AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES Year ended June 30, 2023 (With comparative information for 2022)

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REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees AMIkids, Inc.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying combined financial statements of AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates (the "Organization"), which comprise the combined statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related combined statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the combined financial statements.

In our opinion, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2023, the Organization adopted FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 842, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the combined financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the combined financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the combined financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the combined financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the combined financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and Chapter 10.650, Rules of the Auditor General, Florida Single Audit Act Audits – Nonprofit and For-Profit Organizations, and the other supplemental schedules as described in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the combined financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements or to the combined financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2023, on our consideration of AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

We have previously audited the AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates' 2022 combined financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited combined financial statements in our report dated December 15, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited combined financial statements from which it has been derived.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Tampa, Florida November 13, 2023



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Combined Statements of Financial Position

June 30,		2023		2022
A				
Assets Cash and each equivalents	\$	27 110 609	\$	26,368,911
Cash and cash equivalents	Ş	27,119,608	Ş	
Investments		3,844,688		3,383,645
Accounts receivable:		F 0F4 217		2 005 700
Funding agencies Other		5,054,217		3,985,700
Contributions receivable		1,052,099 109,292		669,621 404,313
Prepaid expenses and other assets		2,751,065		3,322,656
Assets held for sale		183,626		183,626
Boat inventory		6,304,865		2,146,382
Boats under lease		22,614,207		28,462,515
Beneficial interest in assets held by others		593,572		541,437
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net		814,677		-
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net		682,918		_
Property and equipment, net		12,396,936		12,596,387
Total assets	\$	83,521,770	\$	82,065,193
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Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities:				
Lines of credit	\$	6,250,000	\$	5,030,010
Accounts payable		846,748		1,260,519
Accrued expenses		10,259,314		8,667,757
Accrued pension		2,547,878		2,366,791
Deferred revenues		4,754,318		6,426,780
Refundable advances		62,991		42,991
Security deposits		6,081,728		6,712,688
Operating lease liabilities		815,018		-
Finance lease liabilities		681,296		-
Obligations under capital lease		-		455,484
Notes payable		2,498,656		3,328,775
Total liabilities		34,797,947		34,291,795
Net assets:				
Without donor restrictions		41,220,000		41,859,798
With donor restrictions		7,503,823		5,913,600
Total net assets		48,723,823		47,773,398
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	83,521,770	\$	82,065,193
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AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Combined Statements of Activities

For the years ended June 30,	thout Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	2023 Total	2022 Summarized Total		
Public support and revenue						
Federal support	\$ 4,922,263	\$ -	\$ 4,922,263	\$	5,151,649	
State support	43,203,947	-	43,203,947		40,518,861	
Regional revenue	6,191,639	-	6,191,639		5,803,474	
Nongovernmental	234,187	-	234,187		278,249	
Service revenue	910,330	-	910,330		1,317,287	
Contributions	1,882,174	3,689,407	5,571,581		4,531,700	
Total public support	57,344,540	3,689,407	61,033,947		57,601,220	
Revenue:						
Boat program	19,773,774	-	19,773,774		22,090,887	
Investment income	705,084	(13,165)	691,919		(494,889)	
Other	1,111,150	-	1,111,150		164,695	
Total revenue	21,590,008	(13,165)	21,576,843		21,760,693	
Net assets released from restrictions	2,086,019	(2,086,019)	-		-	
Total public support and revenue	81,020,567	1,590,223	82,610,790		79,361,913	
Expenses						
Program services	57,770,590	-	57,770,590		52,866,092	
Boat program	15,456,508	-	15,456,508		17,302,827	
Management and general	7,691,887	-	7,691,887		6,696,383	
Fundraising	741,380	-	741,380		467,772	
Total expenses	81,660,365	-	81,660,365		77,333,074	
Change in net assets	(639,798)	1,590,223	950,425		2,028,839	
Net assets, beginning of year	41,859,798	5,913,600	47,773,398		45,744,559	
Net assets, end of year	\$ 41,220,000	\$ 7,503,823	\$ 48,723,823	\$	47,773,398	

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Combined Statements of Functional Expenses

Program Services								Supporting				
								Management		Support		2022
	Residential	Day	Family	Service		Programs	Boat	and		Services	2023	Summarized
For the years ended June 30,	Treatment	Treatment	Services	Coordination	Other	subtotal	Program	General	Fundraising	subtotal	Total	Total
Direct	\$ 1,965,800	\$ 1,554,484	\$ 57,223	\$ -	\$ 231	\$ 3,577,738	\$ 6,306	\$ 11,768	\$ 16,235	\$ 34,309	\$ 3,612,047	\$ 3,037,872
Salary and Wages	14,020,281	10,499,156	2,777,927	471,082	-	27,768,446	654,036	3,174,498	398,652	4,227,186	31,995,632	29,575,020
Payroll Benefits	2,285,180	1,709,007	450,763	65,265	-	4,510,215	121,403	757,831	61,833	941,067	5,451,282	5,210,100
Payroll Taxes	1,068,433	787,948	199,748	33,851	-	2,089,980	42,030	225,025	28,969	296,024	2,386,004	2,216,598
Professional Fees	246,413	669,443	165,882	17,790	-	1,099,528	389,036	1,369,991	95,040	1,854,067	2,953,595	2,586,195
Grants Awarded Expense	42,444	77,176	-	5,828,612	-	5,948,232	-	-	-	-	5,948,232	5,102,999
Advertising and Promotion	16,858	161,286	3,261	459	-	181,864	15,689	1,832	-	17,521	199,385	140,719
Amortization	68,172	156,281	1,970	-	-	226,423	17,145	1,730	-	18,875	245,298	283,099
Bad Debt and Other Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,088	-	112,088	112,088	31,916
Fundraising Fees	44,706	25,371	-	-	-	70,077	403	475	33,621	34,499	104,576	88,585
Conferences, Conventions, and Meetings	266,391	218,727	247,299	9,182	-	741,599	4,465	452,248	32,190	488,903	1,230,502	647,855
Depreciation	426,169	570,348	5,422	451	249,825	1,252,215	65,356	89,597	-	154,953	1,407,168	1,312,998
Facilities	670,738	325,843	94,656	9,760	-	1,100,997	5,965	39,863	-	45,828	1,146,825	1,127,463
Insurance	1,402,966	1,424,282	328,461	38,681	3,625	3,198,015	530,682	129,256	-	659,938	3,857,953	3,468,018
Interest Expense and Bank Charges	-	-	-	-		-	327,574	290,452	3,153	621,179	621,179	306,318
Office Supplies	23,916	26,950	23,559	160	11,546	86,131	7,628	245,768	7,674	261,070	347,201	377,738
Other Expenses	703,528	604,429	95,903	10,832	968	1,415,660	698,684	491,300	41,219	1,231,203	2,646,863	2,087,018
Repairs and Maintenance	1,213,419	985,186	33,553	1,230	-	2,233,388	689,576	157,824	229	847,629	3,081,017	3,727,078
Taxes	79,595	10,486	1,186	-	-	91,267	1,779	4,067	-	5,846	97,113	15,326
Telecommunication	182,608	131,816	47,890	5,868	-	368,182	3,829	11,142	2,356	17,327	385,509	508,422
Travel Expenses	277,810	153,410	293,726	18,923	-	743,869	285,585	86,735	20,209	392,529	1,136,398	832,081
Utilities	641,369	416,193	7,909	1,293	-	1,066,764	16,181	38,397	-	54,578	1,121,342	1,114,750
Commissions	-	-	-	-		-	2,386,487		-	2,386,487	2,386,487	3,234,224
Dockage	-	-	-		-	-	260,942		-	260,942	260,942	426,614
Amortization or boats on charter	-	-	-		-	-	6,112,383		-	6,112,383	6,112,383	5,841,606
Cost of sales	-	-	-		-	-	2,813,344		-	2,813,344	2,813,344	3,356,163
Impairment in beneficial interest in assets held by others	-	-	-		-			-	-	-		676,299
Total Expenses	\$ 25,646,796	\$ 20,507,822	\$ 4,836,338	\$ 6,513,439	\$ 266,195	\$ 57,770,590	\$ 15,456,508	\$ 7,691,887	\$ 741,380	\$ 23,889,775	\$ 81,660,365	\$ 77,333,074

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Combined Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended June 30,	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Change in net assets	\$ 950,425	\$ 2,028,839
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net		
cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	7,764,849	7,437,703
Net loss/(gain) on disposal/impairment of property and		
equipment and assets held for sale	18,188	(28,860)
Donated boat inventory	(7,909,943)	(10,325,163)
Donated property and equipment	-	(12,724)
Realized and unrealized gains on investments	(274,863)	509,784
Impairment in beneficial interest in assets held by others	-	676,299
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	(1,450,995)	284,571
Contributions receivable	295,021	(308,435)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	571,591	650,627
Boats under lease	3,485,540	3,535,483
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	(413,771)	(31,884)
Accrued expenses	1,591,557	663,491
Operating lease liabilities	340	-
Accrued pension	181,087	12,913
Deferred revenues	(1,672,462)	(1,384,945)
Refundable advances	20,000	-
Security deposits	(630,960)	523,313
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	2,525,604	4,231,012
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property and equipment Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	(1,665,340)	(1,302,312)
and assets held for sale	142,339	75,180
Proceeds from sale of investments	259	7,588,121
Purchases of investments	(238,574)	(5,257,228)
Net cash and cash equivalents (used in) provided by investing activities	(1,761,316)	1,103,761
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net borrowings (repayments) on lines of credit	1,219,990	280,010
Proceeds from new borrowings from third parties	2,102,345	
Payments on notes payable	(2,932,464)	(1,576,495)
Payments on finance lease liabilities	(403,462)	(284,562)
Net cash and cash equivalents used in financing activities	(13,591)	(1,581,047)
	(-, ,	(/ /- /
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	750,697	3,753,726
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	26,368,911	22,615,185
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 27,119,608	\$ 26,368,911
Cash paid for interest	\$ 621,179	\$ 306,318
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities:		
Financed purchases of property and equipment		
Capital lease obligation incurred for use of equipment	\$ -	\$ 66,319
Insurance premium financing	\$ -	\$ 2,023,266
Lease liabilities arising from obtaining right-of-use assets		
Operating lease	\$ 946,970	\$ -
Finance lease	\$ 629,274	\$ -

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

AMIkids, Inc., AMIkids Foundation, Inc., and affiliated member institutes and schools, non-profit corporations (collectively referred to as "AMIkids" or the "Organization"), are engaged in the rehabilitation of troubled youth by providing education, treatment and behavior modification as components of the AMIkids Personal Growth Model[©]. These services are performed by AMIkids through over forty affiliated, but independently governed member institutes and schools located in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, New Mexico, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia. The educational component of AMIkids, Inc. and the affiliated institutes and schools are accredited by Cognia, a global accrediting agency dedicated to advancing excellence in schools, universities, and educational agencies. AMIkids' operating funds are primarily generated from state and federal contracts. AMIkids, Inc. executes the majority of contracts, collects funds, coordinates the operations, and maintains the records of these member institutes and schools.

As part of the combined group, AMIkids Foundation, Inc. supports the group in raising funds and investment management.

Continued operation of AMIkids' programs is dependent on funding from state, federal and local agencies.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying combined financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) provides authoritative guidance regarding U.S. GAAP through the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) and related Accounting Standards Updates (ASUs).

The combined financial statements include the accounts of AMIkids, Inc., AMIkids Foundation, Inc., and affiliated member institutes and schools. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The Organization reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets that are based upon the existence or absence of restrictions on use that are placed by its donors: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Net assets without donor restrictions are resources available to support operations and not subject to donor restrictions. The only limits on the use of net assets without donor restrictions are the broad limits resulting from the nature of the Organization, the environment in which it operates, the purposes specified in its corporate documents and its application for tax-exempt status, and any limits resulting from contractual agreements with creditors and others that are entered into in the course of its operations. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for an operating reserve and capital assets reserve.

Net assets with donor restrictions are resources that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that are restricted by a donor for use for a particular purpose or in a particular future period. Other restrictions may be perpetual in nature; such as those that are restricted by a donor that the resources be maintained in perpetuity.

When a donor's restriction is satisfied, either by using the resources in the manner specified by the donor or by the passage of time, the expiration of the restriction is reported in the financial statements by reclassifying the net assets from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term are related to allowance for doubtful accounts, fair value of investments and net realizable value of boat inventory.

Program Services

The Organization's program services consist of the following:

Residential treatment - As an alternative to prison or an institutional setting for youth that have committed crimes, AMIkids' juvenile justice residential programs combine education, behavior modification, and mental health treatment to address the needs of troubled youth. AMIkids' programs help youth redirect their lives. This produces safer communities and youth who become successful tax paying members of society. AMIkids' juvenile justice residential programs provide intensive guidance and round-the-clock staff-secure supervision, attention and care. The average length of stay is six months, but some youth stay up to twelve months.

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

AMIkids' child welfare residential programs provide services to youth who struggle with acclimating to the foster care system and society in general. Youth are given the opportunity to transform their lives through positive and motivating programming that inspires learning, leadership and personal growth. Caring, positive staff role models provide youth with the tools they need to transition into successful home placement or an independent living program

Day treatment - Youth are referred to the AMIkids' day programs by juvenile justice agencies, school districts, the courts, foster care agencies, parents, or they self-enroll. Youth live at home while in AMIkids day programs and this gives our staff the opportunity to address current issues in both the home and neighborhood. Youth attend three to five days per week for a period ranging from approximately four months to a year. Gender specific and/or evidenced-based intervention models are combined with education to address the educational, behavioral, and mental health needs that have kept youth from becoming productive members of their local communities. Youth participate in community service projects and are taught the value of being productive members of their communities.

Family services - the functional family therapy programs help over 600 youth and their families each year to improve family dynamics, communication and support, while decreasing negativity and dysfunctional patterns of behavior. This involves working with parents on developing parenting skills, improving family communications, controlling critical risk factors, and developing positive social behaviors. The FFT programs are highly successful in helping youth develop into responsible and productive citizens with improved family dynamics.

Service coordination – AMIkids' service coordination programs partners with local or state agencies to develop and manage a continuum of community based and residential services from subcontracted direct service providers. Currently, AMIkids provides regional service coordination for the Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice as part of their transformation initiative.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments are recorded at cost at the time of purchase. Donated securities are recorded at fair value at the time of donation. Subsequent changes in fair value, regardless of how an investment is obtained, are determined based on quoted market prices and values provided by the investment sponsors, and are recorded as unrealized gains and losses. Net appreciation (depreciation) of investments reflects the net realized and unrealized gains and losses of investments during the reporting period. Interest and dividends are recorded as earned. Dispositions of securities are reflected in the combined financial statements as of the trade date.

Beneficial Interest in Assets Held by Others

Beneficial interest in assets held by others consist of funds held by the Community Foundation of Tampa Bay and the Manatee Community Foundation ("Community Foundations"), unrelated organizations. The Community Foundations are an external investment pool, where the Organization has a beneficial interest in the investment pool and no individual securities. The Organization has no control over investment pricing or investment selection within the investment pool.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists primarily of receivables from federal and state agencies and county school boards. AMIkids reviews outstanding receivables for collectability based on historical payment history from the payer and any known circumstances casting doubt over the collectability of accounts and reserves for amounts considered to be uncollectible. AMIkids considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible and therefore no material allowance has been recorded. Amounts becoming uncollectible will be charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts when that determination is made.

Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises to give the Organization in cash or other assets in the future are recorded as contribution revenue (with donor restriction) and contributions receivable. If management expects the cash from the contribution receivable to be received more than one year in the future, the contribution revenue and receivable are discounted for the time value of money (i.e., net present value) at a discount rate of 3.3% for 2023. Management estimates the allowance for uncollectible promises based on historical write-offs. Management writes off contributions receivable as identified.

Contributions Receivable (Continued)

In accordance with general accepted accounting principles, pledges are reported at net realizable value in the initial year and a discount is recorded. These pledges are not revalued in subsequent years and the Organization has not elected the fair value option. The discount amortization is recognized as contribution revenue in subsequent years.

Boat Inventory

Boat inventory represents boats held for lease which are valued at fair value less estimated selling expenses at the time of the donation. Boat inventory is recorded at net realizable value, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and was \$6,304,865 and \$2,146,382, respectively. Net realizable value is estimated based on third party appraisals, broker valuations, management's experience with the boat charter industry and estimated selling expenses are based on management's historical relationship with brokers. Net realizable values are reviewed quarterly by management and are reduced for impairment when necessary. Adjustments to net realizable values are recorded as a reduction in boat program revenue if the adjustment is made during the year of the donation and as an increase in boat program expense if made in subsequent years. Normal expenditures for repairs and maintenance of boats are expensed as incurred.

Boats under Lease

AMIkids leases its boats to third parties under operating leases for periods of up to three years. The operating leases contain options to purchase the boat at the end of the charter period for the fair value estimated by management at lease inception, with all of the lease payments applied to the purchase price. Revenues are recognized as received except for security deposits, the option fee, and short-term lease payments, an additional payment made for the one year period commencing on the lease commencement date. Security deposits are recorded as a liability and are recognized as revenue if and when the purchase option is exercised. The option fee and short-term lease payments are amortized over the life of the lease. If the purchase option is not exercised, the boat is returned to AMIkids, Inc. and the security deposit is returned to the lessee after deducting all necessary expenses for the boat to be in the same condition as at time of initiation of the lease. Lease commission and inventory value are deferred and amortized over the life of the lease and other direct costs are expensed as incurred.

Boats under Lease (Continued)

Future minimum lease payments due under operating leases during fiscal years 2024, 2025 and 2026 are approximately \$3,392,000, \$1,703,000 and \$404,000, respectively. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the unexercised purchase options were approximately \$11,758,000 and \$12,978,000, respectively. The gross value and accumulated amortization on leased property as of June 30, 2023 was \$32,553,113 and \$11,001,727, respectively. The net leased property of \$22,614,207 includes \$1,062,821 of unamortized commission. The gross value and accumulated amortization on leased property as of June 30, 2022 was \$38,300,615 and \$8,465,812, respectively. The net leased property of \$28,462,515 includes \$1,372,228 of unamortized commission. Amortization of boats under lease amounted to approximately \$6,112,000 and \$5,842,000 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Amortization does not include the book value of boats optioned or sold to buyers, which was approximately \$2,439,368 and \$3,332,229 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost if purchased or at estimated fair value at date of receipt if donated. Property and equipment transferred to an institute or school by a funding agency are stated at estimated fair value at date of transfer. Property and equipment transferred or acquired with grant funds may revert to the funding agency should the institute or school no longer provide the services required by the contract. At the time property is retired, or otherwise disposed of, the asset and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in earnings. Repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred.

