Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2021



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December 8, 2021

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Lecompte, Louisiana

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lecompte as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, eash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the information listed below to supplement the basic financial statements.

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Budgetary Comparison Information
- Schedule of Net Pension Liability Data
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Lecompte's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information listed below is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

- Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Major Governmental Funds
- Schedule of Per Diem Paid to Board Members
- Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer
- Justice System Funding Schedule Collecting/Disbursing Entity

The Other Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARD

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2021 on our consideration of the Town of Lecompte's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Lecompte's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Regier, Mc Lay + Willi

ROZIER, McKAY & WILLIS Certified Public Accountants



December 8, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Mayor and the Board of Aldermen Town of Lecompte, Louisiana

We were engaged to audit, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lecompte, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Lecompte's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2021.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In connection with our engagement to audit the financial statements, we considered the Town of Lecompte's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lecompte's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Lecompte's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed four instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2021-001, 2021-002, 2021-003, and 2021-004.



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TOWN OF LECOMPTE'S RESPONSE TO FINDINGS

The Town of Lecompte's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying managements' corrective action plan described in the table of contents. The response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Regier, Mc Lay + Willi

ROZIER, McKAY & WILLIS Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

This section of the Town of Lecompte's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. These two types of financial statements present the Town's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

Government – Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These report all revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Furthermore, the government-wide statements include all of the Town's assets (including infrastructure acquired after July 1, 1980) and all of the Town's liabilities (including long-term debt).

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories, which are described as follows:

- **Governmental Activities** Expenses incurred in connection with providing basic services including public safety, culture, recreation, public works and general administration are reported as governmental activities. The governmental activities are financed by taxes, license and permit fees, fines and forfeitures, and intergovernmental sources.
- **Business-Type Activities** Expenses associated with providing utility and sanitation services are recovered through fees paid by the customers that utilize these services. These activities are operated in a manner similar to commercial enterprises. Accordingly, activities associated with these services are reported as business type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information regarding the Town's most significant activities and are not intended to provide information for the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that are used to account for specific sources of funds. The Town has two types of funds that are described as follows:

- **Governmental Funds** These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions that are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund uses a modified accrual basis of accounting that provides a short-term view of the Town's finances. Assets reported by governmental funds are limited to amounts that are available for current needs. In addition, liabilities are limited to amounts that are expected to be paid from currently available assets.
- **Proprietary Fund** These funds are used to account for activities that function in a manner similar to commercial enterprises, including activities associated with the Town's utility services. Proprietary fund financial statements typically provide a more detailed presentation of the information reported in the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

Financial Analysis of the Town as a Whole

A comparative analysis of government-wide financial data is presented as follows:

Net Position

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Net Position is presented as follows:

	For the Ye	For the		
	Govern- mental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Year Ended June 30, 2020
Assets:				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 388,676	\$ 233,354	\$ 622,030	\$ 747,798
Internal Balances	(304,819)	304,819		
Capital Assets	1,953,838	3,314,592	5,268,430	4,876,604
Total Assets	2,037,695	3,852,765	5,890,460	5,624,402
Deferred Outflow of Resources	57,110		57,110	85,329
Liabilities:				
Current and Other Liabilities	111,126	7,220	118,346	487,154
Long-term Liabilities	257,818	717,990	975,808	1,036,156
Total Liabilities	368,944	725,210	1,094,154	1,523,310
Deferred Inflow of Resources	61,776		61,776	113,464
Net Position:				
Invested in Capital Assets (Net)	1,871,703	2,596,602	4,468,305	4,052,657
Restricted		530,953	530,953	681,856
Unrestricted	(207,618)		(207,618)	(661,556)
Total Net Position	\$1,664,085	\$ 3,127,555	\$ 4,791,640	\$ 4,072,957

As the presentation appearing above demonstrates, the majority of the Town's net position is invested in capital assets. Net position invested in capital assets consists of land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure less any debt used to acquire the assets that remain outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens: consequently, these amounts are not available for future spending.

The Town's remaining net position is composed of restricted assets. These assets are unavailable for general expenses, as they must be used for their intended purposes.

Recognizing long-term liabilities associated with providing retirement benefits to the Town's employees has eliminated the Towns' remaining unrestricted net position. Despite the absence of unrestricted net position, the Town has sufficient resources to meet these obligations for the foreseeable future.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

Changes in Net Position

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Changes in Net Position is presented as follows:

	For the Yes Govern- mental Activities	ar Ended June Business- Type Activities	30, 2021 Total	For the Year Ended June 30, 2020
<u>Revenues:</u>				
Program Revenue:				
Charges for Services	S 291,843	\$ 202,362	\$ 494,205	\$ 774,137
Operating Grants and				
Contributions	7,183		7,183	7,000
Capital Grants and				
Contributions				
General Revenue:				
Property Taxes	37,835		37,835	35,940
Sales Taxes	644,965		644,965	507,244
Franchise Fees	62,499		62,499	64,069
Occupational Licenses	77,856		77,856	67,494
Intergovernmental	554,532		554,532	
Other	16,823		16,823	20,545
Total Revenue	1,693,536	202,362	1,895,898	1,476,429
Program Expenses:				
General Government	264,782		264,782	303,096
Sanitation	86,203		86,203	85,069
Public Safety	408,277		408,277	436,644
Public Works	146,153		146,153	233,765
Culture and Recreation	56,568		56,568	90,681
Utility Service	2,819	193,715	196,534	189,293
Other	3,276	15,422	18,698	19,538
Total Expenses	968,078	209,137	1,177,215	1,358,086
Increase in Net Position Before				
Transfers	725,458	(6,775)	718,683	118,343
Transfers	100,000	(100,000)		
Changes in Net Position	825,458	(106,775)	718,683	118,343
Net Position Beginning	838,627	3,234,330	4,072,957	3,954,614
Net Position Ending	\$ 1,664,085	\$ 3,127,555	\$ 4,791,640	\$ 4,072,957

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$825,458. The increase is mainly attributable to an increase in reimbursements from the Rapides Parish Police Jury for maintaining streets and roadways within the Town's corporate limits.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$106,775, due primarily to an increase in a one-time transfer of monies from the Sewer Maintenance Fund to the General Fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

An analysis of significant matters affecting the Town's funds is presented as follows:

- The Town's governmental funds reported a combined fund deficit of \$26,706 which represents an increase of \$324.952 in comparison to the previous balance. The increase is primarily due to an increase in reimbursements from the Rapides Parish Police Jury for maintaining streets and roadways, but is offset by an increase in payroll related expenditures.
- The Town's general fund, which is available for spending at the Town's discretion, reported a fund deficit of \$138,022. The general fund balance increased by \$181,434 due to a decrease in expenditures across several departments.
- Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Town's individual funds are identical to the business-type activities reported in the government-wide presentation.

GENERAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

The Town's general fund and special revenue funds are required to adopt an annual budget and the budgets are amended as necessary. Some revisions to the original budgets were made to address revenues and related expenditures that were not anticipated when the original budget was prepared.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

Capital Asset activity in the current year consisted of the purchase of new equipment for the street department, completion of the Virginia Street Bridge Repair project, and starting construction on the West Sugar Street project.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Town continued payments on the Town's Series 2010 bonds and the Town's Sewer Revenue Bonds.

