CITY OF WALKER, LOUISIANA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

CITY OF WALKER WALKER, LOUISIANA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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CITY OF WALKER WALKER, LOUISIANA AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Rick Ramsey, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Walker Walker, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the budgetary comparison statements of the General Fund and of the $2000 \frac{1}{2}$ Cent Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund of the City of Walker, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the

circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, and the respective budgetary comparison statements of the General Fund and of the 2000 ½ Cent Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund of the City of Walker, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and , where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the City of Walker's December 31, 2012 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated June 24, 2013. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 23 to the financial statements, in 2013, the City of Walker adopted a new accounting standard, GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 4 through 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Walker's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Insurance Coverage in Force (Schedule 1), Schedule of Number of Customers and Revenue Data Per Customer Per Month (Schedule 2), and Schedule of Utility Rates and Tap Fees (Schedule 3) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

Schedules 1 through Schedule 3 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 9, 2014, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Walker's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Jannie - Bourgeais, KAP

Denham Springs, Louisiana June 9, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Walker, Louisiana ("the City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The intent of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is to look at the overall financial performance of the City using an objective, easily readable analysis of the City's financial activities. Therefore, we encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. Please reference the Table of Contents for the exact location of those items.

The MD&A is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

The City reduced general government expenses by 8.80% from 2012, continues to fund major infrastructure improvements while minimizing new debt, and increased net position by \$1,123,128 (8.01%) over 2012.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with an organization-wide overview similar in nature to a private-sector business. The two components of this presentation are the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* (Exhibit A-1) presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* (Exhibit A-2) presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes, licenses, permits, fines and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Walker include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Walker include gas and water distribution operation, a sewer disposal operation, and a contracted solid waste disposal operation. All business-type activities are included in a single Utility Enterprise Fund.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet (Exhibit B-1) and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances (Exhibit B-3) provide a reconciliation (Exhibits B-2 and B-4) to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains two individual governmental funds. The *General Fund* is the chief operating fund of the City. The activities of the General Fund include general and administrative functions, public safety (police and animal control), highways and streets, and parks and recreation. The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts solely for the ½ cent sales tax, the proceeds of which are legally dedicated for the repayment of that portion the Refunding Bonds Series 2009 originally attributable to the 2000 ½ Cent Sales Tax Bonds; extending, improving, maintaining, and operating the sewerage system of the city; and constructing, improving and maintaining public streets and drainage facilities, including equipment therefore. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the special revenue fund as both funds are considered major funds.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and its special revenue fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund (Exhibit B-5) and the special revenue fund (Exhibit B-6) as both funds are considered major funds.

Enterprise type proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City uses a single utility enterprise fund, which is considered a major fund, to account for its gas, water, sewer, and sanitation services provided for the residents of the City and some residents of the parishes of Livingston and St. Helena. Exhibits C-1 through C-3 present the basic proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 30-62 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

This analysis pertains to the government-wide financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The City's net position at December 31, 2013 was \$15,143,266. Capital assets are reported net of accumulated depreciation; and the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt. However, it should be noted that the capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; and consequently, cannot be used to liquidate the related debt. The resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources.

The table below reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2013 with comparative totals for 2012.

	G	overnmental Activities	B1	isiness-Type Activities		Totals 2013	 Restated Totals 2012
ASSETS							
Current and Other Assets	\$	3,706,257	\$	5,491,140	\$	9,197,397	\$ 7,723,487
Restricted Assets		-		976,043		976,043	986,175
Unamortized Bond Issuance Cost		24,503		50,216		74,719	78,129
Capital Assets		2,464,313		11,566,014		14,030,327	14,581,137
Total assets		6,195,073	\$	18,083,413	\$	24,278,486	\$ 23,368,928
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities	\$	421,451	\$	1,159,940	\$	1,581,391	\$ 1,592,926
Long-Term Liabilities		2,324,236		5,229,593		7,553,829	7,755,864
Total Liabilities		2,745,687		6,389,533	_	9,135,220	 9,348,790
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,323,039		6,395,739		8,718,778	9,286,163
Restricted		-		239,259		239,259	226,544
Unrestricted		1,126,347		5,058,882		6,185,229	 4,507,431
Total Net Postion		3,449,386		11,693,880		15,143,266	 14,020,138
Total Liabilities and							
Net Position		6,195,073	\$	18,083,413	\$	24,278,486	 23,368,928

City of Walker Condensed Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

The Statement of Activities for 2013 categorizes the City's revenues as <u>program revenues</u>, which are service charges or grants and contributions for specific governmental or business-type functions, and <u>general</u> revenues, which include most taxes and other revenue sources of a government-wide nature.

Total revenues for the City in 2013 were \$12,807,310, with \$8,428,279 derived from program revenues and grants; \$4,295,591 from sales, franchise, and property taxes, occupational licenses, and permits; and the remaining \$83,440 from other miscellaneous income. Total expenses for the City in 2013 were \$11,684,182, leaving a \$1,123,128 increase in net position.

The table below reflects the condensed Statement of Activities for the year ended December 31, 2013 with comparative totals for 2012.

City of Walker Condensed Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Revenues:		overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Totals 2013		Re	stated Totals 2012
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$	899,450	\$	7,350,657	\$	8,250,107	\$	6,190,733
Operating Grants and Contributions	Ŷ	148,772	Ŷ	29,400	Ŧ	178,172	*	279,536
Capital Grants and Contributions		-				-		644,181
General Revenues:								
Taxes		4,295,591		-		4,295,591		4,352,434
Other Grants and Contributions not		, ,				, ,		, ,
Restricted to Specific Programs		14,682		-		14,682		14,441
Interest and Investment Income		14,430		(12,003)		2,427		33,997
Net Gain on Sale of Assets		-		-		-		16,888
Miscellaneous Income		24,176		42,155		66,331		49,225
Total Revenues		5,397,101		7,410,209		12,807,310		11,581,435
Expenses:								
General Government		1,562,414		-		1,562,414		1,713,157
Public Safety		2,372,017		-		2,372,017		2,252,439
Highways and Streets		1,174,473		-		1,174,473		1,490,046
Parks and Recreation		393,975		-		393,975		385,400
Interest on Long-Term Debt		94,476		-		94,476		101,563
Gas		-		3,282,653		3,282,653		2,668,509
Water		-		892,372		892,372		1,004,556
Sewer		-		1,530,114		1,530,114		1,321,147
Sanitation		-		381,688		381,688		372,780
Total Expenses		5,597,355		6,086,827		11,684,182		11,309,597
Net Income (Loss)		(200,254)		1,323,382		1,123,128		271,838
Transfers In (Out)		340,592		(340,592)		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		140,338		982,790		1,123,128		271,838
Net Position - Beginning of Year,								
as Restated		3,309,048		10,711,090		14,020,138		13,748,300
Net Position - End of Year	\$	3,449,386	\$	11,693,880	\$	15,143,266	\$	14,020,138

Governmental activities. Governmental activities net position increased \$140,338 (4.24%). Total revenues before transfers decreased \$259,130 (4.58%); and total expenses decreased \$345,250 (5.81%).

Business-type activities. Business-type activities net position increased \$982,790 (9.18%). Net income before transfers was \$1,323,382. Major improvements and additions to utility services during 2013 included:

- Completed East Side Force Main to improve the sewer collection and transportation system, finalizing requirements of a 2008 consent decree issued by Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) for past sewer violations. The consent decree was lifted May 9, 2013.
- Installed a backup generator at the wastewater treatment plant to prevent interruption of sewer services during power outages. Also installed backup generators at water wells 3 and 4.
- > Replaced bar screen at the wastewater treatment plant to improve process efficiency.

Analysis of Fund Financial Statements

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflow, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,257,475, an increase of \$253,096 in the current year. The general fund, which is the chief operating fund of the City, reported \$1,049,198 excess expenditures over revenues. The transfer of \$1,000,000 from the gas department, a transfer of \$136,100 from the ½ cent sales tax fund, and \$148,419 in proceeds from a municipal lease resulted in a net increase in fund balance of \$235,321. The 2000 ½ cent sales tax fund reported \$813,283 excess revenues over expenditures; and a \$17,775 net increase in fund balance after the \$659,408 transfer to the proprietary fund sewer department to support operations, maintenance, and improvement of the sewerage system and the \$136,100 to the general fund street department for bridge repairs.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The proprietary funds reported net operating income of 1,463,304. Operating income for the gas and water departments were 1,847,378 and 221,781, respectively; while the sanitation department reported an operating loss of 37,439. Operations of the sewer department also resulted in a loss of 568,416; however, 659,408 was transferred from the $\frac{1}{2}$ cent sales tax fund to support operations and maintenance of the sewer system.

General Fund Budgetary Summary

Generally, budget amendments fall into three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once more precise information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. The City adopted three budget amendments during the fiscal year. Final budget adjustments are introduced in November for public hearing at December council meeting. November and December sales taxes are not collected until January and February of subsequent year. November sales tax failed to meet projections. Intergovernmental revenue shortfall is a direct result of the Sidewalk Phase III grant being delayed until 2014.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2013 was \$14,030,327. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, roads and bridges, vehicles, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, recreational equipment, and gas, water, and sewer systems. Depreciation expense recorded for the governmental activities for 2013 amounted to \$315,980, while depreciation expense recorded for the business-type activities totaled \$697,486.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 8 on pages 45-47 of this report.

Long-term debt. As of December 31, 2013, the City had total debt outstanding of \$7,553,829, a decrease of \$202,035 (2.6%) from prior year. New debt incurred by the City includes a five year capital lease agreement for five police units. A breakdown of the long-term debt is as follows:

- 2009 Utility Revenue Bonds (maturing October 1, 2029) have an outstanding balance, net of discounts, of \$6,328,417, with \$2,075,283 payable from the ½ Cent Sales Tax Fund and \$4,253,134 payable from the Enterprise Fund.
- 2010 Utility Revenue Bonds (maturing October 1, 2029) have an outstanding balance of \$316,000.
- 2011 Utility Revenue Bonds (maturing October 1, 2030) have an outstanding balance of \$601,141.
- 2013 Capital Lease (maturing September 11, 2018) has an outstanding balance of \$141,274.
- Compensated absences total \$166,997, with \$107,679 payable from the General Fund and \$59,318 payable from the Enterprise Fund.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 12 on pages 49-54.

