Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2020

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VIGE, TUJAGUE 🎰 NOEL

A CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor Scott Fontenot and Members of the Council City of Eunice, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Euniee, Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made hy management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eunice, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison and pension information listed in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basie financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Eunice, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head, as listed in the table of contents, as required by the State of Louisiana, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements

and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconeiling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Eunice, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting are porting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Eunice, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vige, Dujasin & Noil

Vige, Tujague & Noël Eunice, Louisiana November 9, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

		vernmental Activities	<i></i>			Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,463,26 8	\$	112,004	\$	5,575,272
Investments, at cost		500,000		-		500,000
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Accounts		413,9 8 1		329,3 8 4		743,365
Taxes		605,237		-		605,237
Due from other funds		52, 8 63		56,236		109,099
Prepaid Items		121,058		37,310		158,368
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		-		324,439		324,439
Capital assets:						
Depreciable (net)		11,096,876		6,242,466		17,339,342
Non-depreciable		1,312,065			<u> </u>	1,312,065
Total asscts		19,565,348		7,101,839		26,667,187
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		2,232,050		216,963		2,449,013
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		359,517		71,538		431,055
Accrued liabilities		127,338		22 ,2 71		149,609
Due to other funds		172,512		-		172,512
Compensated absences payable		-		16,544		16,544
Payable from restricted assets -						
Customers' deposits Non-current liabilities		-		389,050		389,050
Due within one year:						
Capital lease payable Due in more than one year:		123,604		-		123,604
Compensated absences		152,263		5 ,8 13		158,076
Net pension liability		8,161,778		1,017,311		9,179,089
Capital lease payable		419,806				419,806
Total liabilities:		9,516,818		1,522,527		11,039,345
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		1,008,809		100,703		1,109,512
Net Position:		, <u>,</u>		<u> </u>		
Investment in capital, net of related debt		11,865,531		6,242,466		1 8,1 07,997
Restricted for prepaid items		121,058				121,058
Unrestricted		(714,818)		(546,894)		(1,261,712)
Total net position	\$	11,271,771	\$	5,695,572	\$	16,967,343
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CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program Revenues				
		Fees, Fines,	Operating	Capital		
		and Charges	Grants and	Grants and		
Activities:	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions		
Government activities:						
General government	\$ 2,650,623	\$ 497,112	s -	\$ -		
Public safety:						
Police	3,008,492	14,443	-	-		
Fire	1,906,644	-	5,000	-		
Streets	1,425,385	-	-	247,069		
Culture and recreation	745,615	65,491	-	-		
Sanitation	64,977	-	-	-		
Airport	304,570	-	-	268,393		
Interest	24,920					
Total government activities	10,131,226	577,046	5,000	515,462		
Business type activities:						
Gas	1,169,463	1,081,694	-	-		
Sewer	1,630,116	1,239,274	-	-		
Total business-type activities	2,799,578	2,320,968	-	-		
Total	\$12,930,804	\$2,898,014	\$ 5,000	\$ 515,462		
	General Revenue	es:				

Taxes -

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Sales and use taxes, levied for general purposes

Payment in lieu of taxes

Franchise and chain store taxes

Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Nonemployer pension contribution

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net position - June 30, 2019

Net position - June 30, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenues and				
Cł	anges in Net Asse	ets		
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
\$ (2,153,511)	\$-	\$ (2,153,511)		
(2,994,049)	-	(2,994,049)		
(1,901,644)	-	(1,901,644)		
(1,178,316)	-	(1,178,316)		
(680,124)	-	(680,124)		
(64,977)	-	(64,977)		
(36,177)	-	(36,177)		
(24,920)	-	(24,920)		
(9,033,718)	-	(9,033,718)		
-	(87,769)	(87,769)		
-	(390,842)	(390,842)		
-	(478,610)	(478,610)		
(9,033,718)	(478,610)	(9,512,328)		
117,777	-	117,777		
6,036,831	-	6,036,831		
8,060	-	8,060		
1,296,792	-	1,296,792		
(1,827)	-	(1,827)		
30,596	2,816	33,412		
1,184,612	4,529	1,189,141		
209,054	12,920	221,974		
(177,076)	177,076	(0)		
8,704,819	197,341	8,902,160		
(328,899)	(281,269)	(610,168)		
11,600,670	5,976,841	17,577,511		
\$11,271,771	\$ 5,695,572	\$ 16,967,343		

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

ASSETS		General Fund	5	Sales Tax Fund	Aca	Landry & Idia Parish e District		Other emmental Funds		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	280,249	\$	5,050,263	<u> </u>	20,827	<u>s</u>	111,929	\$	5,463,268
-	ъ	200,249	Φ		ъ	20,027	Φ	111,929	Φ	
Investments, at cost Receivables		-		500,000		-		-		500,000
(net of allowance for uncollectibles):		007 600				107 471				412.081
Accounts		227,520		-		186,461		-		413,981
Taxes		12,748		-		-		-		12,748
Due from other funds		110,329		54,761		-		807		165,897
Prepaid items		121,058		-		-		-		121,058
Total assets		751,904	\$	5,605,024	\$	207,288	\$	112,736	\$	6,676,952
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Account payable	\$	316,549	\$	42,968	\$	-	\$	-	\$	359,517
Accrued liabilities		127,338		-		-		-		127,338
Due to other funds		175,679		-		109,867		-		285,546
Total liabilities		619,566		42,968		109,867		-		772,401
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable for prepaid items		121,058		-		-		-		121,058
Assigned		-		5,562,056		97,421		112,736		5,772,213
Unassigned		11,280		-		-		-		11,280
Total fund balances		132,338		5,56 <u>2,056</u>		97,421		112,736		5,904,551
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	751,904	\$	5,605,024	\$	207,288	\$	112,736	\$	6,676,952

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds at June 30, 2020		\$ 5,904,551
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	\$1,312,065	
Building and Recreation, net of \$7,558,569 accumulated depreciation	5,556,975	
Infrastructure, net of \$2,671,281 aceumulated depreciation	4,396,814	
Equipment, net of \$2,816,794 accumulated depreciation	283,867	
Vehicles, net of \$1,993,620 accumulated depreciation	859,220	12,408,941
Revenues in the statements of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		592,489
Elimination of interfund assets and liabilities:		
Due from other funds	(113,034)	
Due to other funds	113,034	-
Amounts related to pension recognition are not due and payable in the		
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		(6,938,537)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Compensated absences	(152,263)	
Retirement stipend payable		
Capital lease obligations	(543,410)	(695,673)
	(010,110)	
Total net position of governmental funds activities June 30, 2020		\$11,271,771

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

			St. Landry &	Other		
	General	Sales Tax	Acadia Parish	Governmental		
	Fund	Fund	Fire District	Funds	To	tal
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 1,414,569	\$ 5,874,017	S -	\$ -	\$ 7,2	88,586
Licenses and permits	497,112	•	-	-	4	97,112
Intergovernmental revenues	232,020	306,388	384,420	251,257	1,1	74,085
Fines, forfeitures and bonds	11, 89 4	-	-	2,549		14,443
Liberty Cajun Music Show	65,491	-	-	-		65,491
Interest	5,323	23,932	345	996		30,596
Miscellaneous	524,420	-	-		5	24,420
Total revenues	2,750,829	6,204,337	384,765	254,802	9,5	94,733
Expenditures						
Current - general government						
Administrative	1,775,708	141,045	-	1,272	1,9	18,025
Public safety	4,205,488	41,828	149,421	301	4,3	97,038
Publie works	921,365	510,734	-	-	1,4	32,099
Health and welfare	13,184	-		-		13,184
Culture and recreation	635,226	141,104	-	-	7	76,330
Other	54,242	-	-			54,242
Capital outlay	41,189	29,281	-	170,852	2	41,322
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	117,962	-	-	1	17,962
Interest and fiscal charges	-	24,920				24,920
Total expenditures	7,646,402	1,006,874	149,421	172,425	8,9	75,122
Excess (deficiency) of				-		
revenues over expenditures	(4,895,573)	5,197,463	235,344	82,377	6	519,611
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	5,133,056	-	-	-	5,1	33,056
Operating transfers out	(57,250)	(4,840,382)	(412,500)	-	(5,3	10,132)
Other source of income	14,629	-		-		14,629
Total other financing	5,090,435	(4,840,382)	(412,500)	-	()	62,447)
sources (uses)				-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
and other sources over						
expenditures and other uses	194,862	357,081	(177,156)	82,377	4	157,164
Fund balances, beginning	(62,524)	5,204,975	274,577	30,359	5,4	47,387
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 132,338</u>	\$ 5,562,056	\$ 97,421	\$ 112, 7 36	\$ 5,9	04,551

