MARRERO-ESTELLE VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY NO. 1 MARRERO, LOUISIANA 8.2.2.1

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

- AUG 2 0 2014 Release Date

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To Board of Directors of Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1 Marrero, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1 (a Louisiana nonprofit corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1 as of December 31, 2013, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2014 on our consideration of Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Harvey, Louisiana June 19, 2014

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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

## ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	652,968
Certificates of deposit Accrued interest receivable		169,648
Accided interest receivable		845
Total current assets		823,461
INVESTMENTS:		
Marketable securities		745,039
OTHER ASSETS:		
Property and equipment, net		1,913,567
Insurance deposit		20,682
Total other assets	-	1,934,249
Total assets	\$_	3,502,749
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	35,306
Accrued payables:	•	00,000
Salaries		24,340
Compensated absences		48,652
Total current liabilities	-	108,298
NET ASSETS:		
Unrestricted		· •
	· -	3,394,451
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	3,502,749
		<b>t</b>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Unrestricted Net Assets
REVENUES	
Jefferson Parish:	¢ 0,400,000
Fire protection contract	\$ 2,400,000 51,064
Fire insurance premium tax FEMA reimbursement	27,475
Insurance reimbursements	53,756
Insurance dividend (LWCC)	26,546
Interest income	6,911
Miscellaneous	8,916
	· · ·
Total revenues	2,574,668
EXPENSES: Program services - firefighting	1,727,160
Supporting services - management and general	220,384
Total expenses	1,947,544
INCREASE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS	627,124
NET ASSETS - Beginning of year	2,767,327
NET ASSETS - End of year	\$ <u>3,394,451</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Program Services	Supporting Services	· •
	Firefighting	Management and General	Total
Salaries and wages	\$1,078,179	\$ 108,825	\$1,187,004
Depreciation	144,812	5,308	150,120
Fuel	20,486	-	20,486
Insurance	241,138	22,058	263,196
Miscellaneous	-	31,419	31,419
Office expense	-	7,689	7,689
Payroli taxes	87,922	8,325	96,247
Pension contributions	31,212	. 3,265	34,477
Professional services	-	9,215	9,215
Repairs and maintenance	84,707	11,518	96,225
Supplies	5,883		5,883
Uniforms	7,204	-	7,204
Utilities and telephone	25,617	12,762	38,379
Total	\$ <u>1,727,160</u>	\$ <u>220,384</u>	\$ <u>1,947,544</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Increase in unrestricted net assets Adjustment to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Decrease in accrued interest receivable Increase in accounts and accrued payables	\$ 627,124 150,120 520 22,650	
Net cash provided by operating activities		\$ 800,414
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Increase in investments Acquisition of property and equipment Decrease in certificates of deposit Increase in insurance deposit	(745,039) (262,135) 380,000 <u>(4,773</u> )	
Net cash used by investing activities		<u>(631,947</u> )
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		168,467
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year		484,501
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year		\$ <u>652,968</u>

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Interest incurred and paid Income tax paid

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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013

#### **ORGANIZATION**

Marrero - Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1 (the Fire Company) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Louisiana on July 25,1951 to provide fire protection and related services in Jefferson Parish, Louisiana in an area comprising part of Fire Protection District No. 8 (a separate entity) of Jefferson Parish. The Fire Company has three fire stations located in Marrero, Louisiana and has seventeen full-time paid employees and 25 active volunteer firefighters. The Fire Company's main source of revenue is a fire protection contract with Jefferson Parish which expires May 31, 2014.

## A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The financial statements are presented in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958-205, Financial Statements of Not-For-Profit Organizations. Under this standard, the Fire Company is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets; unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets. As of December 31, 2013 the Fire Company had only unrestricted net assets.

The statement of activities presents expenses of the Fire Company's operations functionally between program services for firefighting and administrative and general. Those expenses which cannot be functionally categorized are allocated between functions based upon management's estimate of usage applicable to conducting those functions.

#### 2. Contributions and Donated Services

The Fire Company records contributions received as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted depending on the existence and nature of any donor restrictions.

A significant contribution of time is made by unpaid volunteers to accomplish the purpose for which the Fire Company was established. The value of this donated service is not included in the accompanying financial statements because it is not susceptible to objective measurement or evaluation.

All members of the Board of Directors serve without compensation for their services.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2013

#### 3. Income Tax

The Fire Company is exempt from income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) as a nonprofit organization and accordingly no provision for income taxes is made in the financial statements.

#### 4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Fire Company has defined cash and cash equivalents as cash in banks, money market accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less.

#### 5. Property and Equipment

Acquisitions of property and equipment in excess of \$100 and expenditures for repairs, maintenance, renewals, and betterments that materially prolong the useful lives of assets are capitalized. Property and equipment are stated at acquisition cost, or estimated fair value if donated. Depreciation is provided for in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable property and equipment to operations over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of property and equipment are as follows:

Building and improvements Equipment

10-40 years 5-20 years

#### 6. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### B. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

At December 31, 2013, the aggregate carrying amount of the Fire Company's cash and cash equivalents was \$652,968 and the aggregate bank balances were \$663,562. All of the Fire Company's bank accounts are in a local bank and are insured by federal deposit insurance of \$250,000 and a pledge of securities with a market value of \$519,901 at December 31, 2013. The Fire Company's money market account of \$632 is uninsured. The Fire company's certificates of deposit are with a local bank and an investment banker and are fully covered by federal deposit insurance.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2013

## C. INVESTMENTS

The investments at December 31, 2013 consist of 112,235.775 shares of Franklin US Government Securities Fund Class A which is stated at cost. The net asset value of those shares was \$723,920.75 at December 31, 2013.

