

FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020



FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended December 31, 2020

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FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended December 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors St. Rose Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. St. Charles Parish, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Rose Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. (the Department) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Rose Volunteer Fire Department, Inc., as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the department's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Act 706 of the 2014 Louisiana Legislative Session and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officers is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officers is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2021, on our consideration of the department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on effectiveness of the department's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the department's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thibodaux, Louisiana

June 21, 2021

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

ST. CHARLES PARISH, LOUISIANA

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activites		
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	331,733	
Due from Parish	¥	36,736	
Prepaid insurance		23,353	
Receivables:		20,000	
Ad valorem taxes		306,502	
Sales taxes		35,827	
Total current assets		734,151	
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, not being depreciated		123,857	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		584,651	
Total noncurrent assets	***************************************	708,508	
Total Assets	-	1,442,659	
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable		15,650	
Accrued payroll		4,054	
Accrued interest payable		3,832	
Long term liabilities due < 1 year		69,838	
Total current liabilities		93,374	
Noncurrent liabilities			
Long term liabilities due > 1 year		255,675	
Total noncurrent liabilities		255,675	
Total Liabilities		349,049	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Ad valorem tax revenue		16,996	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		16,996	
Net investment in capital assets		379,163	
Net Position - Unrestricted		697,451	
Total Net Position	\$	1,076,614	

ST. CHARLES PARISH, LOUISIANA

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense				
					(Operating				venue and
				Charges for		Grants &	•	Grants		nges in Net
	Е	xpenses		Services	Co	ntributions	& Contri	butions	l	Position
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
Public safety - fire protection:										
Salaries and related benefits	\$	196,422	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(196,422)
Repairs and maintenance		42,593		-		-		-		(42,593)
Professional services		9,872		-		-		-		(9,872)
Insurance		71,407		-		-		-		(71,407)
Fuel		9,084		-		-		-		(9,084)
Supplies and materials		23,593		-		-		-		(23,593)
Utilities		29,222		-		-		-		(29,222)
Training		6,936		_		-		-		(6,936)
Personnel insurance and medical		18,434		-		-		-		(18,434)
Dues and memberships		14,141		_		_		_		(14,141)
Office expense		7,931		_		-		_		(7,931)
Installation of officers		5,207		=		-		_		(5.207)
Meals		4,487		_		-		-		(4,487)
Miscellaneous		955		_		-		-		(955)
Interest		15,290		_		_		_		(15,290)
Depreciation expense		154,416		_		-		-		(154,416)
. ,	***************************************	······································								<u> </u>
Total Governmental activities	\$	609,990	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(609,990)
					Gen	eral Revenue	s:			
					S	ales tax - 1/8	percent		\$	352,224
						d valorem tax				289,506
					F	ire insurance	rebate			31,933
					Ir	nterest income	•			27
					C	ther revenue	5			42
					Tota	al general rev	venues			673,732
					Cha	ınge in net p	osition			63,742
					Net	Position - Be	eginning			1,012,872
					Net	Position - Er	nding		\$	1,076,614

Basic Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

ST. CHARLES PARISH, LOUISIANA

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	Ger	Non-Public Fund General Fund (non-major)		Fund		Total emo Only)
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	328,381	\$	3,352	\$	331,733
Due from Parish		36,736		-		36,736
Prepaid expenses		23,353		-		23,353
Receivables:						
Ad valorem taxes		306,502		-		306,502
Sales taxes		35,827				35,827
Total Assets		730,799		3,352		734,151
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		15,650		_		15,650
Accrued payroll		4,054		_		4,054
Total Liabilities		19,704		_	-	19,704
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Ad valorem tax revenue		16,996				16,996
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		16,996				16,996
Fund balance						
Nonspendable - prepaid expenses		23,353		-		23,353
Fund Balance - Unassigned		670,746		3,352		674,098
Total Fund Balance	\$	694,099	\$	3,352	\$	697,451