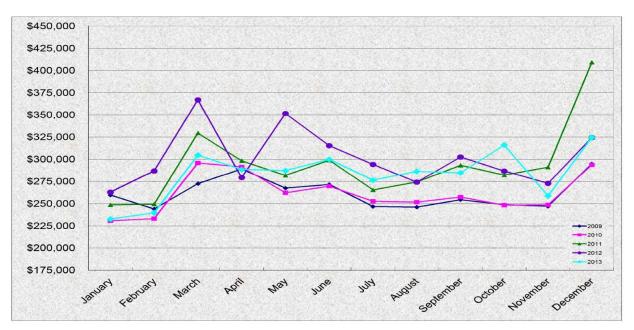
Future Budget and Economic Outlook

The City began the long-term task of upgrading our infrastructure in 2012. The City's largest revenue source is charges for gas, water and sewer utility services. The last utility rate increase was in 2001. Those rates were no longer adequate to endure the cost of maintaining and improving the City's existing infrastructure, and constructing new infrastructure to meet the increasing needs of the growing population without incurring additional long term debt. The City engaged outside sources to conduct utility rate studies in 2013 and updated all rates effective August 1, 2013, providing future funding for continued upgrades to the City's infrastructure. Engineering and design for a new 1200 gallons per minute water well and 250,000 gallon water tower at a site dedicated by Our Lady of the Lake Livingston (OLOL) began in 2013. Major improvements planned for 2014 include:

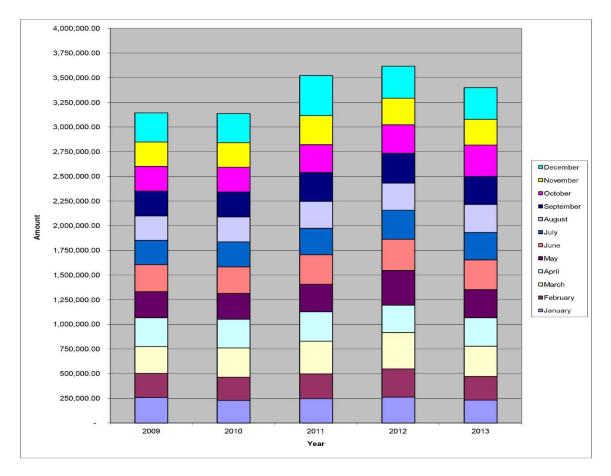
- Begin construction of the OLOL water tower
- Juban Road gas main extension
- Juban Crossing gas services
- New Fletcher Lane sewer force main

The four largest sources of general revenue for the City are taxes, fines and forfeitures, and licenses and permits. The largest source of tax revenue is the 1% general sales tax. Although sales tax experienced a drastic decline from August 2012 through March 2013, those numbers have been steadily improving and static or slight growth is projected for 2014. To be conservative, the 2014 budget reflects zero growth for all taxes.

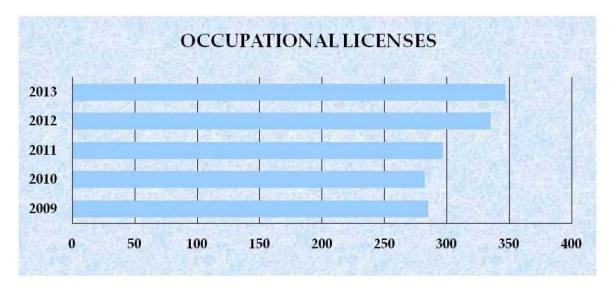
CITY OF WALKER GROSS MONTHLY SALES TAX



CITY OF WALKER GROSS ANNUAL SALES TAX



Walker continues to welcome enterprise and entrepreneurship, issuing 347 occupational licenses in 2013 compared to 335 in 2012; and we welcome two new restaurants as they begin construction in 2014.



The City continually seeks federal and state grants. Below are grants the City has been awarded that are in progress or will begin in 2014:

- \$576,000 Sidewalks Phase III
- \$89,200 Sidney Hutchinson Park walking trail extension
- \$300,000 HWY 447/I-12 Overpass Improvements Environmental Phase
- \$30,000 Park Street water main upgrade

The City also works with the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development to facilitate improvements on state and federal roadways. LDOTD has approved intersection improvements at U.S. 190 and LA 449, which are currently in progress, as well as improvements to the LA 449 railroad crossing. Construction for the widening of I-12 from Walker to Satsuma began in April 2014.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of this information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Finance Director City of Walker P.O. Box 217 Walker, Louisiana 70785

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012)

					То		Fotals	
	Go	overnmental	Business-Type					Restated
		Activities		Activities		2013		2012
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,939,173	\$	2,987,835	\$	5,927,008	\$	5,079,601
Investments		317,540		-		317,540		313,897
Receivables, Net		188,646		1,759,942		1,948,588		1,156,980
Due from Other Governments		698,718		-		698,718		855,796
Internal Balances		(487,052)		487,052		-		
Inventories		-		191,326		191,326		180,418
Prepaid Items		49,232		64,985		114,217		136,795
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		286,596		286,596		274,252
Investments		-		689,447		689,447		711,923
Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs		24,503		50,216		74,719		78,129
Capital Assets:								
Land and Construction in Progress		800,858		418,752		1,219,610		2,129,288
Other Capital Assets, Net of								
Accumulated Depreciation		1,663,455		11,147,262		12,810,717		12,451,849
Total Assets	\$	6,195,073	\$	18,083,413	\$	24,278,486	\$	23,368,928
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable and Accrued								
Expenses	\$	399,550	\$	1,112,603	\$	1,512,153	\$	1,521,623
Accrued Interest Payable		21,901		47,337		69,238		71,303
Non-Current Liabilities:								
Due Within One Year		280,177		142,515		422,692		383,917
Due in More Than One Year		2,044,059		5,087,078		7,131,137		7,371,947
Total Liabilities		2,745,687		6,389,533		9,135,220		9,348,790
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,323,039		6,395,739		8,718,778		9,286,163
Restricted for				, ,		, ,		, ,
Debt Service		-		239,259		239,259		226,544
Unrestricted		1,126,347		5,058,882		6,185,229		4,507,431
Total Net Position		3,449,386		11,693,880		15,143,266		14,020,138
Total Liabilities and Net		- ,,		.,		- ,		,
Position		6,195,073	\$	18,083,413	\$	24,278,486		23,368,928

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012)

		Program Revenues				
		Operating Capit				
		U		Grants and		ants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Co	ntributions	Con	tributions
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 1,562,414	\$-	\$	3,700	\$	-
Public Safety	2,372,017	733,206		123,167		-
Highways and Streets	1,174,473	9,200		18,905		
Parks and Recreation	393,975	157,044		3,000		-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	94,476			-		
Total Governmental Activities	5,597,355	899,450		148,772		-
Business-Type Activities:						
Gas	3,282,653	5,003,581		-		-
Water	892,372	1,074,227		29,400		-
Sewer	1,530,114	928,600		-		-
Sanitation	381,688	344,249		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities	6,086,827	7,350,657		29,400		-
Total Primary Government	\$ 11,684,182	\$ 8,250,107	\$	178,172	\$	-
C	General Revenues:					
	Taxes:					
	Property					
	Sales					
	Occupational	and Permits				
	Franchise					
	Other Grants an	d Contributions	not R	estricted to S	Specifi	ic
	Programs					
	Transfers					
	Interest and Inv	estment Income				
	Net Gain on Sal	le of Assets				
	Miscellaneous I	ncome				
		Total General R	evenu	ies		
		Change in Net P	ositic	n		
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated						
	Net Position - End	-				

	t (Expense) Revenue ges in Net Position (E		
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals 2013	Restated Totals 2012
\$ (1,558,714) (1,515,644) (1,146,368) (233,931) (94,476)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (1,558,714) (1,515,644) (1,146,368) (233,931) (94,476)	\$ (1,649,506) (1,601,435) (1,186,848) (170,220) (101,563)
(4,549,133)	-	(4,549,133)	(4,709,572)
- - - -	1,720,928 211,255 (601,514) (37,439) 1,293,230	1,720,928 211,255 (601,514) (37,439) 1,293,230	897,849 104,429 (443,057) (44,796) 514,425
(4,549,133)	1,293,230	(3,255,903)	(4,195,147)
112,720 3,400,712 431,583 350,576	- - -	112,720 3,400,712 431,583 350,576	106,850 3,567,524 371,751 306,309
14,682 340,592 14,430	(340,592) (12,003)	14,682 - 2,427	14,441 - 33,997 16,888
24,176	42,155	66,331	49,225
4,689,471	(310,440)	4,379,031	4,466,985
140,338	982,790	1,123,128	271,838
3,309,048 \$3,449,386	10,711,090 \$ 11,693,880	14,020,138 \$ 15,143,266	13,748,300 \$ 14,020,138

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012)

	2000 1/2 Cent		Total			
		Sales Tax	Govern	nmental		
	General	Fund	2013	2012		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 361,227	\$ 2,577,946	\$ 2,939,173	\$ 2,816,311		
Investments	317,540	-	317,540	313,897		
Receivables:						
Ad Valorem Taxes, Net	35,009	-	35,009	53,035		
Other	153,637	-	153,637	134,863		
Due from Other Funds	258,881	-	258,881	-		
Due from Other Governments	507,207	191,511	698,718	853,789		
Total Assets	\$ 1,633,501	\$ 2,769,457	\$ 4,402,958	\$4,171,895		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 170,264	\$ -	\$ 170,264	\$ 271,775		
Payroll Liabilities	166,224	-	166,224	159,481		
Accrued Salaries and Wages	63,062	-	63,062	54,712		
Due to Other Funds		745,933	745,933	681,548		
Total Liabilities	399,550	745,933	1,145,483	1,167,516		
FUND BALANCES						
Fund Balances:						
Committed For:						
Construction Contracts	50,078	-	50,078	14,302		
Assigned To:						
Special Revenue Fund	-	2,023,524	2,023,524	2,005,749		
Unassigned:						
General Fund	1,183,873	-	1,183,873	984,328		
Total Fund Balances	1,233,951	2,023,524	3,257,475	3,004,379		
Total Liabilities and Fund						
Balances	\$ 1,633,501	\$ 2,769,457	\$ 4,402,958	\$ 4,171,895		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012)

