Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Beryl Holmes, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Moreauville, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The other information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Judicial System Funding Schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the accounting procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Judicial System Funding Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The budgetary comparison schedules, the schedule of number of utility customers, the schedule of insurance in force, the comparative schedule of revenues and expenses – utility fund, the utility rates schedule, and the accounts receivable aging schedule have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 3, 2021, on our consideration of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana November 3, 2021 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 98,237	\$ 307,697	\$ 405,934
Due from other governmental units	26,310	54,142	80,452
Receivables, net	28,867	75,135	104,002
Accrued interest	411	1,581	1,992
Inventory	-	6,516	6,516
Prepaid items	28,410	14,705	43,115
Restricted assets:		,-	,
Cash and cash equivalents	-	129,776	129,776
Capital assets:		,	•
Nondepreciable	19,053	23,655	42,708
Depreciable capital assets, net	924,432	2,341,915	3,266,347
Total assets	_1,125,720	2,955,122	4,080,842
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and other payables	9,407	48,650	58,057
Customers deposits	-	129,776	129,776
Long-term liabilities:			
Capital lease obligations due within one year	-	37,347	37,347
Bonds payable due within one year	-	16,531	16,531
Capital lease obligations due in more than one year	-	162,469	162,469
Bonds payable due in more than one year		5,650	5,650
Total liabilities	9,407	400,423	409,830
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	943,485	2,143,573	3,087,058
Restricted for:	•	, ,	
Public safety and public works	31,469	-	31,469
Unrestricted net position	141,359	411,126	552,485
Total net position	\$1,116,313	\$ 2,554,699	\$3,671,012

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program Revenues		Net (I	Expense) Revenues a	ınd	
	•	Fees, Fines	Operating	Capital	Cha	Changes in Net Position	
		and Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government -							
Finance and administrative	\$ 162,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (162,420)	\$ -	\$ (162,420)
Public safety:							
Police	280,296	66,719	21,050	24,410	(168,117)	-	(168,117)
Fire	18,945	-	-	-	(18,945)	-	(18,945)
Recreation	34,674	8,500	-	-	(26,174)	-	(26,174)
Public works	56,752		5,416		(51,336)		(51,336)
Total governmental activities	553,087	<u>75,219</u>	26,466	24,410	(426,992)		(426,992)
Business-type activities:							
Gas and water	586,310	758,034	-	-	-	171,724	171,724
Sewer	181,875	131,777	-	53,042		2,944	2,944
Total business-type activities	768,185	889,811		53,042		174,668	174,668
Total	\$ 1,321,272	\$ 965,030	\$26,466	\$ 77,452	(426,992)	174,668	(252,324)
	General revenue	es:					
	Taxes -						
		es, levied for gener			23,065	-	23,065
		e taxes, levied for	general purposes		227,293	-	227,293
	Franchise taxe				44,283	-	44,283
	Licenses and p				51,052 54	2.215	51,052
	Miscellaneous	vestment earnings			23,718	2,315 14	2,369 23,732
	Transfers	i			58,830	(58,830)	23,132
		neral revenues			428,295	(56,501)	371,794
	Change i	in net position			1,303	118,167	119,470
	Net position-beg	ginning			1,115,010	2,436,532	3,551,542
	Net position - er	nding			\$ 1,116,313	\$ 2,554,699	\$ 3,671,012

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General	Sales Tax Fund	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 79,927	\$ -	\$ 79,927
Interest-bearing deposits	3,234	15,076	18,310
Receivables:			
Taxes	12,092	16,380	28,472
Due from other governmental agencies	26,310	-	26,310
Accrued interest	222	189	411
Other	395	-	395
Prepaid items	28,410		28,410
Total assets	\$ 150,590	\$ 31,645	\$ 182,235
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 9,231	<u>\$ 176</u>	\$ 9,407
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable- prepaid	28,410	-	28,410
Restricted for public safety and public works	-	31,469	31,469
Unassigned	112,949		112,949
Total fund balances	141,359	31,469	172,828
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 150,590	<u>\$ 31,645</u>	\$ 182,235

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 172,828
Capital assets, net	 943,485
Net position at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,116,313

