**Annual Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2024



#### Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	40
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	10 11
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	4.0
Balance Sheet	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	, ,
and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Activities	15
Notes to Financial Statements	16 - 27
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	29
Other Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments	
to Agency Head	31
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Basic Financial Statements Performed	
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	32 - 33
Schedule of Findings and Responses	34
Schedule of Prior Year Findings	35





LOUISIANA • TEXAS LaPorte.com

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Supervisors of Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District Slidell, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
  is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 8 and the budgetary comparison information on page 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Covington, LA June 24, 2025

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District, St. Tammany Parish, Louisiana (the District) provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes to the basic financial statements, and supplementary information.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a net position balance of \$57,998,290.

The District's total net position decreased \$430,565 in the current fiscal year. The key components of the District's net position and change in net position are reflected in the tables in the government-wide financial analysis section.

At December 31, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,710,390, an increase of \$329,186 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The total fund balance is non-spendable for prepaid items and deposits, restricted for debt service, and the remainder is unassigned.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as the introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual amount being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by assessments. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include community development and general government functions.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: governmental funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains governmental funds for external reporting. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund 2019, the Debt Service Fund 2021, and the Debt Service Fund 2022, each of which are considered major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Key components of the District's net position are reflected in the following table:

	2024		2023		\$ Change		
Assets							
Current and Other Assets	\$ 43,400,087	\$	43,662,176	\$	(262,089)		
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	 93,785,083		95,401,792		(1,616,709)		
Total Assets	\$ 137,185,170	\$	139,063,968	\$	(1,878,798)		
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities	\$ 162,938	\$	162,299	\$	639		
Long-Term Liabilities	 38,366,195		39,220,904		(854,709)		
Total Liabilities	 38,529,133		39,383,203		(854,070)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 40,657,747		41,251,910		(594,163)		
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	55,418,888		56,180,888		(762,000)		
Restricted	2,314,709		2,140,601		174,108		
Unrestricted	 264,693		107,366		157,327		
Total Net Position	57,998,290		58,428,855		(430,565)		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 137,185,170	\$	139,063,968	\$	(1,878,798)		
,	 ,,	т.	, , - > -	-	( ) = = 1		

The District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's other obligations.

The District's net position decreased during the most recent fiscal year. The majority of the decrease represents the extent to which the cost of operations and depreciation expense exceeded ongoing program revenues.

Key elements of the change in net position are reflected in the following table:

	2024	2023	\$ Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 3,834,191	\$ 3,588,374	\$ 245,817
General Revenues			
Interest Income	 185,359	335,544	(150,185)
Total Revenues	 4,019,550	3,923,918	95,632
Expenses			
Community Development	2,876,731	2,534,894	341,837
Interest on Long-Term Debt	 1,573,384	1,600,017	(26,633)
Total Expenses	 4,450,115	4,134,911	315,204
Change in Net Position	(430,565)	(210,993)	(219,572)
Net Position, Beginning of the Year	 58,428,855	58,639,848	(210,993)
Net Position, End of the Year	\$ 57,998,290	\$ 58,428,855	\$ (430,565)

As noted above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 was \$4,450,115. The costs of the District's activities were funded primarily by program revenues. Program revenues, comprised primarily of assessments, increased during the fiscal year as a result of an increase in assessments levied for debt services and to fund operations. In total, expenses increased 7.6% from the prior fiscal year.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### **GENERAL BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS**

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures were less than appropriations by \$147,635 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

At December 31, 2024, the District had \$110,047,128 invested in capital assets with a book value of \$93,785,083. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At December 31, 2024, the District had \$38,105,000 in bonds outstanding for its governmental activities. More detailed information about the District's capital debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

