DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT MANY, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Financial Report December 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Required Supplementary Information	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page
Management's Discussion and Analysis	-	1-4
Independent Auditor's Report		5-7
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-Wide Financial Statements		
Statement of Net Position	А	10
Statement of Activities	В	11
Fund Financial Statements		
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	С	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	D	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	E	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	F	16
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	G	17
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	Н	18
Notes to Financial Statements	-	20-39
Other Required Supplementary Information		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-General Fund	Ι	41
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Title IV-D Fund	J	42
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Sales Tax Fund	K	43
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability	L	44
Schedule of Employer Contributions	М	45
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer	Ν	46

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Financial Report December 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Other Reports/Schedules	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	О	48-49
Schedule of Audit Results	Р	50
Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures	Q	51-52

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District P. O. Box 1557 Many, Louisiana 71449

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

This section of the District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District's (hereafter referred to as the District Attorney) annual financial report presents an overview and analysis of the District Attorney's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2019. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the District Attorney's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore be read in conjunction with this report. Certain comparative information is presented to provide an overview of the District Attorney's operations.

Financial Highlights

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the District Attorney as a whole and present a long-term view of the District Attorney's finances. These statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

- The Statement of Net Position presents all of the District Attorney's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as "net position". Over time, increases or decreases in the District Attorney's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District Attorney is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District Attorney's net position changed during the current year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Therefore, some revenues and some expenses that are reported in this statement will not result in cash flows until future years.

Fund Financial Statements

The services provided by the District Attorney are financed through governmental funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District Attorney, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District Attorney conducts its day-to-day operations through a governmental fund, the General Fund. There are also three special revenue funds, the Title IV-D, the Sales Tax and Worthless Check Funds. The District Attorney also maintains one fiduciary fund, the Asset Forfeiture Fund. The Fiduciary Fund is simply a fund held for other parties and cannot be used for any of the District Attorney's activities, they are not included in the government-wide statements, but are separately reported in the statement of the Fiduciary Fund. These statements provide a short-term view of the District Attorney's finances and assists in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the District Attorney.

Summary of Statement of Net Position

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
ASSETS:		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net of	\$1,308,091	\$1,180,173
Accumulated Depreciation	212,121	254,279
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,520,212</u>	\$ <u>1,434,452</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	\$ <u>319,674</u>	\$ <u>173,588</u>
LIABILITIES:		
Current-		
Payables	\$ 37,626	\$ 43,982
Noncurrent-		
Net Pension Liability	370,242	56,765
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>407,868</u>	\$ <u>100,747</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	\$ <u>58,192</u>	\$ <u>149,801</u>
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 212,121	\$ 254,279
Unrestricted	<u>1,161,705</u>	<u>1,103,213</u>
Total Net Position	\$ <u>1,373,826</u>	\$ <u>1,357,492</u>

Summary of Statement of Activities

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
REVENUES:		
Operating Grants	\$ 549,137	\$ 467,178
Fees, Fines & Charges for Services	153,624	237,125
Taxes-	,	
Sales & Use	638,325	489,006
Non-Employer Pension Revenue	35,421	30,614
On Behalf Payments-Police Jury	74,479	49,071
On Behalf Payments-State	238,632	234,032
Interest & Miscellaneous	15,890	10,894
Total Revenues	\$ <u>1,705,508</u>	\$ <u>1,517,920</u>
EXPENSES:		
Governmental Activities-		
Judicial-		
Personnel Services	\$1,039,615	\$ 891,696
Operating Expenses	336,447	377,517
On Behalf Payments-Police Jury	74,479	49,071
On Behalf Payments-State	238,632	234,032
Total Expenses	\$ <u>1,689,173</u>	\$ <u>1,552,316</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ <u>16,335</u>	\$ <u>(34,396</u>)

- The District Attorney's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$1,373,826 (net position) for the year. For the prior year this was \$1,357,492.
- Unrestricted net position of \$1,161,705 represents the portion available to maintain the District Attorney's obligation to both citizens and creditors. For the prior year, this was \$1,103,213, an increase of \$58,492 for the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were amendments made to the budgets for all the funds in order to be in compliance with the Local Government Budget Act. In all major funds, actual revenues and expenditures were within the 5% variance allowed.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Revenues received by the District Attorney continue to be sufficient to maintain the normal day-to-day operational needs of the office. The District Attorney considers many factors when setting the budget for fiscal year 2020, including increasing personnel costs associated with insurance and retirement.

Contacting the District Attorney

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and creditors with a general overview of the District Attorney's finances and to show the District Attorney's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or requests for additional information may be directed to Don Burkett, District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District at P. O. Box 1557, Many, Louisiana 71449.

T C B T THOMAS, CUNNINGHAM, BROADWAY & TODTENBIER

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA – A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA – A Professional Corporation Jessica H. Broadway, CPA – A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA – A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447 www.tcbtcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Don Burkett, District Attorney Eleventh Judicial District P. O. Box 1557 Many, LA 71449

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District of Louisiana (District Attorney) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the governmental activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Attorney as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 1 through 4 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the District's primary government. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions, and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer listed as other required supplementary information in the Table of Contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions, and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions, and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2020, on our consideration of the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, we have issued a report, dated June 22, 2020 on the results of our statewide agreed-upon procedures performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's state wide agreed-upon procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance.

