DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners
District Six Fire Protection District
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the District Six Fire Protection District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2026, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Baton Rouge, Louisiana
June 25, 2026

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2025

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	$ 366,322
Investments	3,510,690
Receivables, net	1,347,822
Due from other governmental agencies	1,860,365
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable	43,000
Depreciable, net	1,212,635
Total assets	8,340,834
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	627,023
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	11,331
Accrued expenses	53,087
Compensated absences payable	28,720
Long-term liabilities:	
Other post employment benefits	1,036,872
Net pension liability	1,653,943
Total liabilities	2,783,953
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	542,484
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,255,635
Unrestricted	4,385,785
Total net position	$ 5,641,420

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenues and change in Net Position
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:					
Public safety - fire	$ 3,047,700	$ 187,215	$ -	$ -	$ (2,860,485)
General revenues:					
Property taxes					3,028,943
State revenue sharing					64,390
State grants					71,250
Non-employer pension contributions					136,761
Insurance taxes					104,194
Interest and investment earnings					210,667
Miscellaneous					8,843
Total general revenues					3,625,048
Change in net position					764,563
Net position - beginning					4,876,857
Net position - ending					$ 5,641,420

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Balance Sheet
Governmental Fund
December 31, 2025

ASSETS

Cash and interest-bearing deposits	$ 366,322
Investments	3,510,690
Revenue receivable-	
Ad valorem taxes, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of $125,000	1,294,202
User fees, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of $13,940	53,620
Due from other governmental agencies	1,860,365
Total assets	$ 7,085,199

LIABILITIES

Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	$ 11,331
Accrued liabilities and other payables	53,087
Total liabilities	64,418
Fund balance:	
Unassigned	7,020,781
Total liabilities and fund balance	$ 7,085,199

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet
to the Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2025

Total fund balance for governmental funds		$ 7,020,781
Capital assets, net		1,255,635
Short term liabilities:		
Compensated absences payable		(28,720)
Pension:		
Net pension liability/asset	$ (1,653,943)	
Deferred inflows of resources	(542,484)	
Deferred outflows of resources	627,023	(1,569,404)
Other post employment benefits (OPEB):		
OPEB payable		(1,036,872)
Net position of governmental activities		$ 5,641,420

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Revenues:	
Ad valorem taxes	$ 3,028,943
Charges for services	187,215
Intergovernmental revenues -	
State funds -	
State revenue sharing	64,390
Fire insurance rebate	104,194
State grants	71,250
Interest earnings	210,667
Miscellaneous	8,843
Total revenues	3,675,502
Expenditures:	
Current -	
Public safety - fire	2,814,795
Capital outlay	105,967
Total expenditures	2,920,762
Excess of revenues over expenditures	754,740
Fund balance, beginning	6,266,041
Fund balance, ending	$ 7,020,781

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund
to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Net change in fund balance of governmental funds		$ 754,740
Capital assets:		
Capital additions	$ 105,967	
Depreciation expense	(316,984)	(211,017)
Changes in short term liabilities:		
Accrued compensated absences		(4,833)
The effect of recording net pension and OPEB liability/asset and the related deferred outflows and inflows:		
Change in OPEB	(7,641)	
Change in pension expense	96,553	
Non-employer pension contribution revenue recognized	136,761	225,673
Change in net position of governmental activities		$ 764,563

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the District Six Fire Protection District (District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of these notes.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The District Six Fire Protection District (the District) was formed by the City of Baton Rouge, Parish of East Baton Rouge (City/Parish).

The purpose of the District is to provide fire protection rescue and emergency medical service for the citizens of the District. The District employs permanent full-time employees and part-time employees. It also employs temporary employees as needed.

A five-member board governs the District. No members are compensated.

The Board of Commissioners has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by Section 2100 of the 2011 Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity". There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity which are considered to be governmental activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

a. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

b. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major fund of the District is described below:

Governmental Fund -

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and it accounts for the operations of the District. The General Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws according to District policy.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe “which” transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to “when” transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate. The governmental fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. The operating statement presents sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of the District operations.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues are classified by source and expenditures are classified by function and character. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity</u>

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the District.