#### D. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The following is a summary of property and equipment and depreciation activity for the year ended December 31, 2013.

	Balance			Balance
	1 /1/13	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions	<u>12/31/13</u>
Land	\$ 153,000	\$-0-	\$ -0-	\$ 153,000
Building and improvements	1,114,245	158,216	-0-	1,272,461
Equipment	2,051,999	103,919	<u> </u>	<u>2,117,982</u>
Total	3,319,244	262,135	37,936	3,543,443
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building and improvements	582,999	35,777	-0-	618,776
Equipment	<u>934,693</u>	114,343	37,936	<u>1,011,100</u>
Total	1,517,692	150,120	37,936	1,629,876
Net, property and equipment	\$ <u>1,801,552</u>	\$ <u>112,015</u>	\$	\$ <u>1,913,567</u>

Fire trucks and some other assets which are being used by the Fire Company in its operations are not included in the above summary because they were purchased by Jefferson Parish with bond money and belong to the Parish.

## E. RETIREMENT PLAN

The Fire Company has a SIMPLE IRA Retirement Plan for its employees. The plan is a defined contribution salary reduction plan. Under the Plan, the Fire Company matches the employees' salary contributions to the plan up to a limit of 3% of the employees' compensation for the year. The maximum annual contribution by the employee for 2013 was \$11,500, plus an additional \$2,500 catch-up contribution for those at least age 50. For 2013 the employees' total contributions were \$98,204 and the Fire Company's matched contributions were \$34,477.

## F. FIRE PROTECTION CONTRACT

Substantially all of the Fire Company's revenue is derived from funds provided by Jefferson Parish. Under the contract with Jefferson Parish, the Fire Company receives one-third of the net proceeds of the property tax levied annually by Fire Protection District No. 8. The Fire Company also receives from the Parish one-third of the 2% fire insurance premium tax which the Parish receives from the State of Louisiana for Fire Protection District No. 8.

## G. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Fire Company's income is derived principally from the proceeds of a property tax and other funding under a contract with Jefferson Parish to support fire protection and related services.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) -December 31, 2013

#### G. SUPPLEMENTAL PAY

The Fire Company's full-time firefighters receive supplemental pay from the State of Louisiana. These payments are made directly to the firefighters and do not pass through the Fire Company and are not included in the Fire Company's financial statements, except for the employer's share of the social security and medicare tax which is borne by the Fire Company.

## H. EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Fire Company's management has evaluated subsequent events through June 19, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

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# INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

## UZEE, BUTLER, ARCENEAUX & BOWES

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SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Board of Directors of Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Co. No. 1 Marrero, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1 (a Louisiana nonprofit corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as December 31, 2013, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2014.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings, that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. Material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Company No. 1's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The result of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana revised Statute 25.513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Uzer, Butler, accereaux & Pour

Harvey, Louisiana June 19, 2014

## Schedule of Findings Year Ended December 31, 2013

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S REPORTS

- 1. The opinion issued on our audit of the financial statements of Marrero-Estelle Volunteer Fire Co. No. 1 for the year ended December 31, 2013 is unqualified.
- 2. Internal Control: Significant deficiencies: 2013-01, 2013-02 No material weaknesses were noted
- 3. Compliance and other matters: No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were noted.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

#### 2013-01 – Year-End Journal Entries

## Condition and Criteria

The Fire Company maintains its books on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore journal entries were required as part of the audit for financial statement misstatements related to accruals and property and equipment accounts. Generally accepted auditing standards now consider year-end adjusting entries prepared by the auditor to be a significant deficiency in internal control.

#### <u>Cause</u>

Recently issued Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) 115 requires that we report the above condition as a control deficiency. The SAS does not provide exceptions to reporting control deficiencies that are mitigated with non-audit services rendered by the auditor or deficiencies for which the remedy would be cost prohibitive or otherwise impractical. The Fire Company has relied on its auditor to identify and correct such financial statement misstatements.

#### Recommendation

As mentioned, whether or not it would be cost effective to cure a control deficiency is not a factor in applying SAS 115's reporting requirements. Because prudent management requires that the potential benefit from an internal control must exceed its cost, it may not be practical to correct all the deficiencies noted under SAS 115. In this case, we do not believe that curing the significant deficiency described in this finding would be cost effective or practical and accordingly, we do not believe any corrective action is necessary.

## Management's Response

Management believes that it is more prudent to use the services of its auditor to prepare the year-end journal entries and agrees with the auditor's recommendations.

## Schedule of Findings - Continued Year Ended December 31, 2013

#### 2013-02 – Preparation of Financial Statements

#### Condition and Criteria

The Fire Company does not have any personnel with the technical ability to prepare its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. As is common in small organizations, the Fire Company has chosen to engage the auditor to prepare its annual financial statements. This condition is intentional by management, along with the cost effectiveness of acquiring the ability to prepare the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### <u>Cause</u>

Recently issued Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) 115 requires that we report the above condition as a control deficiency. The SAS does not provide exceptions to reporting deficiencies that are mitigated with non-audit services rendered by the auditor or deficiencies for which the remedy would be cost prohibitive or otherwise impractical.

#### Recommendation

As mentioned, whether or not it would be cost effective to cure a control deficiency is not a factor in applying SAS 115's reporting requirements. Because prudent management requires that the potential benefit from an internal control must exceed its cost, it may not be practical to correct all the deficiencies noted under SAS 115. In this case, we do not believe that curing the significant deficiency described in this finding would be cost effective or practical and accordingly, we do not believe any corrective action is necessary.

#### Management's Response

Management believes that it is more prudent to use the services of its auditor to prepare its annual financial statements and agrees with auditor's recommendation.

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