Shomae, Curningham Broadway + Sodtenbier, CPA's

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier *Certified Public Accountants* Natchitoches, Louisiana

June 22, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

ASSETS:

Current Assets-	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$1,139,650
Revenue Receivable	157,082
Prepaid Expenses	11,234
Total Current Assets	\$ <u>1,307,966</u>
Non-current Assets-	
Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 212,121
Other Assets	125
Total Non-current Assets	\$ <u>212,246</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,520,212</u>
	* • • • • • • •
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	\$ <u>319,674</u>
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities-	
	\$ 9875
Accounts Payable	\$ 9,875 27 751
	\$ 9,875
Accounts Payable	27,751
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses	27,751
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses	27,751
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities	27,751
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities- Net Pension Liability	<u>27,751</u> \$ 37,626 \$ <u>370,242</u>
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities-	<u>27,751</u> \$ 37,626
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities- Net Pension Liability Total Liabilities	<u>27,751</u> \$ 37,626 \$ <u>370,242</u> \$ <u>407,868</u>
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities- Net Pension Liability	<u>27,751</u> \$ 37,626 \$ <u>370,242</u>
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities- Net Pension Liability Total Liabilities	<u>27,751</u> \$ 37,626 \$ <u>370,242</u> \$ <u>407,868</u>
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities- Net Pension Liability Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: NET POSITION:	<u>27,751</u> \$ 37,626 \$ <u>370,242</u> \$ <u>407,868</u> \$ <u>58,192</u>
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities- Net Pension Liability Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: NET POSITION: Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>27,751</u> \$ 37,626 \$ <u>370,242</u> \$ <u>407,868</u> \$ <u>58,192</u> \$ 212,121
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities- Net Pension Liability Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: NET POSITION:	<u>27,751</u> \$ 37,626 \$ <u>370,242</u> \$ <u>407,868</u> \$ <u>58,192</u>
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities- Net Pension Liability Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: NET POSITION: Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>27,751</u> \$ 37,626 \$ <u>370,242</u> \$ <u>407,868</u> \$ <u>58,192</u> \$ 212,121

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Statement of Activities December 31, 2019

		Program Revenues Net (Exp			
	_	Fees, Fines	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Revenues and Changes
		and Charges	and	and	in Net Position
Activities	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Governmental
Activities					
Governmental Activities: Judicial-					
Personnel Services	\$1,352,726	\$153,624	\$ 51,197	\$0	\$(1,147,905)
Operating Expenses	280,873	0	497,940	0	217,067
Materials & Supplies	39,511	0	0	0	(39,511)
Travel & Other Charges	16,063	0	0	<u>0</u>	(16,063)
Total Governmental	*1 <00 150	\$150.501	* * * * * *	\$ 0	• (00 • 11 •)
Activities	\$ <u>1,689,173</u>	\$ <u>153,624</u>	\$ <u>549,137</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(986,412</u>)
General Revenues: Taxes- Sales & Use Non-employer Pension Revenue On Behalf Payments-Police Jury On Behalf Payments-State Interest & Miscellaneous				\$ 638,325 35,421 74,479 238,632 15,890	
	Tot	al General Rev	/enues		\$ <u>1,002,747</u>
	Change	in Net Position	n		\$ 16,335
	Net Pos	ition January 1	, 2019		1,357,491
	Net Pos	ition Decembe	r 31, 2019		\$ <u>1,373,826</u>

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

		Major Funds		Non-Major Fund	
	General	Title	Sales Tax	Worthless	
	Fund	IV-D Fund	Fund	Check Fund	Total
Assets:					
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$215,647	\$17,612	\$880,288	\$26,103	\$1,139,650
Revenue Receivable	51,364	21,775	83,613	330	157,082
Prepaid Expenses	11,234	0	0	0	11,234
Other Assets	0	0	125	0	125
Total Assets	\$ <u>278,245</u>	\$ <u>39,387</u>	\$ <u>964,026</u>	\$ <u>26,433</u>	\$ <u>1,308,091</u>
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 8,890	\$ 985	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 9,875
Accrued Expenses	17,957	9,794	0	0	27,751
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>26,847</u>	\$ <u>10,779</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>37,626</u>
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Expenses	\$ 11,234	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 11,234
Utility Deposit Restricted for:	0	0	125	0	125
Support Obligation	0	28,608	0	0	28,608
Special Purposes-Operations	0	0	963,901	26,433	990,334
Unassigned	240,164	0	0	0	240,164
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u>251,398</u>	\$ <u>28,608</u>	\$ <u>964,026</u>	\$ <u>26,433</u>	\$ <u>1,270,465</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ <u>278,245</u>	\$ <u>39,387</u>	\$ <u>964,026</u>	\$ <u>26,433</u>	\$ <u>1,308,091</u>

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019	
Total Fund Balance for the Governmental Funds at December 31, 2019	\$1,270,465
Total Net Position reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:	
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund. Those assets consist of:	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	212,121
Deferred Outflows of Resources used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not represented in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet-	319,674
Long-term Liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet-	
Net Pension Liability	(370,242)
Deferred Inflows of Resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet-	<u>(58,192</u>)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities at December 31, 2019	\$ <u>1,373,826</u>

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Major Funds		Non-Major Fund	
	General	Title	Sales Tax	Worthless	
	Fund	IV-D Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Check Fund	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES:					
Taxes-	¢ 0	¢ 0	¢ 629 225	¢ 0	¢ 629.225
Sales & Use	\$0 149,986	\$ 0 0	\$ 638,325 0	\$0 3,638	\$ 638,325
Charges for Services Intergovernmental-	149,980	0	0	5,058	153,624
Federal Grants	0	293,157	0	0	293,157
State Grants	59,994	275,157	0	0	59,994
Local	195,986	0	0	0	195,986
On Behalf Payments-Police Jury	74,479	0	0	$\overset{\circ}{0}$	74,479
On Behalf Payments-State	238,632	0	0	ů 0	238,632
Miscellaneous	7,440	33	8,328	89	15,890
Total Revenues	\$ 726,517	\$ <u>293,190</u>	\$ 646,653	\$ 3,727	\$ <u>1,670,087</u>
EXPENDITURES: Current- General Government-					
Personnel Services &					
Related Benefits	\$ 968,295	\$273,228	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$1,241,523
Operating Expenses	234,890	2,387	0	225	237,502
Materials & Supplies	35,699	3,812	0	0	39,511
Travel & Other Charges	13,890 1,213	2,173 0	0	0	16,063 1,213
Capital Expenditures Total Expenditures	\$1,253,987	\$281,600	\$ <u>0</u>	$ \frac{0}{225} $	\$ <u>1,535,812</u>
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>1,233,967</u>	\$ <u>281,000</u>	φ <u> </u>	\$ <u>223</u>	\$ <u>1,555,612</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ <u>(527,470</u>)	\$ <u>11,590</u>	\$ <u>646,653</u>	\$ <u>3,502</u>	\$ <u>134,275</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating Transfers In	\$ 550,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 550,000
Operating Transfers Out	0	(50,000)	<u>(500,000</u>)	0	(550,000)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	\$ <u>550,000</u>	\$ <u>(50,000</u>)	\$ <u>(500,000</u>)	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over					
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 22,530	\$ (38,410)	\$ 146,653	\$ 3,502	\$ 134,275
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	228,868	67,018	817,373	<u>22,931</u>	<u>1,136,190</u>
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ <u>251,398</u>	\$ <u>28,608</u>	\$ <u>964,026</u>	\$ <u>26,433</u>	\$ <u>1,270,465</u>