Depreciation and amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets (shorter of estimated useful life or term of the lease as to leasehold improvements) as follows:

Permanent site improvements	3-30 years
Buildings and leasehold improvements	5-30 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-5 years
Motor vehicles	3-5 years
Boats, motors and trailers	3 years
Swimming pools	10 years

Assets Held for Sale

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization intends to sell the following properties and has classified the net book value of the land, building and improvements as held for sale on the combined statements of financial position:

Institute	Property held for sale as of June 30,	2023	2022
Gainesville	Land, buildings and improvements	\$ 63,626 \$	63,626
Virginia Wilderness	Land, buildings and improvements	120,000	120,000
		\$ 183,626 \$	183,626

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Assets Held for Sale

AMIkids reviews all long-lived assets, which consist primarily of property and equipment, for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the discounted cash flows. Recoverability of assets held for sale is measured by a comparison of the assets' carrying value to its fair value and any excess of its carrying value over fair value is recorded as impairment.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue is related to grant, short-term boat lease payments, and boat option fees collected in advance of revenue recognition.

During 2022, the Organization received \$846,636 in loan proceeds under the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) pursuant to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and administered by the Small Business Administration (SBA). The PPP provides for forgivable loans to qualifying organizations. The loan and accrued interest are forgivable as long as the borrower uses the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll costs, rent and utilities and the borrower maintains specified levels of payroll and employment.

Deferred Revenue (Continued)

If the loans are not forgiven, the lender will establish the terms for repayment of the loan balance including monthly payments and the interest rate (not exceeding 1% per annum). Legislation issued subsequent to the date the loans were executed allows for monthly principal and interest payments on the loan to commence on the date the SBA remits the borrower's loan forgiveness amount to the lender or, if the borrower does not apply for loan forgiveness, 10 months after the end of the borrower's loan forgiveness covered period through the loan maturity date.

The Organization is recognizing revenue from the PPP loan following the guidance under FASB ASC 958-605, government grant model. PPP loans are considered a conditional contribution and recorded as deferred revenue on the combined statements of financial position until all the barriers to entitlement are met. The Organization considers the barriers to be incurrence of eligible costs and maintaining specified levels of payroll and employment. Revenue is recognized once conditions have been substantially met or explicitly waived.

During 2022, the Organization received SBA notification that \$846,636, of PPP loan proceeds were forgiven. The Organization has reported the forgiveness as federal revenue on the combined statements of activities.

Leases

The Organization leases office space, equipment, and vehicles. The Organization determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Effective July 1, 2022, operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets and operating lease liabilities on the combined statements of financial position. Finance leases are included in included in finance lease right-of-use (ROU) assets and finance lease liabilities on the combined statements of financial position.

ROU assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Organization uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. The lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Organization will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Leases (Continued)

In determining the discount rate used to measure the right-of-use asset and lease liability, the Organization uses rates implicit in the lease, or if not readily available, the Organization uses the incremental borrowing rate. The incremental borrowing rate is based on an estimated secured rate comprised of a risk-free rate plus a credit spread as secured by the Organization's assets. Determining a credit spread as secured by the Organization's assets may require significant judgment.

In evaluating contracts to determine if they qualify as a lease, Management considers factors such as if the Organization has obtained substantially all of the rights to the underlying asset through exclusivity, if the Organization can direct the use of the asset by making decisions about how and for what purpose the asset will be used and if the lessor has substantive substitution rights. This evaluation may require significant judgment.

Use of Facilities

Facilities provided by a funding agency and other donors to an institute or school for use during the term of its contract are recorded as an in-kind contribution and rental expense in the financial statements in the period in which the facilities are utilized by the institute or school. The amounts recorded in each period of use by the institute or school represent the difference between the fair rental value of the facilities and the stated amount of the rent payments. The stated amount of the rent payments is generally zero. In-kind rental contributions and the related rental expense were approximately \$430,000 and \$425,000 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and are reflected as contribution revenue and rent and utilities expense, respectively, in the accompanying combined financial statements.

Public Support and Revenue

Public support is primarily from AMIkids' contracts with various state agencies. Contracts with state agencies generally provide funding based on client service days. Other public support represents amounts received from federal and local sources.

A significant portion of AMIkids' and the Institute's grants and contracts are from government agencies. These benefits received by the public as a result of the assets transferred is not equivalent to commensurate value received by the government agencies and are therefore not considered exchange transactions. Public support contracts are analyzed for measurable performance-related barriers or other measurable barriers, primarily client service days or expenditure of resources on allowable costs. Revenue is recognized as barriers are met. Funds received from non-exchange transactions in advance of barriers being met are recorded as deferred revenues.

Public Support and Revenue (Continued)

Contributions are recognized when cash, other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met or the donor has explicitly released the restriction. Contributions received with donor-imposed restrictions are initially recorded as increases in net assets with donor restrictions.

Donated Services

Amounts are reported in the financial statements for voluntary donations of services when those services create or enhance non-financial assets or require specialized skills provided by the individuals possessing those skills and would be typically purchased if not provided by donation. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, donated services were approximately \$131,000 and \$104,000, respectively.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various services have been summarized on a functional basis between program services, and supporting services. Certain costs have been allocated among program services and supporting services. Salaries are allocated based on the time and effort expended between program and supporting services. Rent and Utilities and Equipment and Maintenance costs are allocated based on the ratio allocation of salaries between program and management and general.

Income Taxes

AMIkids, Inc., AMIkids Foundation, Inc., and affiliated member institutes and schools are exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. There is minimal income tax associated with unrelated business income mainly from the lease of donated boats.

The Organization identifies and evaluates uncertain tax positions, if any, and recognizes the impact of uncertain tax positions for which there is a less than more-likely-than-not probability of the position being upheld when reviewed by the relevant taxing authority. Such positions are deemed to be unrecognized tax benefits and a corresponding liability is established on the combined statements of financial position. The Organization has not recognized a liability for uncertain tax positions. If there were an unrecognized tax benefit, the Organization would recognize interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses. The Organization's tax years subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service generally remain open for three years from the date of filing.

Reclassifications

Certain items on the combined statements of activities and functional expense have been reclassified in the 2022 financial statements to agree to the current presentation. There was no impact to the change in net assets.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance (Accounting Standards Codification [ASC] 842, *Leases*) to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by requiring the recognition of right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities on the combined statement of financial position. Most prominent among the changes in the standard is the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases. Under the standard, disclosures are required to meet the objective of enabling users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases.

The Organization adopted the standard effective July 1, 2022 and recognized and measured leases existing at, or entered into after, July 1, 2022 (the beginning of the period of adoption) through a cumulative effect adjustment, with certain practical expedients available. Lease disclosures for the year ended June 30, 2022 are made under prior lease guidance in FASB ASC 840.

The Organization elected the available practical expedients to account for existing operating leases as finance leases and operating leases, respectively, under the new guidance, without reassessing (a) whether the contracts contain leases under the new standard, (b) whether classification of capital leases or operating leases would be different in accordance with the new guidance, or (c) whether the unamortized initial direct costs before transition adjustments would have met the definition of initial direct costs in the new guidance at lease commencement.

As a result of the adoption of the new lease accounting guidance, the Organization recognized on July 1, 2022 a lease liability of \$946,970 which represents the present value of the remaining operating lease payments of \$946,970, discounted using the incremental borrowing rates from 2.6% to 7.27% and a right-of-use asset of \$946,970, which represents the operating lease liability of \$946,970.

The standard had a material impact on the Organization's combined statements of financial position, but did not have an impact on the combined statements of activities, nor combined statements of cash flows. The most significant impact was the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities for operating leases.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the combined financial statements were available to be issued, November 13, 2023. See Note 19 for relevant disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these combined financial statements.

NOTE 2: COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Organization's combined financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTE 3: CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

Contributions receivable at June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Expected receipt of contribution in:	
2024	

2024 \$ 77,994
2025 48,000

Gross contributions receivable 125,994

Less allowance for doubtful accounts (16,702)

Net contributions receivable \$ 109,292

NOTE 4: BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN ASSETS HELD BY OTHERS

Board Designated Funds

During 2019, the Organization created a Non-Profit Organization Agency Fund. The fund was created with a contribution of \$75,000. The fund investments are under the direction of the Manatee Community Foundation and will be for the benefit of AMIkids Manatee, Inc. The agency funds are considered net assets without donor restrictions. The Organization has the ability to direct the Community Foundation as to distributions. The intent of the Organization is to distribute funds to AMIkids Manatee for its unrestricted use.

During 2020, the Organization created an AMIkids Endowment Fund. The fund was created with a contribution of \$400,000. The fund investments are under the direction of the Community Foundation of Tampa Bay and will be for the benefit of AMIkids Foundation, Inc. The fund investments are under the direction of the Community Foundation. The intent of this fund is to maintain the corpus and to make distributions from investment appreciation. The funds are considered net assets with donor restrictions. The Organization has the ability to distribute all dividends and interest less investment fees for educational services and to support the AMIkids organization.

Donor Restricted Funds

The activity for the beneficial interest in assets held by others for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is the following:

	 out Donor strictions				Total
June 30, 2022					
Board designated funds	\$ 90,284	\$	-	\$	90,284
Donor restricted funds	-		451,153		451,153
Total	\$ 90,284	\$	451,153	\$	541,437
June 30, 2023					
Board designated funds	\$ 99,235	\$	-	\$	99,235
Donor restricted funds	-		494,337		494,337
Total	\$ 99,235	\$	494,337	\$	593,572

	 hout Donor estrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
June 30, 2021	\$ 709,933	\$ 566,015	\$ 1,275,948
Net depreciation (realized and unrealized)	(14,757)	(54,336)	(69,093)
Contributions	1,926	8,955	10,881
Impairment in beneficial interest			
in assets held by others	(606,818)	(69,481)	(676,299)
June 30, 2022	90,284	451,153	541,437
Net appreciation (realized and unrealized)	8,951	43,184	52,135
June 30, 2023	\$ 99,235	\$ 494,337	\$ 593,572

NOTE 4: BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN ASSETS HELD BY OTHERS (Continued)

Impairment in beneficial interest in assets held by others

There had been a significant limitation placed on the Organization in accessing the funds held at the Southwest Florida Community Foundation. This limitation on access to the funds led the Organization to impair the asset associated with the funds held at the Southwest Florida Community Foundation. Using applicable GAAP, the Organization impaired the asset during 2022 by \$676,299 and this is reflected as an Impairment in beneficial interest in assets held by others on the Statement of Functional Expenses.

During 2023, the Southwest Florida Community Foundation funds were restored, and the Organization recorded a receivable and contribution for the restored funds.

NOTE 5: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the organization has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs, other than quoted prices, that are:
 - observable; or
 - can be corroborated by observable market data.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2023 and 2022.

NOTE 5: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Level 1 Fair Value Measurements:

Level 1 investments include certificates of deposits, pooled equity funds, pooled fixed income funds, equity securities and government securities valued based on quoted market prices.

Level 3 Fair Value Measurements:

Level 3 assets consist of beneficial interest in assets held by others managed by a third-party unrelated organization. The beneficial interest in assets held by others are valued based on third-party pricing information without adjustment. The Organization does not develop nor are they provided with the quantitative inputs used to develop the fair market values. See activity of beneficial interest in assets held by others in Note 4.

The following tables present assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively:

•	•			Fa	air Value	Measurements	at				
June 30, 2023			Reporting Date Using:								
	ļ	Fair Value	Act for Id	ited Prices in ive Markets entical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)			Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Assets											
Investments											
Certificates of deposits	\$	57,325	\$	57,325	\$	-	\$	-			
Pooled equity funds		3,207,140		3,207,140		-		-			
Pooled fixed income funds		132,904		132,904		-		-			
Equity securities		447,319		447,319		-		-			
Total investments		3,844,688		3,844,688		-		-			
Beneficial interest in assets held by others		593,572		-		-		593,572			
Total	\$	4,438,260	\$	3,844,688	\$	-	\$	593,572			

				Fa	ie Measurements rting Date Using:	
June 30, 2022	1	Fair Value	Ac	oted Prices in tive Markets dentical Assets (Level 1)	Significant ner Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets						
Investments						
Certificates of deposits	\$	52,276	\$	52,276	\$ -	\$ -
Pooled equity funds		2,826,538		2,826,538	-	-
Pooled fixed income funds		94,563		94,563	-	-
Equity securities		410,268		410,268	-	-
Total investments		3,383,645		3,383,645	-	-
Beneficial interest in assets held by others		541,437		-	-	541,437
Total	\$	3,925,082	\$	3,383,645	\$ -	\$ 541,437

NOTE 6: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment at June 30, 2023 and 2022 consist of:

	2023	2022
Land and permanent site improvements	\$ 3,344,067 \$	3,362,460
Buildings and leasehold improvements	22,035,619	20,027,961
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	7,434,149	7,020,805
Motor vehicles	1,693,600	2,485,213
Boats, motors and trailers	1,395,042	1,448,205
Swimming pools	370,942	474,634
Software	2,983,054	2,811,720
Construction in progress	693,432	2,282,730
	39,949,905	39,913,728
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(27,552,969)	(27,317,341)
	\$ 12,396,936 \$	12,596,387

Certain of AMIkids' affiliated institutes and schools have purchased various assets with contract or grant funds. Under the terms of these contracts, the funding agency may require such assets to be returned upon termination of the contract or program.

NOTE 7: LINES OF CREDIT

Lines of credit at June 30, 2023 and 2022 consist of:

Entity		2023	2022
AMIkids, Inc.	Line of credit, maximum available \$3,000,000, interest at the Adjusted Term SOFR rate but no less than 2.14% (interest rate at June 30, 2023 and 2022 was 7.27% and 3.3%, respectively); matures June 10, 2024; collateralized by accounts receivable from government receivables with carrying value of approximately \$3,100,000.	\$ -	\$ 280,010
AMIkids, Inc.	Line of credit, maximum available \$8,000,000, interest at the Adjusted Term SOFR rate but no less than 2.14% (interest rate at June 30, 2023 and 2022 was 7.27% and 3.3%, respectively); matures June 10, 2024; collateralized by charter receivables and vessels with carrying value of approximately \$23,335,000.	6,250,000	4,750,000
	Total Borrowings on Lines of Credit	\$ 6,250,000	\$ 5,030,010

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 7: LINES OF CREDIT (Continued)

The AMIkids, Inc. lines of credit are cross-collateralized and are secured by the borrowing-base assets disclosed above as well as other assets of AMIkids, Inc.

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization had a borrowing capacity of \$11,000,000 under lines of credit subject to availability based on asset levels. The actual amount available based on assets levels as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 in excess of the amount utilized was approximately \$4,750,000 and \$5,134,000, respectively. The AMIkids, Inc. lines of credit contain restrictive financial covenants related to liquidity to modified debt ratio and the maintenance of minimum cash and marketable securities levels. The Organization was in compliance with these restrictive covenants as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

NOTE 8: NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable at June 30, 2023 and 2022 consists of:

Entity		2023	2022
AMIkids, Inc.	Mortgage payable bearing interest equal to the Adjusted Term SOFR rate but no less than 2.05%, (interest rate at June 30, 2023 and 2022 was 7.2% and 3.1%, respectively) with monthly installments of \$13,889 plus interest, Due in February 2033, collateralized by real properties in Pinellas and Hillsborough Counties, with carrying value of approximately \$579,000.	\$ 1,625,000 \$	1,791,669
AMIkids, Inc.	Insurance premium financing bearing interest of 7.60%; monthly installments of \$60,567.05 plus interest; due April, 2024	528,235	-
AMIkids, Inc.	Insurance premium financing bearing interest of 3.95%; monthly installments of \$59,605 plus interest; due April, 2023	-	584,285
AMIkids, Inc.	Insurance premium financing bearing interest of 3.75%; monthly installments of 143,898 plus interest; due November, 2022		
Jacksonville	Mortgage payable in monthly principal installments of \$3,927 plus interest of 4.15%, due March 2032, secured with real property, with	-	575,592
	carrying value of \$475,000, and guaranteed by AMIkids, Inc. Total Notes Payable	\$ 345,421 2,498,656 \$	3,328,775

NOTE 8: NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Principal payments on notes payable for years subsequent to June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2024	\$ 728,451
2025	201,635
2026	203,114
2027	204,656
2028	206,263
Thereafter	954,537
	_
	\$ 2,498,656

NOTE 9: LEASES

2023 Lease Disclosures:

The Organization has operating and finance leases for office space, vehicles and equipment. The leases have remaining lease terms of 1 to 8 years, some of which may include options to extend the leases for up to 5 years, and some of which may include options to terminate the leases within 1 year. As of June 30, 2023, assets recorded under finance leases were \$1,388,760 and accumulated depreciation associated with finance leases was \$705,842.

The components of lease expense consist of the following:

For the years ended June 30,		2023
Operating lease cost	Ś	159,057
operating rease cost		133,037
Short-term lease cost	\$	481,827
Finance lease cost		
Amortization of right-of-use assets	\$	242,802
Interest on lease liabilities		18,784
Total finance lease cost	\$	261,586

NOTE 9: LEASES (Continued)

Weighted average remaining lease term and discount rates consist of the following:

For the years ended December 31,	2023
Weighted average remaining lease term	
Operating leases	3 years
Finance leases	2 years
Weighted average discount rate	
Operating leases	5.8%
Finance leases	5.9%

The maturities of lease liabilities subsequent to June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	Operating Finance		Finance		
	Lease Lease		Lease		
For the years ended June 30,	l	iabilities		Liabilities	Total
					_
2024	\$	242,572	\$	266,225	\$ 508,797
2025		212,704		188,597	401,301
2026		168,499		149,342	317,841
2027		123,828		138,900	262,728
2028		44,769		2,305	47,074
Thereafter		156,692		-	156,692
					_
Total future minimum lease payments		949,064		745,369	1,694,433
Less imputed interest		(134,046)		(64,073)	(198,119)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$	815,018	\$	681,296	\$ 1,496,314

2022 Lease Disclosures:

The Organization leases vehicles and office equipment, under various capital leases. The economic substance of the lease is that the Organization is financing the acquisition of the assets through the lease, and accordingly, it is recorded in the Organization's assets and liabilities.