	 2013	 Restated 2012
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,257,475	\$ 3,004,379
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities are not Financial Resources and are not Reported in the Governmental Funds		
Governmental Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation	 5,980,771 (3,516,458)	 5,822,326 (3,200,478)
	2,464,313	2,621,848
Prepaid Insurance	49,232	73,410
Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs	24,503	27,066
Long-Term Liabilities are not Due and Payable in the Current Period and Therefore are not Reported in the Governmental Funds:		
General Obligation Bonds Compensated Absences Payable Capital Lease Payable Accrued Interest Payable	 (2,075,283) (107,679) (141,274) (21,901)	 (2,292,371) (101,689) - (23,595)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,346,137) 3,449,386	\$ (2,417,655) 3,309,048

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012)

		2000	То	tal
		1/2 Cent Sales	Govern	
	General	Tax Fund	2013	2012
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 2,745,119	\$ 1,133,571	\$ 3,878,690	\$ 3,995,124
Licenses and Permits	431,583	-	431,583	371,751
Fines and Forfeits	729,980	-	729,980	499,871
Interest	5,223	9,207	14,430	13,807
Fees	123,804	-	123,804	120,867
Intergovernmental	145,540	-	145,540	524,882
Miscellaneous	73,074		73,074	114,364
Total Revenues	4,254,323	1,142,778	5,397,101	5,640,666
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	1,459,146	20,135	1,479,281	1,650,867
Public Safety	2,280,041		2,280,041	2,151,670
Highways and Streets	1,058,829	-	1,058,829	1,391,337
Parks and Recreation	338,580	-	338,580	335,316
Capital Outlay	158,445	-	158,445	291,623
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	7,145	218,000	225,145	208,000
Interest and Administration Fees	1,335	91,360	92,695	100,104
Total Expenditures	5,303,521	329,495	5,633,016	6,128,917
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues over Expenditures	(1,049,198)	813,283	(235,915)	(488,251)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				15 575
Sale of Capital Assets Transfers In	- 1,136,100	-	- 1,136,100	15,565 1,080,563
Transfer Out	1,150,100	- (795,508)	(795,508)	(821,707)
Proceeds from Issuance of Long Term Debt	- 148,419	(793,308)	148,419	(821,707)
	1,284,519	(795,508)	489,011	274,421
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balances	235,321	17,775	253,096	(213,830)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	998,630	2,005,749	3,004,379	3,218,209
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,233,951	\$ 2,023,524	\$ 3,257,475	\$ 3,004,379

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012)

		2013	Restated 2012
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	253,096	\$ (213,830)
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:			
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the Cost of Those Assets is Allocated Over Their Estimated Useful Lives and Reported as Depreciation Expense.			
Capital Outlay		158,445	291,623
Depreciation Expense		(315,980)	(330,145)
In the Statement of Activities, Only the Gain on the Sale of Capital Assets is reported. However, in the Governmental Funds, the Proceeds from the Sale Increase Financial Resources. Thus, the Change in Net Position Differs from the Change in Fund Balance by the Cost of the Capital Assets Sold.		(157,535)	(38,522)
Add Accumulated Depreciation on Capital Assets Retired		-	19,838
Less Cost Basis of Capital Assets Retired During the Year		-	(19,838)
Governmental funds expense insurance payments when paid. In the Statement of Activities, only the portion applicable to the current year is expensed. The remaining is recorded in the Statement of Net Position as prepaid insurance.		-	-
Change in Prepaid Insurance		(24,178)	15,596
The Issuance of Long-Term Debt (e.g., bonds, leases) Provides Current Financial Resources to Governmental Funds, While the Repayment of the Principal of Long-Term Debt Consumes the Current Financial Resources of the Governmental Funds. Neither Transaction, However, has any Effect on Net Position.			
Proceeds from the Issuance of Capital Lease		(148,419)	-
Repayment of Principal on Long-Term Debt		225,145	208,000
Some Expenses Reported in the Statement of Activities do not Require the use of Current Financial Resources and are not Reported as Expenditures in Governmental Funds.			
(Increase) Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable		(5,990)	2,697
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Interest Payable		1,694	1,857
Amortization of Cost of Issuance		(2,563)	(2,446)
Amortization of Discount Paid on Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	<u></u>	(912)	(870)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		140,338	\$ (27,518)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Original	Final		
	Budgeted	Budgeted		Variance With
	Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 116,500	\$ 116,500	\$ 112,720	\$ (3,780)
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	13,400	13,400	14,682	1,282
Franchise Taxes	348,800	348,800	350,576	1,776
Sales Taxes	2,540,000	2,410,800	2,267,141	(143,659)
	3,018,700	2,889,500	2,745,119	(144,381)
Licenses and Permits:				
Occupational Licenses	354,700	354,700	339,147	(15,553)
Other Permits and Licenses	60,700	60,700	92,436	31,736
	415,400	415,400	431,583	16,183
Fines and Forfeits	677,700	677,700	729,980	52,280
Interest Income	12,700	12,700	5,223	(7,477)
Fees:				
Animal Adoption Fees	3,000	3,000	3,226	226
Parks and Recreation Fees	105,700	105,700	111,378	5,678
Road Maintenance	9,200	9,200	9,200	_
	117 000	117.000	102.804	5 004
	117,900	117,900	123,804	5,904

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - (CONTINUED)

	Original	Final Deads at a d		X7
	Budgeted	Budgeted	A	Variance With
	Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget
Intergovernmental: State and Local Grants:				
Other State and Local Grants	-	-	500	500
On Behalf Payments for Salaries	102,000	102,000	96,901	(5,099)
Federal Grants:				
Community Development Block				
Grant	-		3,700	3,700
Public Assistance	-	15,600	15,597	(3)
Street Landscape and				
Beautification Grant	576,103	576,103	3,308	(572,795)
Law Enforcement Grants	20,000	20,000	25,534	5,534
	698,103	713,703	145,540	(568,163)
Miscellaneous:				
Parks and Recreation Concessions	61,400	61,400	45,666	(15,734)
Miscellaneous	17,500	17,500	27,408	9,908
	78,900	78,900	73,074	(5,826)
Total Revenues	5,019,403	4,905,803	4,254,323	(651,480)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - (CONTINUED)

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures		**************************************		
General Government:				
General Provisions:				
Salaries	792,400	781,900	778,215	3,685
Aldermen's Per Diem	60,000	60,000	60,000	-
Payroll Taxes, Retirement,				
and Group Insurance	363,200	344,100	321,206	22,894
Advertising	6,000	6,000	3,818	2,182
Collection Costs	51,800	51,800	48,314	3,486
Bank Charges	5,000	7,500	7,703	(203)
Community Events	17,650	12,650	4,990	7,660
Contracted Services	28,640	26,140	12,915	13,225
Coroner Fees	1,000	6,000	6,100	(100)
Court Costs	14,400	14,400	14,400	-
Insurance	71,400	71,400	50,058	21,342
Legal and Professional	29,500	24,500	17,557	6,943
Membership Fees and				
Educational Training	18,000	18,000	14,929	3,071
Miscellaneous	2,300	2,300	1,979	321
Printing, Postage and				
Office Supplies	48,000	32,000	29,261	2,739
Rental Equipment	11,550	6,550	1,349	5,201
Repairs and Maintenance	21,900	36,300	37,474	(1,174)
Small Tools and Supplies	3,000	3,000	1,306	1,694
Telephone	14,500	14,500	13,908	592
Utilities	10,000	16,000	16,103	(103)
Uniforms	10,200	10,200	2,502	7,698
Vehicle Expenses	24,500	15,100	15,059	41
Total General Government	1,604,940	1,560,340	1,459,146	101,194
Public Safety: Animal Control: Salaries	103,800	101,700	99,085	2,615

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Public Safety (Continued):			**************************************	
Animal Control (Continued):				
Payroll Taxes, Retirement,				
and Group Insurance	34,900	33,700	34,635	(935)
Animal Care Expense	11,000	9,000	6,763	2,237
Insurance	5,500	5,500	5,035	465
Legal and Professional	2,600	2,600	2,106	494
Miscellaneous	6,800	7,600	5,435	2,165
Printing, Postage and				
Office Supplies	1,300	1,300	857	443
Small Tools and Supplies	8,380	7,880	6,158	1,722
Telephone	2,900	2,900	2,652	248
Utilities	6,700	7,200	7,232	(32)
Vehicle Expense	4,000	3,200	2,428	772
Total Animal Control	187,880	182,580	172,386	10,194
Police:				
Salaries	1,153,500	1,149,500	1,136,721	12,779
Payroll Taxes, Retirement,				
and Group Insurance	543,250	579,650	554,730	24,920
Contracted Services	5,820	5,820	5,759	61
Equipment Rental	15,927	13,327	12,809	518
Insurance	141,800	141,800	130,039	11,761
Membership Fees and				
Educational Training	11,500	7,800	8,164	(364)
Miscellaneous	4,070	4,870	5,183	(313)
Printing, Postage and				
Office Supplies	6,250	7,750	8,939	(1,189)
Professional Fees	11,000	14,000	18,252	(4,252)
Repairs and Maintenance	43,000	37,000	36,122	878
Small Tools and Supplies	29,200	20,700	21,149	(449)
Telephone	29,400	28,000	25,427	2,573

(CONTINUED) 21

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - (CONTINUED)

Public Safety (Continued):	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Police (Continued):				
Uniforms	11,600	11,600	20,585	(8,985)
Utilities	5,700	6,500	20,383	••• •
	•	,		(303)
Vehicle Expense	103,000	101,500	116,973	(15,473)
Total Police	2,115,017	2,129,817	2,107,655	22,162
Total Public Safety	2,302,897	2,312,397	2,280,041	32,356
Highway and Streets:				
Streets:				
Salaries	464,900	459,900	365,526	94,374
Payroll Taxes, Retirement,				
and Group Insurance	248,000	247,200	193,336	53,864
Contract Services	50,000	25,000	16,892	8,108
Equipment Expense	69,500	69,500	59,754	9,746
Equipment Rental	3,000	2,000	1,624	376
Insurance	76,800	76,800	64,961	11,839
Landscaping and Beautification	227,200	227,200	13,062	214,138
Legal and Professional	54,000	64,000	49,864	14,136
Streets Maintenance				
and Materials	46,000	187,700	185,029	2,671
Membership Fees and				
Educational Training	1,000	1,000	411	589
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000	2,667	333
Small Tools and Supplies	13,700	11,700	12,615	(915)
Telephone	15,200	15,200	14,637	563
Uniforms	10,000	10,000	8,045	1,955
Utilities	71,000	71,000	70,406	594
Total Highways and Streets	1,353,300	1,471,200	1,058,829	412,371