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues:	General	Sales Tax Fund	Totals
Taxes	\$ 67,348	\$ 227,293	\$ 294,641
Licenses and permits	48,203	\$ 221,233	48,203
Intergovernmental	53,509	_	53,509
Fines and forfeits	66,719	_	66,719
Rental income	8,500	_	8,500
Miscellaneous	23,944	44	23,988
Total revenues	268,223	227,337	495,560
Total revenues			493,300
Expenditures:			
Current -			
General government	157,321	2,730	160,051
Public safety:			
Police	265,517	272	265,789
Fire	=	18,945	18,945
Recreation	15,865	-	15,865
Public works	23,393	-	23,393
Capital outlay	32,547		32,547
Total expenditures	494,643	21,947	516,590
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(226,420)	205,390	(21,030)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	304,467	-	304,467
Transfers out	(3,085)	(242,552)	(245,637)
Total other financing sources (uses)	301,382	(242,552)	58,830
Net changes in fund balances	74,962	(37,162)	37,800
Fund balances, beginning	66,397	68,631	135,028
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 141,359</u>	\$ 31,469	\$ 172,828

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total net changes in fund balance per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		\$ 37,800
Capital assets: Capital outlay Depreciation expense	32,547 (69,044)	 (36,497)
Total changes in net position per Statement of Activities		\$ 1.303

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Gas and		
	Water	Sewer	
	Utility	Utility	Totals
ASSETS			
Current asset:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 284,842	\$ 22,855	\$ 307,697
Receivables:			
Accounts, net	59,625	15,510	75,135
Accrued interest	1,581	-	1,581
Due from other governmental agencies	54,142	-	54,142
Inventory	6,516	-	6,516
Prepaid items	13,733	972	14,705
Total current assets	420,439	39,337	459,776
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets -			
Cash and cash equivalents	129,776	-	129,776
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	23,655	-	23,655
Depreciable capital assets, net	805,366	_1,536,549	2,341,915
Total noncurrent assets	958,797	1,536,549	2,495,346
Total assets	1,379,236	1,575,886	2,955,122
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities, payable from current assets:			
Accounts payable	43,289	5,361	48,650
Revenue bonds payable	-	16,531	16,531
Capital lease payable	37,347	_	37,347
Total current liabilities, payable from current assets	80,636	21,892	102,528
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Customers' deposits	129,776	-	129,776
Revenue bonds payable	-	5,650	5,650
Capital lease payable	162,469	-	162,469
Total noncurrent liabilities	292,245	5,650	297,895
Total liabilities	372,881	27,542	400,423
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	629,205	1,514,368	2,143,573
Unrestricted net position	377,150	33,976	411,126
Total net position	\$1,006,355	\$1,548,344	\$ 2,554,699
The accommension notes are an interval most of the hogic fine	maial statements		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements. 13

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Gas and				
	Water				
	<u>Utility</u>	Utility	Totals		
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services -					
Gas charges	\$ 484,609	\$ -	\$ 484,609		
Water service charges	245,143	-	245,143		
Sewer service charges	-	131,777	131,777		
Installation and other charges	28,282	38	28,282		
Total operating revenues	758,034	131,777	889,811		
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and related benefits	159,284	38,093	197,377		
Gas purchased	121,358	-	121,358		
Water purchased	116,861	-	116,861		
Supplies	38,178	7,690	45,868		
Maintenance and repairs	3,129	24,594	27,723		
Gas and oil	11,050	1,020	12,070		
Utilities and telephone	3,403	23,537	26,940		
Depreciation expense	60,549	82,207	142,756		
Other operating expenses	65,179	3,576	68,755		
Total operating expenses	578,991	180,717	759,708		
Operating income (loss)	179,043	(48,940)	130,103		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Grant revenues	53,042	-	53,042		
Interest income	2,315	-	2,315		
Miscellaneous revenues	-	14	14		
Interest expense	(7,319)	(1,158)	(8,477)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	48,038	(1,144)	46,894		
Income (loss) before transfers	227,081	(50,084)	176,997		
Transfers in (out):					
Transfers in	82,333	3,085	85,418		
Transfers out	(118,420)	(25,828)	(144,248)		
Transfers in (out)	(36,087)	(22,743)	(58,830)		
Change in net position	190,994	(72,827)	118,167		
Net position, beginning	815,361	1,621,171	2,436,532		
Net position, ending	\$1,006,355	\$ 1,548,344	\$ 2,554,699		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Gas and				
	Water Sewer					
	Utility		Utility			Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$	764,542	\$	130,818	\$	895,360
Payments to suppliers		(375,477)		(61,425)		(436,902)
Payments to employees		(159,284)		(38,093)		(197,377)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	229,781		31,300	_	261,081
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Transfers to other funds		(36,087)		(22,743)	_	(58,830)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Proceeds from grants		25,400		-		25,400
Interest and fiscal charges paid on revenue bonds and lease		(7,316)		(1,158)		(8,474)
Principal paid on bonds and lease		(36,124)		(15,923)		(52,047)
Capital purchases		(66,034)		-	_	(66,034)
Net cash used by capital and						
related financing activities		(84,074)		(17,081)		(101,155)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest received on interest-bearing deposits		2,315		18		2,333
Net increase (decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents		111,935		(8,506)		103,429
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	_	55,027		31,361		86,388
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	166,962	\$	22,855	\$	189,817

(continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Gas and Water Utility		Sewer Utility	Totals	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net		3 11113			
cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	179,043	\$ (48,940)	S 130,103	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)			, ,		
to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		60,549	82,207	142,756	
(Increase) decrease in assets:					
Accounts receivable		5,318	(959)	4,359	
Inventory		(1,576)	=	(1,576)	
Prepaid items		(857)	(61)	(918)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Accounts payable		(13,886)	(947)	(14,833)	
Customer deposits		1,190		1,190	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	229,781	\$ 31,300	<u>S 261,081</u>	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows to statement of net position:					
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -					
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	174,097	\$ 31,361	S 205,458	
Cash and cash equivalents- restricted		128,586	-	128,586	
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity					
in excess of 90 days		(247,656)	-	(247,656)	
Total cash and cash equivalents,					
beginning of period	····	55,027	31,361	86,388	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -					
		204 042	22.055	207.607	
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted		284,842	22,855	307,697	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		129,776	-	129,776	
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity					
in excess of 90 days	_	(247,656)		(247,656)	
Total cash and cash equivalents,					
end of period	»····	166,962	22,855	189,817	
Net increase (decrease)	<u>\$</u>	111,935	\$ (8,506)	S 103,429	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Village of Moreauville (hereinafter, "the Village") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Village of Moreauville was incorporated in 1904 under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

This report includes all funds which are controlled by or dependent on the Village executive and legislative branches (the Mayor and Board of Aldermen). Control by or dependence on the Village is determined based on budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the volunteer fire department, as a governmental organization, is not part of the Village and is thus excluded from the accompanying financial statements. This organization is staffed by volunteers and although the Village does provide some of its financing, no control is exercised over its operations. These financial statements include only expenditures incurred directly by the Village for fire protection and does not include operating expenditures paid with self-generated funds of the volunteer fire department.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements provide operational accountability information for the Village as an economic unit. The government-wide financial statements report the Village's ability to maintain service levels and continue to meet its obligations as they come due. The statements include all governmental activities and all business-type activities of the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The various funds of the Village are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on the fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Village are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

The Sales Tax Fund accounts for the proceeds of a 1 1/2% sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Proprietary Funds -

Proprietary funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is based upon the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Gas and Water Utility Fund and the Sewer Utility Fund comprise the Village's Enterprise Funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues, expenditures, expenses, and transfers — and assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources — are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recover), and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current of noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statements of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the statement of activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers of citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the statement of activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identifiable by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on long-term debt related to business activities, is reported in the statement of activities as direct expenses in the functions of Gas and Water and Sewer in the amount of \$7,319 and \$1,158, respectively.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash, cash equivalents and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and cash equivalents include all demand accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposits, and interest-bearing deposits of the Village.

For the purposes of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes and franchise fees. Business-type activities report

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

customers' utility service receivables as their major receivables. Uncollectible amounts due from customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the receivable is uncollectible. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end. No allowance for doubtful accounts is reported at June 30, 2021.

Interfund receivables and payables

During operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables."

Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Inventory

Purchases of various operating supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time purchased and are valued at cost. Inventory is adjusted at year-end. The first-in first-out method of inventory valuation is used.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the proprietary funds that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to the utility customer deposits.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at acquisition cost or estimated cost if acquisition is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to July 1, 2003,

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Lines and other system installations	10 - 50 years
Vehicles and movable equipment	5 - 25 years
Buildings	10 - 60 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The Village's long-term debt consists of revenue bonds payable and capital lease payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Village may accumulate up to a total of 20 days of vacation and sick time each year. Upon resignation or termination employees are not paid for any accumulated time.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenue until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position with constrains placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance reports aggregate amounts for five classifications based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- 1. Non-spendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Village's non-spendable fund balance includes prepaid items.
- Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because
 of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of
 constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors,
 or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- 3. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Village's Mayor and Board of Aldermen, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by board members.
- 4. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- 5. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Village considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance are available, the Village considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Village has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services.