NOTE 9: LEASES (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the leased assets included in property and equipment:

As of June 30,	2022	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 5,440	
Motor vehicles	956,569	
	962,009	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(652,548)	
	\$ 309,461	

Future minimum lease payments subsequent to June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year ending June 30,		
2023	\$	289,072
2024	Ψ	117,304
2025		72,559
2026		10,849
2027		1,518
Total minimum lease payments		491,302
Less amounts representing interest		(35,818)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	455,484

NOTE 10: ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses at June 30, 2023 and 2022 consist of:

	2023	2022
Workers compensation self-funded reserve	\$ 2,189,402	\$ 2,216,514
Vehicle and other self-funded reserves	383,793	396,192
Medical self-funded reserve	664,174	608,107
Other self-insurance reserves	1,591,022	1,026,338
Accrued payroll	1,930,324	1,715,584
Accrued vacation	401,319	367,436
Accrued severance and unemployment	3,198	9,596
Other accruals	3,096,082	2,327,990
	\$ 10,259,314	\$ 8,667,757

NOTE 11: RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS ON NET ASSETS

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of the following at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023	2022
Education / Scholarship	\$ 1,087,233	\$2,265,020
Experiential Activities	426,542	569,768
Building / Equipment	1,326,698	789,287
Girls Initiative Program	371,535	371,535
Mental health	480,276	-
Workforce development	1,842,685	-
Other	1,300,183	1,183,712
Endowment	668,671	734,278
	\$ 7,503,823	\$ 5,913,600

The income from the endowment funds is restricted to assist former students of AMIkids' programs with educational or employment-related expenses and support of the AMIkids organization.

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by occurrence of events specified by donors as follows for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

	2023	2022		
Education / Scholarship	\$ 415,737	\$ 534,615		
Experiential Activities	117,293	136,352		
Building / Equipment	267,350	161,953		
Mental health	119,582	-		
Workforce development	466,899	-		
Other	699,158	652,831		
Endowment	-	69,481		
	\$ 2,086,019	\$ 1,555,232		

The donor restriction categories were expanded in 2023 to better represent the Organizations' restricted activities.

NOTE 12: ENDOWMENTS

The Organization's endowment consists of three individual funds established for a variety of purposes. Its endowment includes both donor-restricted funds and funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 12: ENDOWMENTS (Continued)

Absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary, the Board of Directors of the Organization has interpreted the State of Florida's Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds. As a result of this interpretation, the Organization retains in perpetuity and classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (1) the original value of gifts donated to the perpetual endowment, (2) the original value of subsequent gifts to the perpetual endowment, and (3) accumulations to the perpetual endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not retained in perpetuity are subject to appropriation for expenditure by the Organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by SPMIFA. In accordance with SPMIFA, the Organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds: (1) the duration and preservation of the various funds, (2) the purposes of the donor-restricted endowment funds, (3) general economic conditions, (4) the possible effect of inflation and deflation, (5) the expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments, (6) other resources of the Organization, and (7) the Organization's investment policies.

Investment Return Objectives, Risk Parameters and Strategies. The Organization has adopted investment and spending policies, for endowment assets. Those policies attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment funds while also maintaining the purchasing power of those endowment assets over the long-term. Accordingly, the investment process seeks to achieve an after-cost total real rate of return, including investment income as well as capital appreciation, which exceeds the annual distribution with acceptable levels of risk.

Endowment assets are invested in a well-diversified asset mix, which includes equity and debt securities. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount. Investment risk is measured in terms of the total endowment fund; investment assets and allocation between asset classes and strategies are managed to prevent exposing the fund to unacceptable levels of risk.

Spending Policy. The Organization has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year 4% of its endowment fund's average fair value of the prior 12 quarters through the calendar year-end preceding the fiscal year in which the distribution is planned. In establishing this policy, the Organization considered the long-term expected return on its investment assets, the nature and duration of the individual endowment funds, many of which must be maintained in perpetuity because of donor-restrictions, and the possible effects of inflation. The Organization expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment funds to grow at an average rate of 3% annually. This is consistent with the Organization's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

NOTE 12: ENDOWMENTS (Continued)

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund follows:

June 30,	2023	2022
Endowment funds with donor restrictions Board-designated endowment funds without donor restrictions	\$ 668,671 \$ 300,000	734,278 -
Total endowment funds	\$ 968,671 \$	734,278

Changes in endowment net assets follow:

June 30,	 out Donor strictions	 ith Donor estrictions	2023	2022
Endowment net assets - July 1, Contributions Investment (loss) income Transfer of assets with donor	\$ - - -	\$ 734,278 \$ 250,000 (15,607)	734,278 \$ 250,000 (15,607)	847,162 - (55,047)
restrictions to endowment Distribution of net assets	300,000	(300,000) -	- -	(69,481) 11,644
Endowment net assets - June 30,	\$ 300,000	\$ 668,671 \$	968,671 \$	734,278

NOTE 13: LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

AMIkids, Inc. financial assets available within one year of the statement of financial position date for general expenditures are as follows:

As of June 30,	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,119,608
Investments	3,844,688
Accounts receivable	6,106,316
Contributions receivable	109,292
Boat lease payments	17,258,036
Beneficial Interest in Assets Held By Others	593,572
Total	55,031,512
Less: Amounts unavailable for general expenditures within one year, due to:	
Restricted by donors	(7,503,823)
Boat lease payments	(13,865,619)
Collateral for insurance reserves	(1,754,696)
Financial assets available within one year to meet cash needs for	
general expenditures within one year	\$ 31,907,374

NOTE 13: LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

AMIkids, Inc. prepares an annual budget that is approved by the Board of Trustees for the upcoming year. The annual budget includes projected revenue based on current grants, contracts and contributions. Internally prepared financial statements comparing budget to actual results are reviewed by management on a monthly basis and cash flow is monitored daily.

Generally AMIkids, Inc. will have advance notice of grants and contracts terminating and will manage the reductions in cash flow by reducing expenditures and where necessary, by reducing staffing levels.

As part of AMIkids, Inc.'s liquidity management, financial assets are structured to be available as general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations come due. In addition, AMIkids, Inc. invests cash in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments. To help manage unanticipated liquidity needs, AMIkids, Inc. has committed lines of credit in the amount of \$11,000,000, which it could draw upon.

NOTE 14: CASUALTY GAIN

The Organization recorded a casualty gain resulting from Hurricane Michael. The Organization filed an insurance claim and recorded approximately \$667,700 and \$-0- in insurance proceeds for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which is recorded in Revenue, Other in the combined statement of activities; no remediation costs for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were incurred.

NOTE 15: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Organization maintains cash with a financial institution in excess of the FDIC limit of \$250,000 by approximately \$4,164,000 and \$6,360,000 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

NOTE 16: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A substantial portion of AMIkids' public support is derived from programs supported by various funding agencies. Under the terms of the agreements with the funding agencies, AMIkids' financial records are subject to audit by the appropriate governmental authorities. Depending on the results of these audits, if any, funds may be required to be refunded to the appropriate agency.

AMIkids is subject to various claims and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. AMIkids does not believe that these matters will have a material adverse effect on its financial position or results of operations.

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 16: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

AMIkids leases facilities under operating leases expiring in various years. Rent expense on these operating leases charged to operations for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 was approximately \$633,000 and \$624,000, respectively. Based on the current operating leases, the annual lease expense is expected to decrease in 2024 due to the closure of the AMIkids New Mexico Cuba location and is expected to remain consistent over the following four years. Typically, there are no operating leases with terms greater than five years.

AMIkids receives donations of boats that are recorded at fair value less estimated selling expenses at the time of the donation. Management has estimated the net realizable value of the boat inventory at \$6,304,865 and \$2,146,382 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Net realizable value is estimated based on third party appraisals, broker valuations, management's experience with the boat charter industry and estimated selling expenses are based on management's historical experiences with brokers. The actual net realizable value of the boats is not known until the boat is sold or leased.

AMIkids has purchased high-deductible policies for workers compensation and other property and casualty insurance and is responsible for all claims below the deductible level. Management has accrued approximately \$4,560,000 and \$3,928,000 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, as an estimate of losses on unpaid claims under these insurance policies. These accruals are estimates based on current and historical claims experience. It is reasonably possible that these estimates will change and, if changed, could have a material impact on the Organization's financial position and results of operations. Under AMIkids' workers compensation policies, the Organization has \$979,696 held in a secured collateralized account to support these policies. An additional \$775,000 is held as a deposit with the insurance carrier.

AMIkids is self-funded for group health insurance up to a maximum of \$175,000 per employee. Management has accrued \$500,000 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, for estimated claims, including known claims and claims which are estimated to have occurred but which have not yet been reported. This estimate is based on current and historical claims experience and other information obtained from AMIkids' insurance provider. It is reasonably possible that these estimates will change and, if changed, could have a material impact on the Organization's financial position and results of operations. Adjustments to the estimated claims accrual are made when the need for such adjustments becomes apparent.

NOTE 17: RETIREMENT PLANS

AMIkids maintains a noncontributory defined contribution pension plan covering all full-time employees who have completed two years of service and have attained the age of 20 ½ years. Contributions to the Plan are based on a percentage of each employee's total compensation for the year. The pension expense for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 was approximately \$1,546,000 and \$1,562,000, respectively, and is included in employee benefits and payroll taxes on the combined statement of functional expenses.

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 17: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

AMIkids has a deferred compensation plan in place for certain key members of management, which is accrued for and included in accrued pension in the combined statement of financial position. The deferred compensation plan is generally funded on an annual basis and the related assets are included as a component of investments. The cost related to the deferred compensation plan for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 was approximately \$210,403 and \$58,700, respectively.

NOTE 18: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no related party transactions significant to the combined financial statements. AMIkids has rigorous controls concerning related party transactions to ensure that all transactions are in the best interest of the mission. Details of related party transactions can be found in Form 990s which AMIkids files annually with the Internal Revenue Service.

NOTE 19: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2023, Management made the decision to discontinue working capital support and to close the AMIkids Rio Grande Program due to inadequate contract funding. As a result of the closure, AMIkids Inc. will realize a closure loss and AMIkids Rio Grande will realize a closure gain during 2024; however, the closure is not expected to have a material impact on the combined financial statements.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates
Schedule I
Combining Schedule - Statement of Financial Position
June 30, 2023

		AMIkids	AMIkids Foundation	AMIkids Acadiana	AMIkids Alabama		AMIkids aton Rouge	AMIkio Beaufo		AMIkids Behavior Health	AMIkids Bennettsville	AMIkids Caddo	AMIkids Clay County
Assets													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,363,165	\$ 11,038,803	\$ 12,006	\$ 12	529 \$	121,111	\$ 1,28	4,878	\$ 53,957	\$ 37,485	\$ 363,052	\$ 211,171
Investments		797,774	1,684,435	-		-	53,206		-	· -	-	_	-
Accounts receivable:													
Funding agencies		3,639,162	-	16,140	(1	033)	17,971	4	2,729	-	11,692	15,076	506
Other		22,918	-	-		-	-		1,583	331	-	-	-
Contributions receivable		3,658	80	-		-	-	4	7,630	-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets		2,295,868	-	19,303	1	257	9,105	1	4,681	4,683	16,379	5,781	10,693
Due from affiliates		24,307,745	-	163,441	11	304	43,417	13	0,643	127,058	140,947	9,651	67,563
Assets held for sale		-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Boat inventory		6,289,902	-	-		-	-		9,134	-	-	-	-
Boats under lease		22,614,207	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Beneficial interest in assets held by others		-	494,337	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net		5,564	-	-	18	096	-		-	-	-	-	342,504
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net		102,825	-	-		-	4,800		4,787	-	-	6,455	89,427
Property and equipment, net		2,339,103	-	40,264		872	346,775		3,414	3,757	67,157	22,572	22,063
Total assets	\$	67,781,891	\$ 13,217,655	\$ 251,154	\$ 43	025 \$	596,385	\$ 2,10	9,479	\$ 189,786	\$ 273,660	\$ 422,587	\$ 743,927
Liabilities:	Ś	6 250 000	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	Ś	- \$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Lines of credit	\$	6,250,000	\$ -		\$	- \$	-		-		•		\$ -
Accounts payable		548,139	- 	18,752		661	(1,345)		4,107	4,692	20,052	1,889	13,866
Accrued expenses		12,078,003	3,312	74,764		085	27,353		9,653	57,682	60,341	74,086	52,092
Accrued pension		2,493,284	-	2,024		178			2,630	1,253	486	2,969	1,946
Due to Affiliates		3,974,331	6,112,740	47,326	10	981	33,373		5,114	14,551	37,600	69,005	42,739
Deferred revenues		2,926,400	-	8,899		-	-	1	0,009	-	-	-	-
Refundable advances		1,000	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Security deposits		6,081,728	-	-		- -	-		-	-	-	-	-
Operating lease liabilities		5,564	-	-	18,	096	-		-	-	-	-	342,504
Finance lease liabilities		102,916	-	-		-	4,971		5,337	-	-	6,543	84,514
Notes payable		2,153,235	-	2,425,669	125		309,434			<u> </u>	1,165,110	868,300	<u> </u>
Total liabilities		36,614,600	6,116,052	2,577,434	164	001	373,786	18	6,850	78,178	1,283,589	1,022,792	537,661
Net assets:													
Without donor restrictions		30,917,215	1,350,137	(2,353,598)	(120	976)	32,694	1.70	2,973	106,227	(1,012,323)	(607,797)	197,082
Undesignated		, ,_10	_,,_,	(=,===)	(120)	,	,-5.	_,, 0	,	,	(=,===,323)	(,,5,,	
<u> </u>		_	-	-		_	_		-	_	_	_	_
Board designated endowment fund		- 250.076	- 5.751.466	- 27 318		-	189.905	21	- 9.656	5.381	2.394	- 7.592	9.184
-		250,076 31,167,291	5,751,466 7,101,603	27,318	(120		189,905 222,599		9,656 2,629	5,381 111,608	2,394 (1,009,929)	7,592 (600,205)	9,184 206,266

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates
Schedule I
Combining Schedule - Statement of Financial Position (Continued)
June 30, 2023

					AMIkids Gadsden Center					AMIkids	AMIkids
	,	AMIkids Duval	AMIkids Emerald Coast	AMIkids Family Services	for Academic Discipline	AMIkids Gainesville	AMIkids Gateways	AMIkids Georgetown	AMIkids Georgia	Georgia Properties	Greater Ft. Lauderdale
					•		•	Ŭ			
Assets									_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	241,959	\$ 124,037	\$ 269,684	\$ 204,640	\$ 84,245	\$ 257,403		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 146,113
Investments		-	-	-	-	-	-	4,119	-	-	-
Accounts receivable:											
Funding agencies		-	-	-	-	19,785	7,191	4,934	-	-	18,268
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions receivable		-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	1,038
Prepaid expenses and other assets		1,611	3,126	2,645	6,089	18,497	6,176	3,773	-	-	4,952
Due from affiliates		16,665	15,553	106,491	45,875	96,631	97,851	200,345	17,476	-	24,729
Assets held for sale		-	-	-	-	63,626	-	-	-	-	-
Boat inventory		-	-	-	=	-	-	=	-	-	-
Boats under lease		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Beneficial interest in assets held by others		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net		_	_	-	=	-	-	=	-	-	-
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net		_	_	-	8,409	127,508	2,691	7,604	_	-	57,708
Property and equipment, net		_	11,938	-	2,652	32,353		254,732	_	1,819,271	81,206
Total assets	\$	260,235		\$ 378,820					\$ 17,476	\$ 1,819,271	
Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities:											
Lines of credit	\$	-		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable		708	1,761	15,201	4,675	3,921	2,184	4,405	-	-	459
Accrued expenses		21,445	13,362	60,582	22,303	37,573	53,068	63,943	-	1,086	9,612
Accrued pension		143	325	1,678	433	1,071	1,452	2,448	-	-	326
Due to Affiliates		55,557	6,752	27,640	15,507	45,235	18,691	41,757	-	24,144	24,194
Deferred revenues		-	-	268,564	-	335,269	-	11,817	-	-	179,606
Refundable advances		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security deposits		_	_	-	=	-	-	=	-	-	-
Operating lease liabilities		_	_	-	=	-	-	=	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities		_	_	-	8,941	126,175	1,419	7,624	_	-	56,268
Notes payable		423,500	720,468	10,000		1,243,488	,	-	_	_	519,289
Total liabilities		501,353	742,668	383,665	51,859	1,792,732		131,994	-	25,230	789,754
			,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	, , ,	,-	***		,	, -
Net assets:											
Without donor restrictions		(242,209)	(720,182)	(4,845)	215,806	(1,369,258) 335,955	524,703	17,476	1,794,041	(513,400)
Undesignated							,				
Board designated endowment fund		_	_	-	=	_	_	=	-	_	_
With donor restrictions		1,091	132,168	-	-	19,171	_	20,349	-	_	57,660
Total net assets		(241,118)	(588,014)	(4,845)	215,806	(1,350,087		545,052	17,476	1,794,041	(455,740)
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	260,235								\$ 1,819,271	

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Schedule I Combining Schedule - Statement of Financial Position (Continued) June 30, 2023