It is anticipated that the general operations of the District will increase in fiscal year 2025.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, landowners, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District Accounting Department at 3434 Colwell Avenue, Suite 200, Tampa, Florida 33614.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### LAKESHORE VILLAGES MASTER COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 219,603
Investment - LAMP	200,326
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,314,709
Special Assessments Receivable	40,657,747
Other Assets	7,702
Capital Assets, Net	93,785,083
Total Assets	137,185,170
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	3,170
Accrued Expenses	28,780
Accrued Interest	130,988
Bonds Payable	
Due Within One Year	875,000
Due in More than One Year	37,491,195
Total Liabilities	38,529,133
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Special Assessments	40,657,747
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	55,418,888
Restricted	2,314,709
Unrestricted	264,693
Total Net Position	_\$ 57,998,290

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### LAKESHORE VILLAGES MASTER COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

				P	rogran	n Revenu	es		Ne	t (Expense)
					Op	erating	С	apital	Re	venue and
			С	harges for		nts and		ints and	С	hanges in
Functional Programs	Expenses			Services	Cont	ributions	Cont	ributions	Ne	et Position
Community Development	\$	2,876,731	\$	3,834,191	\$	-	\$	-	\$	957,460
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,573,384		-		-		-		(1,573,384)
Total	\$	4,450,115	\$	3,834,191	\$	-	\$	-		(615,924)
General Revenues Interest Income										185,359
Total General Revenues										185,359
Change in Net Position										(430,565)
Net Position, Beginning of Yea	ır									58,428,855
Net Position, End of Year									\$	57,998,290

## FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### LAKESHORE VILLAGES MASTER COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

		General Fund	ı	Debt Service Fund 2019	Debt Service Fund 2021	F	Debt Service Fund 2022	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	219,603	\$	1,220,502	\$ 558,236	\$	535,971	\$	2,534,312
Investment - LAMP		200,326		-	-		-		200,326
Special Assessments Receivable		812,577		15,978,349	16,293,852		7,572,969		40,657,747
Other Assets		7,702		-	-		-		7,702
Total Assets	\$	1,240,208	\$	17,198,851	\$ 16,852,088	\$	8,108,940	\$	43,400,087
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$	3,170	\$	_	\$ _	\$	-	\$	3,170
Accrued Expenses		28,780		-	-		-	·	28,780
Total Liabilities		31,950		-	-		-		31,950
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred Special Assessments		812,577		15,978,349	16,293,852		7,572,969		40,657,747
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		812,577		15,978,349	16,293,852		7,572,969		40,657,747
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable		7,702		_	_		_		7,702
Restricted		-		1,220,502	558,236		535,971		2,314,709
Unassigned		387,979		-	-		-		387,979
Total Fund Balances		395,681		1,220,502	558,236		535,971		2,710,390
Total Cabillian Balance distance of									
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,240,208	\$	17,198,851	\$ 16,852,088	\$	8,108,940	_	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:									
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.									93,785,083
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	,								(38,366,195)
Accrued interest expense is not reported in the governmental funds.									(130,988)
Net Position of Governmental Activities								\$	57,998,290
									,000,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# LAKESHORE VILLAGES MASTER COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General Fund	Debt Service und 2019	Debt Service und 2021	Debt Service und 2022	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues						
Special Assessments - Operations	\$ 1,393,407	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,393,407
Special Assessments - Debt Service	-	1,020,920	920,091	499,773		2,440,784
Interest Income	 21,693	80,214	46,348	37,104		185,359
Total Revenues	 1,415,100	1,101,134	966,439	536,877		4,019,550
Expenditures						
Community Development	4 000 405					4 000 405
Field Operations	1,063,485	-	-	-		1,063,485
General and Administrative	196,537	-	-	-		196,537
Debt Service - Principal	-	370,000	365,000	110,000		845,000
Debt Service - Interest	 -	645,994	553,649	385,699		1,585,342
Total Expenditures	 1,260,022	1,015,994	918,649	495,699		3,690,364
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 155,078	85,140	47,790	41,178		329,186
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	- -	- -	- -	- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	-	-	-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	155,078	85,140	47,790	41,178		329,186
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	240,603	1,135,362	510,446	494,793		2,381,204
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 395,681	\$ 1,220,502	\$ 558,236	\$ 535,971	\$	2,710,390

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 329,186

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

(1,616,709)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

845,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

11,958

**Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

\$ (430,565)

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Organization**

The general purpose of Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District (the District) is to finance and manage, through the levy and collection of special assessments, basic community development services, including and without limitation, water management and control; water supply, sewer, and wastewater management reclamation and reuse; bridges or culverts; roads and street lights; and, with the consent of St. Tammany Parish, parks and facilities for indoor and outdoor recreational, cultural, and educational uses; fire prevention and control; school buildings and related structures; security; pest control and other public health nuisances; waste collection and disposal; and certain revenue producing utilities.