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total net changes in fund balance at June 30, 2020 per statement		
of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances		\$ 457,164
The change in net position reported for governmental activities		
in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures		
however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those		
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the statement		
of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	\$ 241,322	
Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020	(1,017,733)	(776,411)
The net effect of various miseellaneous transactions involving		
capital assets (sales)		(1,827)
Payments on long term debt		117,962
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide		
eurrent financial resources are not reported as revenues in		
the funds		162,814
Net effect of pension liability recognition		(293,960)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not		
reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Decrease in retirement stipend	31,961	
(Increase) in compensated absences	(26,602)	5,359
	(_), (-)	 _ ,
Total net changes in net position at June 30, 2020 per statement of activities		\$ (328,899)

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Business-Type
	Enterprise fund
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 112,004
Receivables (net of allowance of uncollectibles)	329,384
Due from other funds	56,236
Restricted cash, customer deposits	324,439
Prepaid items	37,310
Utility, plant and equipment, at cost	18,100,505
Accumulated depreciation	(11,858,039)
Total assets	7,101,839
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	216,963
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	71,538
Accrued liabilities	44,628
Net pension liability	1,017,311
Payable from restricted assets -	1,017,511
Customers' deposits	389,050
Total liabilities	1,522,527
	1,522,521
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	100,703
Net Position:	() () (()
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	6,242,466
Unrestrieted	(546,894)
<u>To</u> tal net position	\$ 5,695,572

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Proprietary Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2020

		siness-Type
	Ent	erprise Fund
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	2,286,313
Other billings to customers		34,655
Total operating revenues		2,320,968
Operating expenses:		
Payroll and related benefits		716,076
Natural gas purchases		486,606
Supplies and materials		143,565
Repairs and maintenance		557,179
Office expenses		33,720
Professional fees		26,403
Insurance		178,434
Depreciation		376,668
Bad debts		131
Permits		41,897
Utilities and telephone		177,109
Lease expense		16,181
Miscellaneous		45,610
Total operating expenses		2,799,579
Operating income (expense)		(478,611)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):		
Interest earned on investments		2,816
Nonemployer pension contribution		12,920
Other revenue		4,530
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		20,266
Income before operating transfers		(458,345)
Operating transfers:		
Operating transfers in		1,068,039
Operating transfers out		(890,963)
Total operating transfers Change in net position		177,076 (281,269)
Net position, beginning		5,976,841
Net position, ending	\$	5,695,572

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type			
	Activ	ities-Enterprise		
		Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$	2,275,068		
Payments to supplies		(1,713,289)		
Payments to employees		(699,200)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(137,421)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Other receipts		4,530		
Nonemployer pension contribution		12,920		
Transfers from other funds		1,068,039		
Transfers to other funds		(890,963)		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		194,526		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Proceeds from meter deposits		12,260		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(58,040)		
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on investments		2,816		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		2,816		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,881		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		434,562		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	436,443		

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities-Enterprise Fund		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$ (478,611)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net			
cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	376,668		
Changes in eurrent assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in receivables (net)	(45,900)		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(23,138)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	16,684		
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(17,426)		
Increase (decrease) in nct pension liability	 34,302		
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (137,421)		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per the statement			
of cash flows to the statement of net position:			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year -			
Cash - unrestricted	\$ 128,653		
Cash - restricted	305,909		
Total cash and cash equivalents	 434,562		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year -			
Cash - unrestricted	112,004		
- Cash - restricted	324,439		
Total cash and cash equivalents	 436,443		
Net decrease	 1,881		

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Fiduciary Fund Payroll Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 107,726
Duc from other funds	168,355
Total assets	\$ 276,081

LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities	\$ 171,139
Due to other funds	104,942
Total liabilities	\$ 276,081

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Fiduciary Fund Payroll Fund Statement of Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Balance 06/30/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/2020
Cash	\$-	\$ 107,726	\$-	\$ 107,726
Due from other funds	309,732	-	(141,377)	168,355
Total assets	\$309,732	\$ 107,726	\$(141,377)	\$ 276,081
LIABILITIES				
Bank overdraft	\$ 45,783	\$-	\$ (45,783)	\$-
Accrued liabilities	234,980	-	(63,841)	171,139
Due to other funds	28,969	75,973	-	104,942
Total liabilities	\$309,732	\$ 75,973	\$(109,624)	\$ 276,081

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Eunice was incorporated in 1909 under the Lawrason Aet, and is administered under the Mayor and Board of Aldermen form of government. The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Eunice conform to United States generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and to the guides set forth in the Louisiana Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide and to the industry audit guide, <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units</u>, published by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion in the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the City is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Based on the foregoing eritcria, the following governmental organizations are not considered part of the City because they are not material in relation to the financial statement taken as a whole and are thus excluded from the accompanying financial statements for the reasons noted:

The Eunice City Court and City Marshall are operated under the directorship of the Eunice City Judge and Marshall who are elected public officials. Revenues are derived from court costs and the City cannot significantly influence operations nor does it have responsibility for fiscal management. A copy of the financial statements can be obtained from the City of Eunice, Louisiana.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Opelousas-Eunice Public Library was a joint venture between the eities of Opelousas and Eunice. The City of Eunice did not exercise significant influence over management or fiscal matters of the Library. A copy of the joint ventures separate financial statements can be obtained from the Opelousas-Eunice Public Library, P.O. Box 249, Opelousas, LA 70570. On July 9, 2019, the City of Eunice adopted an ordinance voiding the original ordinance which created the Opelousas-Eunice Public Library. The City then adopted an additional ordinance which established a new library system, the Eunice Public Library.

The municipality's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the board of the Housing Authority of Euniee, Louisiana. This agency is considered to be a related organization since the municipality appoints the governing board but is not financially accountable for the organization. A copy of the financial statements can be obtained from the Euniee Housing Authority, P.O. Box 224, Eunice, LA 70535.

Basis of Presentation

Government - Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the non-fiduciary activities of the City of Eunice, the primary government, as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and (b) requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund-Financial Statements

The accounts of the City of Eunice are organized on the basis of funds each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses as appropriate.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped in the financial statements in this report, into seven generic fund types and three broad fund eategories. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate eolumn. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that eategory or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expense of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds eombined

The major funds of the City are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - Sales Tax Fund and St. Landry & Acadia Parish Firc District

Special revenues funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Other Special Revenue Funds

Special revenues funds arc used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fidueiary fund types are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, either, a pension trust fund, a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the government is under obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the government holds on behalf of others as their agent. The City of Eunice's fiduciary fund is the payroll fund.

Proprietary Funds -

Enterprise Fund

The Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises -where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis to be finaneed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses ineurred, and/or nct income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, aecountability or other purposes. The City of Eunice's enterprise fund is the utility fund. It aecounts for the provision of gas and sewer services to residents of the City.

Measurement Foeus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is the term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the dctcrmination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statements of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Sales taxes are considered "measurable" when collected by the collection agency and are recognized as revenue at that time. Ad valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are billed. Fees and non tax revenues are recognized when received. Grants from other governments are recognized when qualifying expenditures are incurred. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grant funds. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities, usually 60 days. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, grant revenues and interest revenue.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred except that accumulated unpaid vaeation and sick pay are not accrued and principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due. Purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Bad debts are written off when accounts become worthless.

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses).

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds as required by law. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital project funds; therefore, they are not included in this report.

Encumbrances are not recorded in the financial statements.

The budget presented is as amended by the Board of Aldermen. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations by more than 5% at the individual fund level.

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the City's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the City's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The City reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions, but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits. Investments include certificates of deposit and time deposits. The bank balance of eash and investments is covered by federal depository insurance or by

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

eollateral in the name of the pledging fiseal agent bank in a holding or eustodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Short-Term Interfund Receivable/Payables

During the eourse of operations, numerous transactions oeeur between individual funds. These reccivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Interfund reccivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are climinated in the Statement of Net Position.

Prepaid Items

Payments made for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets

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Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost or estimated historical cost. The amounts of estimated costs are immaterial to these financial statements. Donated fixed assets are stated at their fair market value on the date donated. The City maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment	7 years
Vehicles	5 years
 Utility system and improvements	25-50 years

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Depreciation of buildings, equipment and vehicles in the proprietary fund types is computed using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Gas system	67 years
Sewerage system	40-67 years
Meters & regulators	25 years
Vehicle & other equipment	4-10 years

Compensated Absences

Vested compensatory time that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Vested compensatory time of the proprietary fund is recorded as an expense and liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to employees. In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Standards No. 43, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Vacation time is allowed January 1st and lapse December 31st if not used.

Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of the net pension liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. <u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u> Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. <u>Restricted net position</u> Consist of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. <u>Unrestricted net position</u> All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amount for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining for classifications: restricted, eommitted, assigned, and unassigned.

- a. <u>Restricted fund balance</u>. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- b. <u>Committed fund balanee</u>. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the city council the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the city council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- c. <u>Assigned fund balance</u>. This elassification reflects the amounts constrained by the eity's "intent"

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The city council and the city manager have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

d. <u>Unassigned fund balance</u>. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers the amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Revenues, Expenditure, and Expenses

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non operating revenues and expenses.

Expenditures / Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources while proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Transactions

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund expenditure/expense initially made from it that are properly applieable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

For purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purehased are considered to be eash equivalents.

Subsequent Events

FASB issued SFAS No 165, Subsequent Events (ASC 855) establishes general standards for accounting for and disclosures of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. We have evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet through the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which will become effective in futures years as shown below:

Statement No. 87, "*Leases*" increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were elassified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal year 2021. Earlier application is encouraged. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements" improves the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct horrowings and direct placements. The Statement clarifies which liabilities governments would include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to Financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related eonsequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for Fiscal year 2019. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Pension Plans

The City is a participating employer in multiple pension plans as described in Note 8. For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Funds, and additions to/deductions from the Fund's fidueiary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within the Plans.

NOTE 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

The City Clerk prepares a proposed budget and submits same to the Mayor and Council no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.

A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.

A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS (Continued)

After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.

Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Council.

Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States of America. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended from time to time by the Board of Aldermen. The budget was amended prior to the fiscal year end June 30, 2020.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

The eash and cash equivalents of the City of Funice, Louisiana are subject to the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the City that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the City's name.

At June 30, 2020, the City had cash, book balances and interest-bearing deposits as follows:

Demand deposits/savings

<u>\$6,399,711</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 3 CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS (Continued)

Deposit balances (bank balance) at June 30, 2020, are secured as follows.

	Interest Bearing	Non-interest Bearing	
Bank balances	\$6,712,833	\$ 21,860	
Federal deposit insurance Pledged securities (Category 3)	250,000 6,426,317	250,000	
Total	6,676,317	250,000	
Exeess (Shortage)	\$ (36,516)	\$ 228,140	

NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020 in the fund financial statements consist of the following:

	Governmental		Enterprise		Total	
Taxes	\$	12,748	\$	-	\$	12,748
Accounts		426,729	436,674	Ļ		863,403
Gross receivables		439,477	436,674	ŀ		876,151
Less allowance for uneollectibles		12,748	107,290)		120,038
Net total receivables	\$	426,729	\$ 329,384	L	\$	756,113

Accounts receivables in the Enterprise Fund consist of billed and unbilled receivables relating to gas and sewerage services. Gas accounts receivable are divided into two billing eyeles. Cycle 1 is billed for meters read from the 1st through the 15th and Cycle 2 is billed for meters read the 16th through 24th. Billed receivables at June 30, 2020 were \$284,851 and unbilled receivables were \$151,823.

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the City in September or October and are actually billed to the taxpayer in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed.
Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The City bills and eollects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessors of St. Landry Parish and Acadia Parish.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 taxes of 11.77 mills were levied on property with an assessed valuation totaling \$63,118,090 and were dedicated as follows:

	<u>Millage</u>	<u>Duration</u>
General eorporate tax	6.77 mills	Permanent
Street maintenance	<u>5.00 mills</u>	2012-2021
	<u>11.77</u>	

Total taxes levied were \$742,902. Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles, at June 30, 2020 were \$12,748.

NOTE 5 FLOWS OF FUNDS - RESTRICTIONS ON USE - SALES TAX REVENUES

The City of Eunice levies a 2.45% sales and use tax dedieated as follows:

Proceeds of the 1% sales and usc tax levied in 1978 are dedicated as follows:

Under the terms of the sales tax ordinance, all monies collected are deposited into a separate account.

Monies remaining in the sales tax fund after payment of collection expenses may be used for providing additional general fund revenues and for the construction, operations and maintenance of eapital improvements.

This is a 25 year sales and use tax that was renewed for an additional 25 years and will expire on December 31, 2028.

Proceeds of the 1% sales and use tax levied in 1962 are dedicated as follows:

• • • • • •

Opening, constructing, paving, resurfacing and improving streets, sidewalks and bridges; constructing and purchasing street lighting facilities; constructing and improving drains, drainage canals and subsurface drainage; constructing and purchasing fire department stations and equipment; constructing and purchasing police department stations and equipment; constructing and purchasing garbage disposal and health and sanitation cquipment; constructing public buildings; purchasing, constructing and improving public parks and recreational facilities and acquiring the necessary equipment and furnishings therefore; purchasing equipment for civil defense; constructing, acquiring or improving any

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 5 FLOWS OF FUNDS - RESTRICTIONS ON USE - SALES TAX REVENUES (Continued)

work of permanent public improvement; and purchasing and acquiring all equipment and furnishing for public works, buildings, improvements and facilities.

Providing funds, not to exceed ten percent (10%) of the proceeds of said tax for such year, to defray costs of operating and maintaining a public library.

Providing funds, not to exceed ten percent (10%) of the proceeds of said tax for such year, for the payment of salaries of municipal employees.

In addition to the purposes previously approved, not more than 10% of such proceeds may be used in each fiscal year for general municipal purposes in the event that unbudgeted emergency expenses are incurred by the City in that year.

The 1962 sales and use tax is a permanent sales tax.

Proceeds of the .2% sales and use tax levied in 1988 are dedicated as follows:

Monies remaining in the sales tax fund may be used for constructing, aequiring, extending, improving, operating and maintaining sewers and sewcrage disposal facilities.

The 1988 sales and use tax is a permanent sales tax.

Proceeds of the .25% sales and use tax levied in 2019 are dedicated as follows:

Providing funds for public safety salaries and related compensation.

The 2019 sales and use tax is a permanent sales tax.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the City of Eunice for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	06	06/30/2019		dditions	Re	tirements	06	/30/2020
Compensated absences payable	\$	131,388	\$	26,688	\$	-	\$	158,076
Capital lease payable		661,372		-		117,962		543,410
Retirement stipend		31,961				31,961		-
Net pension liability		9,691,096		400,324		-	1	0,091,420
	\$1	0,515,817	\$	427,012	\$	149,923	\$ 1	0,792,906

The City entered into a capital lease with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Financing, Inc., on April 16, 2018, in the amount of \$676,510, at 3.81% interest, for the purchase of two fire trucks.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future lease payments as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Date	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 61,260	\$ 18,328	\$ 79,58 8
2022	63,594	15,994	79,588
2023	66,017	13,571	79,588
2024	68,531	11,057	79,588
2025	71,143	8,445	79,58 8
2026-2027	150,521	8,655	159,176

The City entered into a capital lease with AmeriCredit Financial Services, Inc., d/b/a GM Financial, on September 10, 2018, in the amount of \$182,062, at 4.00% interest, for the purchase of five police vehicles.

Date	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$62,344	\$ 2,664	\$65,008

Total future lease payments as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Cumulative:			
Date	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$123,604	\$ 20,992	\$144,596
2022	63,594	15,994	79,588
2023	66,017	13,571	79,588
2024	68,531	11,057	79,588
2025	71,143	8,445	79,58 8
2026-2027	150,521	8,655	159,176
	\$543,410	\$ 78,714	\$622,124

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	0	Balanee 6/30/20 <u>19</u>	_Λ	dditions	D	eletions	0	Balance 6/30/2020
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,312,065	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,312,065
Other capital assets:								
Buildings & recreation		13,115,544		-		-		13,115,544
Infrastructure		6,897,243		170,852		-		7,068,095
Equipment		3,030,191		70,470		-		3,100,661
Vehicles		3,161,924				309,084		2,852,840
Total capital assets		27,51 <u>6</u> ,967		241,322		309,084		27,449,205
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings & recreation		7,244,130		314,439				7,558,569
Infrastructure		2,323,199		348,082		-		2,671,281
Equipment		2,672,905		143,889		-		2,816,794
Vehicles		2,089,554		211,323		307,257		1,993,620
Total accumulated depreciation		14,329,788		1, <u>017,733</u>		307,257		15,040,264
Governmental activities, capital								
assets, net	<u> </u>	13,187,179	\$	(776,411)	\$	1,827	\$	12,408,941

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Other capital assets:					
Gas system	5,976, 898	70,300		-	6,047,198
Sewcr system	11,529,260	-		-	11,529,260
Vehicles	106,343	-		53,473	52 ,8 70
Equipment	471,177	 -		-	 471,177
Total capital assets	18,083,678	70,300		53,473	 1 8,100, 505
Less accumulated depreciation					
Gas system	3,406,579	94,47 8		-	3,501,057
Scwer system	7,578,198	281,813		-	7, 860, 011
Vehicles	106,343	-		-	106,343
Equipment	443,724	 377		53,473	 390,628
Total accumulated depreciation	11,53 <u>4,844</u>	376,668		53,473	11,858,039
Business type activities, capital					
assets, net	\$ 6,54 <u>8,8</u> 34	\$ (306,368)	_\$	-	\$ 6,242,466

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Substantially all city employees, except firemen, policemen and the judge are members of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS), a multiple-employer (eost-sharing), public employee retirement system (PERS), controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. The MERS is eomposed of two distinct plans. Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All members participate in Plan A.