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	
Net Change in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	\$ 134,275
The Change in Net Position reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:	
Governmental Funds report Capital Outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
The cost of capital assets recorded in the current period is	1,213
Depreciation Expense on Capital Assets is reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements, but does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported in the Fund Financial Statements.	
Current year depreciation expense is	(43,371)
Some Revenues reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and these are not reported in governmental funds. Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental fund. These timing differences are summarized below:	
Non-employer Pension Revenue Pension Expense	35,421 <u>(111,203</u>)
Total changes in Net Position at December 31, 2019, per Statement of Activities	\$ <u>16,335</u>

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2019

ASSETS:	Asset Forfeiture <u>Fund</u>
Cash	\$ <u>10,675</u>
LIABILITIES:	
Due to Other Governments	\$10,675

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2019

	Asset Forfeiture <u>Fund</u>
ADDITIONS:	
Forfeitures	\$ <u>2,168</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Disbursements	\$ <u>2,168</u>
Changes in Liabilities	\$ 0
Liabilities-Beginning	\$ <u>10,675</u>
Liabilities-Ending	\$ <u>10,675</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Introduction:

The Eleventh Judicial District is comprised of the parish of Sabine, Louisiana. As provided by Article V, Section 26 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the District Attorney has charge of criminal prosecution by the State in his district, is the representative of the State before the grand jury in his district, and is legal advisor to the grand jury. The District Attorney performs other duties as provided by law. The District Attorney is elected by the qualified electors of the judicial district for a term of six years.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>:

A. Reporting Entity-

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Statement No. 14, the District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District includes all funds that are within the oversight responsibility of the District Attorney. Oversight responsibility is determined on the basis of appointment of governing organization's relationship with the primary government. Based on consideration of the foregoing criteria, the District Attorney is deemed to be a separate reporting entity. Certain units of local government over which the District Attorney exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the parish police juries, parish school boards, other independently-elected officials, and municipalities within the parishes, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the District Attorney.

B. Basis of Presentation-

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for the fiduciary fund. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through fees and charges, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District Attorney's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipient for goods or services offered by the program, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

C. Fund Accounting-

The accounts of the District Attorney are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds maintained is consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The District Attorney maintains five funds. They are categorized as governmental funds and a fiduciary fund. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental funds; each displayed in a separate column. The District Attorney considers all governmental funds to be major funds, except the Worthless Check Fund.

The funds of the District Attorney are described below:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for the District Attorney's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, and the acquisition of general fixed assets. Governmental funds of the District Attorney include:

General Fund

The General Fund was established in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 15:571.11, which provides that a percentage of the fines collected and bonds forfeited be transmitted to the District Attorney to defray the necessary expenditures of his office.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Title IV-D

The Title IV-D Fund accounts for receipt and expenditure of federal reimbursement grants passed through the Louisiana Department of Social Services, authorized by Act 117 of 1975, to establish family and child support programs compatible with Title IV-D of the social security act. The purpose of the program is to enforce the support obligation owed by absent parents to their families and children, to locate absent parents, to establish paternity, and to obtain family and child support.

Sales Tax Fund

The Sales Tax Fund accounts for the collection of 1/8% sales and use tax used for the operations of the District Attorney.

Worthless Check

The Worthless Check Collection Fee Fund accounts for revenues derived from the fees collected in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 16:15, which provides for a specific fee whenever the District Attorney's office collects and processes a worthless check. Expenditures from this fund are at the sole discretion of the District Attorney and may be used to defray the salaries and the expenses of the Office of the District Attorney but may not be used to supplement the salary of the District Attorney.

Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District Attorney in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Fiduciary Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities of the District Attorney, this fund is not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting-

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual Basis - Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District Attorney's office as a whole. Both of these statements have been prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Modified Accrual Basis - Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District Attorney considers all revenues "available" if collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are that (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due and (2) claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources.

E. Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits-

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, cash and cash equivalents include all interest-bearing and demand accounts of the District Attorney.

F. Capital Assets-

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District Attorney maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of that asset or materially extend the life of that asset are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

The range of useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Building and Building Improvements	10-40 years
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

G. Equity Classifications-

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of the capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net resources with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position all other net resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, management applies unrestricted resources first, unless a determination is made to use restricted resources. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. This decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expense.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- a. Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact;
- b. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- c. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- d. Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- e. Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The General Fund has an unassigned fund balance of \$240,164. If applicable, the District Attorney would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

H. Estimates-

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenue, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Budget-

Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the District Attorney adopts a budget for the next fiscal year for its general and all special revenue funds. The budgets are open for public inspection. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

J. Pensions-

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the District Attorney's Retirement System of Louisiana and the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana and additions to/deductions from the Systems' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources-

The Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows and (or) deferred inflows of financial resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the applicable period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The cash and cash equivalents of the District Attorney are subject to the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District Attorney will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the District Attorney that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the District Attorney's name.