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Parks and Recreation:				
Salaries	86,900	88,000	93,745	(5,745)
Payroll Taxes, Retirement,				
and Group Insurance	33,700	29,600	29,042	558
Contract Services	10,000	10,000	150	9,850
Concession Supplies	40,000	37,000	37,939	(939)
Equipment Rental	4,000	4,725	4,957	(232)
Insurance	17,700	17,700	14,511	3,189
Membership Fees and				
Educational Training	1,000	300	305	(5)
Miscellaneous	3,250	3,250	2,922	328
Legal and Professional	2,500	18,500	2,105	16,395
Printing, Postage and				
Office Supplies	200	500	515	(15)
Recreational Supplies	30,000	17,100	17,031	69
Repairs and Maintenance	14,720	14,420	27,557	(13,137)
Small Tools and Supplies	6,500	4,000	3,938	62
Telephone	2,900	2,400	2,198	202
Tournament Expenses	48,500	58,575	74,155	(15,580)
Utilities	25,000	25,700	26,966	(1,266)
Uniforms	900	500	544	(44)
Total Parks and Recreation	327,770	332,270	338,580	(6,310)
Capital Outlay	514,350	589,550	158,445	431,105
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	8,300	7,145	1,155
Interest	**	_	1,335	(1,335)
Total Debt Service	_	8,300	8,480	(180)
Total Expenditures	6,103,257	6,274,057	5,303,521	970,536

(CONTINUED) 23

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,083,854)	(1,368,254)	(1,049,198)	319,056
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	25,000	25,000	-	(25,000)
Transfers In	1,012,000	1,148,100	1,136,100	(12,000)
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt	-	155,200	148,419	(6,781)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,037,000	1,328,300	1,284,519	(43,781)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(46,854)	(39,954)	235,321	275,275
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	998,630	998,630	998,630	
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 951,776</u>	\$ 958,676	\$ 1,233,951	<u>\$ 275,275</u>

2000 1/2 CENT SALES TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Original Budgeted	Final Budgeted	A . 3	Variance With
Davana	Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues: Sales Taxes	\$ 1,282,100	\$ 1,208,200	\$ 1,133,571	\$ (74,629)
Interest	3 1,282,100 2,900	\$ 1,208,200 2,900	\$ 1,133,371 9,207	\$ (74,629) 6,307
interest	2,900	2,900	9,207	0,507
Total Revenues	1,285,000	1,211,100	1,142,778	(68,322)
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Collection Expenses	22,000	22,000	20,135	1,865
Total General Government	22,000	22,000	20,135	1,865
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	208,000	208,000	218,000	(10,000)
Interest and Administrative Fees	92,400	92,400	91,360	1,040
Total Debt Service	300,400	300,400	309,360	(8,960)
Total Expenditures	322,400	322,400	329,495	(7,095)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	962,600	888,700	813,283	(75,417)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers Out	(761,700)	(897,800)	(795,508)	102,292
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(761,700)	(897,800)	(795,508)	102,292
Net Change in Fund Balance	200,900	(9,100)	17,775	26,875
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,005,749	2,005,749	2,005,749	_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,206,649	\$ 1,996,649	\$ 2,023,524	\$ 26,875
		<u></u>		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012)

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	2013	Restated 2012	
Comment Association			
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,987,835	\$ 2,263,290	
Due From Other Funds	487,052	681,548	
	3,474,887	2,944,838	
Receivables:			
Accounts (Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts of			
\$5,000 in 2013 and \$5,000 in 2012	1,235,601	690,965	
Unbilled Utility Sales	524,341	278,117	
Due from Other Governments		2,007	
	1,759,942	971,089	
Inventory, at Cost	191,326	180,418	
Prepaid Expenses	64,985	63,385	
Total Current Assets	5,491,140	4,159,730	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments:			
Revenue Bond Covenant Accounts	286,596	274,252	
Investments - Customer Deposits	689,447	711,923	
Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs	50,216	51,063	
Capital Assets, at Cost (Net of			
Accumulated Depreciation)	11,566,014	11,959,289	
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,592,273	12,996,527	
Total Assets	\$ 18,083,413	\$ 17,156,257	

Exhibit C-1

	Business Type Activities Enterprise Fund		
		Restated	
	2013	2012	
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$ 373.857	\$ 315,575	
Accrued Salaries and Wages	\$	\$ 315,575 19,824	
Accumulated Unpaid Vacation	14,829	16,707	
Customers' Deposits	687,517	670,542	
Other Current Liabilities	28,406	29,714	
Bonds Payable - Current Portion	127,686	124,699	
Accrued Bond Interest	47,337	47,708	
Total Current Liabilities	1,302,455	1,224,769	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Bonds Payable - Less Current Portion Accumulated Unpaid Vacation Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	5,042,589 44,489 5,087,078 6,389,533	5,170,275 50,123 5,220,398 6,445,167	
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,395,739	6,664,315	
Reserved for Debt Service	239,259	226,544	
Unrestricted	5,058,882	3,820,231	
Total Net Position	11,693,880	10,711,090	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 18,083,413	\$ 17,156,257	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012)

	Business - Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
		Restated	
	2013	2012	
Operating Revenues:		ф. с <u>с</u> 10 с 10	
Charges for Services	\$ 7,350,657	\$ 5,512,613	
Total Operating Revenues	7,350,657	5,512,613	
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services and Benefits	1,285,245	1,304,263	
Contractual Services	746,483	758,135	
Cost of Materials	1,770,562	1,155,517	
Utilities	235,720	213,387	
Repair and Maintenance	793,516	786,905	
Supplies	145,306	129,666	
Insurance	199,595	182,727	
Depreciation	697,486	630,864	
Bad Debts	13,440	7,974	
Total Operating Expenses	5,887,353	5,169,438	
Operating Income	1,463,304	343,175	
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Interest and Investment Income	(12,003)	20,190	
Miscellaneous	42,155	23,597	
Total Nonoperating Revenues	30,152	43,787	
Nonoperating Expenses:			
Interest and Administrative Fees	198,326	196,407	
Amortization of Bond Costs	847	846	
Amortization of Bond Discount	301	301	
Total Nonoperating Expenses	199,474	197,554	
Income Before Transfers	1,293,982	189,408	
Capital and Other Contributions	29,400	368,804	
Transfers from Special Revenue Fund	659,408	741,144	
Transfers to General Fund	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	
Change in Net Position	982,790	299,356	
Total Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	10,711,090	10,411,734	
Total Net Position at End of Year	\$ 11,693,880	\$ 10,711,090	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012)

	Business-Typ	e Activities -
	Enterpri	
	2013	2012
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits	\$ 6,548,364 (3,846,716) (1,289,758)	
Other Receipts (Payments)	236,651	(739,518)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	1,648,541	(213,415)
Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities: Transfer From Special Revenue Fund Transfer To General Fund Net Cash Used in Noncapital and Related	659,408 (1,000,000)	741,144 (1,000,000)
Financing Activities	(340,592)	(258,856)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Net Proceeds from Issuance of Debt Proceeds from Sale of Assets Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Net Receipts from Customer Deposits Principal Paid on Loans Interest and Administrative Fees Paid on Loans Capital Contributions	- (304,211) 16,975 (125,000) (198,697) 29,400	93,770 10,400 (1,327,458) 14,489 (124,300) (196,037) 368,804
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(581,533)	(1,160,332)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Net Purchases of Investments Investment Income	22,476 (12,003)	(14,661) 20,190
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	10,473	5,529
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	736,889	(1,627,074)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	2,537,542	4,164,616
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 3,274,431	\$ 2,537,542

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012)

	Business-Typ Enterpri	
		Restated
	2013	2012
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating Income	\$ 1,463,304	\$ 343,175
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income	+ -,·, ·	, - , - · -
to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	697,486	630,864
Provision for Bad Debts	13,440	7,974
Miscellaneous Revenues	42,155	22,274
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(556,069)	431,012
(Increase) Decrease in Unbilled Utility Sales	(246,224)	20,637
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds	194,496	(681,548)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory	(10,908)	(10,998)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	(1,600)	(9,569)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	58,282	(862,690)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Wages	2,999	(31,190)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	(1,308)	(7,908)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	-	(80,244)
Increase (Decrease) in Accumulated Unpaid Vacation	(7,512)	14,796
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 1,648,541	\$ (213,415)
Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:		
Amortization of Deferred Bond Expense	<u>\$ 847</u>	<u>\$ 846</u>
Amortization of Bond Discount	<u>\$ 301</u>	\$ 301
Gain on Disposal of Assets	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 1,323
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Unrestricted	\$ 2,987,835	\$ 2,263,290
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Restricted	286,596	274,252
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,274,431	\$ 2,537,542

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Introduction:

The City of Walker was incorporated in 1909, under the provisions of Louisiana R.S. 33:321-348. The City operates under a Mayor-City Councilmen form of government, and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general and administrative services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Walker conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:517 and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

1. Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes all funds which are controlled by or dependent on the City's Mayor and City Councilmen. Control by or dependence on the City was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, fiscal interdependency, imposition of will, and whether a financial benefit/burden relationship existed between the City and potential component unit. Also, consideration of a component unit was determined based on whether the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria in GASB Statement No. 61 has been considered and, accordingly, certain governmental organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These organizations are the Livingston Parish Fire District # 4 and Livingston Parish Gravity Drainage District # 5, which are staffed by independently elected or appointed officials. Although the City may provide facilities, no control is exercised over their operations. Also, exclusion of these units of government would not cause the financial statements of the City to be misleading or incomplete. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the City.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61 established criteria for determining the reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this statement, the City of Walker is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 61, fiscally independent means that the City may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. Since the City of Walker has no component units, these financial statements include only information on the primary government.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

2. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. These statements established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities which includes a balance sheet, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and a statement of cash flows. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below and, where appropriate, subsequent pronouncements will be referenced.