#### The Reporting Entity

Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District was established on January 19, 2007 by Ordinance Parish Council Series No. 07-1497 adopted by the Parish Council of the Parish of St. Tammany (the Parish), State of Louisiana, on January 4, 2007, as corrected by resolution of the Parish Council adopted on January 24, 2007. A Notice of Establishment of the District was duly recorded in the mortgage records of the Parish on February 7, 2007, which was within 30 days after the effective date of the District Ordinance. The District is a special district governed by a Board of Supervisors consisting of five members.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements establish criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the District. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit with the reporting entity is financial accountability. Using these criteria, the District has no component units.

#### **Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the District. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. There were no activities of the District categorized as business-type activities.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### **Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements**

The District uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are ordered into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, which are grouped by fund type in the financial statements. Governmental fund types are those through which general governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The General Fund, the main operating fund of the District, is used to account for all financial resources of the District except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Debt Service Fund 2019, Debt Service Fund 2021, and Debt Service Fund 2022 account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Basis of Accounting (Continued)**

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, including service-type special assessments, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including capital improvement-type special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and other miscellaneous revenues.

#### **Budget and Budgetary Accounting**

The District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund. The budget is legally adopted and amended as necessary by the District. All budget amounts which are not expended or obligated lapse at year-end.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent amounts restricted according to applicable bond and debt agreements.

The District is authorized under state law to deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the United States, or laws of the United States. Under state laws, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. State law provides that the amount of the security shall at all times be equal to 100% of the amount on deposit to the credit of each depositing authority, except that portion of the deposit insured by federal deposit insurance.

#### **Investment - LAMP**

Investments for the District are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except for the position in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). The Louisiana Asset Management Pool meets all of the specified criteria in Section 150: *Investments*, to qualify to elect to measure its investments at amortized cost. Accordingly, the fair value of the District's position in the pool is equal to the value of the pooled shares.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Special Assessments**

Special assessments are amounts assessed to property owners for services or capital improvements that are intended to directly benefit the property owners rather than the citizenry as a whole. Special assessments may be of the service (operating) type or the capital improvement type.

#### Service

In the government-wide financial statements, service-type special assessment revenues (and related receivables) are reported when the service is provided, regardless of when the service is billed or collected.

Service-type special assessment revenues are recognized in governmental funds in the period in which the service is provided (the exchange has occurred) if the amount will be collected within the availability period. Service-type special assessment receivables are recognized when the service is provided, with a deferred inflow of resources recorded to the extent that related revenues are not available.

#### Capital Improvement

Capital improvement-type special assessments improve or add to infrastructure related to specific properties, and thus, directly benefit the property owners.

In the government-wide financial statements, capital improvement-type special assessment receivables are reported at the time of the special assessment levy. Revenue is recognized when the assessment is collected.

Capital improvement-type special assessment revenue is recognized in the governmental funds when the District has an enforceable legal claim against the property owners (the levy date) and the revenues are measurable and available. Deferred inflows of resources are reported for the portion that is not available.

#### Receivables

All receivables are reported net of uncollectible amounts. At December 31, 2024, the District estimates that all receivables are fully collectible and has recorded no allowance for uncollectible accounts.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include infrastructure (e.g., roads, levees, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost. Donated assets, if any, are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets of the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time they are purchased or constructed.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. The District capitalizes assets in excess of \$5,000 with a useful life of two or more years. Capital assets are included on the statement of net position, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation on infrastructure is computed using the straight-line method over useful lives ranging from 25 to 40 years.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as other financing uses.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Board of Supervisors**