ST. CHARLES PARISH, LOUISIANA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Gen					Total emo Only)
Revenues	•					
Ad valorem tax	\$	289,506	\$	-	\$	289,506
Sales tax - 1/8 percent		352,224		-		352,224
Fire insurance rebate		31,933		-		31,933
Interest income		27		-		27
Other revenues		42		_		42
Total revenues		673,732		_		673,732
Expenditures						
Public safety - fire protection:						
Current:						
Salaries and related benefits		196,422		-		196,422
Repairs and maintenance		42,593		-		42,593
Professional services		9,872		-		9,872
Insurance		71,407		-		71,407
Fuel		9,084		_		9,084
Supplies and materials		23,593		-		23,593
Utilities		29,222		-		29,222
Training		6,936		-		6,936
Personnel insurance and medical		18,434		_		18,434
Dues and memberships		14,141		_		14,141
Office expense		7,931		_		7,931
Installation of officers		5.207		_		5,207
Meals		4,487		_		4.487
Miscellaneous		497		458		955
Capital Outlay		9,107		-		9,107
Debt Service:		0,101				3,107
Debt retirement		117,672		_		117,672
Interest expense		15,294		_		15,294
interest expense		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total expenditures		581,899		458	3	582,357
Excess of revenues over/(under) expenditures		91,833		(458)		91,375
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources						
Over expenditures and other uses		91,833		(458)		91,375
Fund Balance - Beginning		602,266	,	3,810		606,076
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	694,099	\$	3,352	\$	697,451

ST. CHARLES PARISH, LOUISIANA

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

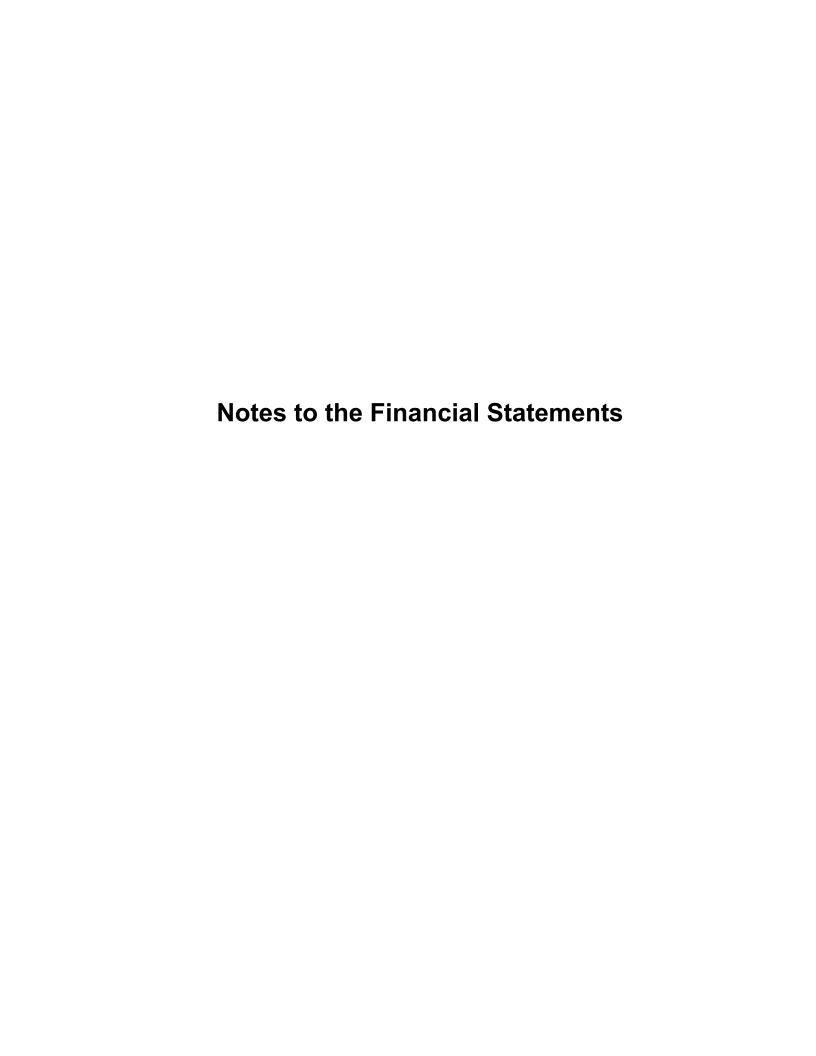
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds at December 31, 2020	\$ 697,451
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activites are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. Those assets consist of:	
Land 123,857	
Construction in progress 0	
Buildings, net of \$873,851 accumulated depreciation 188,229	
Vehicles, net of \$964,973 accumulated depreciation 333,387	
Equipment, net of \$1,223,819 accumulated depreciation 63,036	
	708,509
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet, but rather are recognized as expenditures when due. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	
Accrued interest payable (3,832) Long-term liabilities (325,514)	(329,346)
Total Net Position - Governmental activities at December 31, 2020	\$ 1,076,614