The City's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements (based on the City as a whole) and the fund financial statements (the total of all funds of a particular type).

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These statements are prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable), but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and cost of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements with the exception of payments between the utility enterprise fund and the other various functions of government for charges such as utility services. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The financial statements also contain a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Statement of Net Position - In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The columns presented in the statement of net position and general descriptions of each are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

- *Governmental Activities* represent programs which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- *Business-Type Activities* are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

Statement of Activities - The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, streets and parks, etc.), which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, streets and parks, etc.) or a business-type activity and include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The City does not allocate indirect expenses.

Fund Financial Statements:

The daily accounts and operations of the City are organized on the basis of individual funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Emphasis of fund financial reporting is on the major fund level in either the governmental or business-type categories. The various funds of the City are grouped into generic fund types and two broad fund categories as follows:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the municipality's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets, and the servicing of general long-term debt. The City of Walker has two governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in other funds. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for services, and interest income. The General Fund may also account for long-term debt issues and repayments of the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are assigned to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt services or capital projects. The Special Revenue Fund of the City (2000 ½ Cent Sales Tax Fund) is considered a major fund for reporting purposes. The 2000 ½ Cent Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds of a ½ cent sales tax levied in the year 2000. These proceeds are assigned for 1) payment of principal and interest on the Series 2000 Sales Tax Bonds, 2) payments into the required "Sinking Fund" and Reserve Fund and 3) expenditures assigned for specified purposes.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses, and transfers relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through these funds. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Operating expenses include costs of services and materials, contracts, personnel, and dedication.

Enterprise Fund or Business Fund - The Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and / or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, and other purposes. The City's Utility Enterprise Fund is considered a major fund and accounts for the operations of providing natural gas services, water services, sewer services, and sanitation services to the residents of the City of Walker and some residents of the parishes of Livingston and St. Helena. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collections.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as is the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and *the modified accrual basis of accounting* which is also the method used to prepare the budget. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other uses) in net current assets.

Governmental fund revenues resulting from exchange transactions are recognized in the fiscal year in which the exchange takes place and meets the government's availability criteria (susceptible to accrual). Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Charges for services, fines and forfeits, and most governmental miscellaneous revenues, including investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. The City's definition of available means expected to be received within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving value in return includes sales tax, property tax, grants, and donations. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the calendar year of the tax levy if collected soon enough to meet the availability criteria. Sales tax and gross receipts business tax revenues are recognized when the underlying transaction occurs and meets the availability criteria. Anticipated refunds of such taxes are recorded as fund liabilities and reductions of revenue when they are measurable and valid. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources can be used.

Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for the following: (1) principal and interest on long-term debt are recorded when due, and (2) claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund type when paid with expendable available financial resources. Allocations of costs such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The proprietary fund is accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus. Proprietary funds are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, if measurable. Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Proprietary funds distinguish

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

operating revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's utility fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements follow guidance included in GASB Statement No. 62 - *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.*

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile funds based on financial statements with the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City's policies in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements are as follows:

- i. The City's Finance Director prepares a proposed budget and submits this budget to the Mayor and City Council no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- ii. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- iii. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- iv. After holding the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is adopted. The original budget for 2013 was adopted on December 10, 2012.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

- v. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the City Council.
- vi. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The final amended budget was adopted on November 12, 2013.
- vii. The budget for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial process of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The City provides budgetary comparison information in these financial statements on each major fund. The budgetary comparisons schedules include the original budget to the current comparison of final budget and actual results.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Under state law, the City may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. Under state law, the City may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. Investments are stated at fair market value.

F. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable based on agings and estimated charge-off percentages comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to two and one-half percent of the current year property tax levy plus one hundred percent of any unpaid prior year tax at December 31, 2013.

Property taxes are levied in September or October each year on property values assessed as of the same date. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Inventories of the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Certain proceeds of bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet in both the governmental and enterprise funds because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Certain proceeds and resources of the City's enterprise fund are set aside to reimburse customers their utility deposits upon discontinuance of service.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Capital assets are included on the statement of net position net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated
Description	Lives
Buildings	20 - 40 Years
Buildings & Improvements	10 - 20 Years
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 15 Years
Public Domain Infrastructure	20 - 50 Years
Gas System	20 - 40 Years
Water System	20 - 40 Years
Sewer System	20 - 40 Years

J. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Employees of the municipality earn annual leave at varying rates according to years of service. Accrued unused annual leave earned by an employee is carried forward to the succeeding calendar year. Accrued unused sick leave earned by an employee is carried forward to the succeeding calendar year without limitation. Employees that are terminated or resign will not be paid for accumulated sick leave. As of December 31, 2013, the accrued liability for unpaid vacation benefits amounted to \$166,997. The amount applicable to the Enterprise Fund was \$59,318, and is recorded in that Fund, and the amount of \$107,679 applicable to the General Fund is reflected on the Statement of Net Position.

In accordance with GASB 16 (Codification 60), *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability has been accrued for unused employee sick leave.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs meeting the definition contained in GASB 65 are capitalized and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

L. Fund Equity

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net Investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by:
 - a. External groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or
 - b. Law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Statements

The City implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 in fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council ordinance or resolution. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned - Amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the City Council or by an official or body to which the Council delegates the authority.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications; positive amounts are only in the general fund. The City has not adopted a policy to maintain the general fund's unassigned fund balance above a certain minimum level.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Exhibit B-1). The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. As noted above, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the City Council or the Assignment has been changed by the City Council. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Summary Financial Information for 2012

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized information in total. Such information does not include sufficient details to constitute a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Under state law, the City may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Under state law, the City may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

The City of Walker has cash and cash equivalents totaling \$6,213,604 at December 31, 2013. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the bank. These pledged securities are held by and in the name of the fiscal agent bank but pledged to the City. The following is a summary of cash and investments (bank balances) at December 31, 2013.

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Deposits in Bank Accounts per			
Balance Sheet	\$ 2,939,173	\$ 3,274,431	\$ 6,213,604
Bank Balances (Category 3 Only):			
a. Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
b. Uninsured and Collateralized with			
Securities Held by the Pledging			
Institution	-	~	-
c. Uninsured and Collateralized with Securities Held by the Pledging			
Institution's Trust Department or			
Agent, but not in the Entities Name	2,788,303	2,991,253	5,779,556
Total Category 3 Bank Balances	\$ 2,788,303	\$ 2,991,253	\$ 5,779,556
Total Bank Balances (Regardless	¢ 2 011 407	¢ 2 250 072	¢ 6 270 556
of Category)	\$ 3,011,483	\$ 3,259,073	\$ 6,270,556

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2013, \$5,779,556 of the City's bank balance of \$6,270,556 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name.

3. Investments

All investments are stated on the balance sheet (carrying value) at market value. All investments are in mutual funds that are held by a broker or certificates of deposit with maturity dates greater than 90 days when purchased.

At December 31, 2013, the City holds investments totaling \$1,006,987 as follows:

	Carrying Amount	Market Value
Governmental Activities:		
Certificate of Deposit	\$ <u>317,540</u>	\$ <u>_317,540</u>
Business-Type Activities:		
U.S. Government Securities Fund – A – Mutual Fund	\$ <u>689,447</u>	\$ <u>_689,447</u>

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value changes arising from fluctuations in interest rates, the City invests in mutual funds that have underlying investments in government backed securities.

Credit Risk. Under state law, the City may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. The City invests in mutual funds with underlying securities that are in compliance with the state law.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the investments in Time Certificates of Deposits of \$317,540, the government has a custodial credit risk exposure of \$165,380 because the related Time Certificates of Deposits are uninsured. However, \$165,380 of the uninsured amount was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the entities' name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

4. Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the City in September or October and are actually billed to the taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed.

The City's property taxes are billed and collected by the City of Walker from information on assessed values received from the Livingston Parish Assessor's Office.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, taxes of 2.20 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$50,551,090 and were dedicated to general purposes.

Total taxes levied were \$111,212. Taxes receivable at December 31, 2013, consisted of the following:

Taxes Receivable - Current Roll	\$ 37,789
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(2,780)
	\$ 35,009

5. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2013, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Ad Valorem Taxes	Franchise Taxes	Accounts	Unbilled Sales	Less: Allowance for <u>Uncollectibles</u>	Total - Net <u>Receivable</u>
General Fund	\$ <u>37,789</u>	\$ <u>131,942</u>	\$ <u>21,695</u>	\$	\$ <u>(2,780)</u>	\$ <u>188,646</u>
Total Governmental Activities	37,789	131,942	21,695	-	(2,780)	188,646
Business-Type Activities:						
Utility Fund	<u> </u>		1,240,601	<u>524,341</u>	(5,000)	<u>1,759,942</u>
Total Receivables	\$37,789	\$131,942	\$1,262,296	\$524,341	\$ (7,780)	\$1,948,588

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

6. Due From Other Governments

Due from Other Governments as of December 31, 2013, consists of the following:

	Livingston Parish <u>School Board</u>	State of Louisiana	Total
Governmental Activities			
General Fund	\$ 383,027	\$ 124,180	\$ 507,207
2000 1/2 Cent Sales Tax Fund	<u>191,511</u>		<u> 191,511</u>
Total Governmental Activities	574,538	124,180	698,718
Business-Type Activities			
Utility Fund			
Total Due from Other Governments	\$ 574,538	\$ 124,180	\$ 698,718

7. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a detailed list of interfund balances as of December 31, 2013, reported in the fund financial statements.