Eligibility Requirements

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the System with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Any person eligible for membership whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the System occurred on or after January 1, 2013 shall become a member of the MERS Plan A Tier 2 or MERS Plan B Tier 2 of the System as a condition of employment.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Retirement Benefits

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 356 of the 1954 regular session and amended by LRS 11:1756-11:1785. The following brief description of the plan and its benefits is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statuses for more complete information.

Any member of Plan A who commenced participation in the System prior to January 1, 2013 can retire providing he meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five (25) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Any member of Plan A Tier 2 shall be eligible for retirement if he meets one of the following requirements:

- 1. Age 67 with seven (7) years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 55 with thirty (30) years of creditable service.
- 4. Any age with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual sick leave.

Survivor Bencfits

Upon death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be decened to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Any member of Plan A or Plan B who had not withdrawn their accumulated contributions and had at least twenty years of service credit at time of death, surviving spouse shall receive benefits for as long as he/she lives as outlined in the statutes.

Drop Benefits

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A or B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions ccase. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dics during the participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

Disability Benefits

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of forty-five percent of his final average compensation or three percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, whichever is greater, or an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to his earliest normal retirement.

Cost of Living Increases

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant additional cost of living increases to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Deferred Benefits

The Plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - State statute requires covered employees to contribute 9.50 percent of their salaries to the System. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:756 - 11:1785, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The current actuarially determined rate is 27.75 percent of annual covered payroll. The City's contributions to the System under Plan A for the years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$446,635 and \$435,401, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial repent that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System, 7937 Office Park Blvd., Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 925-4810.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$3,780,088 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the MERS plan. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the MERS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.904617%, which was a decrease of 0.122216% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized net pension expense of \$612,056 including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$7,374.

Non-employer contributions

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue. The City recognized \$58,050 of non-employer contribution revenue.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected			_	
and actual experience	\$ -	\$	(92,230)	
Changes in assumptions	95,527		-	
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments	374,904		-	
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	69,128		(365,511)	
Employer contributions subsequent				
to measurement date	446,635		-	
Total	\$ 986,194	\$	(457,741)	

The City reported a total of \$446,635 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2020, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 MERS
2021	\$ 136,811
2022	(56,343)
2023	47,877
2024	31,472
Total	\$ 159,817

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The components of the net pension liability of the City as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	2020	2019
	PLAN A	PLAN A
Total Pension Liability	\$10,700,948	\$11,791,061
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(6,920,860)	(7,539,276)
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,780,088	\$ 4,251,785
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension		
Liability	64.68%	63.94%

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 are as follow:

 Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial eost method	Entry Age Normal
Actual Assumptions: Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of investment expense
Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases, inleuding inflation and merit increases: -1 to 4 years of service -More than 4 years of service	6.4% - Plan A 4.5% - Plan A
Annuitant and beneficiary mortality	PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using hteir respective male and female MP2018 seales.
Emplooyee mortality	PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Disabled lives mortality

PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females with the full generational MP2018 seale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return was 7.0% for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target Asset	Portfolio Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Public equity	50%	2.15%
Public fixed income	35%	1.51%
Alternatives	<u>15%</u>	<u>0.64%</u>
Totals	100%	4.30%
Inflation		2.70%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		<u>7.00%</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the eurrent contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regard to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a elosed period of five years, beginning with the eurrent period. The Expected Remaining Service Lives (ERSL) for 2019 is 5 years for Plan A.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers ealculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the eurrent rate as of June 30, 2018:

	С	hanges in Discount Ra	te
		Plan A	
	1%	Current	1%
	Deerease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,928,559	\$ 3,780,088	\$ 2,809,092

Changes in Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019 were recognized in the current reporting period except as follows:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience:

The differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized as pension benefit using the straightline amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The difference between expected and actual experience resulted in a deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2019 in the amount of \$92,230.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings:

The differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a elosed five-year period. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings resulted in a deferred outflow of resources as of June 30, 2019 in the amount of \$374,904.

Changes in Proportion:

Changes in the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a elosed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan.

Contributions – Proportionate Share

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multipleemployer plan. Membership in the System is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. The System provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:221111:2233. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Membership Prior to January 1, 2013

A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years ereditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from forty to sixty percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200.00 per month, whichever is greater.

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013

Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the Non Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55.

Under the Hazardous and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to cxceed 100% of final salary.

Upon death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statues, the benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives ten percent of average final compensation or \$200 per month whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than ten years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Cost of Living Adjustments

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the eut-off date which determines eligibility.

No regular retiree, survivor or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year.

Members who elect early retirement are not cligible for a cost of living adjustment until they reach regular retirement age.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

A member is eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's aetive membership in the System is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP aecount is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is thirty six months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, aetive contributing membership into the System shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall carn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the System's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on the System's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

If the member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account.

Initial Benefit Option Plan

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on same criteria as DROP.

Employer Contributions

Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, total contributions due from employees and employees were as follows:

	Contribution Rates			
	Employee	Employer	Total	
Members hired prior to 1/1/2013	10.00%	32.25%	42.25%	
Hazardous Duty Members hired after 1/1/2013	10.00%	32.25%	42.25%	
Non Hazardous Duty Members hired after 1/1/2013	8.00%	32.25%	40.25%	
Members whose earnable compensation is				
less than the poverty guidelines	7.50%	34.75%	42.25%	

The City's contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$328,240 and \$356,814, equal to the required contributions for the year.

The System issues an annual publiely available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System, 8401 United Plaza Blvd., Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-7017, or by calling (225)929-7411.

Pension Liabilitics, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$3,197,903 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the MPERS plan. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to ealculate the net pension liability was determined by an aetuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the MPERS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.352127%, which was a decrease of 0.041749% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$562,948.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Non-employer contributions

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an aetuarial study. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue. The City recognized \$72,493 of non-employer contribution revenue.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	\$ 6,710	\$ (98,385)
Changes in assumptions	179,205	-
Net difference between projected		
and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments	207,762	-
Changes in proportion and differences		
between employer contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	46,171	(267,541)
Employer contributions subsequent		
to measurement date	328,240	 -
Total	\$ 768,088	\$ (365,926)

The City reported a total of \$328,240 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2019 which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

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Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Other amortizable amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	1	MPERS
2021	\$	103,536
2022		(67,428)
2023		(4,358)
2024		51,872
Total	\$	83,622

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to eurrent active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fidueiary net position.

The eomponents of the net pension liability of the City as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$11,030,200	\$11,844,565
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(7,832,297)	(8,514,713)
Total Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,197,903	\$ 3,329,852

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 actuarial funding valuation, and were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014. In eases where benefit structures were changed after the study period, assumptions were based on estimates of future experience.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	MPE	RS
Valuation date	June 30, 2019	
Actuarial eost method	Entry Age Normal Cost	
Expected remaining service lives	2019 - 4 years 2018 - 4 years 2017 - 4 years 2016 - 4 years	
Investment rate of return	7.125%, net of investmen	t expense
Inflation rate	2.50%	
Salary increases, including inflation and merit	Years of Service 1-2 3-23 Over 23	<u>Salary Growth Rate</u> 9.75% 4.75% 4.25%

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014 and review of similar law enforcement mortality. The data was assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a set-back of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that the tables used would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables.

The best estimates of the arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	June	30, 2019
		Long Term
		Expected
	Target	Portfolio Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	48.50%	3.28%
Fixed Income	33.50%	0.80%
Alternative	18.00%	1.06%
Other	0.00%	0.00%
Totals	100.00%	5.14%
Inflation		2.75%
Expected Nominal Return		7.89%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.125%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fidueiary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.125%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 6.125% or one percentage point higher 8.125% than the current rate as of June 30, 2019.

	Changes in Discount Rate		
	1% Current 1%		
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.125%	7.125%	8.125%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,455,732	\$ 3,197,903	\$ 2,142,710

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Change in Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019 were recognized in the current reporting period as pension expense except as follows:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience:

The differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized as pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings:

The differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period.

Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs:

The changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Change in Proportion:

Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were reeognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan.

Contributions – Proportionate Share

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pensiou through the pension plan.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Firefighters' Retirement System

Plan Description

The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The System provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for their members.

The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that arc in force at the measurement date.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 434 of 1979 and amended by Louisiana Revised Statutes (R.S.) 11:2251 - 11:2272. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Eligibility Requirements

Any person who becomes an employee as defined in R.S. 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980, shall become a member as a condition of employment. Membership in the System is a condition of employment

for any full-time firefighters (or any person in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system) who earn at least \$375 per month and are employed by any municipality, parish, or fire protection district of the State of Louisiana in addition to employees of the Firefighters' Retirement System.

No person who has attained age 50 or over shall become a member of the System unless the person becomes a member by reason of a merger or unless the System received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of 50. No person who has not attained the age of 18 years shall become a member of the System.

Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the state, its ageneies or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits therefrom may become a member of this System, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with this System, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in this System.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Retirement Benefits

Employees with 20 or more years of service who have attained age 50, or employees who have 12 years of service who have attained age 55, or 25 years of service at any ae are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3.333% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfcit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to their employer's contributions.

Benefits are payable over the employces' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. An employee may elect an unreduced benefit or any of seven options at retirement.

See R.S. 11:2256(A) for additional details on retirement benefits.

Disability Benefits

A member who acquires a disability, and who files for disability benefits while in service, and who upon medical examination and certification as provided for in Title 11, is found to have a total disability solely as the result of injurics sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has at least five years of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member in active service, shall be entitled to disability benefits under the provisions of R.S. 11:2258(B).

Death Benefits

Benefits shall be payable to the surviving eligible spouse or designated beneficiary of a deceased member as specified in R.S. 11:2256(B) & (C).

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

After completing 20 years of creditable service and age 50 or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to 36 months.

Upon commencement of participation in the deferred retirement option plan, employer and employee contributions to the System cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the deferred retirement option plan account. Upon termination of employment, a participant in the program shall receive, at his option, a lump-sum payment from the account or an annuity based on the deferred retirement option plan account balance in addition to his regular monthly benefit.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

If employment is not terminated at the end of the 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to the System. No payments may be made from the deferred retirement option plan account until the participant retires.

Initial Benefit Option Plan

Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as the DROP account.

Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs)

Under the provisions of R.S. 11:246 and 11:2260(A)(7), the board of trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have retired an annual cost of living increase of up to 3% of their current benefit, and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In order for the board to grant either of these increases, the System must meet eertain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings (R.S. 11:243). In lieu of these COLAS, pursuant to R.S. 11:241, the board may also grant an increase in the form of "X x (A+B)," where "X" is any amount up to \$1 per month, and "A" is equal to the number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member of retiree, and "B" is equal to the number of years since retirement or since death of the member or retiree to June 30th of the initial year of such increase.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - State statute requires eovered employees to contribute 10.00 percent of their salaries to the system. The City is required to contribute 27.75 percent of eovered employees' salaries. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiseal year. The City's contribution to the System for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2020 were \$218,512 and \$235,844, respectively, equal to the required contributions for the year.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Firefighters' Retirement System, 3100 Brentwood Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-1752, or by calling (225) 925-4060.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$2,136,401 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS plan. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the FRS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.341174%, which was a decrease of 0.014723% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$378,707.

Non-employer contributions

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue. The City recognized \$91,431 of non-employer contribution revenue.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (154,108)
Changes in assumptions	194,360	(155)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments	143,667	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	110,445	(131,448)
Employer contributions subsequent		
to measurement date	 235,844	-
Total	\$ 684,316	\$ (285,711)

The City reported a total of \$235,844 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2019, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Year Ended June 30:	 FRS
2020	\$ 42,158
2021	(3,938)
2022	60,108
2023	60,260
2024	8,169
2025	 (4,110)
Total	\$ 162,647

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to eurrent active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

The components of the net pension liability of the City as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	2019	<u>2018</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$8,205,652	\$8,111,807
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(6,069,251)	(6,064,750)
Total Collective Net Pension Liability	\$2,136,401	\$2,047,057

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 actuarial funding valuation, and were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014. In cases where benefit structures were changed after the study period, assumptions were based on estimates of future experience.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost
Expected remaining service lives	7 years, closed period
Investment rate of return	7.15% per annum
Inflation rate	2.50% per annum
Salary increases	Vary from 14.75% in the first two years of service to 4.5% after 25 years
Cost of living adjustments	For the pupose of determining the present value of benefits, COLAs were deemed not to be substantively automatic and only those previously granted were included.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed on plan data for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities. The RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Bluc Collar Adjustment Sex Distriet Tables projected to 2031 using Scale AA were selected for employee, annuitant, and beneficiary mortality. The RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table set back five years for males and set back three years for females was selected for disabled annuitants. Setbacks in these tables were used to approximate mortality improvement.

The estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long term expected nominal rate of return was 7.94% as of June 30, 2019. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in FRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

			Long-Term
		Target Asset	Expected Real
	Asset Type	Alloeation	Rate of Return
	U.S. Equity	21.50%	5.98%
Equity	Non-U.S. Equity	17.50%	7.52%
	Global Equity	10.00%	6.59%
Fixed Income	Fixed Income	31.00%	2.17%
Alternatives	Real Estate	6.00%	4.14%
Allentatives	Private Equity	4.00%	10.52%
Multi-Asset	Global Tactical Asset Allocation	5.00%	4.37%
Strategies	Risk Parity	5.00%	4.67%
		100.00%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of each flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the eurrent contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 6.15% or one percentage point higher 8.15% than the current rate as of June 30, 2019.

	Cha	Changes in Discount Rate		
	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Discount	Increase	
	6.15%	7.15%	8.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$3,093,653	\$2,136,401	\$1,332,956	

Change in Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019 were recognized in the current reporting period as pension expense except as follows:

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience:

The differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized as pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings:

The differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period.

Changes of Assumptions:

The changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Change in Proportion:

Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan.

Contributions – Proportionate Share

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Retirement System Audit Report

Firefighters' Retirement System issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: <u>www.lafirefightersret.com</u> or on the Office of Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website: <u>www.lla.state.la.us</u>.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The System was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of La. R.S. 11:401, as amended, for eligible state officers, employees and their beneficiaries. The projection of benefit payments in the ealculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits

The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. Our rank and file members hired prior to July 1, 2006, may either return with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of ereditable service, at age 55 upon completing 25 years of ereditable service, and at age 60 upon completing ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2015, may retire at age 60 upon completing five years of ereditable service. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement

benefit eannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of ereditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of ereditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned eompensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court offieers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House elerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a henefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification but generally is ten years of service.

Deferred Benefits

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they eontinue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

Disability Benefits

Active members with ten or more years of eredited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Upon reaching retirement age, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees.

For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation.

Survivor's Benefits

Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased member who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped ehild. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped ehild.

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service eredit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

A Hazardous Duty Services Plan member's surviving spouse and minor or handicapped or mentally incapacitated child or children are entitled to survivor benefits of 80% of the member's final average compensation if the member was killed in the line of duty. If the member dies in the line of duty as a result of an intentional act of violence, survivor benefits may be increased to 100% of the members final average compensation.

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the System allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - State statute requires covered employees to contribute 13.00 percent of their salaries to the system. The City is required to contribute 42 percent of covered employees' salaries. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The City's contribution to the plan for the years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$7,229 and \$6,721, respectively, equal to the required contributions for the year.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System, 3401 United Plaza Blvd., Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by ealling (225) 922-0600.

Pension liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 20167 the City reported a liability of \$64,697 for its proportionate share of the nct pension liability for the LASERS plan. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the LASERS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.00089%, which was a decrease in the proportion measured as of June 30, 2018 in the amount of 0.00003%.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$6,708.

Non-employer contributions

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue. The City recognized \$0

of non-employer contribution revenue.