FACTORS EXPECTED TO AFFECT FUTURE OPERATIONS

At the present time, no events or conditions have been identified that are expected to have a significant influence on future operations.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

	Governmental B Activities			ness-Type ctivities	 Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	272,529	\$	-	\$ 272,529
Receivables (net)		116,147		34,299	150,446
Restricted asset					
Cash		-		199,055	199,055
Internal balances		(304,819)		304,819	-
Capital assets					
Land		8,738		-	8,738
Construction in Process		204,882		-	204,882
Depreciable capital assets, net		1,740,218		3,314,592	5,054,810
Total assets		2,037,695		3,852,765	 5,890,460
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension funding deferrals		57,110		-	 57,110
LIABILITIES					
Accounts and other payables		110,563		7,220	117,783
Accrued interest		563		-	563
Long-term liabilities					
Net Pension Liability		161,157		-	161,157
Long-term Debt					
Compensated Absences		14,526		-	14,526
Due within one year		24,182		14,524	38,706
Due in more than one year		57,953		703,466	761,419
Total liabilities		368,944		725,210	 1,094,154
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension funding deferrals		61,776		-	 61,776
NET POSITION					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,871,703		2,596,602	4,468,305
Restricted:					
Sewer System Operations		-		530,953	530,953
Other purposes		-		-	-
Unrestricted		(207,618)		-	 (207,618)
Total net position	\$	1,664,085	\$	3,127,555	\$ 4,791,640

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2021

				P								
					Operating Capital		-	~	Net			
	-			harges for				Grants and		frants &		Expenses)
	ŀ	xpenses	******	Services	Cor	ntributions	Cor	ntributions		Revenue		
Governmental Activities:												
General Government	\$	264,782	S	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(264,782)		
Sanitation		86,203		58,721		-		-		(27,482)		
Public Safety		408,277		206,868		7,183		-		(194,226)		
Public Works		146,153		26,254		-		-		(119,899)		
Culture & Recreation		56,568		-		-		-		(56,568)		
Other Expenditures		2,819		-		-				(2,819)		
Interest on Long-Term Debt		3,276		-		_		-		(3,276)		
Total Governmental Activities		968,078		291,843		7,183		-		(669,052)		
Business-Type Activities:												
Sewer Sytem		193,715		202,362		-		-		8,647		
Interest On Long-Term Debt		15,422		-				-		(15,422)		
Total Business-Type Activities		209,137		202,362		_		-		(6,775)		
Total	\$	1,177,215	<u>s</u>	494,205	\$	7,183	<u>S</u>	-	\$	(675,827)		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Net (Expense) Revenue (Continued			
From Previous Page)	<u>\$ (669,052)</u>	<u>\$ (6.775)</u> <u>\$</u>	(675,827)
General Revenues:			
Taxes:			
Ad Valorem	37,835	-	37,835
Sales	644,965	-	644,965
Licenses & Permits			
Franchise Fees	62,499	-	62,499
Occupational Licenses	77,856	-	77,856
Intergovernmental	554,532	-	554,532
Other	16,823	-	16,823
Special Items	-		-
Transfers	100,000	(100,000)	
Total General Revenues, Special Items and Transfers	1,494,510	(100,000)	1,394,510
Change in Net Position	825,458	(106,775)	718,683
Net Position Beginning	838,627	3,234,330	4,072,957
Net Position Ending	<u>\$ 1,664,085</u>	<u>\$ 3,127,555</u> <u>S</u>	4,791,640

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - June 30, 2021

Assets	General One Cent Fund Sales Tax		H	alf-Cent Fund		Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	110,653	S	67,070	\$	87,459	\$	7,347	\$	272,529
Receivables (net)		92,698		15,634		7,815		-		116,147
Interfund Receivables		80,478		-		26,382		15,221		122,081
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	283,829	<u>s</u>	82,704	\$	121,656	<u>\$</u>	22,568	\$	510,757
Liabilities and Fund Balance										
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable		94,874		7,191		712		7,786		110,563
Interfund Payables		326,977		42,796		-		57,127		426,900
Total liabilities		421,851		49,987		712		64,913		537,463
Fund Balance										
Restricted For:										
Other Special Purposes		-		-		120,944		(42,345)		78,599
Unassigned	(138,022)		32,717		-				(105,305)
Total Fund Balances	(138,022)		32,717		120,944		(42,345)		(26,706)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u></u>	283,829	<u>s</u>	82,704	\$	121,656	<u>\$</u>	22,568	<u>\$</u>	510,757

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental <u>Activities on the Statement of Net Position</u>

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (26,706)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are excluded from the	
Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	(258,381)
Deferred inflows of resources that do not meet criteria for inclusion in	
the Govenrmental Fund Balance Sheet	(61,776)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,953,838
Deferred outflows of resources that do not meet criteria for inclusion in	
the Govenrmental Fund Balance Sheet	 57.110
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,664,085

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund				Half Cent Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Ad Valorem	S	37,835	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	\$	37,835
Sales	33	33,204		207,804		103,957		-		644,965
Licenses & Permits:		-		-		-		-		-
Franchise Fees	(52,499		-		-		-		62,499
Occupational Licenses	,	77,856		-		-		-		77,856
Intergovernmental	59	90,507		12,880		-		-		603,387
Sanitation		58,721				-		-		58,721
Fines and Forfeitures	20	06,868		-		-		-		206,868
Operating Grants		-				-				-
Other		1,125		9		-		291		1,425
Total Revenues	1,30	58,615		220,693		103,957		291		1,693,556
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General Government										
General and Administrative	20	57,779		-		-		-		267,779
Sanitation		-		86,203		-		-		86,203
Public Safety	3´	73,004		31,653		-		-		404,657
Public Works		-		-		-		-		
Street Maintenance	10	09,084		-		-		-		109,084
Recreation Department		1,364		-		47,847		-		49,211
Other Expenditures		-		2,839		-		1		2,840
Capital Expenditures	53	35,950		-		-		-		535,950
Debt Service		-		-		-		12,880		12,880
Total Expenditures	1,28	87,181		120,695		47,847		12,881		1,468,604
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	5	81,434		99,998		56,110	((12,590)		224,952

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	One Cent Sales Tax	Half Cent Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over Expenditures	81,434	99,998	56,110	(12,590)	224,952
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds From Long-Term Debt	-	-		-	-
Operating Transfers In	100,000	-		12,880	112,880
Operating Transfers Out	-	(12,880)	-		(12,880)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other					
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	181,434	87,118	56,110	290	324,952
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning	(319,456)	(54,401)	64,834	(42,635)	(351,658)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	<u>\$ (138.022)</u>	\$ 32,717	<u>\$ 120,944</u>	<u>\$ (42,345)</u>	<u>\$ (26,706)</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the <u>Statement of Activities</u>

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 324,952
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	
activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The effect of	
capital expenditures, depreciation, and loss on disposals are presented as follows:	
Capital Expenditures	535,950
Depreciation	(104,479)
Loss on disposals	-
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use	
of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as	
expenditures by governmental funds.	(157)
Governmental funds report pension expense based on contributions required for	
the current year; however, pension expense reported on the government wide	
basis is influenced by actuarial considerations.	59,588
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but	
the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	 9,604
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 825,458