Investments

State statutes authorize the District to invest in United States bonds, treasury notes or certificates, and time deposits of State banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. Local governments in Louisiana are also authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, investments meeting the criteria specified in the Statement are stated at fair value. Investments that do not meet the requirements are stated at cost. These investments include amounts invested in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP).

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not received.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District maintains a threshold level of $1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

	Years
Buildings	7 - 40
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	5 - 15

Compensated absences

Employees who have been employed for one to ten years is entitled to an annual vacation of 18 days. For each year over ten years, annual vacation shall increase by 1 day, up to a maximum of 30 vacation days.

In the government-wide statements, the District accrues accumulated unpaid vacation leave. No compensated absences liability is recorded on the governmental fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets – Consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increase by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

b. Restricted net position – Net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the District's debt. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

c. Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows.

a. Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

b. Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

c. Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Board, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District.

d. Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Board.

e. Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Pensions

The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financials, contributions are recognized as expenditures when due.

G. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. In the governmental fund financial statements, contributions are recognized as expenditures when due.

(2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the District may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The District may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the pledging financial institution. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Deposit balances (bank balances) are secured as follows:

Bank balances	$ 371,250
Deposits are secured as follows:	
Insured deposits	$ 250,000
Collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department or agent	121,250
Total	$ 371,250

(3) Investments

Investments held consist of $3,510,690 in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local governments having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LSA-R.S. 33:2955.

LAMP is a 2a7-like investment pool. The following facts are relevant for 2a7-like investment pools:

Credit risk – LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized, because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not with the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

Concentration of credit risk – pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Interest rate risk – 2a7-like investment pools are excluded from this disclosure requirement, per paragraph 15 of GASB Statement No. 40.

Foreign currency risk – not applicable to 2a7-like investment pools.

The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair market value of investments is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

(4) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied in September or October and billed to the taxpayers by the East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff in November. Billed taxes are based on assessed values determined by the East Baton Rouge Parish Assessor and are collected by the East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff.

Taxes were levied at the rate of 40.00 mills on property with net assessed valuations totaling $104,491,392. Total taxes levied during 2025 were $2,971,228, excluding $921,045 due to homestead exemption. Taxes receivable at year-end of $1,294,202 consisted of $1,419,202 gross taxes receivable less an allowance for uncollectible taxes of $125,000.

(5) User Charges

The District is empowered to assess a user charge of $32 for each residential and commercial structure in the District. The District has an agreement for the sheriff to place the user charges on the property tax statements. They are subject to the same enforcement procedures as property taxes. Total user charges levied during 2025 were $169,432. User fees receivable at year-end of $53,620 consisted of $67,560 gross taxes receivable less an allowance for uncollectible accounts of $13,940.

(6) Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	$ 43,000	$ -	$ -	$ 43,000
Construction in progress	40,000	-	40,000	-
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	557,267	92,548	-	649,815
Equipment and furniture	1,903,246	-	-	1,903,246
Vehicles	1,125,348	53,419	-	1,178,767
Totals	3,668,861	145,967	40,000	3,774,828
Less accumulated depreciation				
Total accumulated depreciation	2,202,209	316,984	-	2,519,193
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	$ 1,466,652	$ (171,017)	$ 40,000	$ 1,255,635

Depreciation expense of $316,984 was charged to public safety.

(7) Compensated Absences

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the following changes occurred in compensated absences:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within one year
Compensated absences	$ 23,887	$ 39,866	$ 35,033	$ 28,720	$ 28,720

(8) Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description:

Plan Description – District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits provisions are established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75. The Plan does not issue a publicly available report.

Benefits Provided - Retirees may continue their coverage paying a portion of premiums and receiving the same benefits as they did prior to their retirement.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At December 31, 2025, there were 20 active members and 0 retirees covered by the medical plan terms.