	Due to	Due from	Net Internal Balances
Governmental Activities			
General Fund 2000 ½ Cent Sales Tax Fund	\$ 258,881 <u>(745,933)</u>	\$ - 	\$258,881 <u>(745,933)</u>
Total Governmental Activities	(487,052)	-	(487,052)
Business-Type Activities			
Utility Fund	<u> </u>	487,052	487,052
	\$ (487,052)	\$ 487,052	\$ -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

8. Changes in Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Balance January 1, 2013	Additions Deletions		Balance December 31, 2013	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets not being Depreciated	:				
Land	\$ 747,561	\$-	\$-	\$ 747,561	
Construction in Progress	48,100	5,197	-	53,297	
Total Capital Assets not being					
Depreciated	795,661	5,197	-	800,858	
Capital Assets being Depreciated:					
Land Improvements	167,581	-	-	167,581	
Buildings	956,968	-	-	956,968	
Equipment and Vehicles	1,757,517	153,248	-	1,910,765	
Furniture and Fixtures	169,524	-	-	169,524	
Recreational Equipment	347,284	-	-	347,284	
Infrastructure	1,627,791			1,627,791	
Total Capital Assets being					
Depreciated	5,026,665	153,248	-	5,179,913	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Land Improvements	55,851	11,483	-	67,334	
Buildings	319,435	31,737	-	351,172	
Equipment and Vehicles	1,279,443	177,470	-	1,456,913	
Furniture and Fixtures	164,272	2,055	-	166,327	
Recreational Equipment	182,357	32,617	-	214,974	
Infrastructure	1,199,120	60,618		1,259,738	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,200,478	315,980		3,516,458	
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	1,826,187	(162,732)		1,663,455	
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,621,848	\$ (157,535)	<u> </u>	\$ 2,464,313	

(CONTINUED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Balance January 1, 2013	Additions Deletions		Balance December 31, 2013
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated	1:			
Land - Gas and Water System	\$ 242,231	\$-	\$-	\$ 242,231
Land - Sewer System	54,711	-	-	54,711
Construction in Progress	1,036,685	301,914	(1,216,789)	121,810
Total Capital Assets not being				
Depreciated	1,333,627	301,914	(1,216,789)	418,752
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Gas System	4,617,197	-	-	4,617,197
Water System	2,479,790	77,645	-	2,557,435
Sewer System	12,258,590	1,139,141	-	13,397,731
Buildings	605,631	-	-	605,631
Land Improvements	111,568	-	-	111,568
Machinery and Equipment	1,588,604	2,300	•••	1,590,904
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated	21,661,380	1,219,086	-	22,880,466
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:	:			
Gas System	2,901,358	102,688	-	3,004,046
Water System	1,773,342	70,773	-	1,844,115
Sewer System	4,967,263	403,174	-	5,370,437
Buildings	176,890	13,149	-	190,039
Land Improvements	18,034	8,198	-	26,232
Machinery and Equipment	1,198,831	99,504		1,298,335
Total Accumulated Depreciation	11,035,718	697,486		11,733,204
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated, Net	10,625,662	521,600		11,147,262
Total Business Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,959,289	\$ 823,514	\$ (1,216,789)	\$ 11,566,014

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 63,603
Public Safety	92,364
Streets	106,607
Parks and Recreation	 53,406
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	 315,980
Business Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 106,087
Gas	171,292
Sewer	 420,107
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Business Type Activities	\$ 697,486

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less an allowance for accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as described in Significant Accounting Policies.

A summary of commitments under construction contracts for the City at December 31, 2013, follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Project Authorization		•			pended to ber 31, 2013	nexpended mmitment
Walking Trail Extension TEG Sidewalk Phase III	\$	22,955 80,420	\$	5,025 48,272	\$ 17,930 32,148		
Total	\$	103,375	<u> </u>	53,297	\$ 50,078		
Business-Type Activities:		Project thorization		pended to ber 31, 2013	nexpended mmitment		
Juban Crossing 6" Gas Extension Our Lady of Lake Water Tower	\$	119,038	\$	59,455	\$ 59,583		
and Water Well Water Pressure Booster Station-		246,000		16,125	229,875		
Salt Dome Rd		36,193		36,193	-		
Fletcher Lane Land		7,547		7,547	-		
Water Well 2 Generator		2,490		2,490	 		
Total	\$	411,268	\$	121,810	 289,458		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

9. Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

The payables at December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Accounts Payable	\$ 170,264	\$ 373,857	\$ 544,121
Withholdings	166,224	28,406	194,630
Accrued Salary	63,062	22,823	85,885
Customer Deposits		687,517	687,517
Total	\$ 399,550	\$1,112,603	\$1,512,153

10. Retirement Benefits (Other Than Police Officers)

The City adopted an unqualified retirement plan in 1992. Employees are eligible to participate upon completion of their sixth month of employment and must be employed full time. The City contributes 9% of the regular gross pay on the employee's behalf. The moneys contributed are used to make payments on annuity contracts for the benefit of the employee. On October 1, 1993, the unqualified retirement plan was terminated and a qualified retirement plan was adopted. The qualified retirement plan has the same contribution terms as the unqualified retirement plan. The City's contributions for the plan amounted to \$185,942, for the year ended December 31, 2013.

11. Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS)

Plan Description. All full-time police department employees engaged in law enforcement are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service or at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 1/3% of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The system issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, 8401 United Plaza Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-2250, or by calling (225) 929-7411.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the City of Walker is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 31.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City of Walker are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The City of Walker contributions to the System for the year ending December 31, 2013 was \$184,130, which was equal to the required contributions for the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

12. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the City of Walker for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Debt Payable 1/1/2013	Additions	Deletions	Debt Payable 12/31/2013	Due within <u>1 year</u>
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated Absences	\$ 101,689	\$ 174,805	\$ 168,815	\$ 107,679	\$ 26,920
Capital Lease Payable	-	148,419	7,145	141,274	29,198
Refunding Bond Payable					
by Utility Issues	2,302,000	-	218,000	2,084,000	225,000
Discount on Bonds	(9,629)	-	(912)	(8,717)	(941)
Total Governmental					
Activities	2,394,060	323,224	393,048	2,324,236	280,177
Business-Type Activities:					
Compensated Absences	66,830	70,777	78,289	59,318	14,829
Refunding Series Bonds,					
Series 2009 (Gross)	6,645,000	-	290,000	6,355,000	300,000
Combined Utilities Revenue					
Bonds, Series 2010B	332,000	-	16,000	316,000	16,000
Combined Utilities Revenue					
Bonds, Series 2011	638,141	-	37,000	601,141	37,000
Less: Intragovernmental					
Payable	(2,302,000)	-	(218,000)	(2,084,000)	(225,000)
Discount on Bonds	(18,167)		(301)	(17,866)	(314)
Total Business-Type					
Activities	5,361,804	70,777	202,988	5,229,593	142,515
Total Debt	\$ 7,755,864	\$ 394,001	\$ 596,036	\$7,553,829	\$422,692

Refunding Bonds, Series 2009

City of Walker Utilities Project Series 2009 Refunding Bonds - \$7,440,000 (\$2,904,000 payable from Governmental Activities and \$4,536,000 payable from Business-Type Activities) of Refunding Bonds Dated September 3, 2009, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through October 1, 2029; variable interest rate ranging from 3.000% to 4.875%.

\$ 6,355,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

The principal and interest on the refunding bonds, series 2009, was allocated between governmental activities and business type activities based on balances of the old debt net of the cash contributed by the proprietary fund. A schedule of the outstanding Refunding Series 2009 Bonds principal and interest requirements are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	2009 Refunding Series					
Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2014	\$ 225,000	\$ 83,260	\$ 308,260			
2015	235,000	74,673	309,673			
2016	245,000	65,487	310,487			
2017	255,000	55,535	310,535			
2018	265,000	44,688	309,688			
2019-2021	859,000	60,005	919,005			
	\$2,084,000	\$ 383,648	\$2,467,648			

Business-Type Activities:

Dusinoss Type Honvillos.	2009 Refunding Series					
Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2014	\$ 75,000	\$ 178,997	\$ 253,997			
2015	75,000	178,585	253,585			
2016	75,000	178,470	253,470			
2017	70,000	178,502	248,502			
2018	70,000	178,381	248,381			
2019-2023	1,031,000	851,195	1,882,195			
2023-2028	2,340,000	465,551	2,805,551			
2029	535,000	26,081	561,081			
	4,271,000	2,235,762	6,506,762			
Total Refunding Bond 2009 Issue	\$6,355,000	\$2,619,410	\$ 8,974,410			

The City of Walker Utilities Project Series 2009 Refunding Bonds requires the following funds to be maintained:

A debt service fund designed to achieve proper mailing of principal and interest payments as due on the Revenue Bond.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

The City is required to pay monthly one-sixth (1/6) of the interest due on the next interest payment date due on the bonds into an interest account of the Debt Service Fund. In addition, the City is required to pay monthly one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal due on the next principal payment date due on the bonds into a principal account of the Debt Service Fund. At December 31, 2013, the Debt Service Fund requirement for the interest and principal accounts were fully funded with an actual balance of \$140,586, and is reported on the Proprietary Fund as restricted cash.

During 2009, the City issued \$7,440,000 Louisiana Local Government Environmental Facilities and Community Development Authority Refunding Bonds (City of Walker Utilities Project Series 2009) for the purpose of refunding the outstanding balance of the following governmental activities and business type activity bonds and outstanding balances at the date of refunding:

Governmental Activities Bond Refunded	Principal Refunded
Sales Tax Bonds, Series 2000 Sales Tax Bonds, Series 2000. \$4,200,000 Sales Tax Bonds, dated June 7, 2000, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through June 1, 2021; interest rate at 3.45%.	<u>\$ 2,904,000</u>
Total Governmental Activities Bond Refunded	2,904,000
Business-Type Activities Bond Refunded	
Natural Gas and Water Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 Natural Gas and Water Revenue Bonds, Series 1999. \$4,650,000 of Gas & Water Revenue Bonds, dated December 22, 1999, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through December 1, 2019; interest rate at 5.70%.	2,832,538
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000 Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000. \$300,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through June 1, 2021; interest rate at 3.45%.	181,004
Series Revenue Bonds, Series 2001 Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2001. \$2,400,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interact through June 20, 2021, interact rate at 3,05%	1,522,458
installments of interest through June 20, 2021; interest rate at 3.95%. Total Business-Type Activities Bonds Refunded	4,536,000
Total Bonds Refunded	\$ 7,440,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

The reacquisition price equaled the net carrying value of the old debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to increase total debt service payments over the next 20 years by \$1,854,136 and resulted in an economic loss of \$(184,199). In addition, the advanced refunding was done to release the accumulated cash held in the proprietary fund and the special revenue fund from restrictions that was necessary under restrictive bond covenants provisions contained in the refunded debt.