Cash and cash equivalents are held separately by each of the District Attorney's funds. At December 31, 2019, cash and investments totaled \$598,011 (book balances). Bank account balances at December 31, 2019, totaled \$600,115. Of this amount, \$327,969 was insured by federal depository insurance and \$272,146 was secured by government and pledged securities.

3. <u>Investments</u>:

Investments of the District Attorney are subject to the following risk:

Interest Rate Risk. This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity is its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District Attorney does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, as a means of offsetting exposure to interest rate risk, the District Attorney diversifies its investments by security type and institution.

Investments held at December 31, 2019 include \$552,314 in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a local government investment pool. In accordance with GASB Codification Section I50.126, the investment in LAMP at December 31, 2019, is not categorized in the three risk categories provided by GASB Codification Section I50.125 because the investment is in the pool of funds and therefore not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LSA - R.S. 33:2955. Accordingly, LAMP investments are restricted to securities issued, guaranteed, or backed by the U.S. Treasury, the U.S. Government, or one of its agencies, enterprises, or instrumentalities, as well as repurchase agreements collateralized by those securities.

Effective August 1, 2001, LAMP's investment guidelines were amended to permit the investment in government-only money market funds. In its 2001 Regular Session, the Louisiana Legislature (Senate Bill No. 512, Act 701, enacted LSA-R.S. 33:2955 (A) (1) (h) which allows all municipalities, parishes, school boards, and any other political subdivisions of the State to invest in "Investment grade (A-1/P-1) commercial paper of domestic United States corporations." Effective October 1, 2001, LAMP's Investment Guidelines were amended to allow the limited investment in A-1 or A-1+ commercial paper.

The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

4. <u>Compensated Absences</u>:

Full-time employees earn ten days of vacation and sick leave annually. Vacation and sick leave may not be accumulated and there are no vesting privileges. Therefore, no accrual is made for compensated absences payable.

5. Interfund Transactions:

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of the governmental funds. Transfers are primarily used to move operation monies to and from various funds. Interfund operating transfers are summarized as follows:

	Operating <u>Transfers In</u>	Operating <u>Transfer Out</u>		
General Fund Special Revenue Funds-	\$550,000	\$	0	
IV-D		50	,000	
Sales Tax	0	<u>500</u>	<u>,000</u>	
Total	\$ <u>550,000</u>	\$ <u>550</u>	<u>,000</u>	

6. Capital Assets:

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance <u>1-1-19</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>12-31-19</u>
Capital Assets Depreciated: Buildings & Improvements Vehicles Office Furniture, Equipment	\$910,504 14,629 44,373	\$ 0 0 1,213	\$0 0 <u>0</u>	\$910,504 14,629 45,586
Total Assets	\$ <u>969,506</u>	\$ <u>1,213</u>	<u>=</u> \$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>970,719</u>
Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings & Improvements Vehicles Office Furniture, Equipment	\$661,219 14,629 <u>39,379</u>	\$ 41,297 0 	\$0 0 <u>0</u>	\$702,516 14,629 <u>41,453</u>
Total Depreciation	\$ <u>715,227</u>	\$ <u>43,371</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>758,598</u>
Net Capital Assets	\$ <u>254,279</u>	\$ <u>(42,158</u>)	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>212,121</u>

Depreciation expense of \$43,371 was charged to the judicial function.

7. <u>Receivables</u>:

The following is a summary of receivables at December 31, 2019:

Class of Receivable	Gener <u>Func</u>		IV <u>Fu</u>	-D nd	Sales Ta <u>Fund</u>	Worthless ax Check <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Taxes Charges for Services Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 51,30	0 54 <u>0</u>	\$ <u>21.</u>	0 0 <u>,775</u>	\$83,61	$\begin{array}{cccc} 3 & \$ & 0 \\ 0 & 330 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array}$	\$ 83,613 51,694 <u>21,775</u>
Total	\$ <u>51,30</u>	<u>54</u>	\$ <u>21.</u>	<u>,775</u>	\$ <u>83,61</u>	<u>3</u> \$ <u>330</u>	\$ <u>157,082</u>

8. Employee Retirement Systems:

Substantially all employees of the District Attorney are members of the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS) or District Attorneys' Retirement System, State of Louisiana (DARS). These systems are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

A. General Information about the Plans

Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS)

Plan Description

The District Attorney contributes to PERS which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan established by Act 205 of the 1952 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement benefits to all employees of any parish in the state of Louisiana or any governing body or a parish which employs and pays persons serving the parish.

Act 765 of the year 1979, established by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, revised PERS to create Plan A and Plan B to replace the "regular plan" and the "supplemental plan". Plan A was designated for employers out of Social Security. Plan B was designated for those employers that remained in Social Security on the revision date. PERS is governed by Louisiana Revised Statutes, Title 11, Section 1901 through 2025, specifically, and other general laws of the State of Louisiana. PERS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at <u>www.persla.org</u>.

All permanent District Attorney employees (except those employed by Orleans, Lafourche and East Baton Rouge Parishes) who work at least 28 hours a week shall become members on the date of employment. New employees meeting the age and Social Security criteria have up to 90 days from the date of hire to elect to participate. As of January 1997, elected officials, except coroners, justices of the peace, and parish presidents may no longer join PERS.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement

Any member of Plan A can retire providing he/she meets one of the following criteria:

For employees hired prior to January 1, 2007:

- 1. At any age after 30 or more years of creditable service
- 2. At age 55 after 25 years of creditable service
- 3. At age 60 after 10 years of creditable service
- 4. At age 65 after 7 years of creditable service

For employees hired after January 1, 2007:

- 1. At age 55 after 30 years of creditable service
- 2. At age 62 after 10 years of creditable service
- 3. At age 67 after 7 years of creditable service

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance of any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to 3% of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his/her years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions, as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Survivor's Benefits

Upon the death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service who is not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children, as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A, who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an automatic Option 2 benefit, as outlined in the statutes.