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity to Changes in Discouut Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers ealculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	Changes in Diseount Rate		
	Current		
	1% Deerease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.60%	7.60%	8.60%
Employer Nct Pension Liability	\$ 81,656	\$ 64,697	\$ 50,373

Change in Nct Pension Liability

The changes in net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019 were recognized as pension expense or benefit in the current reporting period except as follows:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized in pension expense using the straightline amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment carnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a elosed five-year period.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$	397	\$	(134)
Changes in assumptions		554		-
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		2,235		-
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		-		-
Employer contributions subsequent				
to measurement date		7,229		
Total	\$	10,415	\$	(134)

The City reported a total of \$7,229 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2019, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	LA	LASERS	
2021	\$	2,250	
2022		(651)	
2023		615	
2024		838	
Total	\$	3,052	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of scrvice, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

The components of the net pension liability of the System's employers as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

3
1)
2
%
1

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial eost method	Entry Age Normal
Expected remaining service lives	2 years
Investment rate of return	7.6% per annum
Inflation rate	2.5% per annum
Mortality	Non-disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected using the MP-2018 mortality scale, applied on a fully generational basis. Disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP- 2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.
Termination, Disability, and Retirement	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2009-2013) experience study of the System's members.
Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Salary increases	Salary increases were projected based on a 2009-2013 cxperience study of the System's members. The salary				
	increase ranges for s	•	•		
	hereuse funges for s	Lower			
			Upper		
	Member Type	Range	Range		
	Regular	3.2%	13.0%		
	Judges	2.8%	5.3%		
	Corrections	3.8%	14.0%		
	Hazardous Duty	3.8%	14.0%		
	Wildlife	3.8%	14.0%		
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based of benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projecte benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trust				

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset elass. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 3.25% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return is 9.0% for 2019. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Expected Long Term Peol Potes of Peture

Expected Long Term Real Rates of Return						
Asset Class	2019					
Cash	0.24%					
Domestic Equity	4.83%					
International Equity	5.83%					
Domestic Fixed Income	2.79%					
International Fixed Income	4,49%					
Alternative Investments	8.32%					
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	5.06%					
Total Fund	6.09%					

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Change in Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019 were recognized as pension expense or benefit in the current reporting period except as follows:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period.

Contributions - Proportionate Share/Change in Proportionate Share

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan.

Changes in the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date are recognized in employer's pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 8 PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Estimates

The process of preparing the schedules of employer allocations and schedules of pension amounts in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Retirement System Audit Reports

The Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System has issued stand-alone audit reports on their financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. Access to the reports can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov and the System's website, http://www.lasersonline.org/site.php.

Pension Summary

	Net Pension Liability		0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
···· Municipal Employees' Retirement System	\$	3,780,088	\$	986,194	\$	457,741
Municipal Poliee Employees' Retirement System		3,197,903		768,088		365,926
Firefighters' Retirement System		2,136,401		6 8 4,316		285,711
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System		64,697		10,415		134
Total		9,179,0 8 9		2,449,013		1,109,512
Portion Applicable to Business Type Activities		1,017,311		216,963		100,703
Portion Applicable to Governmental Type Activities	\$	8,161,778	\$	2,232,050	\$	1,008,809

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 9 RESTRICTED ASSETS

Proprietary Fund Type:

Restricted assets applicable to customers' deposits at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Customers' deposits:	
Cash	\$ 324,439
	\$ 324,439

NOTE 10 DUE FROM/TO OTHER FUNDS

	Due From	Due to
	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund	\$ 110,328	\$ 175,678
Special Revenue Funds -		
Sales Tax Fund	54,761	-
St. Landry & Acadia Parish Fire District	-	109,867
Court Witness Fees Fund	807	-
Enterprise Fund -		
Utility Fund	56,236	-
Fiduciary Fund -		
Payroll Fund	168,354	104,941
	\$ 390,486	\$ 390,486

NOTE 11 ENTERPRISE FUND OPERATIONS

Operations of the City of Eunice Utility System consist of a gas distribution system and sewer utility system. Operating results of the individual utilities for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Gas	Department	Sewer Department			
Operating Revenues	\$	1,081,694	\$	1,239,274		
Operating Expenses		1,169,463		1,630,116		
Operating Income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	(87,769)	\$	(390,842)		

Operating expenses above include costs which cannot be directly associated with a single department; thus these expenses have been allocated on the basis of gross utility sales. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Gas and Sewer Utilities provided services to 3,860 and 5,702 eustomers, respectively.

Notes of Financial Statements

NOTE 12 LEASE

The St. Landry Parish Solid Waste Disposal District entered into a lease with the City of Euniee for various equipment. The original cost of the equipment totaled \$303,025. The lease terms are for a five year period at a cost of \$100 per year beginning November 1, 2010.

The City of Eunice entered into a 5 year lease agreement with Enterprise FM Trust on October 25, 2019 for the use of vehicles. Future lease payments are as follows:

2021	\$102,228
2022	102,228
2023	102,228
2024	102,228
2025	68,172

NOTE 13 PENDING LITIGATION

Various lawsuits are presently pending against the City of Eunice. In all cases where damages are being sought from the City, attorneys for the City are of the opinion that any judgements rendered in favor of the plaintiffs or payments resulting from the compromise settlements, if any, will be within the limits of the various insurance coverages carried by the City.

NOTE 14 LCDBG GRANT

The City received a \$449,216 Louisiana Community Development Block Grant (LCDBG) for street improvements. During the 2019 fiscal year, the City received \$202,147 of the funds. The remaining \$247,069, was received in the current fiscal year and included in the Capital Projects Fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

- -----

General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 1,532,500	\$ 1,482,000	\$ 1,414,569	\$ (67,431)
Licenses and permits	310,000	517,000	497,112	(19,888)
Intergovernmental revenues	423,000	330,000	232,020	(97,980)
Fines and forfeitures	35,000	15,000	11,894	(3,106)
Liberty Cajun Music Show	60,005	45,545	65,491	19,946
Interest	2,530	2,020	5,323	3,303
Miscellaneous	662,425	597,475	524,420	(73,055)
Total revenues	3,025,460	2,989,040	2,750,829	(238,211)
Expenditures				
Current -				
General government	1,538,350	1,599,150	1,775,708	(176,558)
Public safety	3,841,900	4,167,875	4,205,488	(37,613)
Public works	1,080,450	912,100	921,365	(9,265)
Health and welfarc	17,000	34,500	13,184	21,316
Culture and recreation	707,675	662,257	635,226	27,031
Other	49,000	53,000	54,242	(1,242)
Capital outlay			41,189	(41,189)
Total expenditures	7,234,375	7,428,882	7,646,402	(217,520)
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	(4,208,915)	(4,439,842)	(4,895,573)	(455,731)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	4,603,250	4,537,000	5,133,056	596,056
Operating transfers out	-	-	(57,250)	(57,250)
Other source of income	-	-	14,629	14,629
Total other financing sources (uses	4,603,250	4,537,000	5,090,435	553,435
Execss (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over				
expenditures and other uses	394,335	97,158	194,862	97,704
Fund balances, beginning	313,849	(93,814)	(62,524)	31,290
Fund balances, ending	\$ 708,184	\$ 3,344	\$ 132,338	\$ 128,994

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund Budgetary Comparison Sehedule Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Varianee -
	Original	Final		Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$5,777,750	\$5,405,000	\$5,874,017	\$ 469,017
Intergovernmental revenues	325,000	325,000	306,388	(18,612)
Interest	15,000	17,000	23,932	6,932
Total revenues	6,117,750	5,747,000	6,204,337	457,337
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	68,850	111,350	141,045	(29,695)
Culture and recreation	171,500	146,720	141,104	5,616
Public safety	-	7,130	41,828	(34,698)
Public works	-	45,700	510,734	(465,034)
Capital outlay	1,860,000	1,635,000	29,281	1,605,719
Debt service -				
Principal retirement	59,000	59,000	117,962	(58,962)
Interest	20,600	20,600	24,920	(4,320)
Total expenditures	2,179,950	2,025,500	1,006,874	1,018,626
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	3,937,800	3,721,500	5,197,463	1,475,963
Other financing sources (uses):				
Capital lease proceeds	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	(3,134,500)	(3,539,000)	(4,840,382)	(1,301,382)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,134,500)	(3,539,000)	(4,840,382)	(1,301,382)
Exeess (deficiency) of revenues and				
other sources over expenditures and				
other uses	803,300	182,500	357,081	174,581
Fund balances, beginning	5,710,806	5,204,975	5,204,975	
Fund balances, ending	\$6,514,106	\$ 5,387,475	\$5,562,056	\$ 174,58I

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA St. Landry & Acadia Parish Fire District Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2020

								ariance -
		Original	Final				F	avorable
		Budget		Budget		Actual	(Ur	nfavorable)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	402,000	\$	387,000	\$	384,420	\$	(2,580)
Interest		150		25		345		320
Total revenues		402,150		387,025		384,765		(2,260)
Expenditures								
Current -								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		77,150		87,025		149 <u>,</u> 421		(62,396)
Total expenditures		77,150		87,025		149,421		(62,396)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		325,000		300,000		235,344		60,136
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers out		(325,000)		(450,000)		(412,500)		37,500
Total other financing uses	_	(325,000)		(450,000)		(412,500)		37,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over								
expenditures and other uses		-		(150,000)		(177,156)		(27,156)
Fund balances, beginning		29,541		274,577		274,577		-
Fund balances, ending	\$	29,541	\$	124,577	\$	97,421	\$	(27,156)