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds - June 30, 2021

	Sewer
	System
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Receivables (net)	\$ 34,299
Interfund receivables	304,819
Total current assets	339,118
Restricted Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	199,055
Noncurrent Assets:	
Construction in process	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	3,314,592
Total assets	3,852,765
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	7,220
Current portion of long-term debt	14,524
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Long-term debt	703,466
Total liabilities	725,210
NET POSITION:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,596.602
Restricted for Sewer Operations	530,953
Total net position	\$ 3,127.555

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds - June 30, 2021

	Sewer
	System
Operating Revenues:	
Service Fees	202,362
Other Income	<u>S</u>
Total Operating Revenues	202,362
Operating Expenses:	
Legal and Professional	5,080
Outside Services	4,031
Repairs & Maintenance	92,327
Supplies & Chemicals	8,961
Utilities	43,671
Depreciation	39,645
Total Operating Expenses	193,715
Operating Income (Loss)	8,647
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):	
Interest Revenue	
Interest Expense	(15,422)
Change in Net Position Before	
Contributions and Transfers	(6,775)
Contributions and Transfers:	
Operating Transfers In	(100,000)
Change in Net Position	(106,775)
Total Net Position Beginning	3,234,330
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>S 3,127,555</u>

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Sewer
	System
Cash flow from operating activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 204,342
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	(153,008)
Cash payments to employees for services	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	51,334
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
Change in interfund balances	(21,313)
Transfers	(100,000)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital	
financing activities	(121,313)
Cash flows from capital and related	
financing activities:	
Capital expenditures	-
Principle paid on revenue bonds	(14,220)
Interest paid on debt instruments	(15,422)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and	
related financing activities	(29,642)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest and other income	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(99,621)
Beginning cash balance	298,676
Ending cash balance	199,055
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	199,055
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2021

	;	Sewer
		system
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)		
to net cash provided (used) by operating		
<u>activities</u>		
Operating income (loss)	\$	8,647
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		39,645
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		1,980
(Decrease) increase in accounts and other		
payables		1,062
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	51,334

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

During the year ended June 30, 2021 there were no operating, financing, or investing activities that did not result in cash receipts.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Lecompte was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town is governed by a Mayor and a Board of Alderman consisting of five (5) members. Services provided by the Town include police protection, fire protection, street maintenance, recreation and sanitation. The Town also operates a sewer system.

The accompanying policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units.

Financial Reporting Entity

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes, the Town is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the Town), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards establish criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town of Lecompte for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. The criteria include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a) The ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b) The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- 2. Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the criteria presented above, the Town has no component units.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities, which are described as follows:

- Governmental activities involve government services that are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-type activities rely on fees and charges for support and operate in a manner similar to private sector enterprises.

The government-wide and fund financial statements present the Town's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Town as a whole. The effect of most interfund activity is eliminated from these financial statements. Furthermore, government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary activities which are reported in the fund financial statements.

Program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities consist of amounts that are directly associated with a governmental service or business-type activity. Program revenues include charges for services, fines, court cost, contributions associated with a particular function and most grants.

Fund Financial Statements

Funds are separate accounting entities that are designed to assist with demonstrating legal compliance and segregating transactions by activity. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and business-type (enterprise) funds. In addition, separate financial statements are presented for any fiduciary activities. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Town's major funds are described as follows:

<u> Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is the primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>One Cent Sales Tax Fund</u> – The One Cent Sales Tax is a special revenue fund designed to receive a portion of sales tax in order to fund the expenses of the fire department and pay for garbage disposal.

<u>Half-Cent Fund</u> – The Half-Cent Fund is a special revenue fund dedicated and used for improving, operating and maintaining the Lecompte Community Center (formerly the old Lecompte School).

Major Business-Type Funds

<u>Sewer Maintenance Fund</u> – The Sewer Maintenance Fund is used to account for the operation of the Town's sewer system, which is supported by user charges.

Business-Type funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with the funds ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sewer service and sanitation.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The basis of accounting and measurement focus used for various financial statement presentations are described as follows:

Financial Statement Presentation	Basis of Accounting	Measurement Focus
Government-Wide Financial Statements	Accrual Basis	Economic Resources
Fund Financial Statements:		
Governmental Funds	Modified Accrual Basis	Current Financial Resources
Proprietary Funds	Accrual Basis	Economic Resources
Fiduciary Funds	Accrual Basis	No Measurement Focus

Under the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus revenue is recognized when it is considered measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within 60 days of year end. In addition, expenses are generally recorded when a liability has been incurred: however, debt service, compensated absences, claims and judgments are recorded as expenses when payment is made. Furthermore, when the current financial resources measurement focus is used, amounts recorded as assets exclude capital assets and the acquisition of capital assets is treated as an expenditure of funds. In addition, long-term debts are excluded from amounts reported as liabilities. Proceeds from issuing long-term debt are reported as an other-financing source and repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure of funds.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent resources that must be expended in a specific manner. Restrictions of this nature are imposed by various contractual obligations including grant agreements and bond covenants. Whenever restricted assets can be used to satisfy an obligation, the restricted assets are typically consumed before utilizing any unrestricted resources.

Budget Practices

Budgets including any amendments are prepared in the manner prescribed by Louisiana revised statutes. Town budgets present revenue and expenditures on a basis which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgets are adopted annually for the general fund and each special revenue fund. The remaining funds are not required to adopt budgets.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure, are reported as assets in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Assets reported in the fund financial statements for governmental funds exclude capital assets. Instead, the governmental funds report the acquisition of capital assets as expenditures rather than asset acquisitions.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value when received by the Town.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method and estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 50 years. Useful lives are selected depending on the expected durability of the particular asset.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents (restricted and unrestricted) include all cash on hand, cash in bank accounts, certificates of deposit and highly liquid investments. Credit risk associated with bank deposits is limited by requiring fiscal agent banks to pledge securities as required by State Law. Furthermore, interest rate risk associated with certificates of deposits is typically mitigated by purchasing instruments that mature in one year or less.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Internal Activity

Resources belonging to particular funds are commonly shared with other funds that need access to additional resources. When resources are provided without expectation of repayment, the transaction is reported as a transfer. Transfers are treated as a source of income by the recipient and as an expense or expenditure by the provider. If repayment is eventually expected to occur, interfund receivables and payables are recorded.

In preparing the government-wide financial statements, transfers are eliminated to present net transfers for governmental activities and business-type activities. In addition, interfund receivables and payables are eliminated to present a net internal balance for each type of activity.

Compensated Absences

Full time and regular part-time employees earn vacation at rates that vary depending on length of service. Unused vacation that employees are allowed to carry forward is reported as a liability. The portion of the liability for compensated absences attributable to governmental funds and activities is typically liquidated by the general fund.

Fund Balance Classification

Approval of the majority of the Board of Aldermen is required to approve the commitment of fund balances. In situations where it is permissible to spend restricted or committed resources, the Town typically depletes the available restricted or committed resources before consuming unrestricted resources.

NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable for the year ended June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities		ess-Type ivities	ſ	otal
Accounts Receivable			 ,		
Charges for Services	\$	9,725	\$ 34,299	\$	44,024
Franchise Taxes		12,644			12,644
Other					
Total Accounts Receivable		22,369	34,299		56,668
<u>Due From Other Governmental Units</u> Grant Reimbursements Sales Taxes and OLT		40,595 53,183			40,595 53,183
Total Due From Other Governments		93,778			93,778
Total Receivables Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		116,147	 34,299		150,446
Receivables (Net)	S	116,147	\$ 34,299	\$	150,446

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2021, cash and cash equivalents included the following amounts:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Cash Deposited in Banks Petty Cash	\$ 272,329 200	\$ 199,055	S 471,384 200
Total Cash	272,529	199,055	471,584
Restricted Cash		199,055	199,055
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 272,529	\$	\$ 272,529

Cash deposited in banks is stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2021, the Town had \$ 471,384 in deposits (\$504,644 collected bank balance). These deposits are secured from risk by \$345,116 of federal deposit insurance and \$303,089 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank.

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized, State law imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Bank overdrafts are presented as current liabilities on the balance sheet.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Debt attributable to the acquisition of the Town's utility system and the operation of the utility system is reported as an obligation of the Town's business-type enterprise funds. Remaining debts are reported as governmental activities. The Town's debts are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		******	Total
Certificates of Indebtedness	\$	82,135	S		\$	82,135
Capital Leases						
Revenue Bonds				717,990		717,990
Total Obligations		82,135		717,990		800,125
Due Within One Year		24,182		14,524		38,706
Due in More Than One Year	\$	57,953	S	703,466	S	761,419

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Beginning Balance Additions		dditions <u>Reductions</u>		Reductions		Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities												
Certificates of Indebtedness	\$	91,737	\$		\$	9,602	\$	82,135				
Installment Purchase Agreement												
Total Governmental Activities		91,737				9,602		82,135				
Business-Type Activities												
Revenue Bonds		732,208				14,218		717,990				
Total Business-Type Activities		732,208				14,218		717,990				
Total Long-term Debts	\$	823,945	\$		S	23,820	\$	800,125				

Certificates of Indebtedness

The Town has issued certificates which are secured by and payable from a pledge of the excess of annual revenues above statutory, necessary and usual charges incurred by the Town. Certificates of indebtedness outstanding at June 30, 2021 are described as follows:

\$181,000 Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2010 bearing interest at a rate of 3.75%.Principle is payable in monthly installments of \$1,073, with the final installment dueDecember 21, 2030.\$ 82,135

Revenue Bonds

The Town has issued revenue bonds that are secured by and payable solely from a pledge of funds generated by a specific revenue source. Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 are described as follows:

\$784,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2013; payable over 40 years and bearing interest at a rate of 2.125%. The first payment, due August 11,2016 was interest only, and thereafter the Town began paying monthly installments of interest and principal of \$2,470 with the final installment due August 11, 2055.

\$ 717,990

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

<u>Maturity of Long-term Debt</u>

A schedule of maturities of long-term debt excluding compensated absences and capital leases is presented as follows:

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities
<u>Year Ended June 30th</u>	Principal Installments	Interest	Principal Installments	Interest
2022	9,970	2,910	14,524	15,116
2023	10,351	2,529	14,835	14,805
2024	10,745	2,135	15,154	14,486
2025	11,155	1,725	15,479	14,161
2026	39,914	2,582	15,811	13,829
2027 - 2031	-	-	84,292	63,908
2032 - 2036	-	-	93,732	54,468
2037 - 2041	-	-	104,229	43,970
2042 - 2046	-	-	115,903	32,297
2047 - 2051	-	-	128,883	19,317
2052-2055	-	-	115,148	5,139
Total Governmental	\$ 82,135	\$ 11,881	\$ 717,990	\$ 291,496

NOTE 5-AD VALOREM TAXES

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Rapides Parish. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town has levied ad valorem taxes as follows:

	Mills
Description	<u>Levied</u>
Levied for general alimony as permitted by State Law Revenue from taxes levied for	

Levied for general alimony as permitted by State Law. Revenue from taxes levied for general alimony is reported by the general fund. 7.29

Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are due on or before December 31 in the year the tax is levied. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year billed.

NOTE 6-CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in governmental and business-type capital assets are presented as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> Non Depreciable Capital Assets	Begi	nning	A	dditions	Dis	posals	E	inding
Land	\$		\$	8,738	\$		\$	8,738
Construction in Process				204,882				204,882
Total Non Depreciable Capital Assets				213,620				213,620

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Depreciable Capital Assets				
General Fixed Assets	2,555,380	322,328		2,877,708
Sanitation Assets	20,627			20,627
Recreation and Community Center	367,909			367,909
Fire	205,556			205,556
Streets and Highways	2,014,132			2,014,132
Police	316,453			316,453
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,957,688)	(104,479)		(4,062,167)
Total	1,522,369	217,849		1,740,218
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,522,369	\$ 431,469	<u> </u>	\$ 1,953,838
Business-Type Activities				
Non Depreciable Capital Assets				
Sewer Construction in Process	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Construction in Process				
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Sewer System	3,899,540			3,899,540
Accumulated Depreciation	(545,303)	(39,645)		(584,948)
Total	3,354.237	(39,645)		3,314.592
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 3,354,237	\$ (39,645)	<u>s</u>	\$ 3,314,592

Depreciation expense charged to various functions presented on the statement of activities is presented as follows:

		rnmental tivities		ss-Type vities]	[otal
General and Administrative	S	12,174	S		S	12,174
Police Department		12,870				12,870
Street Maintenance		72,077				72,077
Recreation Department		7,358				7,358
Sewer System				39,645		39,645
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	104,479	<u> </u>	39,645	\$	144,124

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS AND OTHER PAYABLES

Details related to amounts reported as accounts and other payables are provided as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities									
	_	eneral Fund	Sale	e Cent es Tax und	Half	-Cent		Major Inds		Total
Payable to Vendors Due to Other Entities Payroll Taxes and Withholding	S	58,252 36,550 72	\$	7,191	S	712	S	7,786	S	73,941 36,550 72
Total	\$	94,874	\$	7,191	S	712	S	7,786	\$	110,563

The Sewer System Maintenance Fund had \$7,220 of payables to vendors as of the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 8- RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town insures against these risks by participation in public entity risk pools that operate as common insurance programs and by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED RESOURCES

The Town's net position is subject to restrictions described as follows:

- Bond covenants require the Town to establish bank accounts which serve as debt service and depreciation reserves. Funds may be disbursed from these accounts only under specific circumstances described by the bond covenants.
- Certain sales taxes proceeds are available only for certain expenditures.
- The Town's sewer revenue collections are restricted to the operation and maintenance of the Town's sewer system.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

Substantially all of the Town's employees are members of statewide retirement systems. These systems are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. A summary of amounts reported in connection with participation in these plans is summarized as follows:

	Net Pension Liability		Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred lows of sources
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of	\$ 16]	,157	\$ 57,110	\$	27,126
Louisiana				,	34,650
Total Portion Applicable to Business Type Activities	161	.,157	57,110		61,776
Portion Applicable to Government Type Activities	\$ 16	,157	\$ 57,110	\$	61,776

Further information regarding each of the retirement systems presented above is furnished as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana

Plan Description -The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the Town participating in the retirement system are members of Plan B. All permanent employees working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from municipal funds and all elected municipal officials are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan B, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 2 percent of their final-average monthly salary in excess of \$100 for each year of creditable service. Furthermore, employees with at least 10 years of creditable service, but less than 30 years may take early retirement benefits commencing at or after age 60, with the basic benefit reduced 3 percent for each year retirement precedes age 62. In any case, monthly retirement benefits paid under Plan B cannot exceed 100 percent of final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

Funding Policy - Under Plan B, members are required by state statute to contribute 5.0 percent of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish, except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by State law, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Town's contributions to the system were equal to the required contributions for the year.