Combined Utilities Revenue Bonds, 2010B

interest, and fees requirements are as follows:

City of Walker Combined Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B - \$364,000 of Combined Utility Revenue Bonds Dated February 4, 2010, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through October 1, 2029; interest rate of 2.95%.

A schedule of the outstanding Combined Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 Bonds principal,

\$

316,000

601,141

		2010B Uti	lities Revenue Bo	nds
Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Fees	Total
2014	\$ 16,000	\$ 9,322	\$ 1,580	\$ 26,902
2015	17,000	8,850	1,500	27,350
2016	17,000	8,349	1,415	26,764
2017	18,000	7,847	1,330	27,177
2018	18,000	7,316	1,240	26,556
2019-2023	97,000	28,291	4,795	130,086
2024-2028	109,000	13,334	2,260	124,594
2029	24,000	708	120	24,828
	\$ 316,000	\$ 84,017	\$ 14,240	\$ 414,257

Combined Utilities Revenue Bonds, 2011

City of Walker Combined Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 - \$675,141 of Combined Utility Revenue Bonds Dated April 20, 2011, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through October 1, 2030; interest rate of 0.45%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

A schedule of the outstanding Combined Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 Bonds principal and interest requirements are as follows:

	2011 Utilities Revenue Bonds					
Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Fees	Total		
2014	\$ 37,000	\$ 2,705	\$ 3,006	\$ 42,711		
2015	37,000	2,539	2,821	42,360		
2016	38,000	2,372	2,636	43,008		
2017	38,000	2,201	2,446	42,647		
2018	38,000	2,030	2,256	42,286		
2019-2023	197,000	7,536	8,374	212,910		
2024-2028	206,000	3,032	3,369	212,401		
2029-2030	10,141	46	51	10,238		
	\$ 601,141	\$ 22,461	\$ 24,959	\$ 648,561		

The 2010 Series Bonds and the 2011 Series Bonds require the maintenance of a separately identifiable fund or account designated as the "Debt Service Fund" into which deposits are required in sufficient amount to pay promptly and fully the interest and principal installments of the Bonds as the required payments become due, by transferring from the Revenue Fund to the Debt Service Fund monthly on or before the 20th day of each month of each year, a sum equal to 1/6 of the interest and administrative fee falling due on the Bonds on the next interest payment date, and a sum equal to 1/12 of the principal falling due on the Bonds on any principal date within the next twelve months. The City is also required to deposit funds into a "Reserve Fund" and a "Contingencies Fund" on a monthly basis. At December 31, 2013, the Debt Service Fund, Reserve Fund, and Contingencies Fund requirements were fully funded with an actual balance of \$146,010 and are reported on the Proprietary Fund as restricted cash.

Bond covenants of the outstanding parity obligations require the City to fix, establish, maintain, levy and collect, so long as any principal and interest is unpaid on the Bonds, such rates, fees, rents, or other charges for services and facilities of the System and all parts thereof, and revise the same from time to time whenever necessary as will always provide revenues in each fiscal year sufficient to pay operations and maintenance expenses in each fiscal year and provide net revenues in each fiscal year in an amount equal to at least one hundred ten percent of the annual debt service requirements in the then current Fiscal Year of the Bonds. The covenants require that such rates, fees, rents, or other charges shall not at any time be reduced so as to be insufficient to provide adequate revenues for the foregoing purposes. The calculated bond debt coverage ratio for existing Bonds exceeded the 110 percent ratio for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Governmental Activities - Capital Lease Payable

The City entered into a capital lease agreement on September 11, 2013, for financing the purchase of five police vehicles and equipment for the Police Department. The lease requires 20 quarterly payments of principal and interest of \$8,479 with the final payment due September 11, 2018. The lease agreement contains a non-appropriation exculpatory clause that allows cancellation if the City Council does not make an annual appropriation for the lease payments. At December 31, 2013, the City has \$6,773 of additional equipment yet to purchase under this lease agreement. The capital lease payable at December 31, 2013, is as follows:

Description/Purpose	Original Lease <u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Balance December 31, 2013
Capital lease to finance the purchase of five police vehicles and equipment	\$ 155,192	3.44%	9/11/18	\$ 141,274

A schedule of the outstanding capital lease payments to maturity including interest requirements are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal Interest		Total	
2014	\$ 29,198	\$ 4,719	\$ 33,917	
2015	30,216	3,701	33,917	
2016	31,269	2,649	33,918	
2017	32,358	1,559	33,917	
2018	18,233	431	18,664	
	\$ 141,274	\$ 13,059	\$ 154,333	

Leased equipment and vehicles under capital lease in capital assets at December 31, 2013, include the following:

Governmental Activities:	
Equipment and Vehicles	\$ 149,169
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,486)
	\$ 146,683

Amortization of leased equipment and vehicles under capital assets is included with depreciation expense.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

13. Compensated Absences

At December 31, 2013, employees of the City have accumulated and vested \$166,997 of employee leave benefits, which was computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60. Of this amount, \$107,679 is recorded as an obligation of the Governmental Activities, and \$59,318 is recorded as an obligation of the Business-Type Activities.

14. On-Behalf Payments Made by State of Louisiana

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the State of Louisiana made on-behalf payments in the form of supplemental pay to the City's policemen. In accordance with GASB 24, the City has recorded \$96,901 of on-behalf payments as revenue and as expenses in the General Fund.

15. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets were applicable to the following at December 31, 2013:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
	Acuvities	Activities	10141	
Cash and Cash Equivalents:				
Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 - Debt Service	\$ -	\$ 140,586	\$ 140,586	
Combined Utility Bonds,				
Series 2010 and Series 2011 - Debt Service	ter -	146,010	146,010	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	286,596	286,596	
Investments:				
Customers Deposits		689,447	689,447	
Total Restricted Assets	\$ -	\$ 976,043	\$ 976,043	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

16. Schedule of Utility Enterprise Fund Net Income (Loss) from Operations by Department for the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Gas Department	Water Department	Sewer Department	Sanitation Department	Total Utility Enterprise Fund
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 4,725,126	\$ 952,906	\$ 909,149	\$ 337,389	\$ 6,924,570
Delinquent Charges	73,742	20,503	10,441	6,860	111,546
Miscellaneous	204,713	100,818	9,010	_	314,541
Total Operating Revenues	5,003,581	1,074,227	928,600	344,249	7,350,657
Operating Expenses:					
Direct	2,885,245	746,976	1,437,966	378,549	5,448,736
General and Administrative	270,958	105,470	59,050	3,139	438,617
Total Operating Expenses	3,156,203	852,446	1,497,016	381,688	5,887,353
Operating Income (Loss) by					
Department	1,847,378	221,781	(568,416)	(37,439)	1,463,304
Nonoperating Revenues	16,425	15,361	(2,565)	931	30,152
Nonoperating Expenses	(126,450)	(39,926)	(33,098)	-	(199,474)
State Grant	(120,-150)	29,400	(55,676)	_	29,400
Transfers from Special Revenue	-		659,408	-	659,408
Transfers to General Fund	(1,000,000)	-	~	-	(1,000,000)
Change in Net Position					\$ 982,790
Business-Type Activities Departmental Net Income (Loss)	\$ 737,353	\$ 226,616	\$ 55,329	\$ (36,508)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

17. Schedule of Utility Fund Operating Expenses by Department for the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Gas Department	Water Department	Sewer Department	Sanitation Department	Total Utility Enterprise Fund
Direct Expenses:					
Natural Gas Purchases	\$ 1,770,562	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,770,562
Salaries and Wages	368,758	213,177	267,450	6,475	855,860
Payroll Taxes, Retirement					
and Group Insurance	217,232	118,929	92,737	487	429,385
Contract Services	162,403	58,877	9,994	370,284	601,558
Depreciation	171,292	106,087	420,107	-	697,486
Equipment Expenses	51,771	15,108	12,453	-	79,332
Equipment Rental	8,403	5,678	41,358	-	55,439
Lab Fees	-	-	34,246	-	34,246
Maintenance	118,589	178,753	415,539	1,303	714,184
Small Tools and Supplies	7,330	4,981	7,214	-	19,525
Utilities	8,905	45,386	136,868	-	191,159
	2,885,245	746,976	1,437,966	378,549	5,448,736
General and Administrative					
Expenses:					
Insurance	118,121	53,528	27,176	770	199,595
Miscellaneous	39,791	21,832	13,932	-	75,555
Office Expense	44,831	3,911	1,484	-	50,226
Professional Fees	30,390	15,548	7,466	1,836	55,240
Telephone	28,543	7,786	8,232	-	44,561
Bad Debts	9,282	2,865	760	533	13,440
	270,958	105,470	59,050	3,139	438,617
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 3,156,203	\$ 852,446	\$ 1,497,016	\$ 381,688	\$ 5,887,353

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

18. Schedule of Utility Enterprise Fund Operating Expenses by Function for the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Personal Services and Benefits: Direct Labor Payroll Taxes, Retirement and Group Insurance	\$ 855,860 429,385
	1,285,245
Contractual Services:	
Equipment Rental	55,439
Lab Fees	34,246
Subcontract Services	601,558
Professional Fees	55,240
	746,483
Cost of Materials:	
Natural Gas Purchases	1,770,562
Utilities:	
Utilities	191,159
Telephone	44,561
	235,720
Repair and Maintenance:	
Equipment Expenses	79,332
Maintenance	714,184
	793,516
Supplies:	
Small Tools and Supplies	19,525
Office Expense	50,226
Miscellaneous	75,555
	145,306
Insurance	199,595
Depreciation	697,486
-	
Bad Debts	13,440
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 5,887,353

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

19. Litigation

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's counsel and management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City of Walker.

20. Contingent Liabilities

Primarily during years 1996 - 1998, the City of Walker entered into several contracts with the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LDOTD) for the relocation of utility lines and facilities. Documentation obtained from LDOTD indicates the following amounts owed to LDOTD by the City of Walker.

Department	
Water Department	\$ 293,136
Gas Department	427,445
Sewer Department	653,766
Total DOTD Contingent Liabilities	\$1,374,347

Since it could not be determined if LDOTD will enforce payment of these liabilities, the above amounts were recorded as a debit (increase) to capital assets and a credit to contributed capital in a prior year. Upon determination that the liability is enforceable and the City must reimburse LDOTD, the City must reclassify the total recorded as contributed capital to a liability account.