		Mikids y Marlboro	AMIkids Infinity Wake County	AMIkids Jacksonville	AMIkids Louisiana Properties	AMIkids Manatee	AMIkids Miami-Dade	AMIkids New Mexico	AMIkids New Mexico Properties	AMIkids North Carolina Family Services	AMIkids North Carolina Properties
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	703	\$ 163,061	\$ 123,522	\$ -	\$ 963,053	\$ 168,761	\$ 134,837	\$ -	\$ 411,818	\$ -
Investments		-	-	-	=	-	-	=	-	-	=
Accounts receivable:											
Funding agencies		=	37,438	20,162	=	17,228	8,841	(68)	=	(325)	=
Other		=	-	-	=	-	=	=	=	-	=
Contributions receivable		-	-	56,886	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets		796	833	14,773	-	2,594	17,955	13,498	-	37,621	1,878
Due from affiliates		16,488	5,093	99,048	932,323	53,209	398,311	56,600	524,617	1,833,800	2,284
Assets held for sale		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boat inventory		_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Boats under lease		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beneficial interest in assets held by others		_	_	-	=	99,235	-	=	-	-	=
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net		_	_	-	=	,	=	=	-	93,754	=
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net		_	_	124,415	=	_	9,676	=	-	,	=
Property and equipment, net		_	_	542,458	676,011	103,533	42,610	-	-	14,040	280,000
Total assets	Ś	17,987	\$ 206,425					\$ 204,867	\$ 524,617		
Liabilities: Lines of credit	\$	- 5	•	•			•	•	\$ -		\$ -
Accounts payable		2	22	2,084	-	6,076		7,144	-	8,514	-
Accrued expenses		16,475	22,617	47,928	1,086	43,056		3,316	1,086	99,255	1,086
Accrued pension		491	1,205	1,111	-	1,293		-	-	3,406	-
Due to Affiliates		12,348	6,617	55,886	15	44,505		20,308	1,601	59,914	27,258
Deferred revenues		-	-	13,395	-	88,176	80,345	-	-	-	2,826
Refundable advances		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security deposits		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating lease liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94,655	-
Finance lease liabilities		-	-	122,656	-	-	12,400	-	-	-	-
Notes payable		2,500	-	824,067	=	-		175,000	=	=	=
Total liabilities		31,816	30,461	1,067,127	1,101	183,106	254,131	205,768	2,687	265,744	31,170
Net assets:											
Without donor restrictions		(18,306)	170,559	(369,402)	1,607,233	1,054,746	170,917	(901)	71,930	2,124,964	252,992
Undesignated		•									
Board designated endowment fund		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With donor restrictions		4,477	5,405	283,539	-	1,000	221,106	-	450,000	-	-
Total net assets		(13,829)	175,964	(85,863)	1,607,233	1,055,746		(901)	521,930	2,124,964	252,992
		(13,023)	173,304	(05,005)							

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates
Schedule I
Combining Schedule - Statement of Financial Position (Continued)
June 30, 2023

	AMIkids Orlando	Par	AMIkids nama City ne Institute	AMI Pas		AMIkids Pensacola	AMIkids Piedmont	AMIkids Pinellas	Rio C	likids Grande Illey	:	AMIkids Sand Hills	AMIkids Sandoval		MIkids ota County
Assets															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 401,427	\$	334,370 \$		- \$	199,942	\$ 1,072,840	\$ 306,665	\$	39,004	\$	87,327 \$	44,036	\$	-
Investments	-		-		-	-	-	857,835		-		-	-		-
Accounts receivable:															
Funding agencies	11,053		24,946		-	51,752	13,035	-		22,566		4,491	23,450		-
Other	-		296,097		-	-	-	-		-		-	37,324		-
Contributions receivable	-		-		-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	8,145		36,851		-	24,719	4,757	25,462		9,255		5,216	30,490		-
Due from affiliates	87,212		308,961		29,145	170,917	123,844	89,357		16,729		122,066	118,935		75,936
Assets held for sale	-		-		-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
Boat inventory	-		5,829		-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
Boats under lease	-		-		-	=	-	-		-		-	-		-
Beneficial interest in assets held by others	-		-		-	=	-	-		-		-	-		-
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	-		-		-	=	-	394,393		-		-	-		-
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net	3,801		2,521		-	19,973	-	-		-		5,674	11,188		-
Property and equipment, net	77,418		3,555,245		-	313,101	54,204	3,112		12,533		35,496	70,085		-
Total assets	\$ 589,056	\$	4,564,820 \$		29,145 \$	780,404	\$ 1,268,680	\$ 1,676,824	\$	100,087	\$	260,270 \$	335,508	\$	75,936
Liabilities: Lines of credit	\$ -	\$	- \$		- \$	-	\$	\$ - :	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-
Accounts payable	15,867		4,257		-	17,316	4,509	(686)		24,438		9,955	8,057		-
Accrued expenses	31,469		32,749		-	102,782	63,797	28,686		44,788		53,412	98,594		-
Accrued pension	844		1,152		-	1,300	3,001	791		1,413		1,395	218		-
Due to Affiliates	53,856		140,789		70	56,688	32,711	31,843		56,186		42,517	121,187		70
Deferred revenues	150,932		-		-	-	-	203,450		7,820		13,537	109		-
Refundable advances	-		-		-	-	-	20,000		-		-	-		-
Security deposits	-		-		-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
Operating lease liabilities	-		-		-	-	-	394,393		-		-	-		-
Finance lease liabilities	4,053		2,555		-	20,837	-	-		-		5,747	11,380		-
Notes payable	260,873		=		-	268,053	-	-	4	,346,122		830,510	686,152		-
Total liabilities	517,894		181,502		70	466,976	104,018	678,477	4	,480,767		957,073	925,697		70
Net assets: Without donor restrictions Undesignated	(53,473)		4,247,885		(70)	214,092	1,160,455	995,847	(4	,492,844)		(703,398)	(595,792)	75,866
Board designated endowment fund	-		-		-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
With donor restrictions	124,635		135,433		29,145	99,336	4,207	2,500		112,164		6,595	5,603		-
Total net assets	71,162		4,383,318		29,075	313,428	1,164,662	998,347	(4	,380,680)		(696,803)	(590,189)	75,866
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 589,056	\$	4,564,820 \$		29,145 \$	780,404	\$ 1,268,680	\$ 1,676,824	\$	100,087	\$	260,270 \$	335,508	\$	75,936

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates
Schedule I
Combining Schedule - Statement of Financial Position (Continued)
June 30, 2023

	AMIkids Savannah River	AMIkids South Carolina Statewide	AMIkids Southwest Florida	AMIkids Space Coast	AMIkids St. Louis		AMIkids allahassee	AMIkids Tampa	AMIkids Virginia	AMIkids Virginia Wilderness	AMIkids Volusia
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 86,741	\$ - 5	63,887	\$ 159,197	\$	- \$	318,439 \$	619,112 \$	166,634	\$ - \$	43,944
Investments	-	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable:											
Funding agencies	153,095	-	(598)	61,121		-	-	64,495	660,201	-	3,232
Other	-	-	693,846	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions receivable	-	_	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	16,815	-	1,392	15,713		-	3,714	8,538	135	580	16,056
Due from affiliates	7,307	1,064	45,161	158,718		-	33,736	114,284	949,722	-	70,582
Assets held for sale	-	_	-	-		-	-	-	-	120,000	-
Boat inventory	-	_	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Boats under lease	-	_	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Beneficial interest in assets held by others	-	_	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	-	_	-	-		-	-	-	16,366	-	-
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net	-	_	-	-		-	4,728	725	-	-	63,029
Property and equipment, net	31,329	-	28,927	291,883		-	121,731	156,852	129,328	-	29,993
Total assets	\$ 295,287	\$ 1,064	832,615	\$ 686,632	\$	- \$	482,348 \$	964,006 \$	1,922,386	\$ 120,580 \$	226,836
Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities: Lines of credit	\$ -	\$ - \$; -	\$ -	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	-
Accounts payable	23,835	-	537	9,799		-	8,799	5,342	4,041	-	9,338
Accrued expenses	80,040	-	31,339	102,103		-	10,370	73,129	1,220,491	2,950	32,728
Accrued pension	2,024	-	215	2,420		-	224	2,413	840	-	423
Due to Affiliates	74,777	104	27,060	90,349		-	12,559	43,874	29,921	51,972	64,767
Deferred revenues	-	-	-	-		-	271,129	21,971	-	-	160,064
Refundable advances	-	-	-	-		-	-	41,991	-	-	-
Security deposits	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating lease liabilities	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	16,597	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	-	-		-	5,031	1,310	-	-	63,420
Notes payable	3,246,061	-	266,377	530,000		-	317,952	-	-	272,165	500,957
Total liabilities	3,426,737	104	325,528	734,671		-	626,064	190,030	1,271,890	327,087	831,697
Net assets:										/·	/
Without donor restrictions	(3,142,086) (105)	(196,651)	(109,999)	(21,	829)	(145,716)	688,043	650,496	(206,507)	(608,807)
Undesignated											
Board designated endowment fund	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	=	=	-
With donor restrictions	10,636		703,738	61,960	21,	829	2,000	85,933	-	- (20C F0Z)	3,946
Total net assets	(3,131,450		507,087	(48,039)	ċ	- ¢	(143,716)	773,976	650,496	(206,507)	(604,861)
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 295,287	\$ 1,064	832,615	\$ 686,632	ş	- \$	482,348 \$	964,006 \$	1,922,386	\$ 120,580 \$	226,836

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Schedule I Combining Schedule - Statement of Financial Position (Continued) June 30, 2023

		AMIkids hite Pines		AMIkids YES	Wi	h Carolina Iderness Istitute	ı	Total Before Eliminations	E	Eliminations	Total
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	963,422	\$	219,089	\$	-	\$	27,119,608	\$	- \$	27,119,608
Investments	•	-	•	447,319		_	•	3,844,688	•	- '	3,844,688
Accounts receivable:											
Funding agencies		14,111		71,570		-		5,054,217		-	5,054,217
Other		-		-		-		1,052,099		-	1,052,099
Contributions receivable		_		-		_		109,292		-	109,292
Prepaid expenses and other assets		14,014		14,646		_		2,751,065		_	2,751,065
Due from affiliates		361,904		171,762		_		32,602,500		(32,602,500)	, , , ₋
Assets held for sale		· -		,		_		183,626		-	183,626
Boat inventory		_		-		_		6,304,865		_	6,304,865
Boats under lease		_		-		_		22,614,207		_	22,614,207
Beneficial interest in assets held by others		_		-		_		593,572		_	593,572
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net		_		-		_		870,677		(56,000)	814,677
Finance lease right-of-use assets, net		_		24,974		_		682,918		-	682,918
Property and equipment, net		29,526		34,935		103,000		12,396,936		_	12,396,936
Total assets	\$	1,382,977	\$	984,295	\$	103,000	\$	116,180,270	\$	(32,658,500) \$	83,521,770
Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities: Lines of credit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,250,000	\$	- \$	6,250,000
Accounts payable		5,657		6,976		-		850,533		(3,785)	846,748
Accrued expenses		131,992		99,179		1,086		15,359,236		(5,099,922)	10,259,314
Accrued pension		4,468		1,486		-		2,547,878		-	2,547,878
Due to Affiliates		49,596		58,865		10,547		12,017,455		(12,017,455)	-
Deferred revenues		-		-		-		4,754,318		-	4,754,318
Refundable advances		-		-		-		62,991		-	62,991
Security deposits		-		-		-		6,081,728		-	6,081,728
Operating lease liabilities		-		-		-		871,809		(56,791)	815,018
Finance lease liabilities		-		27,199		-		681,296		-	681,296
Notes payable		-		590,000		-		23,080,282		(20,581,626)	2,498,656
Total liabilities		191,713		783,705		11,633		72,557,526		(37,759,579)	34,797,947
Net assets:						04.05=				6 706 440	
Without donor restrictions		1,125,671		146,960		91,367		34,433,858		6,786,142	41,220,000
Undesignated											
Board designated endowment fund		-		-		-		-		- (4.605.060)	
With donor restrictions		65,593		53,630		- 04 267		9,188,886		(1,685,063)	7,503,823
Total net assets Total liabilities and net assets	Ś	1,191,264	_	200,590 984,295	<u>,</u>	91,367	_	43,622,744	ć	5,101,079	48,723,823
Total nabilities and net assets	Ş	1,382,977	\$	984,295	\$	103,000	\$	116,180,270	\$	(32,658,500) \$	83,521,770

			AMIkids						AMIkids		MIkids		ЛIkids		AMIkids	AMIkids		AMIkids
	AMIkids	F	oundation	AMIkid	ls Acadiana	AMIkids A	labama	Bat	ton Rouge	Ве	eaufort	Behav	ior Health	Be	nnettsville	Caddo	(Clay County
Public Support and revenue:																		
Federal support	\$ 1,433,447	\$	-	\$	85,925	\$	-	\$	352,105 \$		443,714	\$	55,346	\$	59,103 \$	36,9	08 \$	505
State support	4,813,258		-		1,586,316		120,218		155,686		1,392,998		-		1,444,557			712,641
Regional revenue	43,419		-		123,700		-		-		-		-		-	1,995,3	53	388,697
Nongovernmental	-		-		-		-		-		4,750		-		2,000			-
Service revenue	1,685,219		-		-		-		-		-		927,396		-			-
Contributions	2,169,205		2,919,813		34,951		5		147,192		454,673		10,216		96,674	27,2	58	44,975
Total Public Support	10,144,548		2,919,813		1,830,892		120,223		654,983		2,296,135		992,958		1,602,334	2,059,5	19	1,146,818
Revenue																		
Boat Program	19,773,774		-		-		-		-		-		_		-			-
Investment income (loss)	1,584,210		333,811		-		-		930		-		_		-			-
Other	281,975		-		-		-		15		739		284		72	2	24	47
Total revenue	21,639,959		333,811		-		-		945		739		284		72	2	24	47
Total public support and revenue	31,784,507		3,253,624		1,830,892		120,223		655,928		2,296,874		993,242		1,602,406	2,059,7	43	1,146,865
Expenses:																		
Program Services	6,438,853		1,057,854		2,321,267		230,313		654,373		1,752,788		994,542		1,714,486	1,953,4	21	970,302
Boat Program	15,453,505		-		1,176		-		-		-		-		-			-
Management and general	12,858,390		199,821		160,928		11,280		44,405		37,676		10,042		88,719	187,8	71	36,141
Fundraising	754,059		-		-		-		-		-		-		-			-
Total expense	35,504,807		1,257,675		2,483,371		241,593		698,778		1,790,464		1,004,584		1,803,205	2,141,2	92	1,006,443
Change in Net assets	(3,720,300)		1,995,949		(652,479)	(121,370)		(42,850)		506,410		(11,342)		(200,799)	(81,5	49)	140,422
Net assets (deficit), beginning of the year	34,887,591		5,105,654		(1,673,801)	•	394		265,449		1,416,219		122,950		(809,130)	(518,6	56)	65,844
Net assets (deficit), end of the year	\$ 31,167,291	\$	7,101,603		(2,326,280)	\$ (120,976)	\$	222,599 \$		1,922,629	\$	111,608	\$	(1,009,929) \$	(600,2	05) \$	206,266

					AMIkids Gadsden Center							AMIkids		AMIkids
	AMIkids Duval	 lkids d Coast	AMIkids Family Servi		for Academic Discipline	AMIkids Gainesville	AMIkids Gateways	AMII George		AMIkids Georgia		Georgia Properties		Greater Ft. auderdale
Public Support and revenue:														
Federal support	\$ -	\$ 83,365	\$ 95	,260	\$ 91,434	\$ 19,017	\$ 7,191	\$	58,908 \$	5	- \$	-	\$	101,298
State support	41,881	-	664	,368	376,991	785,929	1,116,900	1,	847,661		-	-		252,865
Regional revenue	553,809	-		-	-	153,863	-		-		-	-		23,391
Nongovernmental	-	23,000		-	3,514	-	-		-		-	-		-
Service revenue	-	-	7	,100	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
Contributions	23,649	182,959	2	,337	690	49,529	39,171		49,094		-	301,140	1	56,282
Total Public Support	619,339	289,324	769	,065	472,629	1,008,338	1,163,262	1,	155,663		-	301,140		433,836
Revenue														
Boat Program	-	-		-	_	-	-		-		-	-		-
Investment income (loss)	-	-		-	_	41	-		2,513		275	-		118
Other	615	3		-	2,306	21	1,758		3,296		-	-		1,500
Total revenue	615	3		-	2,306	62	1,758		5,809		275	-		1,618
Total public support and revenue	619,954	289,327	769	,065	474,935	1,008,400	1,165,020	1,	161,472		275	301,140		435,454
Expenses:														
Program Services	605,329	220,449	776	,313	477,073	952,600	1,088,868	1.:	849,933		_	86,384		566,882
Boat Program	-	-		-	-	· -	-	,	-		-	· -		· -
Management and general	67,487	43,014	9	,656	13,849	85,890	23,114		28,100		-	14,908		49,316
Fundraising	-	-		-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
Total expense	672,816	263,463	785	,969	490,922	1,038,490	1,111,982	1,:	378,033		-	101,292		616,198
Change in Net assets	(52,862)	25,864	(16	,904)	(15,987)	(30,090)	53,038	,	83,439		275	199,848		(180,744)
Net assets (deficit), beginning of the year	(188,256)	(613,878)	12	,059	231,793	(1,319,997)	282,917		61,613	17	7,201	1,594,193		(274,996)
Net assets (deficit), end of the year	\$ (241,118)	\$ (588,014)	\$ (4	,845)	\$ 215,806	(1,350,087)	\$ 335,955	\$!	45,052 \$	17	7,476	1,794,041	. \$	(455,740)

	AMIki Infinity Ma		AMIkids Infinity Wake County	AMIkids Jacksonville	AMIkids Louisiana Properties	AMIkids Manatee	AMIkids Miami-Dade	AMIkids New Mexico	AMIkids New Mexico Properties	AMIkids North Carolina Family Services	AMIkids North Carolina Properties
Public Support and revenue:											
Federal support	\$	8,872	6,965	\$ 59,469	\$ -	\$ 12,639	\$ 176,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 337	\$ -
State support		-	-	873,751	-	654,690	1,503,939	-	-	2,589,813	-
Regional revenue	2	78,915	449,253	174,110	-	370,951	135,788	434,184	-	-	-
Nongovernmental		-	25,751	-	-	-	106,488	-	-	-	-
Service revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions		6,702	25,323	127,534	-	24,483	101,687	308	450,000	6,388	260,308
Total Public Support	2	94,489	507,292	1,234,864	-	1,062,763	2,024,287	434,492	450,000	2,596,538	260,308
Revenue											
Boat Program		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Investment income (loss)		-	-	6	24,902	20,134	10,266	1	36,033	78,679	_
Other		1	-	3,417	140,000	-	4,501	-	-	-	35,788
Total revenue		1	-	3,423	164,902	20,134	14,767	1	36,033	78,679	35,788
Total public support and revenue	2	94,490	507,292	1,238,287	164,902	1,082,897	2,039,054	434,493	486,033	2,675,217	296,096
Expenses:											
Program Services	3	48,194	436,466	1,273,315	253,084	886,832	2,309,332	440,008	33,172	3,603,254	27,952
Boat Program		-	-		-	,	36	´-	-	, , , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	· -
Management and general		23,376	37,341	66,017	1,206	27,335	33,184	9,344	757,516	30,221	7,415
Fundraising		-	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-	· -	· -
Total expense	3	71,570	473,807	1,339,332	254,290	914,167	2,342,552	449,352	790,688	3,633,475	35,367
Change in Net assets	(77,080)	33,485	(101,045)	(89,388)	168,730	(303,498)	(14,859)	(304,655)	(958,258)	260,729
Net assets (deficit), beginning of the year		63,251	142,479	15,182	1,696,621	887,016	695,521	13,958	826,585	3,083,222	(7,737)
Net assets (deficit), end of the year	\$ (13,829) \$	175,964	\$ (85,863)	\$ 1,607,233	\$ 1,055,746	\$ 392,023	\$ (901)	\$ 521,930	\$ 2,124,964	\$ 252,992