Financial Summary – The plan description, funding policies and financial information provides a summary of the Plan provisions and finances. For additional details, the System issues an annual publicly available stand-alone financial report. The financial report includes information about the plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position. The report can be obtained on the internet at mersla.com. The plans net pension liability was determined at June 30. 2020 (measurement date and actuarial valuation date) and details are provided as follows:

Net Pension Liability	\$ 90,622,621
Town's Proportionate Share (Percentage)	0.17783%
Town's Proportionate Share (Amount)	\$ 161.157

The net pension liability presented above was not affected by any special funding situations. Changes in the Town's proportionate share of Plan's net pension liability during the measurement period ending June 30, 2020 are provided as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Beginning Net Pension Liability		S	197,277
Employer Contributions			(19,515)
Pension Expense			
Proportionate Share of Plan Pension Expense	29,237		
Changes in Proportion	(22,955)		
Employee Contributions	(4,945)		1,337
Change in Deferred Outflows of Resources			(26,972)
Change in Deferred Inflows of Resources			9,030
Ending Net Pension Liability			161,157

There were no changes between June 30, 2021 and the Plan's measurement date that are expected to have a significant effect on the Town's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. Balances presented as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported in connection with participation in the plan are presented as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment	\$	\$ 2,711	\$ (2,711)
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	17,495		17,495
Changes of Assumptions	4,995		4,995
Changes in Proportion	16,660	24,415	(7,755)
Employer Contributions Made After the Measurement Date	17,960		17,960
Total Deferrals Deferrals That Will be Recorded as a Reduction in Net	57,110	27,126	29,984
Pension Liability in the Subsequent Reporting Period	17,960		17,960
Deferrals Subject to Amortization	\$ 39,150	\$ 27,126	\$ 12,024

Deferrals that will be amortized as a component of pension expense in future periods are summarized as follows:

For the Year Ending: June 30, 2021 June 30, 2022 June 30, 2023 June 30, 2024	\$ 12,585 (7,111) 3,986 2,564
Total	\$ 12,024

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	

Investment Rate of Return

6.95%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Projected Salary Increases - 1 to 4 years of service - More than 4 years of service	6.4%-Plan A and 7.4%-Plan B (2.5% Inflation) 4.5%-Plan A and 4.9%-Plan B
Mortality Rates	 PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusting using their respective male and female MP2018 PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales. PubNS-2010(B) Disables retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females with the full generational MP2018 scale.
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	48.50%	3.08%
Public Fixed Income	33.50%	0.54%
Alternatives	18.00%	1.02%
Totals	100%	4.64%
Inflation		2.55%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.19%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to changes in the discount has been determined by measuring net pension liability at a discount rate that is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current rate. The results are presented as follows:

	1% Decrease 5.95%	Current Discount	1% Increase 7.95 %
	Discount Rate	Rate 6.95%	Discount
Net Pension Liability	\$ 214,529	\$ 161,157	\$ 115,995

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana

Plan Description - All full-time police department employees engaged in law enforcement are eligible to participate in the System. Any member of the Plan who commenced participation in the Plan before January 1, 2013 is eligible for retirement provided he or she meets one of the following conditions:

- At any age and has 25 years of creditable service
- At age 50 and has 20 years of creditable service
- At age 55 and has 12 years of creditable service.

Retirees are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3^{1/3} percent of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of their final salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified previously and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination.

Any member of the Plan who commenced participation in the Plan after January 1, 2013 is eligible for retirement based on Hazardous Duty and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for retirement provided he or she meets one of the following conditions:

- At any age and has 25 years of creditable service
- At age 55 and has 12 years of creditable service.

Under the Non-Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for retirement provided he or she meets one of the following conditions:

- At any age and has 30 years of creditable service
- At age 55 and has 25 years of creditable service.
- At age 60 and has 10 years of creditable service.

Under either Sub Plan, a member is eligible for early retirement after he or she has been a member of the System with 20 years of creditable service, with an actuarily reduced benefit from age 55. Under the Hazardous and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are 3% and $2\frac{1}{2}\%$, respectively, of average final compensation (Average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary. The System also provides death and disability benefits for all members. Benefits are established or amended by state statute. As of June 30, 2021, the Town did not have any active participants in the plan, but is still reporting the amortization of deferred inflows associated with its past participation.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required by state statute to contribute a percent of their annual covered salary to the System. The percentage required for the measurement period ending June 30, 2019 is listed below:

Members hired prior to January 1, 2013 –	10.00%
Hazardous Duty Members hired after January 1, 2013-	10.00%
Non-Hazardous Duty Members hired after January 1, 2013 -	8.00%

The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Town's contributions to the plan were equal to the required contributions for each of the past three years.

Financial Summary – The plan description, funding policies and financial information provides a summary of the Plan provisions and finances. For additional details, the System issues an annual publicly available stand-alone financial report available on the internet at <u>www.mersla.com</u>. The financial report includes information about the plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position. The report can be obtained on the internet at lampers.org. The plans net pension liability was determined at June 30, 2020 (measurement date and actuarial valuation date) and details are provided as follows:

Net Pension Liability	\$ 924,233,054
Town's Proportionate Share (Percentage)	0.00%
Town's Proportionate Share (Amount)	\$

The net pension liability presented above was not affected by any special funding situations. Changes in the Town's proportionate share of Plan's net pension liability during the measurement period ending June 30, 2020 are provided as follows:

Beginning Net Pension Liability		S	
Employer Contributions			
Pension Expense			
Proportionate Share of Plan Pension Expense	(42,658)		
Amortization			
Employee Contributions		(42	,658)
Change in Deferred Outflows of Resources		()
Change in Deferred Inflows of Resources		42	2,658
Ending Net Pension Liability		S	

There were no changes between June 30, 2021 and the Plan's measurement date that are expected to have a significant effect on the Town's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. Balances presented as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported in connection with participation in the plan are presented as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of Inflows of		Net	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment	\$		\$ 	\$		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments Changes of Assumptions						
Changes in Proportion			34,650	(34,650)	
Employer Contributions Made After the Measurement Date			 			
Total Deferrals Deferrals That Will be Recorded as a Reduction in Net			34,650	((34,650)	
Pension Liability in the Subsequent Reporting Period			 			
Deferrals Subject to Amortization	\$		\$ 34,650	\$ ((34,650)	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Deferrals that will be amortized as a component of pension expense in future periods are summarized as follows:

June 30, 2021 S	(20,407)
June 30, 2022	(14,246)
June 30, 2023	(3)
June 30, 2024	
Total S	(34,650)