					Employer's	
					Proportionate	
					Share of the	
		Employer	Employer		Net Pension	
		Proportionate	Proportionate		Liability	Plan Fiduciary
		of the	Share of the	Employer's	(Asset) as a	Net Position
		Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Percentage of	as a Percentage
	Fiscal	Liability	Liability	Employee	It's Covered	of the Total
	Year	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Employee Payroll	Pension Liability
MERS	2015	0.965991%	\$ 2,479,162	\$1,537,227	161.30%	76.94%
	2016	0.966778%	3,453,482	1,765,280	195.63%	66.18%
	2017	0.980160%	4,017,392	1,751,763	229.33%	62.17%
	2018	0.965789%	4,040,303	1,869,843	216.07%	62.49%
	2019	1.026833%	4,251,785	1,674,619	253.89%	63.94%
	2020	0.904617%	3,780,088	1,609,496	234.86%	64.68%
MPERS	2015	0.432919%	2,708,377	1,115,181	242.86%	75.10%
	2016	0.340775%	2,669,616	996,046	268.02%	70.73%
	2017	0.392600%	3,679,768	1,143,297	321,85%	66.42%
	2018	0.381941%	3,334,507	1,163,519	286.59%	70.72%
	2019	0.393876%	3,329,852	1,106,403	300.96%	71.88%
	2020	0.352127%	3,197,903	1,009,496	316.78%	71.01%
FRS	2015	0.332973%	1,481,701	726,902	203.84%	76.02%
	2016	0.331590%	1,789,628	727,923	245.85%	72.45%
	2017	0.322836%	2,111,639	795,794	265.35%	68.16%
	2018	0.340832%	1,953,598	847,331	230.56%	76.55%
	2019	0.355897%	2,047,057	824,575	248.26%	74.76%
	2020	0.341174%	2,136,401	864,447	247.14%	73.96%
LASERS	2015	0.000880%	55,213	17,212	320.80%	73.99%
	2016	0.000960%	65,158	17,212	378.56%	62.67%
	2017	0.000940%	73,657	17,212	427.94%	57.70%
	2018	0.000970%	67,925	17,212	394.64%	62.50%
	2019	0.000920%	62,402	17,212	364.54%	64.49%
	2020	0.000890%	64,697	17,212	375.88%	62.90%

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

This schedule will contain ten years of historieal information once such information becomes available.

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous year end of the plan.

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Contributions		Encolory de	Contributions
			in Relation		Employer's	as a Percent
	F ′ I	Contractually	to Contractual	Contribution	Covered	of Covered
	Fiscal	Required	Required	Deficiency	Employee	Employee
	Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
MERS	2015	\$ 294,884	\$ 294,884	\$-	\$1,537,227	19.18%
	2016	349,677	349,677	-	1,765,280	19.80%
	2017	398,626	398,626	-	1,751,763	22.75%
	2018	462,786	462,786	-	1,869,843	24.75%
	2019	435,401	435,401	-	1,674,619	26.00%
	2020	446,635	446,635	-	1,609,496	27.75%
MPERS	2015	345,796	345,796	-	1,115,181	31.00%
	2016	294,230	294,230	-	996,046	29.53%
	2017	362,912	362,912	-	1,143,297	31.75%
	2018	357,782	357,782	-	1,163,519	30.75%
	2019	356,814	356,814	-	1,106,403	32.25%
	2020	328,240	328,240	-	1,009,970	32.50%
FRS	2015	212,619	212,619	-	726,902	29.25%
	2016	198,359	198,359	-	727,923	29.25%
	2017	200,937	200,937	-	795,794	25.25%
	2018	224,543	224,543	-	847,331	26.50%
	2019	218,512	218,512	-	824,575	26.50%
	2020	235,844	235,844	-	864,447	27.75%
LASERS	2015	7,143	7,143	-	17,212	41.50%
	2016	6,835	6,835	-	17,212	39.71%
	2017	6,317	6,317	-	17,212	36.70%
	2018	6,816	6,816	-	17,212	39.60%
	2019	6,721	6,721	-	17,212	39.00%
	2020	7,229	7,229	-	17,212	42.00%
	2020	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		.,,	1210070

This schedule will contain ten years of historical information once such information becomes available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

NOTE 1 LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

The City Clerk prepares a proposed budget and submits same to the Mayor and Council no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.

A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.

A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.

After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.

Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Council.

Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States of America. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended from time to time by the Board of Aldermen. The budget was amended prior to the fiscal year end June 30, 2020.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds: <u>Budget</u> <u>Actual</u> <u>Variance</u> (2) 17 520

General Fund	\$7,428,882	\$7,646,402	\$(217,520)
St. Landry & Acadia			
Parish Fire District	\$87,025	\$149,421	\$ (62,396)

NOTE 3 PENSION PLAN

Changes of Assumptions – Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rate of salary increase, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plans.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

						Total
	5	Special	(Capital	N	onmajor
	R	levenue	Project		Go	vernmental
		Funds	Funds			Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and eash equivalents	\$	66,913	\$	45,016	\$	111,929
Due from other funds		807		-		807
Total assets	\$	67,720	\$	45,016	\$	112,736
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		-		-
Fund balances:						
Assigned		67,720		45,016		112,736
Total fund balances		67,720		45,016		112,736
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	67,720	\$	45,016	\$	112,736

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in

Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Project Funds		Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	4,188	\$	247,069	\$ 251,257
Fines, forfeitures and bonds		2,549		-	2,549
Interest		907		89	 996
Total revenues:		7,644		247,158	 254,802
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government		1,272		-	1,272
Public safety		301		-	301
Capital outlay		-		170,852	170,852
Total expenditures		1,573		170,852	172,425
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures		6,071		76,306	82,377
Fund balances, beginning		61,649		(31,290)	 30,359
Fund balances, ending	\$	67,720	\$	45,016	\$ 112,736

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purpose.

PUBLIC SAFETY TESTING FUND

To account for receipts and expenditures associated with court fees collected in connection with drug and alcohol related driving offenses.

COURT APPEARANCE BOND FUND

To account for receipts and expenditures associated with the receipt of appearance bonds collected on arrests and traffic citations.

WITNESS FEES FUND

To account for receipts and expenditures associated with witness fees collected by City Court.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2020

	Public Safety Testing Fund	App	Court pearance Bond Fund	Witness Fees Fund	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash	\$16,511	\$	28,509	\$21,893	\$ 66,913
Due from other funds	-		-	807	807
Total assets	\$16,511	\$	28,509	\$22,700	\$ 67,720
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ - -	\$	- - -	\$ - 	\$ - - -
Fund balances:					
Assigned	16,511		28,509	22,700	67,720
Total fund balances	16,511		28,509	22,700	67,720
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$16,511	\$	28,509	\$22,700	\$ 67,720

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Sa Te	ublic afety esting fund	Ap	Court pearance Bond Fund	Vitness Fees Fund	 <u>Fotals</u>
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	602	\$	-	\$ 3,586	\$ 4,188
Fine, forfeitures and bonds		-		2,549	-	2,549
Interest		82		462	 363	907
Total revenues		684		3,011	3,949	7,644
Expenditures Current -					1 0 7 0	1 070
General government		-		-	1,272	1,272
Public safety		<u> </u>		300	 -	 301
Total expenditures		1		300	 1,272	 1,573
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		683		2,711	 2,677	 6,071
Fund balances, beginning	1	5,828		25,798	 20,023	 61,649
Fund balances, ending	\$ I	6,511	\$	28,509	\$ 22,700	\$ 67,720

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Project funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for capital projects.

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

ASSETS Cash Total assets	\$ 45,016 \$ 45,016
	43,010
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ -
Total liabilities	
Fund balances:	
Assigned	45,016
Total fund balances	45,016
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 45,016

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:	
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 247,069
Interest	89
Total revenues	247,158
Expenditures	
Current -	
General government	-
Capital Outlay	170,852
Total expenditures	170,852
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over expenditures	76,306
Fund balances, beginning	(31,290)
Fund balances, ending	\$ 45,016

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

UTILITY FUND

The fund is to account for the city's operation of the gas and scwer departments.