It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Ad Valorem Revenues

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Village in October and are billed to taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on March 1 of the following year. The Village bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Avoyelles Parish. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Funds - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

F. Revenue Restrictions

The Village has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use
Sales tax	See Note 2
Gas, water and sewer revenue	Debt service, utility operations, other
	lawful corporate purposes

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds – Sales and Use Taxes

Proceeds of the 1% sales and use tax are dedicated to the following purposes:

- 1. Specifically, for the purpose of paying the cost of constructing sewers and sewerage disposal works and maintaining and operating the same; title to which shall be in the public.
- 2. Generally, for the constructing, re-surfacing, lighting and improving of public streets, sidewalks and bridges; constructing, purchasing, improving, maintaining and operating recreational facilities and equipment; and constructing, acquiring or improving lands, buildings, any work of permanent public improvement, including equipment and furnishing, therefore, title to which shall be in the public.

Proceeds of the 1/2% sales tax are dedicated to operating, maintaining, and purchasing of supplies for the police, fire, and street departments. The 1/2% sales tax is allocated 1/8% to police, 1/8% to fire, and 1/4% to streets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(3) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Village may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Village may invest in direct obligations of the United States government, bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issues or guaranteed by federal agencies and/or the United States government, and time certificates of deposit of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village's deposits may not be recovered, or the Village will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. The Village does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security, or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances of \$542,094 (bank balances) were fully secured by federal deposit insurance at June 30, 2021.

(4) Restricted Assets - Proprietary Fund Type

Restricted assets in the amount of \$129,776 consisted of customer deposit funds.

(5) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows:

	Beginn Balan		Additions Deletions	
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 19,</u>	053 \$ -		<u>\$ 19,053</u>
Other capital assets:				
Infrastructure	576,	845 -	-	576,845
Buildings	711,	875 -	-	711,875
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	223,	788 32,54	7	256,335
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	1,512,	508 32,54	7	1,545,055

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Infrastructure	131,538	35,366	-	166,904
Buildings	243,354	16,665	-	260,019
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	176,687	17,013		193,700
Total accumulated depreciation	551,579	69,044		620,623
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	960,929	(36,497)		924,432
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 979,982</u>	<u>\$ (36,497)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 943,485
Depreciation expense was charged	to governmental	activities as fo	ollows:	
General government				\$ 2,369
Police				14,507
Recreation				18,809
Streets				33,359
Total depreciation expense				\$ 69,044
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 22,614	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,614
Right of ways	1,041	-		1,041
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	23,655	_		23,655
Other capital assets:				
Gas and water system	2,292,122	-	-	2,292,122
Sewer system	4,022,915	-	-	4,022,915
Machinery and equipment	237,478	66,031	_	303,509
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	6,552,515	66,031	-	6,618,546

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Gas and water system	1,554,480	47,521	-	1,602,001
Sewer system	2,360,632	70,919	-	2,431,551
Machinery and equipment	218,763	24,316	-	243,079
Total accumulated depreciation	4,133,875	142,756	-	4,276,631
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	2,418,640	(76,725)		2,341,915
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,442,295</u>	<u>\$ (76,725)</u>	<u>S - </u>	<u>\$ 2,365,570</u>
Depreciation expense was charged t	o business-type	activities as fol	lows:	
Gas and water				\$ 60,549
Sewer				82,207

(6) <u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>

Total depreciation expense

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the Village:

	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending	Due in One Year
Business-Type Activities					
Direct borrowings/placements					
Revenue bonds	\$ 38,104	\$ -	\$ 15,923	\$ 22,181	\$16,531
Capital lease	235,940	-	36,124	<u> 199,816</u>	<u>37,347</u>
Total	\$ 274,044	\$ -	\$ 52,047	\$ 221,997	<u>\$53,878</u>

Debts outstanding at June 30, 2021 were comprised of the following:

The Village issued \$105,000 of Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, dated October 1, 2015, for the purpose of providing funding for constructing and acquiring improvements, extensions and replacements to the water works system, including rehabilitation of the sewer collection system and line replacement. The bonds require monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,423 due through October 2022 at an annual interest rate of 3.756%. The bonds are secured by the net utilities revenues of the enterprise fund and require the Village to set utility rates to provide net revenues of at least 125% of the largest amount of principal and interest falling due in any future year. Upon the event of a default the bond owners are entitled to exercise all rights and powers for which provision is made in the laws of the State of Louisiana which includes the apporintment of a receiver of the water works system in an appropriate judicial proceeding in a court of competent jurisdiction.