	AMIkids Orlando	Pa	AMIkids nama City ine Institute	AMIk Pase			AMIkids Pensacola	AMIkids Piedmont	11kids nellas		AMIkids rande Valley	AMIkids Sand Hills	AMIkids Sandoval	AMIkids Sarasota County
Public Support and revenue:	Oriando	IVIGI	iiie iiistitute	1 430	.0		rensacola	riculioni	 iciias	NIO G	rance vaney	Jana IIIII3	Januovan	Sarasota County
Federal support	\$ 37,946	\$	277,354	\$	_	\$	338,665 \$	48,120 \$	136,863	\$	4,124 \$	70,091 \$	(1,876)	\$ -
State support	784,500	•	173,293		_	•	1,795,271	1,444,557	388,564		468,385	1,392,998	652,055	-
Regional revenue	154,334		-		_		-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Nongovernmental	· -		-		_		(3,478)	-	-		-	-	-	-
Service revenue	-		227,735		_		-	-	-		-	-	664,711	-
Contributions	145,030		384,530		_		134,091	13,944	26,400		36,343	142,299	8,079	-
Total Public Support	1,121,810		1,062,912		-		2,264,549	1,506,621	551,827		508,852	1,605,388	1,322,969	-
Revenue														
Boat Program	_		-		_		_	_	_		-	-	-	-
Investment income (loss)	24		4		_		13	406	33,253		-	1	26	2,093
Other	5,193		784,277		_		-	-	1,800		34	1,906	6,552,830	· -
Total revenue	5,217		784,281		-		13	406	35,053		34	1,907	6,552,856	2,093
Total public support and revenue	1,127,027		1,847,193		-		2,264,562	1,507,027	586,880		508,886	1,607,295	7,875,825	2,093
Expenses:														
Program Services	1,030,899		1,151,398		_		2,412,346	1,124,612	552,503		1,218,354	1,538,325	2,186,833	-
Boat Program	-		1,651		_		-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Management and general	48,289		13,946		70		45,041	24,257	21,482		266,967	67,539	555,206	71
Fundraising	-		-		_		-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total expense	1,079,188		1,166,995		70		2,457,387	1,148,869	573,985		1,485,321	1,605,864	2,742,039	71
Change in Net assets	47,839		680,198		(70)		(192,825)	358,158	12,895		(976,435)	1,431	5,133,786	2,022
Net assets (deficit), beginning of the year	23,323		3,703,120		29,145		506,253	806,504	985,452		(3,404,245)	(698,234)	(5,723,975)	73,844
Net assets (deficit), end of the year	\$ 71,162	\$	4,383,318	\$	29,075	\$	313,428 \$	1,164,662 \$	998,347	\$	(4,380,680) \$	(696,803) \$	(590,189)	\$ 75,866

	AMIkids	AMIkids South Carolina	AMIkids	AMIkids	AMIkids	AMIkio	ds AMI	kids	AMIkids	AMIkids Virginia	AMIkids
	Savannah River	Statewide	Southwest Florida	Space Coast	St. Louis	Tallahas	see Tan	пра	Virginia	Wilderness	Volusia
Public Support and revenue:											
Federal support	\$ 729	\$ -	\$ 112,731	\$ 292,751 \$	-	\$ 4	15,682 \$	143,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,797
State support	1,246,848	-	-	1,614,030	-	28	35,154	730,432	6,543,699	-	824,659
Regional revenue	-	-	-	160,803	-		7,150	335,015	-	-	145,983
Nongovernmental	-	-	-	64,000	-		8,162	-	-	-	-
Service revenue	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Contributions	45,241	-	835,601	102,308	-	1	16,109	193,804	2,196	-	15,727
Total Public Support	1,292,818	-	948,332	2,233,892	-	36	52,257 1	402,378	6,545,895	-	997,166
Revenue											
Boat Program	-	-	-	-	_		-	-	-	-	_
Investment income (loss)	-	-	7	14	-		-	315	10,848	-	-
Other	4	-	-	-	-		276	2,388	-	-	41
Total revenue	4	-	7	14	-		276	2,703	10,848	-	41
Total public support and revenue	1,292,822	-	948,339	2,233,906	-	36	52,533 1	405,081	6,556,743	-	997,207
Expenses:											
Program Services	1,882,512	-	301,225	2,649,809	-	33	39,574 1	204,370	6,460,137	29,005	990,925
Boat Program	· -	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Management and general	274,560	52	23,562	51,527	-	2	23,072	32,497	12,333	18,447	51,133
Fundraising	-	-	-	705	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total expense	2,157,072	52	324,787	2,702,041	-	36	52,646 1	236,867	6,472,470	47,452	1,042,058
Change in Net assets	(864,250)	(52	2) 623,552	(468,135)	-		(113)	168,214	84,273	(47,452) (44,851)
Net assets (deficit), beginning of the year	(2,267,200)	1,012	(116,465)	420,096	-	(14	13,603)	605,762	566,223	(159,055) (560,010)
Net assets (deficit), end of the year	\$ (3,131,450)	\$ 960	507,087	\$ (48,039) \$	-	\$ (14	13,716) \$	773,976	\$ 650,496	\$ (206,507) \$ (604,861)

	AMIkids	AMIkids	S	outh Carolina Wilderness		Total Before			
	/hite Pines	YES		Institute	E	liminations	Eliminations	Total	
Public Support and revenue:	 								
Federal support	\$ 148,505	\$ 68,461	\$	-	\$	4,922,263	\$ - \$	4,922,	,263
State support	2,859,697	1,565,343		-		43,203,947	-	43,203,	,947
Regional revenue	-	262,921		-		6,191,639	-	6,191,	,639
Nongovernmental	-	-		-		234,187	-	234,	,187
Service revenue	-	-		-		3,512,161	(2,601,831)	910,	,330
Contributions	189,087	42,002		-		9,945,337	(4,373,756)	5,571,	,581
Total Public Support	3,197,289	1,938,727		-		68,009,534	(6,975,587)	61,033,	,947
Revenue									
Boat Program	-	-		-		19,773,774	-	19,773,	,774
Investment income (loss)	2,269	45,920		-		2,187,112	(1,495,193)	691,	,919
Other	16,071	21		-		7,841,403	(6,730,253)	1,111,	,150
Total revenue	18,340	45,941		-		29,802,289	(8,225,446)	21,576,	,843
Total public support and revenue	3,215,629	1,984,668		-		97,811,823	(15,201,033)	82,610,	,790
Expenses:									
Program Services	2,962,685	2,647,525		442		64,507,118	(6,736,528)	57,770,	,590
Boat Program	-	-		-		15,456,368	140	15,456,	,508
Management and general	45,333	66,002		1,190		16,606,138	(8,914,251)	7,691,	,887
Fundraising	_	-		-		754,764	(13,384)	741,	,380
Total expense	3,008,018	2,713,527		1,632		97,324,388	(15,664,023)	81,660,	,365
Change in Net assets	207,611	(728,859)		(1,632)		487,435	462,990	950,	,425
Net assets (deficit), beginning of the year	983,653	929,449		92,999		43,135,309	4,638,089	47,773,	,398
Net assets (deficit), end of the year	\$ 1,191,264	\$ 200,590	\$	91,367	\$	43,622,744	\$ 5,101,079 \$	48,723,	,823



INTERNAL CONTROL RECOMMENDATIONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees AMIKids, Inc. Tampa, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the combined financial statements of the AMIKids, Inc. and Affiliates ("the Organization"), which comprise the combined statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's combined financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CARR, RIGGS, & INGRAM, LLC

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

Tampa, Florida November 13, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.650, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Board of Trustees AMIKids, Inc. Tampa, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited AMIKids, Inc. and Affiliates ("the Organization")'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the requirements described in the State of Florida Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Organization's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Organization's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of Auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.650, Rules of the Auditor General, *Florida Single Audit Act Audits – Nonprofit and For-Profit Organizations*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.650, Rules of the Auditor General, are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Organization's federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Organization's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.650, Rules of the Auditor General, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Organization's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program and state project as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.650, Rules of the Auditor General, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Organization's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Organization's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and
 to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance and Chapter 10.650, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.650, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

Tampa, Florida November 13, 2023

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	ALN CSFA Number	Pass-Through Grant Number	Amount of Expenditures	Amount Provided To Subrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Indirect Programs: Child Nutrition Cluster				
Passed thru Florida Department of Agriculture				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	01-0233	\$ 65,080	\$ -
Passed thru Louisiana Department of Education School Breakfast Program	10.553	09-SFS-007	20,466	-
Passed thru South Carolina Department of Education School Breakfast Program	10.553	5697, 5699, 5713, 5714, 5715, 5716	88,105	-
Total ALN 10.553 - School Breakfast Program			173,651	-
Passed thru Florida Department of Agriculture				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	01-0233	157,314	-
Passed thru Louisiana Department of Education National School Lunch Program	10.555	09-SFS-007	50,464	-
Passed thru Texas Department of Agriculture National School Lunch Program	10.555	01198	628	-
Passed thru South Carolina Department of Education National School Lunch Program	10.555	5697, 5699, 5713, 5714, 5715, 5716	246,318	-
Total ALN 10.555 - National School Lunch Program			454,724	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			628,375	-
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			628,375	_
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Indirect Programs:				
Passed thru Louisiana Dept. of Education				
Passed thru Caddo Parish Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	-	36,908	-
Total ALN 84.010 - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			36,908	-
Passed thru Florida Dept. of Education				
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund - American Rescue Plan Elementary				
and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	93Q-1211U-3PR01	626,179	-
Total ALN 84.425U - COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund			626,179	-
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			662.007	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			663,087	-
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Direct Programs:				
COVID-19 The Pandemic Emergency Assistance Fund - TANF	93.558	ACF-PI-2021-02	1,750	
Total ALN 93.558 - COVID-19 Pandemic Emergency Assistance Fund - TANF			1,750	-
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional				
and National Significance	93.243	FAIN# H79SM084453	31,289	-
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance	93.243	1H79SM084949-01	42,732	-
Total ALN 93.243 - 'Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional				
and National Significance			74,021	-
Indirect Programs:				
Passed thru New Mexico Children, Youth and Familities Department John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	DAJ07	130,000	-
Total ALN 93.674 - John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood			130,000	-
-				
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			205,771	

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	ALN CSFA Number	Pass-Through Grant Number	Amount of Expenditures	Amount Provided To Subrecipients
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR				
Direct Programs:				
Reentry Employment Opportunities	17.270	YF-33606-19-60-A-12	282,071	_
Reentry Employment Opportunities	17.270	YF-38588-22-60-A-12	307,279	-
Total ALN 17.270 - Reentry Employment Opportunities			589,350	
, , ,			·	
YouthBuild	17.274	YB-32999-18-60-A-22	60,544	-
YouthBuild	17.274	YB-36447-21-60-A-22	351,362	-
YouthBuild	17.274	YB-34255-19-60-A-45	267,141	-
YouthBuild	17.274	YB-38197-22-60-A-45	211,957	-
YouthBuild	17.274	YB-38233-22-60-A-12	326,333	-
YouthBuild	17.274	YB-36454-21-60-A-12	356,097	-
YouthBuild	17.274	YB-38211-22-60-A-12	257,319	-
Total ALN 17.274 - YouthBuild			1,830,753	-
Youth Apprentice Readiness Program	17.258	AP-35086-20-60-A-12	308,846	-
Total ALN 17.258 - Youth Apprentice Readiness Program			308,846	-
Workforce Pathways for Youth Grant Program	17.261	MI-36499-21-60-A-12	922,254	-
Total ALN 17.261 - Workforce Pathways for Youth Grant Program			922,254	-
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			3,651,203	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY				
Indirect Programs:				
Passed thru Florida Dept. of Agriculture	24.244	20754	44.470	
State Energy Program	81.041	28761	44,172	-
Total ALN 81.041 - State Energy Program			44,172	-
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			44,172	-
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Indirect Programs:				
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster				
Passed thru Brevard County Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	N/A	9,818	
	14.210	N/A	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total ALN 14.218 - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants			9,818	-
Total CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster			9,818	-
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			9,818	-
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Direct Programs:				
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	16.540	15PJDP-21-GG-03260-TITL	35,287	_
	16.812	15PJDP-21-GG-04091-SCAX	125,444	-
Second Chance Act Reentry Initiative Emergency Planning for Juvenile Justice Facilities	16.823	2020-EJ-FX-0004	139,432	
	10.023			
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			300,163	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 5,502,589	Ś -

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	ALN CSFA Number	Pass-Through Grant Number	Amount of Expenditures	Amount Provided To Subrecipients
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE - FLORIDA				
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Direct Projects:				
School and Instructional Enhancement Programs	48.040	93Q-97495-2Q001	\$ 94,748	\$ -
School and Instructional Enhancement Programs	48.040	93Q-97495-3Q001	896,628	-
Total CSFA 48.040 - School and Instructional Enhancement Programs			991,376	-
TOTAL FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			991,376	
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE	•		•	<u> </u>
Direct Projects:				
Delinquency Prevention	80.029	10521	723,470	_
Delinquency Prevention	80.029	10716	733,273	-
Delinguency Prevention	80.029	10520	726,941	-
Delinquency Prevention	80.029	10394	689,520	-
Delinquency Prevention	80.029	10610	764,995	-
Total CSFA 80.029 - Delinquency Prevention			3,638,199	-
Day Treatment Programs - Facility Based	80.021	10573	4,892,972	-
Total CSFA 80.021 - Day Treatment Programs - Facility Based			4,892,972	-
TOTAL FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE			8,531,171	-
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY SAFETY AND MOTOR VEHICLES				
Direct Projects:				
Horse Country Specialty License Plate	76.104	N/A	209,210	-
TOTAL FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY SAFETY AND MOTOR VEHICLES			209,210	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE - FLORIDA			\$ 9,731,757	\$ -

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance represents amounts expended from federal award programs and state projects during the fiscal year as determined on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the Florida Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement. The amounts reported on the Schedule have been reconciled to and are in material agreement with amounts recorded in the Organization's accounting records from which the basic financial statements have been reported. Federal and state funds that are not subject to Uniform Guidance or Florida Single Audit are not included on this schedule.

The Organization has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The Organizations' federal awards do not have any loans or loan guarantees.

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financ	ial Statements:			
1.	Type of auditors' report issued		Unmodified	
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:			
	a. Material weaknesses identified?		None	
	b. Significant deficiencies identified not o	onsidered to be material weaknesses?	None noted	
	c. Noncompliance material to the financi	al statements noted?	None	
Federa	l Awards:			
1.	Type of auditors' report issued on complia	nce for major programs	Unmodified	
2.	Internal control over major programs:			
	a. Material weaknesses identified?			
	b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?			
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are accordance with 2CFR section 200.516(a)?	required to be reported in	No	
4.	Identification of major programs:			
	ALN			
	Number 17.371	<u>Program</u>		
	17.274	YouthBuild		
5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwe	en type A and type B programs:	\$750,000	
6.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee under	r 2 CFR 200.520?	Yes	
State F	Projects:			
1.	Type of auditors' report issued on complia	nce for major programs	Unmodified	
2.	Internal control over major programs:			
	a. Material weaknesses identified?		None	
	b. Significant deficiencies identified not o	onsidered to be material weaknesses?	None noted	
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are accordance with Rule 10.554(1)(I)(4)?	required to be reported in	None	
4.	Identification of major programs:			
	CSFA			
	Number 00.034	<u>Project</u>	1	
	80.021	Day Treatment Programs – Facility Bas	ea	
5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwe	en type A and type B programs:	\$750,000	

AMIkids, Inc. and Affiliates Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.
SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS
None noted.
SECTION IV – SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No prior year findings noted.

All procedures performed below were performed by AMIkids internal audit department. See below for procedures performed and results of procedures for each step listed.

AMIkids Acadiana INSTRUCTIONS

Introduction

The Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) has prescribed statewide agreed-upon procedures (AUPs) below, which are intended to represent a minimum level of additional work to be performed at those local entities (local governments and quasipublic organizations, including not-for-profit organizations) that meet the legal requirement to have an audit under the Audit Law¹ (i.e., public funds totaling \$500,000 or more in revenues and other sources). This update to the AUPs will be effective for those entities that have fiscal years ending December 31, 2022 through November 30, 2023 (Year 5).

The AUPs are not intended to address all areas of risk within an entity. Instead, they are designed to address those areas that have resulted in the most frequent incidents of fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

The AUPs are applicable to all fund types (governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, including custodial funds administered by sheriffs or other tax collectors). But see the <u>Single Audit</u> and <u>School Activity Fund</u> exemption sections following.

As has been in place since 2021, all entities not exempt from performing the AUPs as stated within the Applicability of AUPs section of this document are required to perform all AUP categories.

What's New?

- Procedure 2 (Board or Finance Committee): Added a Board oversight component to solving audit findings;
- Procedure 5 (Non-Payroll Disbursements): Added to observe that only authorized check signers approve the electronic disbursement of funds;
- Procedure 10 (Ethics): Added to inquire whether the agency has appointed an Ethics designee;
- Procedure 13 (Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity): Added to observe evidence that the agency's backup of critical data was not stored on the local server or network; and

-

¹ R.S. 24:511-24:559

• Procedure 13 (Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity): Added to observe that terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

Additionally, edits have been made to other AUP categories, existing instructions, footnotes, and Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs).

Applicable Auditing Standards

The AUPs are to be performed in accordance with attestation standards (Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements; SSAEs) established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the AUP report must be attached with the audit report that is submitted to the Legislative Auditor's office (i.e., one pdf file submitted to the LLA rather than two). The AUPs are required to be performed by the same firm that performs the annual audit; accordingly, a separate "engagement approval form" for the statewide AUP engagement is **not required**. The LLA is considered to be a specified party to the AUP engagements and acknowledges that the procedures performed are appropriate for our purposes by our acceptance of the standard audit engagement approval forms.