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of $1,036,872 was measured as of December 31, 2025 and was determined by using an Alternative Measurement Method in place of an actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The bond yield was based on a 20-year tax exempt municipal bond.

Age Adjustment Factor	2.637238
Average Retirement Age	55
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll
Assets Backing OPEB Liability	None
Plan Asset Return	0.00%
Bond Yield	4.48%
Discount Rate	4.48%
Prior Year Discount Rate	3.80%
Projected Salary Increases	3.00%
Amortization Period	20
Percentage Participation	27%
NOL and ADC	Calculated using the alternative measurement method in accordance with GASB methodology.
Mortality Table	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables, with mortality improvement projected for 10 years.
Turnover Assumption	Derived from data maintained by the U.S. Office of Personnel Management regarding the most recent experience of the employee group covered by the Federal Employees Retirement System.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at December 31, 2024	$ 1,029,231
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	$ 32,924
Interest	40,064
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	53,773
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(103,309)
Benefit payments and net transfers	(15,811)
Net changes	7,641
Balance at December 31, 2025	$ 1,036,872

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 3.48%	Current Discount Rate 4.48%	1% Increase 5.48%
Total OPEB liability	$ 1,193,639	$ 1,036,872	$ 906,891

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1% Decrease 4.80%	Current Healthcare Rate 5.80%	1% Increase 6.80%
Total OPEB liability	$ 886,311	$ 1,036,872	$ 1,221,331

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of $7,641. At December 31, 2025, there were no deferred inflows or outflows of resources related to OPEB.

Payables to the Plan

At December 31, 2025, the District did not have any amounts payable to the plan.

(9) Employee Retirement Systems

The District participates in a cost-sharing defined benefit plan, administered by a public employee retirement system. Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan administered by the public employee retirement system to the State Legislature. The plan is not closed to new entrants. Substantially all District employees participate in the following retirement system:

Plan description: The Firefighters' Retirement System (the System) is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Members in the System consist of full-time firefighters, eligible employees of the retirement system, or any person in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system that earns at least $375 per month, excluding state supplemental pay, and is employed by any municipality, parish, or fire protection district of the State of Louisiana, except for Orleans Parish and City of Baton Rouge. The System provides retirement benefits for their members. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Firefighters' Retirement System issues a stand-alone report on its financial statements. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website www.lafirefightersret.com or on the Office of Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website www.lla.state.la.us.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 434 of 1979 and amended by LRS 11:2251-11:2272. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general informational purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Any person who becomes an employee as defined in RS 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980 shall become a member as a condition of employment.

No person who has attained age fifty or over shall become a member of the System, unless the person becomes a member by reasons of a merger or unless the System received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of fifty. No person who has not attained the age of eighteen years shall become a member of the System.

Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the state, its agencies or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits there from may become a member of System, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with this System, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in this System.

Retirement Benefits: Employees with 20 or more years of service who have attained age 50, or employees who have 12 years of service who have attained age 55, or 25 years of service at any age are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3.333% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to their employer's contributions. Benefits are payable over the employees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. An employee may elect an unreduced benefit or any of seven options at retirement. See R.S. 11:2256(A) for additional details on retirement benefits.

Disability Benefits: A member who acquires a disability, and who files for disability benefits while in service, and who upon medical examination and certification as provided for in Title 11, is found to have a total disability solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has at least five years of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member in active service, shall be entitled to disability benefits under the provisions of R.S. 11:2258(B).

Death Benefits: Benefits shall be payable to the surviving eligible spouse or designated beneficiary of a deceased member as specified in R.S. 11:2256(B) & (C).

Deferred Retirement Option Plan Benefits: After completing 20 years of creditable service and age 50 or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to 36 months.

Upon commencement of participation in DROP, employer and employee contributions to the System cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable is paid into the deferred retirement option plan account. Upon termination of employment, a participant in the program has several options to receive their DROP benefit. A member may (1) elect to roll over all or a portion of their DROP balance into another eligible qualified plan, (2) receive a lump-sum payment from the account, (3) receive single withdrawals at the discretion of the member, (4) receive monthly or annual withdrawals, or (5) receive an annuity based on the DROP account balance. These withdrawals are in addition to his regular monthly benefit.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to the System. No payments may be made from the DROP account until the participant retires.