A surviving spouse who is not eligible for Social Security survivorship or retirement benefits, and married no less than twelve (12) months immediately preceding death of the member, shall be paid an Option 2 benefit beginning at age 50.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

Act 338 of 1990 established the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for PERS. DROP is an option for that member who is eligible for normal retirement.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, any member of Plan A who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in DROP in which they enrolled for three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his/her option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or roll over the fund to an Individual Retirement Account.

Interest is accrued on the DROP benefits for the period between the end of DROP participation and the member's retirement date.

For individuals who become eligible to participate in DROP on or after January 1, 2004, all amounts which remain credited to the individual's subaccount after termination in DROP will be placed in liquid asset money market investments at the discretion of the Board of Trustees. These subaccounts may be credited with interest based on money market rates of return or, at the option of PERS, the funds may be credited to self-directed subaccounts. The participant in the self-directed portion of DROP must agree that the benefits payable to the participant are not the obligations of the state or PERS, and that any returns and other rights of DROP are the sole liability and responsibility of the participant and the designated provider to which contributions have been made.

Disability Benefits

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if they were hired prior to January 1, 2007, and have at least five years of creditable service or if hired after January 1, 2007, have seven years of creditable service, and is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of an amount equal to 3% of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of service, not to be less than 15, or 3% multiplied by years of service assuming continued service to age 60.

Cost-of-Living Increases

The Board is authorized to provide a cost of living allowance for those retirees who retired prior to July 1973. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements.

In addition, the Board may provide an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are over age 65 equal to 2% of the member's benefit paid on October 1, 1977, (or the member's retirement date, if later). Also, the Board may provide a cost of living increase up to 2.5% for retirees 62 and older. (LA R.S. 11:1937). Lastly, Act 270 of 2009 provided for further reduced actuarial payments to provide an annual 2.5% cost of living adjustment commencing at age 55.

Contributions

According to state statute, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 9.35% of member's compensation for Plan A. However, the actual rate for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018 was 12.50% for Plan A.

According to state statute, PERS also receives ¹/₄ of 1% of ad valorem taxes collected within the respective parishes, except for Orleans and East Baton Rouge parishes. PERS also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. Tax monies and revenue sharing monies are apportioned between Plan A and Plan B in proportion to the member's compensation. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. The non-employer contribution was \$4,095.

The District Attorney's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2019 was 11.50% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the District Attorney were \$45,691 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The District Attorney has elected under state statute to pay both the employer and the employee contributions to the retirement system. Due to this election, the District Attorney contributed an additional \$37,745 on behalf of the employees for the year.

District Attorneys' Retirement System, State of Louisiana (DARS)

Plan Description

The District Attorney contributes to the District Attorneys' Retirement System, State of Louisiana, which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. DARS was established on August 1, 1956, by Act 56 of the 1956 session of the Louisiana Legislature, for the purpose of providing allowances and other benefits for district attorneys and their assistants in each parish. DARS is administered by a Board of Trustees.

All persons who are district attorneys of the State of Louisiana, assistant district attorneys in any parish of the State of Louisiana, or employed by this retirement system and the Louisiana District Attorneys' Association, except for elected or appointed officials who have retired from service under any publicly funded retirement system within the state and who are currently receiving benefits, shall become members as a condition of their employment; provided, however, that in the case of assistant district attorneys, they must be paid an amount not less than the minimum salary specified by the Louisiana District Attorneys' Retirement System's Board of Trustees. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through DARS in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefit Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement

Members who joined DARS before July 1, 1990, and who have elected not to be covered by the new provisions, are eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit if they have 10 or more years of creditable service and are at least age 62, or if they have 18 or more years of service and are at least age 60, or if they have 23 or more years of service and are at least age 55, or if they have 30 years of service regardless of age. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 3% of the member's average final compensation for each year of creditable service. Members are eligible for early retirement at age 60 if they have at least 10 years of creditable service or at age 55 with at least 18 years of creditable service. Members who retire prior to age 60 with less than 23 years of service credit, receive a retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year of age below 60. Members who retire prior to age 62 who have less than 18 years of service receive a retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year of age below 60. Members who retire prior to age 62 who have less than 18 years of service receive a retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year of age below 60. Members who retire prior to age 62 who have less than 18 years of service receive a retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year of age below 60. Members who retire prior to age 62 who have less than 18 years of service receive a retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year of age below 60. Members who retire prior to age 62 who have less than 18 years of service receive a retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year of age below 60. Members who retire prior to age 60 with less than 23 years of service credit.

Members who joined DARS after July 1, 1990, or who elected to be covered by the new provisions, are eligible to receive normal retirement benefits if they are age 60 and have 10 years of service credit, are age 55 and have 24 years of service credit, or have 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 3.5% of the member's final average compensation multiplied by years of membership service. A member is eligible for an early retirement benefit if he is age 55 and has 18 years of service credit. The early retirement benefit is equal to the normal retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year the member retires in advance of normal retirement age. Benefits may not exceed 100% of average final compensation.

Disability Benefits

Disability benefits are awarded to active contributing members with at least 10 years of service who are found to be totally disabled as a result of injuries incurred while in active service. The member receives a benefit equal to 3% (3.5% for members covered under the new retirement benefit provisions) of his average final compensation multiplied by the lesser of his actual service (not to be less than 15 years) or projected continued service to age 60.

Survivor's Benefits

Upon the death of a member with less than 5 years of creditable service, his accumulated contributions and interest thereon are paid to his surviving spouse, if he is married, or to his designated beneficiary, if he is not married. Upon the death of any active, contributing member with 5 or more years of service or any member with 23 years of service who has not retired, automatic Option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. These benefits are based on the retirement benefits accrued at the member's date of death with the option factors used as if the member had continued in service to earliest normal retirement age. If a member has no surviving spouse, the surviving minor children under 18 or disabled children are paid 80% of the member's accrued retirement benefit divided into equal shares. If a member has no surviving spouse or children, his accumulated contributions and interest are paid to his designated beneficiary. In lieu of periodic payments, the surviving spouse or children may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions with interest.