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the members of the Board of Supervisors (the Board) received per diem as follows: Anthony Caruso - \$1,050, Lawrence Dupre - \$1,050, Charlyn G. Fowler-Armstrong - \$375, Desmond Leblanc -\$1,050, and Dr. Kenny Gilchrease, Sr. - \$825.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position should be displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt proceeds used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Distinguishes between major categories of restrictions and consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- Unrestricted Consists of the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

#### **Fund Balance**

In fund financials, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

Fund balance is reported in five components, as follows:

- Non-Spendable Consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Consists of amounts with constraints either by third parties (bond creditors) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
  Enabling legislation authorizes the District to assess or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.
- Committed Consists of the amounts used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed previously to commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned Consists of amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned).

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements - Adopted**

The District adopted the following accounting pronouncements during the year ended December 31, 2024:

#### GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections

The primary objective of the Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. The adoption of the Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements.

#### GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

The Statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The adoption of the Statement did not have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements - Upcoming**

#### GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures

The objective of the Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

#### GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements

The objective of the Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

#### GASB Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets

The objective of the Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the effects of the new GASB pronouncements scheduled for implementation for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025.

#### Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits might not be recovered. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk conforms to state law, as described in Note 1. At December 31, 2024, the District's demand deposits bank balance of \$135,941 was entirely secured by federal deposit insurance. The District's cash and cash equivalents of \$2,305,444 consist of money market funds holding U.S. Treasury and government agency securities.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 3. Investment - LAMP

Investments - LAMP of \$200,326, which are stated at fair value using published market quotes for those securities at December 31, 2024, consist of shares in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP), a local government investment pool.

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure*, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invests in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

- Credit Risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- Custodial Credit Risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- Concentration of Credit Risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- Interest Rate Risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 60 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. The WAM for LAMP's total investments was 29 as of December 31, 2024.
- Foreign Currency Risk: Not applicable.

Investments in LAMP are stated at amortized cost based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP, and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the LAMP administrative office at 800-249-5267.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 4. Special Assessments

All special assessments in general shall be due and collected during each year that parish taxes are due and are scheduled to be collected and enforced by the Tax Collector in St. Tammany Parish. The annual installment and levy are to be evidenced to and certified to by the Tax Assessor, and the special assessment is to be entered by the Tax Assessor on the parish tax rolls, and is scheduled to be collected and enforced by the Tax Collector in the same manner and at the same time as parish taxes, and the proceeds thereof shall be paid to the District.

The taxes are due and payable by December 31<sup>st</sup> of each year and become delinquent thereafter. The special assessments constitute a lien on the property against which they are assessed until paid and are enforceable in like manner as parish taxes.

The District's special assessments receivable as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	•	General Fund	Debt Service und 2019		Debt Service and 2021	Debt Service und 2022	Total
Current							
Service-Type Special Assessments	\$	812,577	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 812,577
Capital Improvement Special Assessments		_	1,093,349		988,852	532,969	2,615,170
		812,577	1,093,349		988,852	532,969	3,427,747
Noncurrent							
Capital Improvement Special Assessments		-	14,885,000	1	5,305,000	7,040,000	37,230,000
Total Special Assessments Receivable	\$	812,577	\$ 15,978,349	\$ 1	6,293,852	\$ 7,572,969	\$ 40,657,747

In 2019, the District approved the levy of a capital improvement-type special assessment on the property owners of the District in the amount of \$17,000,000 in order to secure the \$17,000,000 Series 2019 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds issued that same year. See Note 6 for more details on the bonds.

In 2021, the District approved the levy of a capital improvement-type special assessment on the property owners of the District in the amount of \$16,750,000 in order to secure the \$16,750,000 Series 2021 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds issued that same year. See Note 6 for more details on the bonds.

In 2022, the District approved the levy of a capital improvement-type special assessment on the property owners of the District in the amount of \$7,370,000 in order to secure the \$7,370,000 Series 2022 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds issued that same year. See Note 6 for more details on the bonds.