Reporting AUP Findings

Findings are the factual results of the procedures performed, including sufficient details of any exceptions found. All exceptions found, other than those related to Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, are to be included in the AUP report with management's responses/corrective actions. To avoid potential conflicts with the attestation standards, we recommend that management prepare a single overall response to the AUP report. If management chooses **not** to respond to the AUP findings at all, the practitioner must include a statement that "management declined to respond to the findings or provide a plan of corrective action." If no exceptions are found when performing a procedure, "no exceptions were found as a result of this procedure" is an acceptable result in the AUP report.

To avoid the possible exposure of entity information technology vulnerabilities, we ask that results of the Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity AUP testing (Procedure 13) be discussed with management and **not shown within the AUP report**. Instead, we ask that each procedure under the Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity AUP category be followed by the statement, "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management." Note: The practitioner should maintain documentation of Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity AUP testing and subsequent results in the engagement workpapers.

The LLA does not intend to penalize entities for exceptions that do not directly correspond to control risks. Accordingly, if the practitioner found exceptions within an AUP category, based strictly on the wording of the procedure, but the practitioner believes that compensating controls **fully** mitigated the underlying control risk, the entity may report no exceptions. The practitioner should maintain documentation of compensating controls in the engagement workpapers.

<u>Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Exceptions and the Schedule of Audit</u> Findings

The results of the AUPs do not change the practitioner's separate responsibility to report significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, material noncompliance, etc. as part of the regular <u>audit</u> engagement. However, the practitioner should not include the AUP exceptions or a reference to the exceptions in the audit report's schedule of findings unless an AUP or internal audit exception rises to the level of a significant deficiency or material weakness and is included as a finding for purposes of the audit. Similarly, AUP exceptions should not be copied and pasted as findings in the LLA report submission portal unless they are addressed as findings in the audit report.

Knowledge of Matters Outside Agreed-Upon Procedures

Under the attestation standards, the practitioner need not perform procedures beyond the procedures agreed to and acknowledged by the engaging party to be appropriate for the intended purpose of the engagement. If, in connection with the application of the procedures and through the completion of the engagement, matters come to the practitioner's attention by other means that significantly contradict the subject matter referred to in the practitioner's report, the practitioner should discuss the matter with the engaging party and take appropriate action, including determining whether the practitioner's report should be revised to disclose the matter. While the reporting of these matters within the AUP report is at the practitioner's discretion, the practitioner still has an obligation to consider the associated risk/noncompliance as part of the <u>audit</u>.

If the practitioner has gained "knowledge of matters outside agreed-upon procedures" related to fraud, theft, or the pledge/loan/donation of public funds (LA Const. Art. 7, Section 14²), and the practitioner does not include these matters in either the AUP report or in the audit report, the practitioner **MUST** contact the LLA to discuss before submitting the reports.

² Article 7, Section 14 of the Louisiana Constitution prohibits the loan, pledge, or donation of funds, credit, property, or things of value (e.g. cash advances or non-business purchases, regardless of whether they were reimbursed).

<u>Applicability of AUPs – Local Governments and Quasi-Public Entities</u>

These AUPs are applicable to all local governments and quasi-public entities defined in R.S. 24:513(A)(1)(b) paragraphs i through iii and v as follows:

- i. An organization, either not-for-profit or for-profit, created by the state of Louisiana or any political subdivision or agency thereof, any special district or authority, or unit of local government to perform a public purpose.
- ii. An organization, either not-for-profit or for-profit, that is a component unit of a governmental reporting entity, as defined under generally accepted accounting principles.
- iii. An organization, either not-for-profit or for-profit, created to perform a public purpose and having one or more of the following characteristics:
 - aa. The governing body is elected by the general public.
 - bb. A majority of the governing body is appointed by or authorized to be appointed a governmental entity or individual government official as a part of his official duties.
 - cc. The entity is the recipient of the proceeds of an ad valorem tax or general sales tax levied specifically for its operations.
 - dd. The entity is able to directly issue debt, the interest on which is exempt from federal taxation.
 - ee. The entity can be dissolved unilaterally by a governmental entity and its net assets assumed without compensation by that governmental entity.
- v. Any organization, either not-for-profit or for-profit, which is subject to the open meetings law and derives a portion of its income from payments received from any public agency or body.

For **multi-state quasi-public entities**, the AUPs are applicable for only Louisiana funds. For example, if a multi-state agency with Louisiana offices has a payroll function that is not funded with Louisiana funds, then the payroll AUP section would not be applicable.

<u>Applicability of AUPs - Component Units</u>

The scope of the AUPs applies to the primary reporting entity and is not required to be extended to discretely presented component units of the entity. However, entities that are discrete component units of a primary government <u>and</u> separately report to the LLA are individually subject to the AUPs. Discrete component units that separately report to the LLA but have portions of their operations performed by the primary government (payroll processing, for example) are exempt from those portions of the AUPs relating to the operations performed by the primary government: instead, AUPs performed at the primary government should address those areas.

Applicability of AUPs -Not-for-Profit Entities

These AUPs are applicable **to only the public funds** of not-for-profit entities defined in R.S. 24:513(B)(1)(b)(iv) as follows:

iv. Any not-for-profit organization that receives or expends any local or state assistance in any fiscal year. Assistance shall include grants, loans, transfers of property, awards, and direct appropriations of state or local public funds. Assistance shall not include guarantees, membership dues, vendor contracts for goods and services related to administrative support for a local or state assistance program, assistance to private or parochial schools except as provided in R.S. 17:4022, assistance to private colleges and universities, or benefits to individuals.

In addition, these AUPs are applicable to the not-for-profit entities defined in paragraph iv above only if their revenues and other sources of **public funds** total at least \$500,000. Only those AUP areas applicable to **public funds** administered by the not-for-profit entity are required to be included in the scope of the AUP engagement. The <u>Reporting Requirements for Not-for-Profit Organizations</u> document may be useful in identifying public assistance, calculating revenues and other sources of funds, and determining which type of report not-for-profit entities are required to submit to the LLA.

For **multi-state not-for-profit entities**, the AUPs are applicable for only Louisiana funds. For example, if a multi-state not-for-profit entity with New York offices has a payroll function that is funded with Louisiana funds, then the payroll AUP section would be applicable.

AUP Exemption - Single Audit

If either a governmental, quasi-public entity or not-for-profit entity (collectively known as "local auditee") has met the \$500,000 Audit Law threshold, and all or part of the entity's public funds are federal major program funds (either direct or pass-

through) tested under the entity's Single Audit during the fiscal period, the entity may exclude those AUP categories that are covered under federal program testing, regardless of whether the federal program testing includes the same procedures or sample sizes. For example, a not-for-profit entity that has one federal program subject to Single Audit testing may exclude credit cards, travel expenditures, non-payroll disbursements, contracts, and payroll and personnel if these areas are subject to testing under Allowable Costs and Procurement in the OMB Compliance Supplement; however, the entity would still be subject to other AUP areas that are not addressed in the OMB Compliance Supplement (e.g., board or finance committee, bank reconciliations). However, an entity that has other public funds not subject to testing under the Single Audit must still test those funds under the AUPs. In that situation, we recommend selecting sample sizes for the applicable AUP categories from the overall population of transactions and then removing those sample items that fall within Single Audit testing. Alternatively, the practitioner could apply a prorata ratio to the AUP sample sizes to accomplish the same goal.

<u>AUP Exemption - School or Student Activity Funds</u>

School or student activity fund accounts may be excluded from testing under the AUPs if they are otherwise addressed in a separately contracted audit or agreed-upon procedures engagement (which does not have to include the same procedures as in the AUPs). In this situation, the audit or agreed-upon procedures report is required to be submitted to the LLA as a separate engagement and is not required to be included in the pdf file with the practitioner's audit/AUP report.

<u>AUP Exemption - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds</u> <u>Recipients (CSLFR)</u>

LLA will not require a local auditee to provide for the statewide agreed-upon procedures report for fiscal years in which the local auditee would be required to provide for a review/attestation report, if not for the receipt of CSLFR funds. See Assistance Listing Number 21.027 table, as explained in Audit Risk Alert 46. https://cms.lla.la.gov/assets/lagag/audit-risk-alert-no.-46-change-in-sa-and-saup-requirement-for-cslfrfrecipients-table.pdf

Other Entities Exempt from the AUPs

State entities whose financial information is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the State of Louisiana are exempt from the AUPs below.

Private and parochial schools, as well as university foundations, facility corporations, and booster associations, are specifically excluded by law from having to provide

audit reports to the LLA and are exempt from the AUPs. Real estate for-profit limited partnership entities are exempt from the AUPs based on the nature of their operations.

Statewide AUPs Compared with Other Required AUP Types

Please note that the statewide AUPs included in this document apply only to local governments and quasi-public entities that meet the requirement to have an audit under the Audit Law. The LLA also has 3 other types of agreed-upon procedures engagements that should not be confused with the statewide AUPs, as follows:

- State entity (not "statewide") agreed-upon procedures are required for certain engagements for entities that are included in the state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. These engagements are contracted directly by the LLA's Financial Audit Services group and do not apply to local governments or quasi-public entities.
- Review/Attest engagements include agreed-upon procedures for local governments and quasi-public entities that differ from the statewide AUPs and apply only to those entities that receive public funds of at least \$200,000 but not more than \$499,999.
- Department of Education Performance Measures AUPs are required for school boards and charter schools.

More than one set of agreed-upon procedures may be required, depending on whether each criterion above has been met. For example, a parish school board with public funds of \$500,000 or greater would be subject to both the statewide AUPs and the Department of Education Performance Measures AUPs.

Options and Alternatives

The practitioner may avoid duplication of existing audit procedures by using the same transactions for both audit and AUP purposes. For example, if the AUPs indicate that 10 random transactions should be selected and the practitioner would otherwise plan to test 25 random transactions as part of the entity's audit, the practitioner may use the same 10 transactions for both the audit and the AUP engagement.

To avoid creating an undue burden on practitioners, the AUPs may be performed for a 12-month "fiscal period" that does not coincide with the entity's fiscal year, as long as the 12-month fiscal period is no more than 3 months prior to the end of the entity's fiscal year. For example, the practitioner may perform AUPs for the fiscal period April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023 for an entity with a fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. All AUPs will reference "fiscal period" to mean the 12-months covered by the

AUPs. If the entity elects to change its "fiscal period," the subsequent year of AUP testing must not leave a gap between fiscal periods. For example, a change from a March 31 fiscal period end to a June 30 fiscal period end would require a 15-month AUP engagement in the year of change.

Using the Work of Internal Auditors or Other Practitioners

In compliance with SSAE 19, the procedures to be enumerated or referred to in the practitioner's report should be performed by the engagement team or other practitioners and not by internal auditors.

Internal auditors may prepare schedules and accumulate data or provide other information for the practitioner's use in performing the procedures. Also, internal auditors may perform and report separately on procedures that they have carried out. Such procedures may be similar to those that a practitioner may perform under this section.

A practitioner may perform procedures on information documented in the working papers of internal auditors. For example, the practitioner may do the following:

- Repeat all or some of the procedures, or
- Determine whether the internal auditor's documentation indicates procedures performed and whether the findings documented are presented in a report by the internal auditors.

It is inappropriate for the practitioner to do the following:

- Merely read the internal auditors' report solely to describe or repeat their findings;
- Take responsibility for all or a portion of any procedures performed by internal auditors by reporting those findings as the practitioner's own; or
- Report in any manner that implies shared responsibility for the procedures with the internal auditors.

The practitioner must include a copy (or copies if the internal auditor has multiple reports that address AUP procedures) of the internal auditor's procedures performed and findings observed when submitting the audit report and AUP report to the LLA. In this situation, all three reports should be submitted to the LLA as one pdf file, and all three reports will be issued by the LLA as a public document. If the practitioner believes the AUPs collectively cannot be performed based on the nature of the entity's operations, please contact the LLA to request an exemption to the AUPs. If a specific

procedure cannot be performed based on the nature of the entity's operations, an equivalent procedure may be substituted (e.g., alternate sampling population, alternate method of compiling documentation) at the practitioner's discretion. The substitute procedure is required to be included in the AUP report in place of the original procedure, and this change in procedures may require the practitioner to update his or her client engagement agreement accordingly.

Special Consideration for School Boards

For school boards only, the practitioner should consider the deposit site and collection location to be the same if there is a central person (secretary or bookkeeper) through which collections are deposited. The practitioner is required to test documentation at the secretary/bookkeeper level only and is not required to test for completeness of revenues relative to classroom collections by teachers.³

³ This exclusion would also apply to procedure #4D(i) below.

PROCEDURES

Report all findings to the following procedures, either after each procedure or after all procedures, within each of the fourteen AUP categories. "Random" selections may be made using Microsoft Excel's random number generator or an alternate method selected by the practitioner that results in an equivalent sample (e.g., those methods allowed under the AICPA Audit Guide - *Audit Sampling*).

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:⁴
 - i. **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

The budgeting process is completed in Questica, a budget software. The Executive Director (ED) completes and enters the budget information and promotes to the RD (RD) for review and approval. Once approved by the RD, the budget is promoted to the Budget Office, where it is reviewed, approved, and promoted to the CEO. Once CEO reviews and approves the budget it is promoted to the local Board for review and approval. Upon Local Board approval, the budget is promoted to the National Budget Committee for approval. Budget amendments are initiated by AMIkids CFO when contracts/grants are altered by the contracting agency/grantor, and amendments are subject to the same approval process.

Monitoring of the budget is accomplished by providing the program with monthly financial statements. The ED reviews key issues and explains budget variances. The financial statements are discussed at each local Board meeting.

In addition, Internal Audit (IA) performs a high-level budget variance analysis that is used as part of the testing methodology during scheduled audits. Included as part of the test work is a review of program Board minutes where it is noted that the budget has been approved.

⁴ For governmental organizations, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to the organization's operations. For quasi-public organizations, including nonprofits, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to public funds administered by the quasi-public.

No exceptions noted.

ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Per the Finance Manual Purchase Orders (PO's) are to be prepared and approved by the ED for all purchases over \$1,000 and further supported by three competitive bids for all non-routine/non-recurring expenditures. POs are required to be two-part forms with one part given to the vendor and one part retained by the program. PO copies are not submitted to Finance for payment processing. POs are not required for routine/recurring purchases. IA does not test PO process as PO copies are not submitted and filed in the invoice files in the Finance Department. In addition, most Accounts Payable (AP) disbursements are routine or recurring in nature. IA does, however, ask to view bids for expenditures over \$1,000 as part of the test process.

The lack of purchase orders in the AP process is not considered a significant control deficiency given the nature of the program's expenses. However, all AP disbursements require ED's approval. Non-routine, non-recurring AP disbursements over \$2,500 require the additional approval of the RD and the Board of Directors.

iii. **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

Invoices are received at the program, scanned to the Sage accounting software by the Business Manager (BM), routed to the ED, who reviews and approves them, and subsequently routed in Sage to the Home Office (HO) AP staff for review and payment. Significant purchases greater than \$2,500 (beyond regular budgeted or business-related expenses) require the advance approval of the RD and program Board.

iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

Cash collection (checks) can be received by either the program BM and or the ED. All cash receipts are listed on a Daily Cash Receipts Log (DCRL), signed and approved by ED, uploaded to Sage and routed to Finance for posting to the GL. Submission to Finance includes a copy of the check, deposit receipt and any other pertinent documentation received with the check. As stated previously, bank statements are

received directly from the financial institution at Finance for reconciliation. Physical cash receipts are rare and immaterial. Note, the program's main deposit activity is through ACH credits from the AMIkids Home Office (HO).

Payroll/Personnel, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

Payroll is handled at the Home Office by the Payroll Administrator. AMIkids, Inc. uses UKG, workforce management and human resource management services software for payroll processing and payroll records storage. Each employee enters time into a timesheet in UKG, upon timesheet submission, the system routes it to the employee's manager, who reviews and approves the timesheet. The time off requests are processed in the same manner in UKG. Approved payroll records are forwarded in the UKG to the Payroll Manager at the Home Office. The Payroll Manager runs time reports, reviews for accuracy, and resolves any discrepancies with the programs. HR runs the approved timesheet reports, reviews, and resolves any discrepancies with the program. Once all discrepancies are resolved with the program, the Payroll Manager runs payroll reports, reviews the payroll pre-check summary for exceptions, verifies time, reviews payroll summaries, and makes necessary adjustments. Upon completion of the verification process, the Payroll Manager reruns the pre-check summary again and completes final verification. Upon completion, the Payroll Manager runs payroll calculation in the UKG and contacts the Controller, who completes the payroll process.

Employees rates of pay are maintained at the HR Home Office and are approved by the ED. Offer letters with approved employee pay rates are stored in the employee file within UKG.

v. **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

The Finance Manual addresses leases, independent contractors, rental agreements and promissory notes. All contracts must be in writing and include an "out clause". Significant contracts require obtaining three bids. The ED must get the RD approval, AMIkids Support Services approval, and Board approval. Monitoring contracts is the responsibility of the ED. Contracts are monitored indirectly by Finance AP and staff accounting functions. Suring program audit, IA selects a sample of contracts for approval and reviews payments made under the contract.

vi. **Travel and Expense Reimbursement**, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

The Finance Manual defines allowable expenses, dollar thresholds for meals and documentation requirements. The ED approves staff expense reports and the ED's expenses are approved by the RD.

vii. **Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)**, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

The Finance Manual addresses security over the use and storage of credit cards, defines allowable uses and documentation in support of charges. All credit cards statements are required to be approved by the ED and subsequently submitted to AMIkids Home Office AP function for final review and subsequent payment.

viii. **Ethics**⁵, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

NA -Section not applicable to AMIkids Acadiana.

ix. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

NA - Acadiana does not issue debt instruments.

x. **Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity**, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

AMIkids has a formal IT policy that addresses items (1) through (6), above. No exceptions.

⁵ The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the nonprofit should have written policies and procedures relating to ethics.

xi. **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

AMIkids Acadiana adheres to the AMIkids, Inc. HRES1001 Team Member Reference Guide which contains Anti-Discrimination and Harassment policy. The staff is required to complete an annual sexual harassment training and the Home Office Training Manager retains proof of the annual training completion.

AMIkids does not issue an annual report on sexual harassment prevention as AMIkids is a non-profit, not a government entity.