Upon withdrawal from service, members not entitled to a retirement allowance are paid a refund of accumulated contributions upon request. Receipt of such a refund cancels all accrued rights in DARS.

Cost-of-Living Increases

The Board of Trustees is authorized to grant retired members and surviving beneficiaries of members who have retired an annual cost of living increase of 3% of their original benefit, (not to exceed \$60 per month) and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In lieu of other cost of living increases the Board may grant an increase to retirees in the form of "Xx(A&B)" where "A" is equal to the number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or death of the member or retiree and "B" is equal to the number of years since death of the member or retiree to June 30 of the initial year of increase and "X" is equal to any amount available for funding such increase up to a maximum of \$1.00. In order for the Board to grant any of these increases, DARS must meet certain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

In lieu of receiving an actual service retirement allowance, any member who has more years of service than are required for a normal retirement may elect to receive a Back-Deferred Retirement Option Program (Back-DROP) benefit.

The Back-DROP benefit is based upon the Back-DROP period selected and the final average compensation prior to the period selected. The Back-DROP period is the lesser of 36 months or the service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. At retirement, the member's maximum monthly retirement benefit is based upon his service, final average compensation, and plan provisions in effect on the last day of creditable service immediately prior to the commencement of the Back-DROP period. In addition to a reduced monthly benefit at retirement, the member receives a lump-sum payment equal to the maximum monthly benefit as calculated above multiplied by the number of months in the Back-DROP period. In lieu of receiving the lump-sum payment, the member may leave the funds on deposit with the system in an interest bearing account.

Prior to January 1, 2009, eligible members could elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for up to 36 months in lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service benefit. During participation in the DROP, employer contributions were payable and employee contributions were reduced to ½ of 1%. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable to the member were paid into a DROP account, which did not earn interest while the member was participating in the DROP. Upon termination of participation, the participant in the plan received, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account or systematic disbursements from his account in any manner approved by the Board of Trustees. The monthly benefits that were being paid into the DROP would then be paid to the retiree. All amounts which remain credited to the individual's sub-account after termination of participation in the plan were invested in liquid money market funds. Interest was credited thereon as actually earned.

Contributions

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2019, the actual employer contribution rate was 1.25%.

In accordance with state statute, DARS receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2019 and excluded from pension expense. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. The non-employer contribution was \$31,326.

Contributions to the pension plan from the District Attorney were \$4,938 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

B. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District Attorney reported a total of \$370,242 for its proportionate shares of the Net Pension Liabilities of the Plans.

Plan	Measurement Date		
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
PERS	\$264,491	\$(40,880)	
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
DARS	105,751	97,645	
Total	\$370,242	\$ 56,765	

The Net Pension Liabilities were measured as of December 31, 2018 for PERS and June 30, 2019 for DARS, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The District Attorney's proportion of the Net Pension Liabilities was based on a projection of the District Attorney's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At the measurement dates, the District Attorney's proportions of each were as follows:

Plan	Proportionate Share		
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
PERS	.05959%	.05508%	
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
DARS	.32872%	.30344%	
Total	.38831%	.35852%	

For the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District Attorney recognized pension expense including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions as follows:

Plan	Measurement Date		
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
PERS	\$ 57,736	\$51,271	
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
DARS	53,466	33,430	
Total	\$111,202	\$84,701	

At December 31, 2019, the District Attorney reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred
inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	PERS		DARS		Total	
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 16,113	\$ 454	\$ 33,007	\$ 454	\$ 49,120
Changes in Assumptions	66,131	-	48,165	3,488	114,296	3,488
Net Difference between						
projected and actual earnings on						
pension plan	126,613	-	14,831	-	141,444	-
Changes in employer's						
proportion of beg NPL	1,787	588	11,446	4,800	13,233	5,388
Differences between employer						
and proportionate share of						
contributions	752	75	160	121	912	196
Subsequent Measurement						
Contributions	45,692		3,643		49,335	
Total	\$ 240,975	\$ 16,776	\$ 78,699	\$ 41,416	\$ 319,674	\$ 58,192

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District Attorney contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$49,335 will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liabilities in the year December 31, 2019. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
December 31:	
2019	\$ 61,220
2020	45,478
2021	33,362
2022	63,150
2023	13,380
2024	(4,441)
2025	0
Total	\$212,149

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liabilities for the valuation dates of December 31, 2018 for PERS and June 30, 2019 for DARS are as follows:

Assumptions	PERS	DARS
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost	Entry age normal cost
Expected remaining service lives	4 years	6 years
Investment rate of return	6.750%	6.500%
Inflation rate	2.500%	2.400%
Salary increases	5.250%	5.500%

Mortality rates for PERS were based on RP-2000 Employee Sex Distinct Mortality Table was selected for employees. RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Sex Distinct Tables were selected for annuitants and beneficiaries. RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table was selected for disabled annuitants. The mortality rate assumptions were based on the results of an experience study, for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Mortality rates for DARS were based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy with White Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) projected to 2032 using scale Assistance were selected for employees, annuitants and beneficiaries. RP-2000 Disabled Lives Table (setback 5 years for males and set back 3 years for females) for disabled annuitants. The mortality rate assumptions were based upon an experience study performed on plan data for the period of July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on PERS pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the capital asset pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward looking basis in equilibrium, in which best estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

The long-term expected rate of return on DARS pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in pensions target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018 for PERS and June 30, 2019 for DARS are summarized in the following table:

	PERS		DARS		
Asset Class	Target Asset	Long-Term	Target Asset	Long-Term	
	Allocation	Expected Portfolio	Allocation	Expected Portfolio	
		Real Rate of Return		Real Rate of Return	
Equity	52%	3.45%	48.42%	5.13%	
Fixed Income	35%	1.22%	40.10%	1.65%	
Alternative	11%	0.65%	10.99%	0.78%	
Other	<u>2</u> %	<u>0.11</u> %	<u>0.49</u> %	<u>0.00</u> %	
Totals	<u>100</u> %	5.43%	<u>100.00</u> %	5.07%	
Inflation		2.00%		2.49%	
Expected					
Nominal					
Return		<u>7.43</u> %		<u>7.56</u> %	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% for PERS and 6.50% for DARS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, PERS and DARS fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District Attorney's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabilities using the discount rates as shown above, as well as what the District Attorney's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
PERS	\$561,707	\$264,491	\$ 16,043
DARS	\$288,056	\$105,751	\$(49,481)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net positions are available in the separately issued financial statements of the Plans.

Payables to the Pension Plans

These financial statements include a payable to the pension plan of \$1,822 to DARS, which is the legally required contribution due at December 31, 2019. This amount is recorded in accrued expenses.

9. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan:

The District Attorney provides a 457b plan to full-time employees that have been employed with the District Attorney for at least three months. Employees may contribute up to \$2,500 annually. The District will match one-half of the employees' contributions. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the District's contribution amount was \$19,572. The District does not guarantee the benefits provided by the defined contribution retirement plan.

10. Accounts, Salaries and Other Payables:

The current liabilities of District Attorney at December 31, 2019, are as follows:

Class of Payable	General <u>Fund</u>	Title IV <u>Fund</u>	Total
Accounts Payable Payroll Liabilities	\$ 8,890 <u>17,957</u>	\$ 985 _ <u> 9,794</u>	\$ 9,875 <u>27,751</u>
Totals	\$ <u>26,847</u>	\$ <u>10,779</u>	\$ <u>37,626</u>

11. Expenditures of the District Attorney Not Included in the Accompanying Financial Statements:

Certain expenses of the District Attorney's office are paid by the Sabine Parish Police Jury. The Sabine Parish Police Jury pays some utility bills, some insurance, and furnishes some of the equipment in the District Attorney's office. The accompanying financial statements do not include certain expenditures of the District Attorney paid by the Sabine Parish Police Jury.

12. On-Behalf Payments:

The accompanying financial statements include on-behalf payments made by the Sabine Parish Police Jury and the State of Louisiana for salaries and related fringe benefits of the District Attorney's employees, including contributions to PERS, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

13. Litigation:

The District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District is a defendant in various lawsuits filed by inmates. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Eleventh Judicial District Attorney.

14. Federal Financial Assistance Programs:

The District Attorney participates in the United States Department of Health and Human Services Support Enforcement, Title IV-D Program, Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 93.563. This program is funded by indirect assistance payments, in the form of reimbursements of certain expenditures, received from the Louisiana Department of Social Services. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District expended \$293,157 in reimbursement payments.

The reimbursement payments are restricted by a formal agreement between the District Attorney and Department of Social Services and include a budget of expected expenditures for each fiscal year ending June 30. The District Attorney submits reimbursement requests to the Department of Social Services on a monthly basis.

The reimbursement payments may be subjected to further review and audit by the federal grantor agency. No provision has been made in the financial statements for the reimbursement of any expenditures that may be disallowed as a result of such a review or audit.

15. Post-Employment Benefits:

The District Attorney does not provide any post-employment benefits; therefore, no disclosure for GASB 45 is required.

16. Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated events through June 22, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, and quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical area in which the District operates. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. Therefore, while the District anticipates this could negatively affects its operating results, the related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				Variance-
		dget	A	Favorable
REVENUES:	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Charges for Services	\$ 245,000	\$ 160,000	\$ 149,986	\$(10,014)
Intergovernmental-				
State Grants	30,000	30,000	59,994	29,994
Local	75,000	160,000	195,986	35,986
On Behalf Payments-Police Jury	75,000	75,000	74,479	(521)
On Behalf Payments-State	250,000	250,000	238,632	(11,368)
Miscellaneous	500	400	7,440	7,040
Total Revenues	\$ <u>675,500</u>	\$ <u>675,400</u>	<u>\$ 726,517</u>	\$ <u>51,117</u>
EXPENDITURES: Current- General Government-				
Personnel Services & Benefits	\$ 905,000	\$ 980,000	\$ 968,295	\$ 11,705
Operating Expenses	270,000	270,000	234,890	35,110
Materials & Supplies	28,000	35,000	35,699	(699)
Travel & Other Charges	18,000	15,000	13,890	1,110
Capital Expenditures	1,000	1,000	1,213	(213)
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>1,222,000</u>	\$ <u>1,301,000</u>	\$ <u>1,253,987</u>	\$ 47,013
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ (546,500)	\$ (625,600)	\$ (527,470)	\$ 98,130
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating Transfers In	_500,000	550,000	550,000	0
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures	\$ (46,500)	\$ (75,600)	\$ 22,530	\$ 98,130
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	228,868	228,868	228,868	0
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ <u>182,368</u>	\$ <u>153,268</u>	\$ <u>251,398</u>	\$ <u>98,130</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Title IV-D Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Buc	laat		Variance- Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	<u>(Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES:	onginar	<u>r mar</u>	<u>r tetuur</u>	<u>(emuvoruore)</u>
Intergovernmental-				
Federal Grants	\$270,000	\$270,000	\$293,157	\$23,157
Miscellaneous	0	37	33	(4)
Total Revenues	\$ <u>270,000</u>	\$ <u>270,037</u>	\$ <u>293,190</u>	\$ <u>23,153</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current-				
General Government-				
Personnel Services & Benefits	\$270,000	\$280,000	\$273,228	\$ 6,772
Operating Expenses	3,500	2,000	2,387	(387)
Materials & Supplies	4,000	3,055	3,812	(757)
Travel & Other Charges	4,000	2,000	2,173	(173)
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>281,500</u>	\$ <u>287,055</u>	\$ <u>281,600</u>	\$ <u>5,455</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	\$ (11,500)	\$ (17,018)	\$ 11,590	\$28,608
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Operating Transfers Out	0	<u>(50,000</u>)	(50,000)	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ (11,500)	\$ (67,018)	\$ (38,410)	\$28,608
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	67,018	67,018	67,018	0
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ <u>55,518</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>28,608</u>	\$ <u>28,608</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Sales Tax Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Bud	get		Variance- Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	-			
Taxes-				
Sales & Use	\$ 500,000	\$ 575,000	\$ 638,325	\$63,325
Miscellaneous	0	0	8,328	8,328
Total Revenues	\$ 500,000	\$ 575,000	\$ 646,653	\$71,653
OTHER FINANCING USES: Operating Transfers Out	<u>(500,000</u>)	<u>(500,000</u>)	<u>(500,000</u>)	0
Excess of Revenues over				
Other Financing Uses	\$ 0	\$ 75,000	\$ 146,653	\$71,653
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	817,373	817,373	817,373	0
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ <u>817,373</u>	\$ <u>892,373</u>	\$ <u>964,026</u>	\$ <u>71,653</u>