On July 19, 2023, the District approved the levy of a service-type special assessment on the property owners of the District intended to fund the operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. The District's 2024 assessment totaled \$1,505,575. The total assessment to the lot owners was \$534,192 with the remaining balance of \$971,383 to be paid by the developer in 2024.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 4. Special Assessments (Continued)

On July 3, 2024, the District approved the levy of a service-type special assessment on the property owners of the District intended to fund the operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025. The District's 2025 assessment totaled \$1,826,630. The total assessment to the lot owners was \$812,577 with the remaining balance of \$1,014,053 to be paid by the developer in 2025.

#### Note 5. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ 25,000
Levees	36,000,000	-	-	36,000,000
Levee Canals	7,000,000	-	-	7,000,000
Interior Canals	3,900,000	-	-	3,900,000
Retention Ponds	612,000	-	-	612,000
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	47,512,000	25,000	-	47,537,000
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Roads, Streets, and Drainage	52,960,128	-	-	52,960,128
Utility Plants and Pumps	3,500,000	-	-	3,500,000
Landscape and Design	6,025,000	-	-	6,025,000
Roadway Master Lighting	-	13,100	-	13,100
Vehicles		11,900	-	11,900
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	62,485,128	25,000	-	62,510,128
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Roads, Streets, and Drainage	(8,909,585)	(1,324,003)	-	(10,233,588)
Utility Plants and Pumps	(2,333,333)	(140,000)	-	(2,473,333)
Landscape and Design	(3,352,418)	(200,834)	-	(3,553,252)
Roadway Master Lighting	-	(1,785)	-	(1,785)
Vehicles		(87)	-	(87)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(14,595,336)	(1,666,709)	-	(16,262,045)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	47,889,792	(1,641,709)		46,248,083
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 95,401,792	\$ (1,616,709)	\$ -	\$ 93,785,083

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 amounted to \$1,666,709.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

#### **Subsequent Event**

In November 2024, the District entered into an agreement to purchase land adjacent to the District for \$1,700,000. Subsequent to year end, in April 2025, the District issued \$2,000,000 of Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2025, to finance the purchase of the land.

#### Note 6. Long-Term Debt

On October 17, 2019, the District issued \$17,000,000 in Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2019. The bonds are due in annual principal and interest installments payable through 2048. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.625% to 4.375%. The bonds are secured by the revenues received by the District from the capital improvement-type special assessment. Proceeds from the bonds were used to acquire infrastructure from the developer, pay the cost of issuance, make a deposit into the debt service reserve account, and pay a portion of the interest due.

On June 8, 2021, the District issued \$16,750,000 in Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2021. The bonds are due in annual principal and interest installments payable through 2051. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.375% to 4.0%. The bonds are secured by the revenues received by the District from the capital improvement-type special assessment. Proceeds from the bonds were used to acquire infrastructure from the developer, pay the cost of issuance, make a deposit into the debt service reserve account, and pay a portion of the interest due.

On June 17, 2022, the District issued \$7,370,000 in Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2022. The bonds are due in annual principal and interest installments payable through 2052. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 4.45% to 5.5%. The bonds are secured by the revenues received by the District from the capital improvement-type special assessment. Proceeds from the bonds were used to acquire infrastructure from the developer, pay the cost of issuance, make a deposit into the debt service reserve account, and pay a portion of the interest due.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Special Assessment Revenue Bonds
Payable at January 1, 2024	\$ 38,950,000
Issued Retired	(845,000)
Payable at December 31, 2024	38,105,000
Less: Bond Discount, Net Add: Bond Premium, Net	(74,149) 335,344
Net Bonds Payable at December 31, 2024	\$ 38,366,195
Due Within One Year	\$ 875,000