21. Compensation Paid Mayor and Council Members

Rick Ramsey, Mayor 12689 Pendarvis Lane Walker, LA 70785 (225) 665-7846	\$ 68,049
Jonathan Davis, Council Member 12562 N. Lake Shore Dr. Walker, LA 70785 (225) 243-7852	12,000
Tracy Girlinghouse, Council Member 28300 Magnolia Dr. Walker, LA 70785 (225) 243-4341	12,000

(CONTINUED)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Gary Griffin, Council Member P.O. Box 951 Walker, LA 70785 (225) 665-9125	12,000
Scarlett Major, Council Member 13699 Aydell Lane Walker, LA 70785 (225) 665-6695	12,000
Paul Roberts, Jr., Council Member P.O. Box 713 Walker, LA 70785	
(225) 667-0796	12,000
	\$ 128,049
Terms end December 31, 2016.	·

22. Current Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 68 -"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." The principal objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information for decisions made by the various users of the general purpose external financial reports (financial reports) of governments whose employees - both active employees and inactive employees - are provided with pensions. One aspect of that objective is to provide information about the effects of pension-related transactions and other events on the elements of the basic financial statements of state and local governmental employers. This information will assist users in assessing the relationship between a government's inflows of resources and its total cost (including pension expense) of providing government services each period. Another aspect of that objective is to provide users with information about the government's pension obligations and the resources available to satisfy those obligations. An additional objective of this Statement is to improve the information provided in government financial reports about pension-related financial support provided by certain nonemployer entities that make contributions to pension plans that are used to provide benefits to the employees of other entities. Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, establishes standards of financial reporting for defined benefit pension plans and defined contribution pension plans that are used to provide pensions that are within the scope of this Statement. The two Statements are closely related in some areas, and certain provisions of this Statement refer to Statement 67. This Statement will be required to be adopted by the City of Walker for fiscal year ending December 31, 2015.

Management is currently evaluating the effects of the new GASB pronouncements scheduled for implementation for fiscal year ending December 31, 2015. Management currently does not have an estimate of the impact on the financial statements of implementing the provisions of GASB 68.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

23. Change in Accounting Principle -

The City adopted GASB Statement 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Under GASB Statement 65, debt issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are recognized as expense in the period incurred. The City had incurred debt financing cost in prior years for the issuance of its 2009, 2010, and 2011 bond projects. These costs were previously capitalized as assets and amortized as expense over the duration of the related debt. GASB 65 adopted a definition of cost of issuance on debt by identifying which costs are subject to capitalization. A portion of the costs paid by the City for debt issuance no longer met the GASB definition. In order to conform to GASB 65, the City adjusted the portion of Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs not related to prepaid insurance costs and reduced net position as if the cost was expensed in the period incurred which was prior to December 31, 2011. The following items have been restated as follows:

		overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total December 31, 2011
Net Position - Beginning of Year as Previously Reported	\$	3,443,120	\$ 10,635,515	\$ 14,078,635
Unamortized Bond Issuance Cost Adjustment		(106,554)	(223,781)	(330,335)
Net Position - End of Year as Restated	<u> </u>	3,336,566	\$ 10,411,734	\$ 13,748,300

The following items on the December 31, 2012 financial statements were adjusted as a result of adopting GASB 65:

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			Business-Type Activities		Deo	Total cember 31, 2012
Unamortized Bond Issuance Cost at December 31, 2012, as Previously Reported	\$	124,791	\$	269,936	\$	394,727
Unamortized Bond Issuance Cost Adjustment: Less: Unamortized Bond Issuance Cost at December 31, 2011		(106,554)		(223,781)		(330,335)
Add: December 31, 2012 Amortization of Bond Cost		8,829		4,908		13,737
Cummulated Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		(97,725)		(218,873)		(316,598)
Unamortized Bond Issuance Cost at December 31, 2012, as Restated	\$	27,066	<u></u>	51,063		78,129

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities		l Business-Type Activities		Total December 3 2012	
Change in Net Position at December 31, 2012, as Previously Reported	\$	(36,347)	\$	294,448	\$	258,101
Add: December 31, 2012 Amortization of Bond Cost		8,829		4,908		13,737
Change in Net Position at December 31, 2012, As Restated	\$	(27,518)	\$	299,356	\$	271,838

24. Subsequent Event -

On May 12, 2014, the City Council approved a motion to enter into a lease purchase agreement with First Capital Equipment Leasing Corp. for equipment at a cost of \$277,652. The quoted terms are for a five year lease with quarterly payments of principal and interest of approximately \$14,573.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE IN FORCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Policy Number	Coverage	Amount	Policy Period
Essex Insurance Co.Auto Physical Damage5TRD5864		Per Schedule on File	05/28/2013 to 05/28/2014
EMC Insurance Co. 3A1-18-93-14	Business Protection - Property and Inland Marine	Per Schedule on File	05/28/2013 to 05/28/2014
EMC Insurance Co. T230013	Government Crime Employee Theft (\$10,000 Deductible) Forgery and Alteration (\$10,000 Deductible)	100,000 100,000	08/06/2013 to 08/06/2014
American Strategic Insurance FLD186993	Municipal Building Flood Insurance Building (\$1,000 Deductible) Contents (\$1,000 Deductible)	250,000 100,000	12/07/2013 to 12/07/2014
LMA Risk Management 100-0466-00014635	Commercial Package Policy: Commercial General Liability Bodily Injury and Property Damage Premises Operations (per occurrence) Products Completed Operations Per Occurrence Aggregate Law Enforcement Officer Personal Injury or Property Damage (\$1,000 Deductible) Errors and Omissions (\$1,000 Deductible) Automobile Liability Bodily Injury and Property Damage (\$0 Deductible)	500,000 500,000 included 500,000 500,000 500,000	05/28/2013 to 05/28/14
Western Surety Company 69486003	Clerk Surety Bond	50,000	03/10/2013 to 03/10/2014
Hartford Life & Accident 43SR841655	Volunteer Police Officers Accident Accidental Death Accidental Dismemberment Accident Medical Expense (\$0 Deductible) Maximum Dental Accident Total Disability Waiting Period Maximum Payment Period	10,000 10,000 10,000 250 100 7 days 104 weeks	03/11/2013 to 03/11/2014

See auditor's report.

SCHEDULE OF NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS AND REVENUE DATA PER CUSTOMER PER MONTH

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Number of Customers

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Increase (Decrease)
Gas Customers	8,220	8,186	34
Water Customers	4,529	4,466	63
Sewer Customers	2,434	2,408	26
Sanitation Customers	2,033	2,083	(50)

Revenue Data Per Customer Per Month

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Gas Sales	47.90	33.86	14.04	41%
Water Sales	17.53	14.90	2.63	18%
Sewer Sales	31.13	24.30	6.83	28%
Sanitation Sales	13.83	12.84	0.99	8%

See auditor's report.

SCHEDULE OF UTILITY RATES AND TAP FEES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

			Tap	Fees	es	
Fees			Туре		Fee	
Gas			Gas Taps	\$	295	
Residential and Commercial						
Minimum Flat Rate	\$	8.25				
Per 100 CFT of Gas Used		0.90				
Water			Water Taps	\$	285	
Residential						
First 3,000 Gallons	\$	8.50				
Per Next 1,000 Gallons of Water Used		2.50				
Commercial						
First 3,000 Gallons	\$	34.00				
Per Next 1,000 Gallons of Water Used		2.50				
Sewer			Sewer Taps	\$	500	
Residential			Tie-in Fee		200	
First 3,000 Gallons (Gravity)	\$	15.75				
First 3,000 Gallons (Grinder Pump)		14.25				
Per Next 1,000 Gallons of Water Used		1.00				
Commercial						
First 3,000 Gallons	\$	18.50				
Per Next 1,000 Gallons of Water Used		0.50				
Garbage						
Residential and Commercial						
Flat Rate per Cart	\$	13.17				
Senior Citizens						
Flat Rate per Cart	\$	8.67				
Sewer, Gas & Water Misc. Fees			Fees for exte bores, etc. ar		<i>r</i>	

each account.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor, Rick Ramsey and Members of the City Council City of Walker Walker, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the budgetary comparative statements of the General Fund and of the 2000 ½ Cent Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund of the City of Walker, Louisiana (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 9, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose; however, under Louisiana Revised Statue 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis I. Bourgeois, LA P

Denham Springs, Louisiana June 9, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

None

B. Compliance and Other Matters

None

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(A) Findings-Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

None

(B) Findings-Compliance and Other Matters-

Reference Number: 2004M-9

Category: Contingent Liabilities

Description of Finding:

The City of Walker must make decisions on the recording and/or disclosure of contingent liabilities. Contingent liabilities are liabilities for which the City may have a financial obligation that has not been disclosed. Some of those contingent liabilities the prior CPA reviewed are as follows:

 Contingent Liability to Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD). Primarily during the years 1996 - 1998, the City of Walker entered into several contracts for relocation of utility lines and facilities. Documentation obtained from DOTD indicates the following amounts owed to DOTD by the City of Walker.

Department	-	
Water Department	\$	293,136
Gas Department		427,445
Sewer Department		653,766
Total DOTD Contingent Liabilities	\$	1,374,347

• Many local communities in Louisiana have obligations to the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, but the nature and disposition of this liability must be disclosed. The prior CPA was unable to determine if DOTD will enforce payment of these liabilities and recorded these totals as a debit to capital assets and a credit to contributed capital. Upon determination that the liability will be enforceable, the City of Walker must reclassify the total recorded as contributed capital to a liability account.

Recommendations:

It was recommended by the prior CPA for the City to review the above contingent liabilities, and additional liabilities disclosed as current balances be corrected, and either record the corrected liabilities in the City's monthly financial statements, or compile the documentation necessary for annual financial statement disclosure.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Corrective Action Taken:

The possible liability due to the Louisiana Department of Transportation has not been determined and is still reported as a contingent liability in these financial statements.

Management's Response:

The City of Walker is currently working with the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development to address the contingent liability to the State of Louisiana for the utility relocations that were completed during 1996-1998.