain no provision for uncollectible accounts. The village is of the opinion that such an allowance would be immaterial in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. Past due accounts are written off when they are considered uncollectible by management.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include the sewer system and improvements, buildings, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost. Approximately 96 percent of the village's capital assets have been capitalized at cost and the remaining 4 percent have been capitalized at estimated cost based on the historical cost of similar assets. The Village of Kilbourne maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated Lives
Infrastructure - sewer system and improvements Buildings	25 years 40 years
Equipment	5-10 years

F. Net Position/Fund Balance

For the government-wide statement of net position, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either:

- 1. externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors,
- contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- 2. imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which funds can be spent. Fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints on the use of the funds meet the same criteria as restricted net position in the government-wide statement of net position as noted in the previous paragraph. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the board of aldermen are reported as committed fund balance. Assigned fund balance are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The board of aldermen is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification and represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose.

At June 30, 2019, the Village's had only unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

G. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures, and revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget Information

The Village of Kilbourne uses the following budget practices:

A General Fund budget prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting was adopted by the village for the year ended June 30, 2019. The budget is legally adopted by the board of aldermen at a board meeting and amended during the year as necessary. Budgets are established and controlled by the board at the object level of expenditure. Appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended. The budgetary comparison schedule included as supplemental information in the accompanying financial statements includes the original budget amount and all subsequent budget amendments during the year.

The following individual fund's actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Original	Final		Unfavorable
	_Budget _	Budget	Actual	Variance
General Fund	\$70,300	\$65,700	\$71,501	\$5,801

3. DEPOSITS IN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

At June 30, 2019, the village has cash and investments (book balances) as follows:

Checking accounts	\$33,004
Investments - certificates of deposit	11,503
Total	\$44,507

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, or the resulting bank balances, must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. At June 30, 2019, the Village of Kilbourne had \$52,348 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by federal deposit insurance.

4. **RECEIVABLES**

The following is a summary of receivables at June 30, 2019:

	General Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
Franchise taxes	\$363		\$363
Sewer fees		\$2,350	2,350
	\$363	\$2,350	\$2,713

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2019
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being				
depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$169,725	\$3,125	(\$172,850)	NONE
Capital assets being				
depreciated:				
Buildings	\$94,000			\$94,000
Equipment	71,133	8,141		79,274
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	165,133	8,141	NONE	173,274

VILLAGE OF KILBOURNE Notes to the Financial Statements

	Balance at July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2019
Less accumulated depreciation				
for:				<i></i>
Buildings	\$77,283	\$850		\$78,133
Equipment	60,219	2,340	5 	62,559
Total accumulated				
depreciation	137,502	3,190	NONE	140,692
Total assets being depreciated,			4. 	
net	27,631	4,951	NONE	32,582
Total assets, net	\$197,356	\$8,076	NONE	\$32,582
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets being				
depreciated:				
Sewer system and				
improvements	\$1,338,828	\$172,850	NONE	\$1,511,678
Less accumulated depreciation	<u></u>	<u></u>		
for:				
Sewer system and				
improvements	1,338,828	6,914	NONE	1,345,742
Total assets being depreciated,				-,,
net	NONE	\$165,936	NONE	\$165,936

Depreciation expense of \$2,601 was charged to the general government function, \$589 was charged to public safety function, and \$6,914 was charged to business-type activities.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The village purchases commercial insurance to reduce the risk of loss resulting from property damage or liability claims. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. GRANTS

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. If any expenditures are disallowed as a result of these audits, the claims for reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the village. In the opinion of management, any such adjustments would not be material to the village's operating results or fund balances.

VILLAGE OF KILBOURNE Notes to the Financial Statements

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Village of Kilbourne has evaluated subsequent events through December 17, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis -	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	GAAP)	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Franchise taxes	\$10,800	\$10,800	\$6,392	(\$4,408)
Licenses and permits	10,500	11,000	11,246	246
Intergovernmental revenue - state grant	223 (528) 🗰 12 (522) (522)		8,293	8,293
Fines	39,000	36,000	34,018	(1,982)
Rent	a stand non-second a stand and a standard		3,500	3,500
Mowing			1,080	1,080
Investment earnings	100	100	144	44
Other revenue	10,000	8,000	84	(7,916)
Total revenues	70,400	65,900	64,757	(1,143)
EXPENDITURES				
General government:				
Personal services	6,600	6,600	7,834	(1,234)
Operating services	26,900	23,300	23,764	(464)
Other charges	10,000	8,000	2,110	5,890
Public safety:	10 1 0 100		8	č
Personal services	22,800	22,800	25,416	(2,616)
Operating services	4,000	5,000	4,236	764
Capital outlay		100 - 100 -	8,141	(8,141)
Total expenditures	70,300	65,700	71,501	(5,801)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	100	200	(6,744)	(6,944)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE - transfer				
from Sewer Fund	<u></u>		7,977	7,977
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	100	200	1,233	1,033
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF				
YEAR	NONE	NONE	15,818	15,818
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$100	\$200	\$17,051	\$16,851

There was one budget amendment during the year ended June 30, 2019.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head and Board of Aldermen is presented in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 A (3) and House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. The mayor received \$150 per month and the aldermen serve without benefit of compensation.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

The follow-up and corrective action taken on all prior year findings is presented in Schedule 3.

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head and Board of Aldermen

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

COMPENSATION

Agency Head - Toni Shumate - Mayor	\$1,834
J.L. Allen	NONE
Donal Robinson	NONE
Jerry Thomas	NONE

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reference Number	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	Description of Finding	Status of Finding
2018-001	2016	Actual General Fund revenues were \$12,067 (16%) less than budgeted revenues.	Resolved.
2018-002	2018	Village paid employees' share of social security and medicare taxes.	Unresolved - see current year finding 2019-002.
2018-003	2018	Noncompliance with Louisiana Audit Law	Resolved.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2019-001. Noncompliance with Local Government Budget Act

- Criteria: L.R.S 39:1310 requires that the Village amend the adopted budget when actual expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures by 5% or more.
- Condition: Actual expenditures were \$5,801 (9%) more than budgeted expenditures.
- Cause: Management of the Village failed to include grant expenditures in budgeted expenditures.
- Effect: Violation of L.R.S. 39:1310.
- Recommendation: The Village should adopt a budget amendment when actual expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures by 5% or more.
- Management's Response: For all future years, the Village will adopt a budget amendment when actual expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures by 5% or more.

2019-002. Payment of Employees Share of Payroll Taxes

- Criteria: The use of public funds is controlled by the limits set forth in Article VII, Section 14 of the Constitution. Section 14(A) generally prohibits the Village from donating public funds. The expenditure of public funds must not appear to be gratuitous.
- Condition: The Village paid \$1,975 of the employees' share of social security and medicare taxes which may constitute a donation of public funds. The Village is only legally responsible for paying its matching share of social security and medicare taxes. The Internal Revenue Service also requires the Village to deduct the employees' share of payroll taxes from gross wages or include the amount of payroll taxes paid on the employee's behalf as wages that are also subject to payroll taxes.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

- Cause: Management of the Village was unaware that the Village's payment of the employees' share of payroll taxes may violate state law until March 30, 2019 when they were made aware of it.
- Effect: Possible violation of Article VII, Section 14 of the Constitution.
- Recommendation: The Village should deduct the employees' share of social security and medicare taxes from the employees' gross wages. If the Village wants the employees' to continue to receive the same amount of net pay, the Village should increase each employee's gross pay by 7.65%.
- Management's Response: Effective with the next payroll period, the Village will deduct the employees' share of social security and medicare taxes from the employee's gross wages.