ST. CHARLES PARISH, LOUISIANA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Total net changes in fund balances at December 31, 2020 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		\$ 91,375
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over there estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Basis of capital assets removed from service Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2020	\$ 9,107 - (154,416)	(145,309)
Governmental funds report debt services payments as expenditures. However; in the statement of activities the repayment of principal indebtedness reduces long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activites.		117,672
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until due, rather than as it accrues.		4
Change in Net Position - Governmental activities at December 31, 2020		\$ 63,742



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

INTRODUCTION

The St. Rose Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. (the Department) was organized as a non-profit corporation as defined by Revised Statutes of Louisiana Title 12, Section 101 (8). The Department is exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Its objective is to provide fire protection to the St. Rose area, Fire Protection District No.5 of St. Charles Parish.

The Department receives funding from local and state government sources and must comply with the same requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Department is a "primary government" and is not included as a component unit of any other St. Charles Parish governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB pronouncements, since the entity is a non-profit corporation, and the board members have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations an primary accountability for fiscal matters. The Department includes all activities that are controlled by it as a quasi-public non-profit corporation organized to provide fire protection to the Parish of St. Charles. The Department has no component units.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Department conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of St. Rose Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Fire Department are discussed below.

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Department's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Department are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance- related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The fund of the Department is classified as a governmental fund. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. The Department has one fund, a governmental fund. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Major fund:

Governmental Fund - General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Department and is used to account for the operations of the Department. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

Non-major fund:

Governmental Fund – Non-Public Fund

The purpose of the non-public fund is to account for funds collected by the Department from private sources such as donations. These funds are accounted for separately from the public funds which are held in the general fund.

B. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues are classified by source and expenditures are classified by function and character. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The Department reports deferred inflows of resources on its governmental fund balance sheet. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred inflows arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows also arise when resources are received before the Department has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Department has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Department prepares a budget for its General fund which is approved by its board of directors. However, the budget is not legally adopted or required in the basic financial presentation. The budget is reviewed monthly by the finance committee and quarterly by the full membership and compared to actual expenditures for use in managing expenditures.

D. Encumbrances

The Department does not use encumbrance accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

E. Cash and Interest-bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Department may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days, and are stated at cost, which approximates fair market value.

F. Investments

Louisiana state law allows all political subdivisions to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit of state or national banks having their principal office in Louisiana or any other federally insured investment.

The Department's only investments are certificates of deposit, with an original maturity of greater than 90 days, which are stated at cost, which approximates market. Investments in certificates of deposit are reported at cost because they are "nonparticipating" interest-earning investment contracts as discussed in GASB 31. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Investments which include securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued based on their last reported sales price (fair value). Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

G. Prepaid Expenditures

Payments made for goods and services that will benefit periods beyond the current year end have been recorded as prepaid expenditures.