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of the measurement date are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost	
Investment Rate of Return	6.950% per annum	
Expected Remaining Service Lives	4 Years	
Inflation Rate	2.50% per annum	
Projected Salary Increases Including Inflation and Merit	Years of Service 1 - 2 2 & Over	<u>Salary Growth Rate</u> 12.30% 4.70%

The best estimates of the arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Equity	48.50%	3.08%
Fixed Income	33.50%	0.54%
Alternatives	18.00%	1.02%
Other	0.00%	0.00%
Totals	100%	4.64%
Inflation		2.55%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.19%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.950%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019 and review of similar law enforcement mortality. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that the tables used would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables

Sensitivity to changes in the discount has been determined by measuring net pension liability at a discount rate that is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current rate. The results are presented as follows:

	1% Decrease 5.950%	Current Discount	1% Increase 7.950
	Discount Rate	Rate 6.950%	% Discount
Net Pension Liability	\$	\$	\$

NOTE 11 – CONTINGENCIES

Existing conditions that may have financial consequences are referred to as contingencies. Contingencies existing at June 30, 2021 are described as follows:

<u>Litigation</u>

Like most governmental units with extensive and diverse operations, the Town is occasionally named as a defendant in litigation. Based on consultation with the Town Attorney, the ultimate outcome of litigation that is pending or anticipated cannot be estimated at the present time.

Grant Compliance

The Town receives state and federal assistance through various grant programs. Management is confident that all significant grant conditions have been met; however, grantor agencies routinely review grant activity and could request reimbursement if a dispute occurs regarding compliance with grant conditions.

NOTE 12: FUND DEFICIT

As of June 30, 2021, the funds listed below had deficit balances. It is management's policy to cover shortfalls in non-major funds with monies from the Town's General Fund.

<u>Fund</u>	Deficit
General Fund	138,022
Park Fund	7,347
Pie Festival Fund	2,621
Millage	23,638
Street Improvement	13,478

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - INTERNAL BALANCES

Details related to internal balances are presented as follows:

Governmental Activities	Receivable (Payable)	Purpose
General	\$ (246,499)	
1% Dedicated Sales Tax	(42,796)	The Town routinely lends money between funds to
Half-Cent	26,383	cover necessary expenses. This results in interfund
Non-major Governmental Funds	(41,907)	receivables and payables.
	\$ (304,819)	

	Receivable	
Business-Type Activities	(Payable)	Purpose
Sewer System	<u> </u>	The Town routinely lends money between funds to cover necessary expenses. This results in interfund receivables and payables.

NOTE 14 - TRANSFERS

During the current year, The Town of Lecompte made the following operating transfers:

Fund	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 100,000	S
Sewer Maintenance		100,000
Sewer Construction		
Public Equipment Sinking Fund	12,880	
Red River Grant		
Park Fund		
One Cent Fund		12,880
Totals	\$ 112,880	\$ 112,880

NOTE 15 - ON BEHALF PAYMENTS

The State of Louisiana provides supplemental pay for public safety employees that met certain requirements. Amounts reported as revenue and expenditures in connection with State Supplemental Pay are \$7,183.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

NOTE 16-BUDGET PRESENTATIONS

The Town adopts its operating budgets for the General Fund, One Cent Sales Tax Fund, and Half-Cent Fund on the cash basis of accounting, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). A reconciliation of net income determined using the cash basis of accounting and net income derived from the GAAP basis of accounting has been provided as follows:

	General Fund	One Cent Sales General Fund Tax Fund	
			Fund
<u>Net Income – GAAP Basis</u>	\$ 81,434	\$ 99,998	\$ 56,111
Non-cash Operating Transfers In	100,000	(12,880)	
	181,434	87,118	56,111
Accounts Receivable:	,		ŕ
Current	(92,698)	(15,634)	(7,816)
Prior	46,569	14,864	7,431
	(46,129)	(770)	(385)
Interfund Receivables Funds:			
Current	(80,478)	K ===	(26,383)
Prior	175,538		33,396
	95,060		7.013
Accounts Payable	,		
Current	94,874	7,191	712
Prior	(464,869)	(7,512)	(829)
	(369,995)	(321)	(117)
Interfund Payables		x ,	
Current	326,977	42,796	
Prior	(312,677)	(129,103)	
	14,300	(86,307)	
	,	、 / ž	
Net Income/Loss – Cash Basis	<u>\$ (125,330)</u>	<u>\$ (280)</u>	<u>\$ 62,622</u>

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budget Amounts Actu Original Final Amou					Fir 1	iance with al Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Ad Valorem	\$	28,500	\$	37,000	\$	37,835	\$	835
Sales		325,000		325,000		326,558		1,558
Licenses & Permits:								
Franchise Fees		70,000		65,000		61,643		(3,357)
Occupational Licenses	500 16,500 79,082						62,582	
Other		16,000		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		2,000		2,500		549,912		547,412
Sanitation		65,000		62,000		59,462		(2,538)
Fines and Forfeitures		132,000		135,000		206,868		71,868
Other		31,000		225,500		1,125		(224,375)
Total revenues		670,000		868,500		1,322,485		453,985
<u>General Government:</u>								
General Government		235,600		542,913		678,368		(135,455)
Police Department/Public Safety		299,850		371,264		373,004		(1,740)
Street Maintenance		127,750		86,150		109,084		(22.934)
Recreation Department		100		100		1,364		(1,264)
Other Expenditures						-		
Capital Expenditures		-				495,355		(495,355)
Debt Service		_		_		-		-
Total expenditures		663,300		1,000,427		1,657,175		(656,748)

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Budget and Actual - Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget A Original	mounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues Over Expenditures	6,700	(131,927)	(334,690)	(202,763)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Financing	-	-	-	-
Operating Transfers In	-	100.000	100,000	-
Operating Transfers Out	-	-	-	-
Payment of Interfund Liability	-	(100,000)	109,360	209,360
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues and Other Sources				
Over Expenditures and Other				
Uses	6,700	(131,927)	(125,330)	6,597
Fund Balance (Deficit) -				
Beginning of Year	5,316	-	(319,456)	(319,456)
Fund Balance (Deficit) -				
End of Year	<u>\$ 12,016</u>	<u>\$ (131,927)</u>	<u>\$ (444,786)</u>	\$ (312,859)

One Cent Sales Tax Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Sales Taxes	\$ 150,000	\$ 190,000	S 207,034	S 17,034
Intergovernmental/Other	33	-	12,889	12,889
Total revenues	150,033	190,000	219,923	29,923
<u>General Government:</u>				
Sanitation	85,000	95,000	86,203	8,797
Public Safety	20,000	20,500	31,653	(11,153)
Other Expenses	7,500	7,700	3,160	4,540
Capital Expenditures	34,400	30.000		30,000
Total expenditures	146,900	153,200	121,016	32,184
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues Over Expenditures	3,133	36,800	98,907	62,107
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Payment of Interfund Liability			(86,307)	
Operating Transfers (Net)		(100,000)	(12,880)	87,120
Excess (Deficiency) of		_		
Revenues and Other Sources				
Over Expenditures and Other				
Uses	3,133	(63,200)	(280)	149,227
Fund Balance (Deficit) -				
Beginning of Year		70,424	(54,401)	34,568
Fund Dalance (Deficit)				
Fund Balance (Deficit) -	¢ 0.100	¢ 7334	© (54 CON	¢ 102.70 <i>5</i>
End of Year	<u>\$ 3,133</u>	<u>\$ 7,224</u>	<u>\$ (54,681)</u>	<u>\$ 183,795</u>