The annual requirements to maturity as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Special Assessment Revenue Bonds																
Year Ending Series 2019			19		Series 2021				Serie	)22		Total				
December 31,	F	rincipal		Interest	F	Principal Interest			Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest	
2025	\$	385,000	\$	632,069	\$	375,000	\$	544,862	\$	115,000	\$	380,693	\$	875,000	\$	1,557,624
2026		400,000		617,350		380,000		535,895		120,000		375,464		900,000		1,528,709
2027		415,000		602,069		395,000		525,705		125,000		370,013		935,000		1,497,787
2028		430,000		586,225		405,000		514,206		135,000		363,856		970,000		1,464,287
2029		445,000		569,819		415,000		502,418		140,000		356,981		1,000,000		1,429,218
2030 - 2034		2,525,000		2,563,081		2,280,000		2,315,637		820,000		1,667,363		5,625,000		6,546,081
2035 - 2039		3,100,000		1,985,938		2,670,000		1,923,600		1,070,000		1,418,781		6,840,000		5,328,319
2040 - 2044		3,835,000		1,251,141		3,155,000		1,436,500		1,400,000		1,087,471		8,390,000		3,775,112
2045 - 2049		3,735,000		335,671		3,840,000		749,200		1,850,000		644,875		9,425,000		1,729,746
2050 - 2052		-		-		1,765,000		71,300		1,380,000		116,600		3,145,000		187,900
Total	\$ ^	15,270,000	\$	9,143,363	\$	15,680,000	\$	9,119,323	\$	7,155,000	\$	6,782,097	\$	38,105,000	\$	25,044,783

#### Note 7. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the District carried insurance through various commercial carriers to cover all risks of loss. The District had no claims in any of the past two fiscal years.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# LAKESHORE VILLAGES MASTER COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

							ance with
	Bud	lget					al Budget vorable
	Original		Final		Actual	(Unf	avorable)
Revenues							
Special Assessments - Operations	\$ 1,392,657	\$	1,392,657	\$	1,393,407	\$	750
Developer Contribution	15,000		15,000		-		(15,000)
Interest Income	-		-		21,693		21,693
Total Revenues	 1,407,657		1,407,657		1,415,100		7,443
Expenditures Community Development							
Field Operations	1,210,369		1,210,369		1,063,485		146,884
General and Administrative	197,288		197,288		196,537		751
Total Expenditures	 1,407,657		1,407,657		1,260,022		147,635
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	_	155,078	\$	155,078
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					240,603		
Fund Balance, End of Year					395,681		

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# LAKESHORE VILLAGES MASTER COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

#### **Agency Head**

Desmond LeBlanc, Chairman

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$0
Benefits - Insurance	\$0
Benefits - Retirement	\$0
Benefits - Other	\$0
Car Allowance	\$0
Vehicle Provided by Government	\$0
Per Diem	\$1,050
Reimbursements	\$0
Travel	\$0
Registration Fees	\$0
Conference Travel	\$0
Continuing Professional Education Fees	\$0
Housing	\$0
Unvouchered Expenses	\$0
Special Meals	\$0





LOUISIANA • TEXAS LaPorte.com

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Supervisors of Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District Slidell, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2025.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Covington, LA June 24, 2025

#### LAKESHORE VILLAGES MASTER COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

#### Part I - Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of report the auditor's issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified?b. Significant deficiencies identified?None reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

#### Part II - Findings Related to the Financial Statements

None.

#### **Part III - Compliance and Other Matters**

None.

#### LAKESHORE VILLAGES MASTER COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

None.





LOUISIANA • TEXAS

LaPorte.com

#### AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District

Independent Accountant's Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

For the Period January 1, 2024 - December 31, 2024

To the Board of Supervisors of Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District's (the District) control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal year January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. Lakeshore Villages Master Community Development District's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The District has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal year January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. Additionally, the LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and results are as follows:

#### 10) Ethics

- A. Select 5 random employees/officials from the list of employees/officials and obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
  - Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
  - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

**Results:** No support was retained for the 5 board members selected in our sample. We were unable to verify the required training was completed during the calendar year. No other exceptions were found as a result of these procedures.

#### 14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials and obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1<sup>st</sup>, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
  - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
  - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency:
  - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
  - iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
  - v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

**Results:** No support was retained for the 5 board members selected in our sample. We were unable to verify the required training was completed during the calendar year or the required report was completed. No other exceptions were found as a result of these procedures.

We were engaged by the District to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing on those C/C areas identified in Louisiana Legislative Auditor's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Covington, LA June 24, 2025