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Year	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension <u>Liability (Asset)</u>	Employer's on Proportionate Share of the Net <u>Pension Liability (Asset)</u>		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its <u>Covered Payroll Tota</u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as a Percentage of the
District Attorney's Retirement System (DARS)					
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	0.26065% 0.27554% 0.23100% 0.30344% 0.32872%	\$ 14,040 \$ 52,741 \$ 62,305 \$ 97,645 \$105,751	\$166,750 \$166,750 \$173,100 \$176,817 \$194,650	8% 32% 36% 55% 54%	98.56% 95.09% 93.57% 92.92% 93.13%
Parochial Employees' Retirement System (PERS)					
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	0.05987% 0.05500% 0.05781% 0.05508% 0.05959%	\$ 16,369 \$144,765 \$119,052 \$ (40,880) \$264,491	\$315,321 \$342,826 \$339,003 \$366,349 \$397,314	5% 42% 35% (11%) 66.57%	99.15% 99.99% 94.15% 101.98% 88.86%

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Schedule of Employer's Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Year	Contractually Required <u>Contributions</u>	Contributions in Relation to Contractually <u>Required Contributions</u>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's (Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee <u>Payroll</u>	
District Attorney's Retirement System (DARS)						
2015	\$ 8,754	\$ 8,754	\$0	\$166,750	5.25%	
2016	\$ 2,918	\$ 2,918	\$0	\$166,750	1.75%	
2017	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$0	\$173,100	0.00%	
2018	\$ 1,122	\$ 1,122	\$0	\$176,817	0.63%	
2019	\$ 4,938	\$ 4,938	\$0	\$194,650	2.54%	
Parochial Employees' Retirement System (PERS)						
2015	\$45,722	\$45,722	\$0	\$315,321	14.50%	
2016	\$44,567	\$44,567	\$0	\$342,826	13.00%	
2017	\$42,375	\$42,375	\$0	\$339,003	12.50%	
2018	\$42,130	\$42,130	\$0	\$366,349	11.50%	
2019	\$45,691	\$45,691	\$0	\$397,314	11.50%	

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Agency Head Name: Don Burkett, District Attorney	
Purpose	Amount
Paid by the DA's Office:	
Salary	\$124,050
Benefits-Retirement	2,137
Benefits-Other	1,799
Insurance	1,748
Conferences & Travel	3,401
Dues	660
Cell Phone Allowance	300
Paid by the Sabine Parish Police Jury	
Salary	3,575
Benefits-Retirement	94
Benefits-Other	52
Paid by the State Treasurer:	
State of LA - RS 16:10	
Salary	50,000
Benefits-Retirement	1,312
Benefits-Other	725

OTHER REPORTS/SCHEDULES

T C B T THOMAS, CUNNINGHAM, BROADWAY & TODTENBIER

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA – A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA – A Professional Corporation Jessica H. Broadway, CPA – A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA – A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447 www.tcbtcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Don Burkett, District Attorney Eleventh Judicial District P. O. Box 1557 Many, LA 71449

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District of Louisiana (District Attorney) basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District Attorney's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 25:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Shomae Currigham Broadway + Sodtenbier CPA's

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier *Certified Public Accountants* Natchitoches, Louisiana

June 22, 2020

District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District Schedule of Audit Results Year Ended December 31, 2019

- I. Summary of Audit Results
 - 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District.
 - 2. There were no material weaknesses identified in internal control during the audit of the financial statements.
 - 3. The audit did not disclose any instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.
- II. Findings in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards

None identified.

- III. Prior Year Finding
 - 2018-001 Local Government Budget Act

Condition - For the year ended December 31, 2018, the District Attorney did not follow the requirements of the Local Government Budget Act in that proper amendments were not made to ensure the five percent variance for expenditures were met for the IV-D Fund.

Status- As of December 31, 2018, this condition has cleared.

T C B T THOMAS, CUNNINGHAM, BROADWAY & TODTENBIER

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA – A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA – A Professional Corporation Jessica H. Broadway, CPA – A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA – A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447 www.tcbtcpa.com

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Honorable Don Burkett, District Attorney Eleventh Judicial District

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were specified and agreed to by the Honorable Don Burkett, District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The District Attorney is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accounts and the applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures enumerated below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Our procedures and associated findings are enumerated below.

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - **Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity**, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

RESULTS: We noted no exceptions.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

2. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 3. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder.
 - Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 4. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

RESULTS: We noted no exceptions.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively on the Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully,

Shomae Currigham, Broadway + Sodtenbier, CPA's

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier *Certified Public Accountants* Natchitoches, Louisiana

June 22, 2020