Half-Cent Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Year Ended June 30, 2021

								iance with
								al Budget
		Budget . riginal	Amou	ints Final	- Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
		ngmai		Tillal	1		(1)	(cgauve)
Revenues:								
Sales Taxes	S	75,000	\$	95,000	S	103,572	\$	8,572
Intergovernmental/Other		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		75,000		95,000		103,572		8,572
<u>General Government:</u>								
Recreation Department		73,000		43,750		47,964		(4.214)
Total expenditures		73,000		43,750		47,964		(4,214)
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues Over Expenditures		2,000		51,250		55,608		4,358
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Payment of Interfund Liability		_		-		7,013		7,013
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues and Other Sources								
Over Expenditures and Other								
Uses		2,000		51,250		62,621		11,371
Fund Balance (Deficit) -								
Beginning of Year		_		25,787		64,834		34,568
Fund Balance (Deficit) -								
End of Year	<u>\$</u>	2,000	\$	77,037	<u>S</u>	127,455	<u>s</u>	45,939

Schedule of Net Pension Liability Data **Cost Sharing Retirement Systems**

Retirement System / Measurement Date	Share of C Net Pension Percent		Covered Payroll	Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability
Muncipal Employees' Retirement System					
June 30, 2014	0.22622%	99,470	144,091	69.0%	76.9%
June 30, 2015	0.21866%	153,752	156,926	98.0%	68.7%
June 30, 2016	0.28399%	235,405	208,653	112.8%	63.3%
June 30, 2017	0.27221%	235,521	202,600	116.2%	63.5%
June 30, 2018	0.15537%	131,415	115,819	113.5%	65.6%
June 30, 2019	0.22551%	197,277	172,392	114.4%	66.1%
June 30, 2020	0.17783%	161,157	115,866	139.1%	66.3%
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System					
June 30, 2014	0.00000%	-	-	0.0%	N/A
June 30, 2015	0.01211%	94,760	32,381	292.6%	70.7%
June 30, 2016	0.02208%	206,952	61,915	334.3%	66.0%
June 30, 2017	0.01041%	90,858	31,090	292.2%	70.1%
June 30, 2018	0.00722%	61,055	21,333	286.2%	71.9%
June 30, 2019	0.00000%	-	-	0.0%	N/A
June 30, 2020	0.00000%	-	-	0.0%	N/A

Notes to Schedule: At the present time, management has not identified any factors that are expected to significantly affect trends in the amounts reported above.

Schedule of Employer Contributions **Cost Sharing Retirement Systems**

Retirement System / Fiscal Year Ending	Statuatorily Required Employer Contributions	Contributions Recognized By the Pension Plan	Difference Between Required and Recognized Contributions	Covered Payroll	Contributions Recognized as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Muncipal Employees' Retirement System					
June 30, 2015	14,912	14,908	4	156,926	9.50%
June 30, 2016	19,822	19,822	-	208,653	9.50%
June 30, 2017	22,225	22,286	(61)	202,600	11.00%
June 30, 2018	15,256	15,346	(90)	115,819	13.25%
June 30, 2019	24,135	24,129	6	172,392	14.00%
June 30, 2020	19,294	19,515	(221)	115,866	16.84%
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System					
June 30, 2015	10,192	10,200	(8)	32,381	31.50%
June 30, 2016	18,246	18,265	(19)	61,915	29.50%
June 30, 2017	9,864	9,871	(7)	31,090	31.75%
June 30, 2018	6,554	6,560	(6)	21,333	30.75%
June 30, 2019	-	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2020	-	-	-	-	-

Notes to Schedule: At the present time, management has not identified any factors that are expected to significantly affect trends in the amounts reported above.

Combining Balance Sheet Non Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Equipment & Reserve	Park	Pie	e Festival		Millage	Im	Street provement		LCDBG		Total on Major Funds
Assets												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,772	\$ 872	S	423	\$	-	S	280	\$	-	S	7,347
Receivables (net)	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Interfund Receivables	 -	 _		-		6,300		1,110		7,811		15,221
Total assets	\$ 5,772	\$ 872	<u>s</u>	423	<u>\$</u>	6,300	<u>s</u>	1,390	<u>\$</u>	7,811	<u>S</u>	22,568
Liabilities and Fund Balance												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	51	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,735		7,786
Interfund Payables	 1,109	 8,219		2,993		29,938		14,868		-		57,127
Total liabilities	 1,109	 8.219		3,044		29,938		14,868		7,735		64,913
<u>Fund Balance</u>												
Restricted For:												
Other Special Purposes	4,663	(7,347)		(2,621)		(23,638)		(13,478)		76		(42,345)
Unassigned	 -	 _		_		-		_		-		-
Total Fund Balances	 4,663	 (7,347)		(2,621)		(23,638)		(13,478)		76		(42,345)
Total Liabilities and Fund												
Balance	\$ 5,772	\$ 872	<u>s</u>	423	\$	6.300	<u>\$</u>	1,390	\$	7,811	<u>s</u>	22,568

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non Major Governmental Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Equipment g & Reserve		Park	Pie	Festival	 Millage In	Street nprovement	I	.CDBG		Total on Major Funds
Revenues:											
Sales Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
Other	 20		270	•	1	 -	-	•	-		291
Total Revenues	 20		270		1	 -	-		-		291
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Recreation/Beautification	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
Capital Expenditures	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
Other	-				-	1	-		-		1
Debt Service	 12,880		-			 	-		-		12,880
Total Expenditures	 12,880		-			 <u> </u>					12,881
Excess (Deficiency) of											
Revenues Over Expenditures	(12,860)		270		1	(1)	-		-		(12,590)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Operating Transfers In/Out	 12,880		-		-	 -	-		-		12,880
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other											
Uses	20		270		1	(1)	-		-		290
Fund Balance (Deficit)											
Beginning of Year	 4,643		(7,617)		(2,622)	 (23,637)	(13.478)		76		(42,635)
End of Year	\$ 4,663	<u>\$</u>	(7,347)	\$	(2,621)	\$ (23,638) \$	(13,478)	\$	76	<u>\$</u>	(42,345)

Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members For the year ended June 30, 2021

Alex Baker III	\$ 6,000
Patrick Baker	6,000
George L Clark	6,000
Lonnell Clark	6,000
Craig Phillips	14,400
Ashton Washington Jr.	6,000
Total Compensation	\$ 44,400

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the year ended June 30, 2021

Agency Head

	Craig Phillips		
Purpose:			
Compensation	\$	14,400	
Benefits:			
Payroll Taxes		-	
Reimbursements		-	
Retirement		-	

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting / Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session -Cash Basis Presentation

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	First Six Month Period Ended December 31, 2020	Second Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2021
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	<u>\$</u>	\$
Add: Collections		
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	88,476	118,392
Subtotal Collections	88,476	118,392
Less: Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits		
9th JDC Public Defender Office	1,970	6,100
CMIS Collections	212	858
Crime Stoppers of Cenla	424	1,556
DHH- TH/SCI T.F.	340	1,840
Louisiana Commission On Law Enforcement	1,353	4,030
Louisiana Judicial College	104	386
North Louisiana Criminalistics Laboratory	5,440	20,760
Less: Amounts Retained by the Town of Lecompte		
Self Disbursed Court Cost	78,633	82,862
Subtotal Disbursements / Retainage	88,476	118,392
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

Summary of Findings

June 30, 2021

PART I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- The Independent Auditor's Report on the financial statements for the Town of Lecompte as of June 30, 2021 and for the year then ended reported an unmodified opinion.
- Four acts of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Town of Lecompte were reported during the audit as listed below.