Initial Benefit Option Plan: Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as the DROP account.

Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs): Under the provisions of R.S. 11:246 and 11:2260(A)(7), the board of trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have retired an annual cost of living increase of up to 3% of their current benefit, and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In order for the board to grant either of these increases, the System must meet certain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings (R.S. 11:243). In lieu of these COLAs, pursuant to R.S. 11:241, the board may also grant an increase on a formula equal to up to $1 times the total number of years credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member or retiree plus the number of years since retirement or since death of the member of retiree to the system's fiscal year end preceding the payment of the benefit increase. If there are not sufficient funds to fund the benefit at the rate of one dollar per year for such total number of years, then the rate shall be reduced in proportion to the amount of funds that are available to fund the cost-of-living adjustment.

Employer Contributions: Employer contributions are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2025, employer and employee contributions for members above the poverty line were 33.25% and 10.0%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for those members below the poverty line were 35.25% and 8.0%, respectively.

Non-employer Contributions: According to state statue, the System receives insurance premium assessments from the state of Louisiana. The assessment is considered support from a non-employer contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions of $136,761 are recognized as revenue during the year and excluded from pension expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: The District reported a liability of $1,655,943 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2025, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2025, the District's proportionate share was 0.393%, which was an decrease of 0.040% from its proportionate share measured in the prior year.

The District recognized pension expense of $313,117.

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience	$ 211,801	$ 29,840
Change of assumptions	75,408	-
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	133,461	203,572
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		309,072
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	206,353	-
Total	$ 627,023	$ 542,484

Deferred outflows of resources of $206,353 resulting from the employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability during the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions to be recognized in pension expense are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2026	$ 229,316
2027	(153,932)
2028	(137,681)
2029	(58,675)
2030	10,472
Thereafter	(11,314)
	$ (121,814)

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the System's fiduciary net position.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability of the System are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2025
Actuarial Cost Method for Financial Reporting	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return (discount rate)	6.90% per annum (net of investment expenses, including inflation)
Expected Remaining Service Lives	7
Inflation Rate	2.50% per annum
Projected Salary Increases	14.50% in the first two years of service and 5.00% with 3 or more years of service; includes inflation and merit increases
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs)	For the purpose of determining the present value of benefits, COLAs were deemed not to be substantially automatic and only those previously granted were included.

For the June 30, 2025 valuation, assumptions for mortality rates were based on the following:

- For active member, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees.

- For annuitants and beneficiaries, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees.

- For disabled retirees, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees.

- In all cases the base table was multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP2019 scale.

The long-term expected real rate of return is an important input into the actuary's determination of the reasonable range for the discount rate which is used in determining the total pension liability. The actuary's method incorporates information from multiple consultants and investments firms regarding future expected rates of return, variances, and correlation coefficients for each asset class. The change integrates data from multiple sources to produce average values thereby reducing reliance on a single data source.

The June 30, 2025, estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by the System's actuary using the System's target asset allocation and the Curran Actuarial Consulting average study. The consultants' average study included projected nominal rates of return, standard deviations of returns, and correlations of returns for a list of common asset classes collected from a number of investment consultants and investment management firms. Each consultant's response included nominal expected long term rates of return. In order to arrive at long term expected arithmetic real rates of return, the actuary normalized the data received from the consultant's responses in the following ways. Where nominal returns received were arithmetic, the actuary simply reduced the return assumption by the long term inflation assumption. Where nominal returns were geometric, the actuary converted the return to arithmetic by adjusting for the long term standard deviation and then reduced the assumption by the long term inflation assumption. Using the target asset allocation for the System and the average values for expected real rates of return, standard deviation of returns, and correlation of returns, an arithmetic expected nominal rate of return and standard deviation for the portfolio was determined. The target asset allocation changed slightly from June 30, 2024 to June 30, 2025. The System's long term assumed rate of inflation of 2.50% was used in this process for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2025, is summarized in the following table:

	Asset Type	Target Asset Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rates of Return
Equity	U.S. Equity	27.00%	6.23%
	Non-U.S. Equity	11.00%	6.36%
	Global Equity	10.00%	6.50%
	Emerging Market Equity	4.00%	8.26%
Fixed Income	U.S. Core Fixed Income	23.00%	2.09%
	U.S. TIPS	2.00%	2.00%
	Global Multisector Fixed Income	5.00%	2.34%
	Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	4.05%
Alternatives	Private Equity	9.00%	9.77%
	Real Estate	4.00%	4.85%
	Real Assets	3.00%	5.93%
Total		100%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 5.90%	Current Discount Rate 6.90%	1% Increase 7.90%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	$ 3,191,312	$ 1,653,943	$ 372,396

(10) Risk Management

The District is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of auto and property liability and surety bonds. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(11) Litigation

There was no litigation pending against the District at year end December 31, 2025.

(12) Board of Commissioners

The District is governed by a Board of Commissioners. The members receive no compensation or per diem allowances for their service.

(13) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the District's agency head is as follows:

Purpose:	Colin Dunn Fire Chief
Salary	$ 138,943
Benefits - insurance	22,770
Medicare	48,593
Special OT Pay for declared storns/disasters	1,703
State supplemental pay	7,200
Total	$ 219,209

(14) Tax Abatement

The District is subject to industrial tax abatements granted by the Board of Commerce and Industry. The Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Program is a state incentive program which offers an attractive tax incentive for manufacturers who make a commitment to jobs and payroll in the state. The program provides an 80% property tax abatement for an initial term of five years and the option to renew for five additional years. As a result of this program, the District's ad valorem tax revenues were reduced by approximately $268,564 for the year ended December 31, 2025.

(15) Subsequent Event

On May 16, 2026, voters considered a referendum to renew a 5.0 mill ad valorem tax levy that had expired on December 31, 2025. The referendum did not receive the required voter approval and therefore failed. As a result, the District will not have authority to levy the 5.0 mill tax in future years unless subsequently authorized by voters through a future referendum. The financial impact of this action, if any, has not been determined as of the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

(16) Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standard Board issued Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements. GASB 103 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and will revise certain financial reporting requirements. Including management’s discussion and analysis, the presentation of proprietary fund financial statements, budgetary comparisons, and reporting unusual or infrequent items. The Drainage District has not yet determined the effect, if any, that the adoption of this statement will have on its financial statements.

In September 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 104 *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets.* GASB 104 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and enhances existing capital asset disclosure requirements. The statement clarifies disclosure requirements for lease assets, intangible right-to-use assets, subscription assets, other intangible assets, and capital assets held for sale. The Drainage District has not yet evaluated the effect, if any, the adoption of this statement will have on its financial statements.

REQUIRED
SUPPLEMENTARY INFROMATION

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

	Budget Original	Budget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	$ 2,809,556	$ 2,809,556	$ 3,028,943	$ 219,387
Charges for services	180,000	180,000	187,215	7,215
Intergovernmental				
State revenue sharing	90,000	90,000	64,390	(25,610)
Fire insurance rebate	97,000	97,000	104,194	7,194
State grants	71,250	71,250	71,250	-
Interest earnings	100,000	100,000	210,667	110,667
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	8,843	(1,157)
Total revenues	3,357,806	3,357,806	3,675,502	317,696
Expenditures:				
Public safety -	2,865,696	2,865,696	2,814,795	50,901
Capital outlay	300,000	300,000	105,967	194,033
Total expenditures	3,165,696	3,165,696	2,920,762	244,934
Excess of revenues over expenditures	192,110	192,110	754,740	562,630
Fund balance, beginning	6,266,041	6,266,041	6,266,041	-
Fund balance, ending	$ 6,458,151	$ 6,458,151	$ 7,020,781	$ 562,630