CITY OF EUNICE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Gas	Sewer	
	Department	Department	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,058,394	\$ 1,227,919	\$ 2,286,313
Other billings to customers	23,300	11,355	34,655
Total operating revenues	1,081,694	1,239,274	2,320,968
Operating expenses			
Payroll and related benefits	301,483	414,593	716,076
Natural gas purchases	486,606	-	486,606
Supplies and materials	32,420	111,145	143,565
Repairs and maintenance	59,581	497,598	557,179
Office expenses	27,269	6,451	33,720
Professional fees	13,202	13,201	26,403
Insurance - general	64,293	25,906	90,199
Depreciation	101,057	275,611	376,668
Group insurance	39,546	48,689	88,235
Bad debts	131	-	131
Permits	-	41,897	41,897
Utilities and telephone	17,890	159,219	177,109
Lease expense	11,833	4,348	16,181
Miscellaneous	14,152	31,458	45,610
Total operating expenses	1,169,463	1,630,116	2,799,579
Operating income (loss)	\$ (87,769)	\$ (390,842)	(478,611)
Nonoperating income (loss):			
Interest carned on investments			2,816
Nonemployer pension contribution			12,920
Other revenue			4,530
Total nonoperating income			20,266
Income before operating transfers			(458,345)
Operating transfers:			
Operating transfers in			1,068,039
Operating transfers out			(890,963)
Total operating transfers			177,076
Change in net position			(281,269)
Nct position, beginning			5,976,841
Net position, ending			<u>\$ 5,695,572</u>

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE EUNICE, LOUISIANA 70535

SHIRLEY VIGE, JR., C.P.A. FRANK G. TUJAGUE, C.P.A. DOMINIQUE M. NOEL, C.P.A. TELEPHONE: 337-457-9324 FAX: 337-457-8743

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor Scott Fontenot and Members of the Council City of Eunice, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Eunice, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Eunice, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Eunice, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Eunice, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Eunice, Louisiana's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items #2020-001 through #2020-003, which we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Eunice, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on eompliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that arc required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items #2020-001 through #2020-003.

City of Eunice, Louisiana's Response to Findings

City of Eunice, Louisiana's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Eunice, Louisiana's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Vige, Dijagen & Neel

Vige, Tujague & Noël, CPA's November 9, 2020

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2020

We have audited the financial statements of City of Eunice, Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of June 30, 2020, resulted in an unmodified opinion.

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Reports

a. Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

Internal Control Material Weaknesses _____ Yes _X_No Significant Deficiencies _X_Yes ____No Compliance Noncompliance Material to Financial Statement ____ Yes _X_No

b. Federal Awards Not applicable

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

#2020-001 Segregation of Accounting Functions

Condition: The City of Eunice did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

Criteria: SAS109, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, AU314.43 defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process, affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations."

Additionally, Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE) AT501.03 states:

"An entity's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to an entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions emhodied in either annual financial statements or interim financial statements, or both."

Schedule of Findings and Responses (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

- Cause: The cause of the condition is the fact that the City does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.
- Effect: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.
- Recommendation: Due to the size of the operation and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.
- Response: It is not cost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties within the accounting function. No corrective action is considered necessary.

#2020-002 Budget Variance

- Condition: The City's actual expenditures in the St. Landry & Acadia Parish Fire District Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures by greater than 5%. The City's budgeted revenues in the General Fund exceeded actual revenues by greater than 5%.
- Criteria: When total actual expenditures exceed total budgeted expenditures by 5% or more and/or when total revenues fail to meet total budgeted revenues by 5% or more or there has been a change in operation upon which the original adopted budget was developed, the City shall adopt a budget amendment in an open meeting to reflect such a change.
- Cause: The eause of the condition is that the City did not make the necessary amendments to the budget prior to the year end.
- Effect: Failure to properly amend the budget results in variances beyond the 5% of budgeted revenues and expenses and results in noncompliance with budget laws.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the City make the necessary amendments to the budget prior to year end for changes in revenues and expenditures incurred.
- Response: The City will make the necessary amendments to the budget prior to year end for changes in estimated expenses.

Schedule of Findings and Responses (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

#2020-003 Shortage of Pledged Securities

Condition:	Bank account balances at June 30, 20120 exceeded FDIC Insurance and pledged securities from B1 Bank by \$36,516.
Criteria:	Under state law, bank deposit balances must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the City that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the City's name.
Cause:	The Bank monitors the account balances at the beginning of each month to determine when more security pledges are necessary.
Effect:	At June 30, 2020, the City had interest bearing cash in bank in the amount of \$6,712,833 and insurance and security pledges of \$6,676,317, resulting in a shortage of pledges in the amount of \$36,516.
Recommendation:	We recommend that the City monitor the security pledges at the end of each month to ensure that they have adequate coverage.
Response:	Management understands this finding and agrees with the recommendation.

Status of Prior Years Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2020

#2019-001 Segregation of Accounting Functions

Condition: The City of Eunice did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

Criteria: SAS109, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, AU314.43 defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process, affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations."

Additionally, Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE) AT501.03 states:

"An entity's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to an entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in either annual financial statements or interim financial statements, or both."

- Cause: The cause of the condition is the fact that the City does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.
- Effect: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.
- Recommendation: Due to the size of the operation and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.
- Response: It is not eost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties within the accounting function. No corrective action is considered necessary.
- Status: This finding is repeated.

#2019-002 Budget Variance

Condition: The City's actual expenditures in the Sales Tax Fund and the St. Landry & Acadia Fire District Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures by greater than 5%.

Status of Prior Years Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

- Criteria: When total actual expenditures exceed total budgeted expenditures by 5% or more and/or when total revenues fail to meet total budgeted revenues by 5% or more or there has been a change in operation upon which the original adopted budget was developed, the City shall adopt a budget amendment in an open meeting to reflect such a change.
- Cause: The cause of the condition is that the City did not make the necessary amendments to the budget prior to the year end.
- Effect: Failure to properly amend the budget results in variances beyond the 5% of budgeted revenues and expenses and results in noncompliance with budget laws.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the City make the necessary amendments to the budget prior to year end for changes in revenues and expenditures incurred.
- Response: The City will make the necessary amendments to the budget prior to year end for changes in estimated expenses.
- Status: This finding is repeated.

#2019-003 Sales Tax Payable

- Condition: Sales tax reports have not been filed with the Louisiana Department of Revenue since October 2018. The City of Eunice owes sales tax collected on the sale of gas in the amount of \$11,154.
- Criteria: The City of Eunice collects sales tax on gas purchased by certain customers as required by law. Monthly sales tax reports should be filed with the Louisiana Department of Revenue and the sales tax collected should be remitted to the state.
- Cause: The clerk did not file sales tax reports with the Louisiana Department of Revenue or submit the payment.
- Effect: The City of Eunice owes sales tax collected on the sale of gas to Louisiana Department of Revenue in the amount of \$11,154.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the City file all sales tax reports in a timely manner and remit the proper amount to the Louisiana Department of Revenue.
- Response: The City clerk has contacted a sales tax representative at the Louisiana Department of Revenue. The City has filed all prior year sales tax reports and has begun paying on the past due taxes. The City is filing current sales tax reports on a monthly basis and paying the tax as it becomes due.

Status: This finding is cleared.

Schedule of Compensation Paid to Members of the Council Year Ended June 30, 2020

Mayor, Scott Fontenot	\$54,110
Germain Simpson	7,119
Marion Sattler	13,700
Connic Thibodeaux	7,119
Chad Andrepont	7,119
Ernest Blanchard	7,119
	\$96,286

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer Year Ended June 30, 2020

Scott Fontenot, Mayor Period: 12 Months

Salary	\$54,110
Benefits - retirement	13,073
Benefits - insurance	6,279
Conference travel	1,988
Cell phone	606



CITY OF EUNICE EUNICE. LOUISIANA MARION "NOOTSIE" SATTLER ALDERMAN AT LARGE CHAD ANDREPONT WARD 1 GERMAINE SIMPSON WARD 2 ERNEST BLANCHARD WARD 3 CONNIE THIBODEAUX WARD 4 GINNY MOODY CITY CLERK RANDY FONTENOT CHIEL OF POLICE

VIGE, TUJAGUE & NOEL, CPA'S P. O. BOX 1006 EUNICE, LA 70535

RE: Management Response

The following are our responses to your recommendations we received in the City's Audited Financial Statement as of June 30, 2020.

2020-001 Segregation of Accounting Functions

A complete segregation of duties is not feasible due to the cost/benefit of hiring additional personnel and the size of the City's operations.

2020-002 Budget Variance

The City will make the necessary amendments to the budget prior to year end for ehanges in estimated expenses.

2020-003 Shortage of Pledged Securities

We recommend that the City monitor the sccurity pledges at the end of each month to ensure that they have adequate coverage. Management understands this finding and agrees with the recommendation.

Mayor Scott Fontenot

SCOTT A. FONTENOT MAYOR POST OFFICE DRAWER 1106 EUNICE. LOUISIANA 70535-1106 www.eunice-la.com e-mail eunicela@hotmail.com Phone (337) 457-7389 Fax (337) 457-6506