5 22,181

\$ 142,756

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The Village entered into a \$366,948 Lease Purchase Agreement on April 11, 2016 for the purchase and installation of radio read gas and water utility meters. Monthly installments of \$3,620 are due through June 2026 at an annual interest rate of 3.334%. In the event of a default the lessor may elect to cancel the agreement and require the Village to surrender possession of the property under lease. However, under no circumstances is the Village liable for any amount in excess of the sum appropriated for the previous and current fiscal years, less all amounts previously due and paid during the previous and current fiscal years from amounts so appropriated.

199,816 \$ 221,997

Total bond and lease payable

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Direct Placement Debt						
Year ending June 30,	Principal payments	Interest payments	Total				
2022 2023	\$ 16,531 5,650	\$ 550 44	\$ 17,081 5,694				
Total	\$ 22,181	<u>\$ 594</u>	<u>\$ 22,775</u>				

Capital lease is due as follows:

	Direct Borrowing Debt					
Year ending	Principal	Interest				
June 30,	payments	<u>payments</u>	Total			
2022	\$ 37,347	\$ 6,095	\$ 43,442			
2023	38,612	4,730	43,342			
2024	39,919	3,523	43,442			
2025	41,270	2,172	43,442			
2026	42,668	774	43,442			
Total	<u>\$ 199,816</u>	<u>\$ 17,294</u>	<u>\$ 217,110</u>			

Leased assets being depreciated consisted of water and gas meters with an original cost of \$386,121 and accumulated depreciation of \$69,502 as of June 30, 2021. Depreciation expense on equipment under capital lease was \$15,445.

(7) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Mayor

Total compensation, and other payments paid to Beryl Holmes, Mayor, consisted of compensation of \$9,800 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(8) Compensation of Village Officials

A detail of compensation paid to the Alderman is as follows:

Elected Official	Office_	_Term_	Salary	Term Expiration
Shannon Sampson	Alderman	4 years	\$ 4,200	December 31, 2022
Felix Benjamin	Alderman	4 years	4,200	December 31, 2022
Oscar Goody, Jr.	Alderman	4 years	4,200	December 31, 2022
			\$12,600	

(9) On-Behalf Payments

The State of Louisiana paid the Village's policemen \$21,050 of supplemental pay during the year ended June 30, 2021. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenues and public safety expenditures in the government-wide and General Fund financial statements.

(10) Interfund Transactions

Transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	
Governmental Funds:			
General fund	\$ 304,467	\$ 3,085	
Sales tax fund	-	242,552	
Total governmental funds	304,467	245,637	
Enterprise funds:			
Gas and water utility fund	82,333	118,420	
Sewer utility fund	3,085	25,828	
Total enterprise funds	85,418	144,248	
Total	\$ 389,885	\$ 389,885	

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(11) <u>Litigation and Claims</u>

At June 30, 2021, the Village is a defendant in pending litigation. While damages are alleged, the outcome of this litigation cannot be predicted with certainty. An uninsured judgement has been awarded against the Village; however, appropriations to pay this judgement have not been authorized by the Board of Aldermen.

(12) Risk Management

The Village is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

(13) New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The statement increases the usefulness of governmental financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized inflows and outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the lease. The statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The effect of implementation on the Village's financial statements has not been determined.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Variance with Final Budget
	 Budget				Positive
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 85,132	\$	79,604	\$ 67,348	\$ (12,256)
Licenses and permits	63,470		56,603	48,203	(8,400)
Intergovernmental	57,810		219,300	53,509	(165,791)
Fines and forfeits	41,031		64,000	66,719	2,719
Rental income	4,800		8,100	8,500	400
Miscellaneous	 13,979		20,670	 23,944	3,274
Total revenues	 266,222		448,277	 268,223	(180,054)
Expenditures:					
General government -					
Finance and administrative	218,766		205,685	157,321	48,364
Public safety -					
Police	226,883		208,196	265,517	(57,321)
Fire	5,500		-	-	-
Public works -					
Streets and sidewalks	40,387		1,046	23,393	(22,347)
Recreation	17,488		16,081	15,865	216
Capital outlay	 48,000		50,000	 32,547	17,453
Total expenditures	 557,024		481,008	 494,643	(13,635)
Deficiency of revenues					
over expenditures	 (290,802)		(32,731)	 (226,420)	(193,689)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (out) -					
Public Utility Fund	120,982		155,000	99,479	(55,521)
Sewer Fund	-		-	(3,085)	(3,085)
Sales Tax Fund	 169,820		194,038	 204,988	10,950
Transfers in (out)	 290,802		349,038	 301,382	(47,656)
Net change in fund balance	-		316,307	74,962	(241,345)
Fund balance, beginning	 66,397		66,397	 66,397	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 66,397	\$	382,704	\$ 141,359	<u>\$ (241,345)</u>

VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	O:	Original Final		Ac	tual	(Negative)			

Revenues:									
Taxes -									
Sales	\$	169,528	\$	229,228	\$ 22	27,293	\$	(1,935)	
Other		293		45		44		(1)	
Total revenues		169,821		229,273	22	27,337		(1,936)	
Expenditures:									
General government Public safety -		-		11,172		2,730		8,442	
Police		_		_		272		(272)	
Fire		_		19,895	18,945			950	
Total expenditures		_		31,067		21,947		9,120	
Excess of revenues									
over expenditures		169,821		198,206	20	05,390		7,184	
Other financing uses:									
Transfers out -									
General Fund		-		(194,038)	(20)4,988)		(10,950)	
Public Utility Fund		_			(37,564)			(37,564)	
Transfers out		-		(194,038)	(24	12,552)		(48,514)	
Net change in fund balance		169,821		4,168	(3	37,162)		(41,330)	
Fund balance, beginning		68,631		68,631		58,631			
Fund balance, ending	\$	238,452	\$	72,799	\$ 3	31,469	<u>\$</u>	(41,330)	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

(1) Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Village follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Mayor meets with the Board of Aldermen and Village Clerk to review the prior year revenue and expenditures as a basis for projecting the current fiscal year budget.
- 2. Anticipated changes from the prior year are considered and reflected in the projections.
- Once adopted, the budget is made available for public inspection and a budget summary is published in the Village's designated official journal.
- 4. The Village does not formally integrate its budget as a management tool.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Mayor and Board of Alderman. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriation.

(2) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The Village incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the General Fund.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER INFORMATION

General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Variance with

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bu	dget		Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 23,661	\$ 24,000	\$ 23,065	\$ (935)
Franchise -				
Electric	52,876	47,061	36,061	(11,000)
Telephone	1,804	3,501	3,001	(500)
Cable TV	6,791	5,042	5,221	179
Total taxes	85,132	79,604	67,348	(12,256)
Licenses and permits:				
Insurance licenses	33,225	31,723	31,723	-
Occupational licenses	17,510	13,480	16,480	3,000
Building permits	12,735	11,400		(11,400)
Total licenses and permits	63,470	56,603	48,203	(8,400)
Intergovernmental:				
Federal grants -				
American Rescue Act	-	161,000	-	(161,000)
USDA	50,000	50,000	24,410	(25,590)
State of Louisiana -				
Beer taxes	2,610	3,100	2,849	(251)
Supplemental pay	-	-	21,050	21,050
Department of Transportation -				
Grass cutting	5,200	5,200	5,200	_
Total intergovernmental	57,810	219,300	53,509	(165,791)
Fines and forfeits:				
Fines and court costs	41,031	64,000	66,719	2,719
Recreation:				
Rental income	4,800	8,100	8,500	400
Miscellaneous:				
Interest	11	-	10	10
Casino funds	500	763	2,663	1,900
Street light income	-	-	5,416	5,416
Other sources	13,468	<u>19,907</u>	15,855	(4,052)
Total miscellaneous	13,979	20,670	23,944	3,274
Total revenues	\$ 266,222 38	<u>\$ 448,277</u>	\$ 268,223	\$ (180,054)

VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget
	Buc	lget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
General government:	•	-	-	
Administration:				
Salaries	\$ 112,395	\$ 95,291	\$ 96,261	\$ (970)
Payroll taxes	17,334	22,103	7,525	14,578
Insurance	14,298	28,971	9,011	19,960
Legal and professional fees	7,056	24,348	24,304	44
Benefits	24,153	11,306	1,924	9,382
Other	43,530	23,666	18,296	5,370
Total general government	218,766	205,685	157,321	48,364
Public safety -				
Police:				
Salaries	158,522	180,827	201,700	(20,873)
Payroll taxes	-	-	14,547	(14,547)
Supplemental pay	5,000	-	-	-
Automobile expense	11,316	11,930	11,244	686
Insurance	28,000	-	17,541	(17,541)
Benefits	-	-	4,403	(4,403)
Supplies and equipment	1,544	5,937	5,674	263
Other	22,501	9,502	10,408	(906)
Total police	226,883	208,196	265,517	(57,321)
Fire:				
Insurance	5,500	_	_	-
Recreation -				
Tennis courts and park:				
Materials and supplies	1,000	2,157	160	1,997
Community center:				
Insurance	5,600	-	997	(997)
Other	10,888	13,924	14,708	(784)
Total community center	16,488	13,924	15,705	(1,781)
Total recreation	17,488	<u>16,081</u>	15,865	216
	39			(continued)

VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	D	. d a		Variance with Final Budget
		ıdget		Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Streets and sidewalks -				
Street lights and power	29,502	-	20,913	(20,913)
Maintenance	10,357	1,046	2,480	(1,434)
Animal control	528			
Total streets and sidewalks	40,387	1,046	23,393	(22,347)
Capital outlay:				
Police department	40,000	50,000	32,547	17,453
Streets and sidewalks	8,000		_	_
Total capital outlay	48,000	50,000	32,547	17,453
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 557,024</u>	\$ 481,008	<u>\$ 494,643</u>	\$ (13,635)

VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE

Moreauville, Louisiana

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by ACT 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session General Fund Cash Basis Presentation Year Ended June 30, 2021

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2020	Second Six Month Period Ended 06/30/2021
Beginning balance of amounts collected	<u>\$</u>	\$ -
Add: Collections		
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	38,320	28,400
Total collections	38,320	28,400
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Nonprofits		
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement -		
Crime Victims Reparation Fund/POST LE Training Louisiana Supreme Court -	152	1,512
Case Management Information System	24	252
Louisiana Dept. of Health -		
Traumatic Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund	80	420
Central Louisiana Juvenile Detention Center	120	1,298
Less: Amounts retained by collecting agency		
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	37,944	24,918
Total disbursements	38,320	28,400
Total ending balance of amounts collected		
but not disbursed/retained	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Schedule of Number of Utility Customers Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

Records maintained by the Village indicated the following number of customers were being serviced during the month of June, 2021 and 2020:

Department	2021	2020
Water and Gas:	-	
Commercial	28	39
Residential	1,478	<u>1,465</u>
Total	1,506	1,504
Sewerage:		
Commercial	10	19
Residential	<u>470</u>	459
Total	480	478

Schedule of Insurance In Force June 30, 2021

				Policy	Expiration
Description of Coverage	Asset Covered	Amount of Coverage	Insurance Company	Number	Date
Workers' Compensation	Employees	\$100,000 each accident, \$100,000 each employee \$500,000 policy limit	1st Insurance	155500-S	4/1/2022
Property Policy	Community Center City Hall 125,000 G Water Tower 50,000 G Water Tower Building at Towers Building at Sewer Plant	\$350,000/\$50,000 \$350,000/\$50,000 \$350,000 \$150,000 \$50,000 \$100,000	1st Insurance	PEN0005129-00	4/1/2022 4/1/2022
General Liability	N/A	\$500,000 occurrence \$1,000,000 General Aggregate	1st Insurance	PEN0005129-00	4/1/2022
Physical Damage	Vehicles	\$500,000	1st Insurance	PEN0005129-00	4/1/2022
Inland Marine	Contractor's Equipment Water & Gas Meters	\$164,572 \$366,949	1st Insurance	PEN0005129-00	4/1/2022
Bond Insurance	Various Employees	\$50,000	CNA Surety	601-18198437	3/31/2022

VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund - Utility Fund

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Operating revenues:		
Gas sales	\$ 484,609	\$ 419,187
Water sales	245,143	224,207
Sewerage sales	131,777	108,783
Installation and other charges	28,282	28,512
Total operating revenues	889,811	780,689
Operating expenses:		
Gas purchased	121,358	100,427
Water purchased	116,861	115,587
Salaries and related benefits	197,377	172,392
Depreciation	142,756	150,879
Maintenance and repairs	27,723	43,633
Supplies	45,868	57,444
Insurance	28,053	32,929
Truck and tractor expenses	4,161	1,490
Office expense	5,857	10,644
Legal and professional	17,460	20,690
Utilities and telephone	26,940	28,351
Testing and sludge removal	8,608	8,920
Gas and oil	12,070	14,731
Miscellaneous	4,616	3,546
Total operating expenses	759,708	761,663
Net operating income (loss)	<u>\$130,103</u>	\$ 19,026

VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Utility Rate Schedule June 30, 2021

Records maintained by the Village indicated utility rates as follows:

Water, Sewerage, and Gas Department	Rate per Unit	Flat Rate	Minimum Charge
Water rates	\$4.50 per thousand gallons after 2,000 gallons	-	\$15.50 up to 2,000 gallons
Sewer rates	\$3.00 per thousand gallons	-	\$5.00 base fees
Gas rates - in town	.01316 per unit of mcf after 1,000 mcf	\$ 7.00	\$.00716 per 1,000 mcf
Gas rates - out of town	.01336 per unit of mcf after 1,000 mcf	\$ 8.00	\$.00716 per 1,000 mcf

VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Accounts Receivable Aging Schedule June 30, 2021

Records maintained by the Village indicated accounts receivables aging as follows:

Department		2021
Water, Sewerage and Gas:		
Current	\$	53,346
30 to 60 days		21,789
61 to 90 days		-
Over 90 days		
Total	\$	75,135

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

OFFICES

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Beryl Holmes, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Moreauville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 1, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2021-001 and 2021-002, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2021-003.

Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's Response to Findings

The Village's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Village's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana November 3, 2021

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

Part I: Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2021-001 <u>Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions</u>

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Village of Moreauville did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: AU-C §315.04, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process, affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations."

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Village does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village concurs with the audit finding. Due to the size of staffing, the achievement of adequate segregation of duties is desirable, but cost prohibitive. All efforts are made to segregate duties where feasible. In an effort to establish more sound controls the Board of Aldermen monitors activity and account balances in all funds.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

2021-002 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2007

CONDITION: Management and staff lack the expertise and/or experience in the selection and application of generally accepted accounting principle, as applicable to governmental entities in the financial statement preparation process.

CRITERIA: The Village's internal control over financial reporting includes policies and procedures that pertain to its ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in the financial statements, including the ability of management and staff to detect potential misstatements that may exist in the financial statements and related disclosures.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition results from a reliance on the external auditor as part of the internal control process.

EFFECT: Financial statements and related supporting transactions may reflect a departure from generally accepted accounting principles.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: We evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing enhanced controls over financial reporting and determined that it would not be cost effective to enhance these controls. Currently, our financial staff receives annual training related to their job duties and we carefully review the financial statements, related notes, and all proposed adjustments. All questions are adequately addressed by our auditors which allows us to appropriately supervise these functions. We feel that we have taken appropriate steps to reduce the financial statement risk caused by this finding.

B. Compliance

2021-003 Budget noncompliance

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2020

CONDITION: Actual revenues failed to meet budgeted revenues by more than 5% in the General Fund.

CRITERIA: Louisiana State Statue RS 39:1311 Budgetary Authority and Control, provides for budget amendments when:

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

"(1) Total revenues and other sources plus projected revenues and other sources for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are failing to meet total budgeted revenues and other sources by 5% or more."

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the result of a failure to design or implement policies and procedures necessary to monitor revenues in the General Fund.

EFFECT: The Village may not prevent and/or detect compliance violations as a result of actual revenues failing to meet budgeted revenues in the General Fund in a timely manner.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should periodically compare actual revenues to budgeted revenues in the General Fund to identify the need for budget amendments in a timelier manner.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: Management has agreed to adhere to the provisions of LSA-RS: 39:1911 et seq by monitoring financial statements closely and amending the budget in the event that actual plus projected revenues fail to meet budgeted revenues by 5% or more.

Part II: Prior Year Findings:

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2020-001 Inadequate Segregation of Functions

CONDITION: The Village of Moreauville did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-001.

2020-002 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

CONDITION: The Village of Moreauville does not have adequate internal controls over recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-002.

B. Compliance

2020-003 Budget noncompliance

CONDITION: Actual expenditures in the Sales Tax fund exceed budgeted expenditures by more than five percent.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should periodically compare actual expenditures to budgeted expenditures in the Sales Tax Fund to identify the need for budget amendments in a timelier manner.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-003.