H. Receivables

Ad Valorem taxes are levied on a calendar year basis and become delinquent on January 1 of each year. Delinquent property taxes are considered fully collectible and therefore no allowance for uncollectible fees is provided. Any prior-year delinquent property taxes are recorded as receivable; in addition to the current year assessment.

Sales tax receivables are recorded based on current year actual amounts collected within 60 days after year end.

I. Inventories

Physical inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Because inventories are expended within one operating cycle they are recorded as expenditures when paid for and are not recorded as an inventory asset.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

J. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires an entity to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, entities are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, vehicles, and equipment, purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	10-40 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in the Department's operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund that provided the resources to acquire the assets. Depreciation is not computed or recorded on capital assets for purposes of the fund financial statements.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, debt and principal payments of both government and business-type activities are reported as decreases in the balance of the liability on the Statement of Net Position. In the fund financial statements, however, debt and principal payments of governmental funds are recognized as expenditures when paid.

N. Equity Classifications

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, the difference between a government's assets and liabilities is recorded as net position. The three components of net position are as follows:

 Net Investment in Capital Assets This category records capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowing attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

- 2. <u>Restricted Net Position</u> Net positions that are restricted by external sources such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or by law through either enabling legislation or constitutional provisions are reported separately as restricted net position. When assets are required to be retained in perpetuity, these non-expendable net positions are recorded separately from expendable net positions. These are components of restricted net positions.
- 3. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the Fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balance of the governmental fund is classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Department has prepaid insurance which is considered *nonspendable* fund balance on the fund financial statements.
- 2. <u>Restricted Amounts</u> that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- 3. <u>Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Board.</u>
- 4. <u>Assigned Amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes by a decision of the Board.</u>
- 5. Unassigned All other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposed for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Board considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Board considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At December 31, 2020, the Department has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$331,733, as follows:

Demand Deposits \$ 331,733

Total \$ 331,733

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities must be held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

NOTE 3. CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution the Department's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the Department or the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31, 2020, in the amount of \$335,583 were secured with \$250,000 of federal deposit insurance. The remaining \$85,583 were unsecured at year end. The Department does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4. DUE FROM PARISH

Revenue receivable at December 31, 2020 consists of the Department's share of the 1/8th percent sales tax for the month of November 2020, collected on or before December 20, 2020 by the St. Charles Parish School Board and remitted by St. Charles Parish in January 2021.

An allowance for uncollectible receivables is not recorded by the Department because it considers all receivables collectible at December 31, 2020.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2020, consisted of ad valorem taxes in the amount of \$306,502. Also included in receivables at year end are sales taxes in the amount of \$35,827.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Balance at 12/31/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 12/31/2020
Capital assets; not being depreciated:				
Land	123,857	-	-	123,857
Total	123,857	-	_	123,857
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Equipment	1,317,540	4,038		1,321,578
Buildings	1,101,894	-		1,101,894
Vehicles	1,373,168	5,069		1,378,237
Total	3,792,603	9,107	_	3,801,710
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,062,642)	(154,416)		(3,217,058)
Total capital, assets being depr; net	729,961	(145,309)	_	584,652
Total capital assets, net	\$ 853,817	\$ (145,309)	\$ -	\$ 708,508

Depreciation expense for the year of \$154,416 was charged to public safety.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The Department holds a note payable to Capital One Bank with an interest rate of 4.85% for the building station #51. The Department is required to pay 120 monthly payments of \$3,569 with a final payment on March 1, 2023. The note is secured by real estate.

The Department holds a second note payable to Capital One Bank with an interest rate of 5.25% for the purchase of a fire vehicle. Principal and interest are due in 84 monthly installments of \$2,659 with a final payment on August 22, 2021. The note is secured by a vehicle.

An installment purchase agreement with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Financing was entered into on September 8, 2017 for the purchase of Engine 511. The Department is to make 10 annual installments ending on July 1, 2027 with an interest rate of 3.08% according to the agreement.