2) Board or Finance Committee⁶

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
 - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds⁷, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds⁸ if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
 - iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to

⁶ These procedures are not applicable to entities managed by a single elected official, such as a sheriff or assessor.

⁷Proprietary fund types are defined under GASB standards and include enterprise and internal service funds. The related procedure addresses these funds as a way to verify that boards are provided with financial information necessary to make informed decisions about entity operations, including proprietary operations that are not required to be budgeted under the Local Government Budget Act. ⁸ R.S. 24:513 (A)(1)(b)(iv) defines public funds.

management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.⁹

The Board typically meets monthly to review financial results including budget-to-actual variances along with program management's explanation for the variances.

There were no audit findings reported in last year's program audit.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts ¹⁰ (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

AMIkids Acadiana has only one general account that is used in daily operations. Review of the 3/31/23 bank reconciliation noted it was prepared within 2 months of the statement date.

Bank statements are received at the AMIkids Home Office (HO) unopened from the financial institution and reconciled by HO Finance staff. The reconciliations are reviewed by second Finance staff member.

There were no reconciling items outstanding for more than 12 months. No exceptions.

⁹ No exception is necessary if management's opinion is that the cost of taking corrective action for findings related to improper segregation of duties or inadequate design of controls over the preparation of the financial statements being audited exceeds the benefits of correcting those findings. ¹⁰ Accounts selected may exclude savings and investment accounts that are not part of the entity's daily business operations.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)11

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites¹² for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

NA, the Acadiana program location is the only deposit site. Collections typically consist of checks only. Receipt of actual cash is minimal and rare. Receipts are issued for any cash received at the school. Due to the immaterial amounts, formal testing of actual cash receipts processing is not performed by IA.

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations¹³ and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that
 - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;

Program does not use cash drawers/registers.

ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., prenumbered receipts) to the deposit;

Cash collection (checks) can be received by either the program BM and or the ED. All cash receipts are listed on a Daily Cash Receipts Log (DCRL), signed, and approved by ED and submitted to Finance for posting to the General Ledger. Submission to Finance includes a copy of the check, deposit receipt and any other pertinent documentation received with the check. As stated previously, bank statements are received directly from the financial institution at HO Finance for reconciliation. Physical cash receipts are rare and immaterial.

Note, the program's main deposit activity is through ACH credits from the Home Office.

¹¹ The Collections category is not required to be performed if the entity has a third-party contractor performing all collection functions (e.g., receiving collections, preparing deposits, and making deposits).

¹² A deposit site is a physical location where a deposit is prepared and reconciled.

¹³ A collection location is a physical location where cash is collected. An entity may have one or more collection locations whose collections are brought to a deposit site for deposit. For example, in a school district a collection location may be a classroom and a deposit site may be the school office. For school boards only, the practitioner should consider the deposit site and collection location to be the same if there is a central person (secretary or bookkeeper) through which collections are deposited.

No exceptions.

- iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and (see ii above)
- iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation. (see ii above)
- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.
 - AMIkids HO carries Fiduciary and Crime Liability coverage for the program. In addition, all employees must pass a criminal background screening prior to employment and again every 5 years thereafter.
- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered. 14
 - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt¹⁵ at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

We've selected the following deposits for testing:

1/30/23, \$10,283.49. Deposit was traced to a DCRL and to the deposit receipt dated 1/30/23 and created to the bank account on the same date. Deposit was traced to GL on 1/31/23.

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¹⁴ The practitioner is not required to test for completeness of revenues relative to classroom collections by teachers.

¹⁵ As required by Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1212.

6/27/22, \$5,009.17. Deposit was traced to a DCRL and to the deposit receipt dated 6/27/22 and created to the bank account on the same date. Deposit was traced to GL on 6/27/2022. No exceptions.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
 - iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
 - iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
 - v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

[Note: Findings related to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]

At the program, the BM opens invoices, enters the transaction to Sage, enters the vendor, scans the related invoice to Sage, financial system. The system automatically routes the invoice to the ED for approval and then the invoice is automatically forwarded to the HO Account Payable (AP) personnel review the invoices for approval, proper coding and other required support as needed. HO AP then generates a check that is sent to the vendors, some bills are paid via ACH.

Any exceptions noted during the review at AP are resolved before Finance processing the payment.

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
 - ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.

Disbursements are processed through the Acadiana location only.

D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

IA randomly chose five (5) transactions for the audit period and tested for the items a-b above. There were no exceptions noted with respect to the test items above.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards¹⁶. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
 - Program has three (3) credit cards WEX Fuel, Lowe's, and Office Depot. Cards are issued in the name of the program.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card,

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¹⁶ Including cards used by school staff for either school operations or student activity fund operations.

randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and

- i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
- ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection)¹⁷. For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

For items B and C: IA selected three monthly statements as follows: Office Deport – November 2022, Chevron Gas Card – May 2022, and Lowe's – January 2023. All transactions listed on each statement included supporting documentation and statements were reviewed and electronically signed by the RD.

Office Depot and Lowe's card included late fees. Management was informed and reminded to ensure bills are paid on time to avoid late fees.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements¹⁸ (excluding card transactions)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid

¹⁷ For example, if 3 of the 5 cards selected were fuel cards, transactions would only be selected for each of the 2 credit cards. Conceivably, if all 5 cards randomly selected under procedure #7B were fuel cards, procedure #7C would not be applicable.

¹⁸ Non-travel reimbursements are not required to be inspected under this category.

expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected

- If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
- ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
- iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Reviewed five (5) expense reimbursements. None had per diem charges. All reimbursements had relevant supporting documentation attached, were for the program business needs, and reviewed/approved by the RD of ED. No exceptions.

8) Contracts

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and
 - i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law¹⁹ (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
 - ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
 - iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that

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¹⁹ If the entity has adopted the state Procurement Code, replace "Louisiana Public Bid Law" with "Louisiana Procurement Code."

amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and

iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Program did not have any local contracts initiated or renewed during the audit period.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials²⁰ employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials²¹ documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
 - ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
 - iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
 - iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

IA tested five (5) random current employees. All reviewed records were in compliance with items i-iv above. No exceptions.

C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the

²⁰ "Officials" would include those elected, as well as board members who are appointed.

²¹ Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.

pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

IA tested records as described above for two (2) employees terminated during the fiscal year. No exceptions were noted.

D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

IA tested five (5) random current employees and obtained management representation as described above. For one (1) of five (5) tested current employees, short term disability contribution was not deducted accurately. Management was informed about this discrepancy and is working on the resolution.

10) *Ethics* ²²

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
 - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Does not apply to the program as AMIkids is a non-governmental entity.

11) Debt Service²³

A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt

²² The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the procedures should be performed.

²³ This AUP category is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities. However, if applicable, the procedures should be performed.

- instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

The program does not have a debt service.

12) Fraud Notice²⁴

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
 - Does not apply to the program as AMIkids is a non-governmental entity.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.
 - During the program visit on June 20,2023, we observed the notice posted in the common area at the program.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, **verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."** Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
 - i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for

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²⁴ Observation may be limited to those premises that are visited during the performance of other procedures under the AUPs and the notice is available for download at www.lla.la.gov/hotline

- testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
- ii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- C. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment²⁵

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

Reviewed the training records and confirmed the employees completed required sexual harassment training during the calendar year. No exceptions.

B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

All team members are informed of and provided information related to the organization sexual harassment policy as part of the Team Member Reference Guide (pp12-13) during the onboarding process.

AMIkids also provides a Report It hotline – to allow Team Members to voice their concerns. The Report It service, an independent, third-party hotline that provides a simple, risk-free way to anonymously and confidentially report concerns and/or policy violations. Report It contact information is also conspicuously posted in common staff areas of the program.

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²⁵ While it appears to be a good practice for charter schools to ensure it has policies and training for sexual harassment, charter schools do not appear required to comply with the Prevention of Sexual Harassment Law (R.S. 42:341 et seq). An individual charter school, through the specific provisions of its charter, may mandate sexual harassment training.

The sexual harassment policy is given to each new hire upon attachment to the program. The policy is also available on the program's intranet to which all employees have access.

- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements; There were 49emmployees during the audit period. 82%- 40 completed, 9 did not complete.
 - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;One (1)
 - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

None

iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

None

v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint. Approximately one (1) month.

The entity does not issue an annual sexual harassment report; AMIkids is a non-governmental entity.

AMIkids Baton Rouge INSTRUCTIONS

Introduction

The Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) has prescribed statewide agreed-upon procedures (AUPs) below, which are intended to represent a minimum level of additional work to be performed at those local entities (local governments and quasipublic organizations, including not-for-profit organizations) that meet the legal requirement to have an audit under the Audit Law¹ (i.e., public funds totaling \$500,000 or more in revenues and other sources). This update to the AUPs will be effective for those entities that have fiscal years ending December 31, 2022 through November 30, 2023 (Year 5).

The AUPs are not intended to address all areas of risk within an entity. Instead, they are designed to address those areas that have resulted in the most frequent incidents of fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

The AUPs are applicable to all fund types (governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, including custodial funds administered by sheriffs or other tax collectors). But see the Single Audit and School Activity Fund exemption sections following.

As has been in place since 2021, all entities not exempt from performing the AUPs as stated within the Applicability of AUPs section of this document are required to perform all AUP categories.

What's New?

- Procedure 2 (Board or Finance Committee): Added a Board oversight component to solving audit findings;
- Procedure 5 (Non-Payroll Disbursements): Added to observe that only authorized check signers approve the electronic disbursement of funds;
- Procedure 10 (Ethics): Added to inquire whether the agency has appointed an Ethics designee;
- Procedure 13 (Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity): Added to observe evidence that the agency's backup of critical data was not stored on the local server or network; and

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¹ R.S. 24:511-24:559

• Procedure 13 (Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity): Added to observe that terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

Additionally, edits have been made to other AUP categories, existing instructions, footnotes, and Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs).

Applicable Auditing Standards

The AUPs are to be performed in accordance with attestation standards (Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements; SSAEs) established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the AUP report must be attached with the audit report that is submitted to the Legislative Auditor's office (i.e., one pdf file submitted to the LLA rather than two). The AUPs are required to be performed by the same firm that performs the annual audit; accordingly, a separate "engagement approval form" for the statewide AUP engagement is **not required**. The LLA is considered to be a specified party to the AUP engagements and acknowledges that the procedures performed are appropriate for our purposes by our acceptance of the standard audit engagement approval forms.

Reporting AUP Findings

Findings are the factual results of the procedures performed, including sufficient details of any exceptions found. All exceptions found, other than those related to Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, are to be included in the AUP report with management's responses/corrective actions. To avoid potential conflicts with the attestation standards, we recommend that management prepare a single overall response to the AUP report. If management chooses **not** to respond to the AUP findings at all, the practitioner must include a statement that "management declined to respond to the findings or provide a plan of corrective action." If no exceptions are found when performing a procedure, "no exceptions were found as a result of this procedure" is an acceptable result in the AUP report.

To avoid the possible exposure of entity information technology vulnerabilities, we ask that results of the Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity AUP testing (Procedure 13) be discussed with management and **not shown within the AUP report**. Instead, we ask that each procedure under the Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity AUP category be followed by the statement, "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management." Note: The practitioner should maintain documentation of Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity AUP testing and subsequent results in the engagement workpapers.

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The LLA does not intend to penalize entities for exceptions that do not directly correspond to control risks. Accordingly, if the practitioner found exceptions within an AUP category, based strictly on the wording of the procedure, but the practitioner believes that compensating controls **fully** mitigated the underlying control risk, the entity may report no exceptions. The practitioner should maintain documentation of compensating controls in the engagement workpapers.

<u>Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Exceptions and the Schedule of Audit</u> Findings

The results of the AUPs do not change the practitioner's separate responsibility to report significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, material noncompliance, etc. as part of the regular <u>audit</u> engagement. However, the practitioner should not include the AUP exceptions or a reference to the exceptions in the audit report's schedule of findings unless an AUP or internal audit exception rises to the level of a significant deficiency or material weakness and is included as a finding for purposes of the audit. Similarly, AUP exceptions should not be copied and pasted as findings in the LLA report submission portal unless they are addressed as findings in the audit report.

Knowledge of Matters Outside Agreed-Upon Procedures

Under the attestation standards, the practitioner need not perform procedures beyond the procedures agreed to and acknowledged by the engaging party to be appropriate for the intended purpose of the engagement. If, in connection with the application of the procedures and through the completion of the engagement, matters come to the practitioner's attention by other means that significantly contradict the subject matter referred to in the practitioner's report, the practitioner should discuss the matter with the engaging party and take appropriate action, including determining whether the practitioner's report should be revised to disclose the matter. While the reporting of these matters within the AUP report is at the practitioner's discretion, the practitioner still has an obligation to consider the associated risk/noncompliance as part of the <u>audit</u>.

If the practitioner has gained "knowledge of matters outside agreed-upon procedures" related to fraud, theft, or the pledge/loan/donation of public funds (LA Const. Art. 7, Section 14²), and the practitioner does not include these matters in either the AUP report or in the audit report, the practitioner **MUST** contact the LLA to discuss before submitting the reports.

 $^{^2}$ Article 7, Section 14 of the Louisiana Constitution prohibits the loan, pledge, or donation of funds, credit, property, or things of value (e.g. cash advances or non-business purchases, regardless of whether they were reimbursed).

<u>Applicability of AUPs – Local Governments and Quasi-Public Entities</u>

These AUPs are applicable to all local governments and quasi-public entities defined in R.S. 24:513(A)(1)(b) paragraphs i through iii and v as follows:

- i. An organization, either not-for-profit or for-profit, created by the state of Louisiana or any political subdivision or agency thereof, any special district or authority, or unit of local government to perform a public purpose.
- ii. An organization, either not-for-profit or for-profit, that is a component unit of a governmental reporting entity, as defined under generally accepted accounting principles.
- iii. An organization, either not-for-profit or for-profit, created to perform a public purpose and having one or more of the following characteristics:
 - aa. The governing body is elected by the general public.
 - bb. A majority of the governing body is appointed by or authorized to be appointed a governmental entity or individual government official as a part of his official duties.
 - cc. The entity is the recipient of the proceeds of an ad valorem tax or general sales tax levied specifically for its operations.
 - dd. The entity is able to directly issue debt, the interest on which is exempt from federal taxation.
 - ee. The entity can be dissolved unilaterally by a governmental entity and its net assets assumed without compensation by that governmental entity.
- v. Any organization, either not-for-profit or for-profit, which is subject to the open meetings law and derives a portion of its income from payments received from any public agency or body.

For **multi-state quasi-public entities**, the AUPs are applicable for only Louisiana funds. For example, if a multi-state agency with Louisiana offices has a payroll function that is not funded with Louisiana funds, then the payroll AUP section would not be applicable.

Applicability of AUPs - Component Units

The scope of the AUPs applies to the primary reporting entity and is not required to be extended to discretely presented component units of the entity. However, entities that are discrete component units of a primary government <u>and</u> separately report to the LLA are individually subject to the AUPs. Discrete component units that separately report to the LLA but have portions of their operations performed by the primary government (payroll processing, for example) are exempt from those portions of the AUPs relating to the operations performed by the primary government: instead, AUPs performed at the primary government should address those areas.

Applicability of AUPs -Not-for-Profit Entities

These AUPs are applicable **to only the public funds** of not-for-profit entities defined in R.S. 24:513(B)(1)(b)(iv) as follows:

iv. Any not-for-profit organization that receives or expends any local or state assistance in any fiscal year. Assistance shall include grants, loans, transfers of property, awards, and direct appropriations of state or local public funds. Assistance shall not include guarantees, membership dues, vendor contracts for goods and services related to administrative support for a local or state assistance program, assistance to private or parochial schools except as provided in R.S. 17:4022, assistance to private colleges and universities, or benefits to individuals.

In addition, these AUPs are applicable to the not-for-profit entities defined in paragraph iv above only if their revenues and other sources of **public funds** total at least \$500,000. Only those AUP areas applicable to **public funds** administered by the not-for-profit entity are required to be included in the scope of the AUP engagement. The Reporting Requirements for Not-for-Profit Organizations document may be useful in identifying public assistance, calculating revenues and other sources of funds, and determining which type of report not-for-profit entities are required to submit to the LLA.

For **multi-state not-for-profit entities**, the AUPs are applicable for only Louisiana funds. For example, if a multi-state not-for-profit entity with New York offices has a payroll function that is funded with Louisiana funds, then the payroll AUP section would be applicable.

AUP Exemption - Single Audit

If either a governmental, quasi-public entity or not-for-profit entity (collectively known as "local auditee") has met the \$500,000 Audit Law threshold, and all or part of the entity's public funds are federal major program funds (either direct or pass-

through) tested under the entity's Single Audit during the fiscal period, the entity may exclude those AUP categories that are covered under federal program testing, regardless of whether the federal program testing includes the same procedures or sample sizes. For example, a not-for-profit entity that has one federal program subject to Single Audit testing may exclude credit cards, travel expenditures, non-payroll disbursements, contracts, and payroll and personnel if these areas are subject to testing under Allowable Costs and Procurement in the OMB Compliance Supplement; however, the entity would still be subject to other AUP areas that are not addressed in the OMB Compliance Supplement (e.g., board or finance committee, bank reconciliations). However, an entity that has other public funds not subject to testing under the Single Audit must still test those funds under the AUPs. In that situation, we recommend selecting sample sizes for the applicable AUP categories from the overall population of transactions and then removing those sample items that fall within Single Audit testing. Alternatively, the practitioner could apply a prorata ratio to the AUP sample sizes to accomplish the same goal.

<u>AUP Exemption - School or Student Activity Funds</u>

School or student activity fund accounts may be excluded from testing under the AUPs if they are otherwise addressed in a separately contracted audit or agreed-upon procedures engagement (which does not have to include the same procedures as in the AUPs). In this situation, the audit or agreed-upon procedures report is required to be submitted to the LLA as a separate engagement and is not required to be included in the pdf file with the practitioner's audit/AUP report.

<u>AUP Exemption - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds</u> <u>Recipients (CSLFR)</u>

LLA will not require a local auditee to provide for the statewide agreed-upon procedures report for fiscal years in which the local auditee would be required to provide for a review/attestation report, if not for the receipt of CSLFR funds. See Assistance Listing Number 21.027 table, as explained in Audit Risk Alert 46. https://cms.lla.la.gov/assets/lagag/audit-risk-alert-no.-46-change-in-sa-and-saup-requirement-for-cslfrfrecipients-table.pdf

Other Entities Exempt from the AUPs

State entities whose financial information is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the State of Louisiana are exempt from the AUPs below.