PART II - FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS:

FINDING 2021-001: DEBT COVENANTS

- *Criteria:* The Sewer Revenue Bonds are subject to a series of debt covenants.
- Condition: The Town did not comply with its debt covenants by failing to deposit \$2,034 per month into the Short-Lived Asset Fund.
- > *Cause:* The Town failed to make all of the required monthly transfers.
- > *Effect:* The Town was not in compliance with its debt covenants at the end of the year.
- *Recommendation*: We recommend that the Town establish a tickler system, to ensure that all required monthly transfers are performed in the future.

FINDING 2021-002: NON-PAYMENT OF PAYROLL TAXES AND RETIREMENT

- Criteria: Federal law requires employers to remit payment for employment taxes, as well as federal taxes withheld from the payroll checks of employees. In addition, the Town participates in a cost-sharing retirement system, with requirements set by Statute.
- Condition: The Town did not make all required payments. All required payments were made to the retirement system, but not all forms were filed when due.
- > Cause: The Town will acquire interest and penalties when payments aren't made on time.
- *Effect:* The Town of Lecompte was not in compliance with the legal requirements.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the Town's accounting personnel and management focus on paying all required payroll and retirement obligations timely in the future.

FINDING 2021-003: TECHNICAL BUDGET VIOLATION

- Criteria: For revenues and other sources, state law prohibits unfavorable budget variances from exceeding 5%.
- > Condition: In the current year, unfavorable variances exceeded 5%.
- Cause: The Town didn't make sufficient amendments to the budget once the they realized that unfavorable variances exceeded 5% of the budgeted amounts.
- *Effect:* The Town was not incompliance with the Louisiana Government Budget Act.
- Recommendation: The Town of Lecompte should implement policies and procedures to ensure that the budget is amended whenever variances exceed amounts allowed by the Louisiana Government Budget Act.

Summary of Findings

June 30, 2021

FINDING 2021-004: NON-REMITTANCE OF CERTAIN COSTS COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF OTHER ENTITIES

- Criteria: LA Revised Statutes require the Town to remit certain fees, fines, and court costs to various agencies whenever fines are collected by the Town.
- Condition: The Town did not remit all required amounts collected on behalf of these various agencies.
- > *Cause:* The Town's personnel failed to make the required payments.
- > Effect: The Town was not in compliance with LA Revised Statute requirements.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the Town prioritize making these payments in the future.

Management's Corrective Action June 30, 2021

	ION I ATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FINDINGS	<u>Response</u>
FINDING 2021-001: DEBT COVENANTS Prior to accepting a loan from the USDA, the Town agreed to make monthly transfers of \$2,034 into an account dedicated to the replacement of short-lived assets, until a certain amount was set aside. The Town did not make all required payments in the current year.	2021-001: DEBT COVENANTS When this issue was discovered, the Town began making the required payments. We have made all required payments for the last seven months of the year, and will continue to do so.
FINDING 2021-002: NON-PAYMENT OF PAYROLL TAXES AND RETIREMENT Federal law requires employers to remit payment for employment taxes, as well as federal taxes withheld from the payroll checks of employees. The Town did not make all required payments. In addition, the Town participates in a cost-sharing retirement system. All required payments were made to the retirement system, but not all forms were filed when due.	2021-002: NON-PAYMENT OF PAYROLL TAXES AND <u>RETIREMENT</u> We will develop an internal tickler system so that we can ensure compliance in the future, and pay amounts due such authorities in a timely manner. The Town is committed to paying all monies owed to these agencies in the future.
FINDING 2021-003: TECHNICAL BUDGET VIOLATION In the current year, the expenditures in the General Fund were more than budgeted amounts by more than 5%, which is a violation of the Louisiana Budget Law.	2021-003: TECHNICAL BUDGET VIOLATION We have examined our budgeting process, and have taken corrective action so that we can better predict our revenues and expenditures in future years.
FINDING 2021-004: NON-REMITTANCE OF CERTAIN COSTS COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF OTHER ENTITIES LA Revised Statutes require the Town to remit certain fees, fines, and court costs to various agencies whenever fines are collected by the Town. The Town did not remit all required amounts collected on behalf of these various agencies.	2021-004: NON-REMITTANCE OF CERTAIN COSTS COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF OTHER ENTITIES We have begun to file all required reports, and began to reach out to each agency in order to remit all required fees.
	ION II ENT LETTER
FINDINGS No Findings of this nature.	<u>RESPONSE</u> No response necessary.

Summary of Prior Year Findings June 30, 2021

<u>SECTION I</u> INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.	
FINDINGS	<u>Response</u>
FINDING 2020-1: DEBT COVENANTS Prior to accepting a loan from the USDA, the Town agreed to make monthly transfers of \$2,034 into an account dedicated to the replacement of short-lived assets, until a certain amount was set aside. The Town did not make all required payments in the current year.	<u>NOT RESOLVED: SEE FINDING 2021-001</u>
FINDING 2020-2: NON-PAYMENT OF PAYROLL TAXES AND RETIREMENT Federal law requires employers to remit payment for employment taxes, as well as federal taxes withheld from the payroll checks of employees. The Town did not make all required payments. In addition, the Town participates in a cost-sharing retirement system. All required payments were made to the retirement system, but not all forms were filed when due.	NOT RESOLVED: SEE FINDING 2021-002
FINDING 2020-3: TECHNICAL BUDGET VIOLATION In the current year, actual expenditures in the General Fund were more than budgeted amounts by more than 5%, which is a violation of the Louisiana Budget Law.	NOT RESOLVED: SEE FINDING 2021-003
FINDING 2020-4: NON-REMITTANCE OF CERTAIN COSTS COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF OTHER ENTITIES LA Revised Statutes require the Town to remit certain fees, fines, and court costs to various agencies whenever fines are collected by the Town. The Town did not remit all required amounts collected on behalf of these various agencies.	NOT RESOLVED: SEE FINDING 2021-004
FINDING 2020-5: PIE FESTIVAL ACTIVITIES In connection with facilitating culture and recreation activities, the Town hosts the Annual Pie Festival each year. Volunteer members of a committee deal with the operations of the Festival, while the Town maintains the accounting records. Since these operations are conducted in remote locations, the transactions are not subjected to the centralized accounting policies and procedures that apply to the Town's typical financial activities.	RESOLVED

Summary of Prior Year Findings

June 30, 2021

FINDING 2020-6: DEPOSIT RISK	RESOLVED
Louisiana Law requires deposits over \$250,000, the FDIC	
insured limit, to be secured by collateral. In the current	
year, not all of the Town's deposits were adequately	
secured, exposing the Town to custodial credit risk.	
SECTION II	
MANAGEMENT LETTER	
FINDINGS	Response
No Findings of this nature.	No response necessary