A summary of the changes in general long-term debt obligations of the department is as follows:

Long-term obligations payable	
at December 31, 2019 \$ 443,18	35
Additions	-
Reductions (117,672	2)
Long-term obligations payable	
at December 31, 2020 \$ 325,51	3

During the year, the department paid \$117,672 in principle and \$15,294 interest expense.

The department has total required principal payments due in less than one year of \$69,838. \$255,675 is the portion of the liability due in more than one year. The schedule of payments for the duration of the remaining note is shown below:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

Year ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service Requirement
2021	69,838	10,768	80,607
2022	72,728	7,879	80,607
2023	42,790	5,399	48,189
2024	33,462	4,317	37,779
2025	34,492	3,286	37,779
2026-2027	72,203	3,353	75,557
	\$325,513	\$35,002	\$360,517

The department had no short-term debt in 2020.

NOTE 8. AD VALOREM TAX

Effective July 21, 1990, the voters of St. Charles Parish approved a property tax millage in the amount of 1.6 mills. This tax is collected by the St. Charles Parish Sheriff to be used for the fire protection of the Parish of St. Charles. The funds are distributed to the nine individual Fire Departments of the St. Charles Parish Firemen's Association, Inc. by the parish's Department of Finance. The Department's share of the total property tax on the 2020 tax roll is \$289,506 paid at a millage rate of 1.45.

The St. Charles Parish Assessor levies the ad valorem tax each year on November 15 based upon the assessed value, less homestead exemptions. The 1st day of January preceding the annual levy date (Nov. 15th) is used as the date to value the property subject to tax. The tax becomes due on November 15 and is considered delinquent if not paid by December 31. Most of the property tax revenues are collected during the months of December, January, and February.

NOTE 9. TAX ABATEMENTS

The St. Charles Parish Government enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses. Based on various Louisiana economic development programs, local taxing authorities may grant property tax abatements for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, the St. Rose Volunteer Fire Department, Inc.'s portion of the total tax abatements were \$16,187.

NOTE 10. FIRE PROTECTION CONTRACT

Effective March 1, 1980, sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent is collected by the St. Charles Parish School Board and administered by the Parish President. The sales tax is to be used for the fire protection of the Parish of St. Charles. The funds are distributed monthly by the Parish

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

President to the individual Fire Departments of the St. Charles Parish Firemen's Association, Inc. Effective April 4, 2011 (Ord#11-4-4), the sales tax is distributed on the following basis:

Department	Basis	Funds
Bayou Gauche Volunteer Fire Dept., Inc.	\$2,500	3.78%
Des Allemands Volunteer Fire Dept., Inc.	\$2,500	4.10%
East Side St. Charles Volunteer Fire Dept., Inc.	\$2,500	22.72%
Hahnville Volunteer Fire Dept., Inc.	\$2,500	7.00%
Killona Volunteer Fire Dept. Inc.	\$2,500	1.47%
Luling Volunteer Fire Dept., Inc.	\$2,500	30.85%
Norco Area Volunteer Fire Dept., Inc.	\$2,500	9.81%
Paradis Volunteer Fire Dept., Inc.	\$2,500	4.93%
St. Rose Volunteer Fire Dept., Inc.	\$2,500	15.34%

The Department receives a monthly base amount of \$2,500 in sales tax plus 15.34% of the remaining funds. The total revenue under this agreement for the year ended December 31, 2020, was \$352,224.

Sales tax receivable at December 31, 2020 of \$35,827, consists of the Department's share of the 1/8th cent sales tax for the months of December 2020, collected on or before January 20, 2021, by the St. Charles Parish School Board and remitted by St. Charles Parish in February 2021.