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	$ 32,924	$ 28,273	$ 28,273	$ 28,273	$ 28,273	$ 27,012	$ 27,012	$ 27,599
Interest	40,064	33,853	35,528	25,835	21,652	38,263	37,274	36,839
Differences between expected and actual experience	53,773	77,365	(89,642)	(224)	(72,948)	(78,782)	(100,142)	(107,043)
Changes of assumptions	(103,309)	(22,326)	(20,701)	(215,210)	(102,445)	162,239	178,588	106,873
Employer contributions	(15,811)	-	-	-	-	(173,009)	(50,822)	(48,976)
Net change in total OPEB liability	7,641	117,165	(46,542)	(161,326)	(125,468)	(24,277)	91,910	15,292
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,029,231	912,066	958,608	1,119,934	1,245,402	1,269,679	1,177,769	1,162,477
Total OPEB liability - ending	$1,036,872	$1,029,231	$ 912,066	$ 958,608	$1,119,934	$1,245,402	$1,269,679	$1,177,769
Covered - employee payroll	$1,245,571	$1,346,743	$1,235,512	$1,103,450	$ 999,192	$ 385,043	$ 367,330	$ 323,652
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	83%	76%	74%	87%	112%	323%	346%	364%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
Firefighters' Retirement System
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

* Year ended December 31,	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2025	0.393%	$ 1,653,943	$1,243,204	133.0%	86.96%
2024	0.433%	$ 2,435,928	$1,143,333	213.1%	81.68%
2023	0.426%	$ 2,779,845	$1,072,705	259.1%	77.69%
2022	0.406%	$ 2,866,160	$1,047,216	273.7%	74.68%
2021	0.418%	$ 1,481,227	$1,048,393	141.3%	86.78%
2020	0.421%	$ 2,918,487	$1,145,652	254.7%	72.61%
2019	0.359%	$ 2,247,056	$ 990,056	227.0%	73.97%
2018	0.336%	$ 1,931,215	$ 819,283	235.7%	74.76%
2017	0.318%	$ 1,824,603	$ 806,274	226.3%	73.55%
2016	0.338%	$ 2,212,003	$ 741,822	298.2%	68.16%

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30.

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Schedule of Employer Contributions
Firefighters' Retirement System
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Year ended December 31,	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2025	$ 403,103	$ 403,103	$ -	$ 1,212,356	33.25%
2024	$ 413,365	$ 413,365	$ -	$ 1,243,204	33.25%
2023	$ 380,158	$ 380,158	$ -	$ 1,143,333	33.25%
2022	$ 359,357	$ 359,357	$ -	$ 1,072,705	33.50%
2021	$ 338,107	$ 338,107	$ -	$ 1,048,393	32.25%
2020	$ 279,867	$ 279,867	$ -	$ 1,145,652	24.43%
2019	$ 326,597	$ 326,597	$ -	$ 990,056	32.99%
2018	$ 305,755	$ 305,755	$ -	$ 819,283	37.32%
2017	$ 272,411	$ 272,411	$ -	$ 806,274	33.79%
2016	$ 268,967	$ 268,967	$ -	$ 741,822	36.26%

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

(1) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

a. Prior to January 1, the Fire Chief submits to the Board a proposed budget for the ensuing year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

b. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.

c. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.

d. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

e. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Fire District.

(2) Other Postemployment Benefits

Benefit Changes –

There were no changes of benefit terms

Changes of assumptions –

Year ended December 31,	Discount Rate	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Projected Salary Increase
2018	2.30%	4.60%	3.00%
2019	1.70%	4.60%	3.00%
2020	1.70%	4.90%	3.00%
2021	2.25%	4.70%	3.00%
2022	3.60%	4.70%	3.00%
2023	3.75%	4.70%	3.00%
2024	3.75%	5.80%	3.00%
2025	4.48%	5.80%	3.00%

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

(3) Pension Plan

Changes of Benefit Terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions –

* Year ended December 31,	Discount Rate	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Projected Salary Increase
2025	6.90%	6.90%	2.500%	7	5.00% - 14.50%
2024	6.90%	6.90%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%
2023	6.90%	6.90%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%
2022	6.90%	6.90%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%
2021	6.90%	6.90%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%
2020	7.00%	7.00%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%
2019	7.15%	7.94%	2.500%	7	4.50% - 14.75%
2018	7.30%	8.09%	2.700%	7	4.75% - 15%
2017	7.40%	8.29%	2.775%	7	4.75% - 15%
2016	7.50%	8.34%	2.875%	7	4.75% - 15%

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30.

INTERNAL CONTROL,

COMPLIANCE

AND OTHER MATTERS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Commissioners
District Six Fire Protection District
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the District Six Fire Protection District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2026.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings as item 2025-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards.*

The District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Baton Rouge, Louisiana
June 25, 2026

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings
and Management's Corrective Action Plan
Year Ended December 31, 2025

Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2025-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2021

CONDITION: The District did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's *Governmental Auditing Guide*.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the District does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have a control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody (3) record keeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Board of Commissioners concurs with the audit finding. Due to the size of the operations and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

B. Compliance

None reported.

DISTRICT SIX FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings
and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2025

Part II. Prior Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2024-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

CONDITION: The District did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have a control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody (3) record keeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2025-001.

B. Compliance

None reported.

District Six Fire Protection District

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures

Fiscal period January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Board of Members of the
District 6 Fire Protection District,
and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025. The District 6 Fire Protection District (the District) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The District has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):

   a) ***Budgeting***, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

   b) ***Purchasing***, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

   c) ***Disbursements***, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

   d) ***Receipts/Collections***, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

e) ***Payroll/Personnel***, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

f) ***Contracting***, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

g) ***Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)***, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

h) ***Travel and expense reimbursement***, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

i) ***Ethics***, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

j) ***Debt Service***, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

k) ***Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity,*** including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

l) ***Prevention of Sexual Harassment,*** including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Board or Finance Committee

2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:

   a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

   b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, review the minutes from all regularly scheduled board/finance committee meetings held during the fiscal year and observe whether the minutes from at least one meeting each month referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*

   c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

   d) Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

Bank Reconciliations

3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

   a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

   b) Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared(e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

   c) Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections (excluding EFTs)

4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

   a) Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;

   b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;

   c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

   d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions, is not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc*. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

   a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

   b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

   c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than $100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:

   a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;

   b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;

   c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;

   d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and

   e) Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT) , wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

   [Note: Findings related to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); should not be reported.)]

10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:

    a) Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and that supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity; and

    b) Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

11. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

12. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

13. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation and:

    a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., itemized receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and

    b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

14. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

15. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

    a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).

    b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

    c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).

    d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

16. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

    a) Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

    b) Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g.Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);

    c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment, the documented) approval; and

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

17. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

18. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:

    a) Observe whether all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);

    b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials;

    c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and

    d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

19. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee's or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

20. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

21. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:

    a) Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and.

    b) Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

22. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Debt Service

23. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

24. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those

required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Fraud Notice

25. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
26. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

27. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
    a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
    b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
    c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
28. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.
29. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials form Payroll and Personnel procedure #9C, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S 42: 1267. The requirements are as follows;
    a) Hired before June 9, 2020 – completed the training; and
    b) Hired on or after June 9, 2020 - completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment

30. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under 'Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
31. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

32. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

    a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

    b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

    c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

    d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

    e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Exceptions:

Written Policies and Procedures:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

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Board or Finance Committee:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Bank Reconciliations

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Cash Collections:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Disbursements:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

***Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements*:**

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Contracts:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Payroll & Personnel:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Ethics:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Debt Service:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Fraud Notice:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

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Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Preventing Sexual Harassment:

No exceptions were identified as a result of procedures.

Management's Response:

None Necessary.

We were engaged by the District to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District and the LLA and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specific parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Baton Rouge, Louisiana
June 25, 2026