NOTE 11. LEASES

The Department had no leases for the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 12. RETIREMENT PLAN

St. Rose Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. maintains a defined contribution profit sharing plan, the St. Rose Fire Department 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan and Trust, for the benefit of the employees of the Fire Department. Employees must be 21 years of age and have one year of service to participate. Participants are immediately 100% vested in all elective deferrals, matching contributions, and profit-sharing contributions. Participants can contribute up to 90% of their compensation. Employee contributions for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$6,612. The Fire Department may make a profit-sharing contribution at its discretion. The Fire Department currently matches 100% of the first 5% of employees' salary deferrals. Employer contributions for the year ended December 31, 2020 totaled \$6,612. The Plan has no forfeitures for the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Department is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; illnesses or injuries to its volunteers; and natural disasters. The Department has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss. No settlements

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

were made during the current or prior three fiscal years that exceeded the Department's insurance coverage.

NOTE 14. INCOME TAXES

The Fire Department is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501 (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. It is exempt from Louisiana income tax under the authority of R.S. 47:121(7). The Fire Department's evaluation as of December 31, 2020 revealed no tax positions that would have a material impact on the financial statements. The 2017 through 2020 tax years remain subject to examination by the IRS. The Fire Department does not believe that any reasonably possible changes will occur within the next twelve months that will have a material impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through June 21, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 16. LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

At December 31, 2020, the Department had no litigation or claims pending.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer

Edward Simpson, Fire Chief

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$19,677
Benefits-insurance	0
Benefits-retirement	0
Benefits-other	0
Car allowance	0
Vehicle provided by government	0
Per diem	0
Reimbursements	0
Travel	0
Registration fees	0
Conference travel	0
Continuing professional education fees	0
Housing	0
Unvouchered expenses*	0
Special meals	0
Others (Uniforms/Gear)	0



Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Section I – Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements:

Ref. No. 1219-01

Description of finding:

Noncompliance with RS 42:12-42:14 (the open meetings law).

Public bodies are required to advertise the date, time, place, and agenda of meetings at least 24 hours in advance. The Department's board was unaware of the requirements of the open meetings laws. The Department did not properly advertise board meetings in accordance with the open meetings law.

Corrective Action Has Taken:

Resolved. The board to published a notice for each meeting in accordance with the Open Meetings Laws.

Ref. No. 1219-02

Description of finding:

Noncompliance with RS 38:2212 (the public bid law).

Expenditures for materials and supplies exceeding \$30,000 are required to be publicly bid or are to be purchased under state contract. The Department's board authorized the purchase of several sets of bunker gear for a total price of \$30,236 without going through the bid process. The Department did not comply with the public bid laws.

Corrective Action Has Taken:

Resolved. The board implemented procedures to ensure compliance with the public bid law for all materials and supply purchases in excess of \$30,000.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Ref. No. 1219-03

Description of finding:

Violation of Article VII, Section 14 of the Louisiana Constitution, prohibited uses of public funds.

This article outlines the prohibited use of public funds whereby public funds, credit, property, or things of value shall not be loaned, pledged or donated to or for any person, association, or corporation, public or private, except as otherwise provided by in the constitution. (1) The Department's board authorized the use, at no charge, of the fire station to an outside organization for several days during the year for that organizations fundraising purposes. The Department also purchased supplies for this organization which were later reimbursed to the Department. (2) The Department held an installation of officers / training meeting, at a cost of \$12,958, with several purchases in violation of Article VII. The Department is in violation of Article VII, Section 14 of the Louisiana Constitution.

Corrective Action Taken:

Resolved. The board was unaware of these regulations as these events have been conducted for years without mention of its violation. After being informed of the laws, the board discontinued both events. All non-fire department related use of the fire station will require a rental fee to be charged. Any future awards will be given at regularly held board meetings within the guidelines of Article VII, Section 14 of the Constitution and the Louisiana Revised Statutes.

Section II – Management Letter:

There was no management letter issued in the prior year.

Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Section I – Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements:

There were no findings in the current year.

Section II – Management Letter:

There was no management letter issued in the current year.

OTHER REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors St. Rose Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. St. Charles Parish, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Rose Volunteer Fire Department, Inc (the Department), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly,

we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Thibodaux, Louisiana

June 21, 2021