Private and parochial schools, as well as university foundations, facility corporations, and booster associations, are specifically excluded by law from having to provide

audit reports to the LLA and are exempt from the AUPs. Real estate for-profit limited partnership entities are exempt from the AUPs based on the nature of their operations.

Statewide AUPs Compared with Other Required AUP Types

Please note that the statewide AUPs included in this document apply only to local governments and quasi-public entities that meet the requirement to have an audit under the Audit Law. The LLA also has 3 other types of agreed-upon procedures engagements that should not be confused with the statewide AUPs, as follows:

- State entity (not "statewide") agreed-upon procedures are required for certain engagements for entities that are included in the state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. These engagements are contracted directly by the LLA's Financial Audit Services group and do not apply to local governments or quasi-public entities.
- Review/Attest engagements include agreed-upon procedures for local governments and quasi-public entities that differ from the statewide AUPs and apply only to those entities that receive public funds of at least \$200,000 but not more than \$499,999.
- Department of Education Performance Measures AUPs are required for school boards and charter schools.

More than one set of agreed-upon procedures may be required, depending on whether each criterion above has been met. For example, a parish school board with public funds of \$500,000 or greater would be subject to both the statewide AUPs and the Department of Education Performance Measures AUPs.

Options and Alternatives

The practitioner may avoid duplication of existing audit procedures by using the same transactions for both audit and AUP purposes. For example, if the AUPs indicate that 10 random transactions should be selected and the practitioner would otherwise plan to test 25 random transactions as part of the entity's audit, the practitioner may use the same 10 transactions for both the audit and the AUP engagement.

To avoid creating an undue burden on practitioners, the AUPs may be performed for a 12-month "fiscal period" that does not coincide with the entity's fiscal year, as long as the 12-month fiscal period is no more than 3 months prior to the end of the entity's fiscal year. For example, the practitioner may perform AUPs for the fiscal period April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023 for an entity with a fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. All AUPs will reference "fiscal period" to mean the 12-months covered by the

AUPs. If the entity elects to change its "fiscal period," the subsequent year of AUP testing must not leave a gap between fiscal periods. For example, a change from a March 31 fiscal period end to a June 30 fiscal period end would require a 15-month AUP engagement in the year of change.

Using the Work of Internal Auditors or Other Practitioners

In compliance with SSAE 19, the procedures to be enumerated or referred to in the practitioner's report should be performed by the engagement team or other practitioners and not by internal auditors.

Internal auditors may prepare schedules and accumulate data or provide other information for the practitioner's use in performing the procedures. Also, internal auditors may perform and report separately on procedures that they have carried out. Such procedures may be similar to those that a practitioner may perform under this section.

A practitioner may perform procedures on information documented in the working papers of internal auditors. For example, the practitioner may do the following:

- Repeat all or some of the procedures, or
- Determine whether the internal auditor's documentation indicates procedures performed and whether the findings documented are presented in a report by the internal auditors.

It is inappropriate for the practitioner to do the following:

- Merely read the internal auditors' report solely to describe or repeat their findings;
- Take responsibility for all or a portion of any procedures performed by internal auditors by reporting those findings as the practitioner's own; or
- Report in any manner that implies shared responsibility for the procedures with the internal auditors.

The practitioner must include a copy (or copies if the internal auditor has multiple reports that address AUP procedures) of the internal auditor's procedures performed and findings observed when submitting the audit report and AUP report to the LLA. In this situation, all three reports should be submitted to the LLA as one pdf file, and all three reports will be issued by the LLA as a public document. If the practitioner believes the AUPs collectively cannot be performed based on the nature of the entity's operations, please contact the LLA to request an exemption to the AUPs. If a specific

procedure cannot be performed based on the nature of the entity's operations, an equivalent procedure may be substituted (e.g., alternate sampling population, alternate method of compiling documentation) at the practitioner's discretion. The substitute procedure is required to be included in the AUP report in place of the original procedure, and this change in procedures may require the practitioner to update his or her client engagement agreement accordingly.

Special Consideration for School Boards

For school boards only, the practitioner should consider the deposit site and collection location to be the same if there is a central person (secretary or bookkeeper) through which collections are deposited. The practitioner is required to test documentation at the secretary/bookkeeper level only and is not required to test for completeness of revenues relative to classroom collections by teachers.³

³ This exclusion would also apply to procedure #4D(i) below.

PROCEDURES

Report all findings to the following procedures, either after each procedure or after all procedures, within each of the fourteen AUP categories. "Random" selections may be made using Microsoft Excel's random number generator or an alternate method selected by the practitioner that results in an equivalent sample (e.g., those methods allowed under the AICPA Audit Guide - *Audit Sampling*).

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:⁴
 - i. **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

The budgeting process is completed in Questica, a budget software. The Executive Director (ED) completes and enters the budget information and promotes to the Regional Director (RD) for review and approval. Once approved by the RD, the budget is promoted to the Budget Office, where it is reviewed, approved, and promoted to the Chief Executive Office (CEO). Once the CEO reviews and approves the budget it is promoted to the local Board for review and approval. Upon local Board approval, the budget is promoted to the National Budget Committee for approval. Budget amendments are initiated by AMIkids Chief Financial Officer (CFO) when contracts/grants are altered by the contracting agency/grantor, and amendments are subject to the same approval process.

Monitoring of the budget is accomplished by providing the program with monthly financial statements. The ED reviews key issues and explains budget variances. The financial statements are discussed at each local Board meeting.

In addition, Internal Audit (IA) performs a high-level budget variance analysis that is used as part of the testing methodology during scheduled audits. Included as part of the test work is a review of program Board minutes where it is noted that the budget has been approved.

⁴ For governmental organizations, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to the organization's operations. For quasi-public organizations, including nonprofits, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to public funds administered by the quasi-public.

No exceptions noted.

ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Per the Finance Manual, Purchase Orders (POs) are to be prepared and approved by the ED for all purchases over \$1,000 and further supported by three competitive bids for all non-routine/non-recurring expenditures. POs are required to be two-part forms with one part given to the vendor and one part retained by the program. PO copies are not submitted to Finance for payment processing. POs are not required for routine/recurring purchases. IA does not test the PO process as PO copies are not submitted and filed in the invoice files in the Finance Department. In addition, most Accounts Payable (AP) disbursements are routine or recurring in nature. IA does, however, ask to view bids for expenditures over \$1,000 as part of the test process.

The lack of purchase orders in the AP process is not considered a significant control deficiency given the nature of the program's expenses. However, all AP disbursements require ED's approval. Non-routine, non-recurring AP disbursements over \$2,500 require the additional approval of the RD and the Board of Directors.

iii. **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

Invoices are received at the program, scanned to the Sage accounting software by the Business Manager (BM), routed to the ED, who reviews and approves them, and subsequently routed in Sage to the Home Office (HO) AP staff for review and payment. Significant purchases greater than \$2,500 (beyond regular budgeted or business-related expenses) require the advance approval of the RD and program Board.

iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

Cash collection (checks) can be received by either the program BM and or the ED. All cash receipts are listed on a Daily Cash Receipts Log (DCRL), signed and approved by ED, uploaded to Sage and routed to Finance for posting to the GL. Submission to Finance includes a copy of the check, deposit receipt and any other pertinent documentation received with the check. As stated previously, bank statements are

received directly from the financial institution at Finance for reconciliation. Physical cash receipts are rare and immaterial. Note, the program's main deposit activity is through ACH credits from the AMIkids Home Office (HO).

Payroll/Personnel, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

Payroll is handled at the Home Office by the Payroll Administrator. AMIkids, Inc. uses UKG, workforce management and human resource management services software for payroll processing and payroll records storage. Each employee enters time into a timesheet in UKG, upon timesheet submission, the system routes it to the employee's manager, who reviews and approves the timesheet. The time off requests are processed in the same manner in UKG. Approved payroll records are forwarded in UKG to the Payroll Manager at the Home Office. The Payroll Manager runs time reports, reviews for accuracy, and resolves any discrepancies with the programs. HR runs the approved timesheet reports, reviews, and resolves any discrepancies with the program. Once all discrepancies are resolved with the program, the Payroll Manager runs payroll reports, reviews the payroll pre-check summary for exceptions, verifies time, reviews payroll summaries, and makes necessary adjustments. Upon completion of the verification process, the Payroll Manager reruns the pre-check summary again and completes final verification. Upon completion, the Payroll Manager runs payroll calculation in UKG and contacts the Controller, who completes the payroll process.

Employees rates of pay are maintained at the HR Home Office and are approved by the ED. Offer letters with approved employee pay rates are stored in the employee file within UKG.

v. **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

The Finance Manual addresses leases, independent contractors, rental agreements and promissory notes. All contracts must be in writing and include an "out clause". Significant contracts require obtaining three bids. The ED must get the RD approval, AMIkids Support Services approval, and Board approval. Monitoring contracts is the responsibility of the ED. Contracts are monitored indirectly by Finance AP and staff accounting functions. During program audit, IA selects a sample of contracts for approval and reviews payments made under the contract.

vi. **Travel and Expense Reimbursement**, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

The Finance Manual defines allowable expenses, dollar thresholds for meals and documentation requirements. The ED approves staff expense reports and the ED's expenses are approved by the RD.

vii. **Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)**, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

The Finance Manual addresses security over the use and storage of credit cards, defines allowable uses and documentation in support of charges. All credit cards statements are required to be approved by the ED and subsequently submitted to AMIkids Home Office AP function for final review and subsequent payment.

viii. **Ethics**⁵, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

NA -Section not applicable to AMIkids Baton Rouge.

ix. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

NA - AMIKids Baton Rouge does not issue debt instruments.

x. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

AMIkids has a formal IT policy that addresses items (1) through (6), above. No exceptions.

⁵ The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the nonprofit should have written policies and procedures relating to ethics.

xi. **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

AMIkids Baton Rouge adheres to the AMIkids, Inc. HRES1001 Team Member Reference Guide which contains Anti-Discrimination and Harassment policy. The staff is required to complete an annual sexual harassment training and the Home Office Training Manager retains proof of the annual training completion.

AMIkids does not issue an annual report on sexual harassment prevention as AMIkids is a non-profit, not a government entity.

2) Board or Finance Committee⁶

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
 - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds⁷, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds⁸ if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
 - iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to

⁶ These procedures are not applicable to entities managed by a single elected official, such as a sheriff or assessor.

⁷Proprietary fund types are defined under GASB standards and include enterprise and internal service funds. The related procedure addresses these funds as a way to verify that boards are provided with financial information necessary to make informed decisions about entity operations, including proprietary operations that are not required to be budgeted under the Local Government Budget Act.

⁸ R.S. 24:513 (A)(1)(b)(iv) defines public funds.

management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.⁹

The Board typically meets monthly to review financial results including budget-to-actual variances along with program management's explanation for the variances.

There were no audit findings reported in last year's program audit.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts ¹⁰ (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

AMIkids Baton Rouge has only one general account that is used in daily operations and one short-term CD account.

Review of the 3/31/23 bank reconciliations noted they were prepared within two (2) months of the statement dates.

Bank statements are received at the AMIkids Home Office (HO) unopened from the financial institution and reconciled by HO Finance staff. The reconciliations are reviewed by second Finance staff member.

⁹ No exception is necessary if management's opinion is that the cost of taking corrective action for findings related to improper segregation of duties or inadequate design of controls over the preparation of the financial statements being audited exceeds the benefits of correcting those findings. ¹⁰ Accounts selected may exclude savings and investment accounts that are not part of the entity's daily business operations.

There was one reconciling items outstanding for more than twelve (12) months: A small outstanding check for \$14.50 had not been cashed. IA noted it was later cleared via a journal entry. No exceptions.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)¹¹

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites¹² for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

NA, the Baton Rouge program location is the only deposit site. Collections typically consist of checks only. Receipt of actual cash is minimal and rare. Receipts are issued for any cash received at the program. Due to the immaterial amounts, formal testing of actual cash receipts processing is not performed by IA.

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations¹³ and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that
 - Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
 - Program does not use cash drawers/registers.
 - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., prenumbered receipts) to the deposit;

Cash collection (checks) can be received by either the program BM and or the ED. All cash receipts are listed on a Daily Cash Receipts Log (DCRL), signed, and approved by ED and submitted to Finance for posting to the General Ledger. Submission to Finance includes a copy of the check, deposit receipt and any other pertinent documentation

¹¹ The Collections category is not required to be performed if the entity has a third-party contractor performing all collection functions (e.g., receiving collections, preparing deposits, and making deposits).

¹² A deposit site is a physical location where a deposit is prepared and reconciled.

¹³ A collection location is a physical location where cash is collected. An entity may have one or more collection locations whose collections are brought to a deposit site for deposit. For example, in a school district a collection location may be a classroom and a deposit site may be the school office. For school boards only, the practitioner should consider the deposit site and collection location to be the same if there is a central person (secretary or bookkeeper) through which collections are deposited.

received with the check. As stated previously, bank statements are received directly from the financial institution at HO Finance for reconciliation. Physical cash receipts are rare and immaterial.

Note, the program's main deposit activity is through ACH credits from the Home Office.

No exceptions.

- iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and (see ii above)
- iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation. (see ii above)
- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.
 - AMIkids HO carries Fiduciary and Crime Liability coverage for the program. In addition, all employees must pass a criminal background screening prior to employment and again every 5 years thereafter.
- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered. 14
 - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt¹⁵ at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

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¹⁴ The practitioner is not required to test for completeness of revenues relative to classroom collections by teachers.

¹⁵ As required by Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1212.

v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

We've selected the following deposits for testing:

11/14/2022, \$50,000.00. Deposit was traced to a DCRL and to the deposit receipt/ACH dated 11/14/2022, and credited to the bank account on the same date. Deposit was traced to GL on 11/14/2022.

01/20/2023, \$10,000.00. Deposit was traced to a DCRL and to the deposit receipt dated 01/20/2023, and credited to the bank account on the same date. Deposit was traced to GL on 01/20/2023.

No exceptions.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
 - iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
 - iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
 - v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

[Note: Findings related to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]

At the program, the BM opens invoices, enters the transaction to Sage, enters the vendor, scans the related invoice to Sage, financial system. The system

automatically routes the invoice to the ED for approval and then the invoice is automatically forwarded to the HO Account Payable (AP) personnel review the invoices for approval, proper coding and other required support as needed. HO AP then generates a check that is sent to the vendors, some bills are paid via ACH.

Any exceptions noted during the review at AP are resolved before Finance processing the payment.

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
 - ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.

Disbursements are prepared at the Baton Rouge location and the payments are sent from the HO.

D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

IA randomly chose five (5) transactions for the audit period and tested for the Items a-b above. There were no exceptions noted with respect to the test items above.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card

numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards¹⁶. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

AMIKids Baton Rouge program has three (3) local credit cards: WEX Bank (fuel), Office Depot, and Sam's Club Credit (Synchrony).

- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
 - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
 - ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection)¹⁷. For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

For items B and C: IA selected three monthly statements as follows: WEX Bank: April 2023, Office Depot: September 2022, and Sam's Club: August 2022. All transactions listed on each statement included supporting documentation and statements were reviewed and electronically signed by the RD. The Office Depot statement included a late fee and finance charge.

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¹⁶ Including cards used by school staff for either school operations or student activity fund operations.

 $^{^{17}}$ For example, if 3 of the 5 cards selected were fuel cards, transactions would only be selected for each of the 2 credit cards. Conceivably, if all 5 cards randomly selected under procedure #7B were fuel cards, procedure #7C would not be applicable.

Management was informed and reminded to ensure bills are paid on time to avoid late fees.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements¹⁸ (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected
 - If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
 - ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
 - iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
 - iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Reviewed five (5) expense reimbursements. One had per diem charges. All reimbursements had relevant supporting documentation attached, were for the program business needs, and reviewed/approved by the RD of ED. No exceptions.

8) Contracts

A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and

¹⁸ Non-travel reimbursements are not required to be inspected under this category.

- Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law¹⁹ (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
- ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
- iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
- iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Program did not have any local contracts initiated or renewed during the audit period.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials²⁰ employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - Observe that all selected employees or officials²¹ documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
 - ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
 - iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
 - iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

¹⁹ If the entity has adopted the state Procurement Code, replace "Louisiana Public Bid Law" with "Louisiana Procurement Code."

²⁰ "Officials" would include those elected, as well as board members who are appointed.

²¹ Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.

IA tested five (5) random current employees. All reviewed records were in compliance with items i-iv above. No exceptions.

- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
 - IA tested records as described above for two (2) employees terminated during the fiscal year. No exceptions were noted.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

IA tested five (5) random current employees and obtained management representation as described above.

10) *Ethics*²²

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
 - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Does not apply to the program as AMIkids is a non-governmental entity.

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²² The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the procedures should be performed.

11) Debt Service²³

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

The program does not have a debt service.

12) Fraud Notice²⁴

A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

Does not apply to the program as AMIkids is a non-governmental entity.

B. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

During the program visit on June 21,2023, we observed the notice posted in the common area at the program.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management." Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent

²³ This AUP category is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities. However, if applicable, the procedures should be performed.

²⁴ Observation may be limited to those premises that are visited during the performance of other procedures under the AUPs and the notice is available for download at www.lla.la.gov/hotline

documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

- i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
- ii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- C. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management. No exceptions.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment²⁵

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
 - Reviewed the training records and confirmed the employees completed required sexual harassment training during the calendar year. No exceptions.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

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²⁵ While it appears to be a good practice for charter schools to ensure it has policies and training for sexual harassment, charter schools do not appear required to comply with the Prevention of Sexual Harassment Law (R.S. 42:341 et seq). An individual charter school, through the specific provisions of its charter, may mandate sexual harassment training.

All team members are informed of and provided information related to the organization sexual harassment policy as part of the Team Member Reference Guide (pp12-13) during the onboarding process.

AMIkids also provides a Report It hotline – to allow Team Members to voice their concerns. The Report It service, an independent, third-party hotline that provides a simple, risk-free way to anonymously and confidentially report concerns and/or policy violations. Report It contact information is also conspicuously posted in common staff areas of the program.

The sexual harassment policy is given to each new hire upon attachment to the program. The policy is also available on the program's intranet to which all employees have access.

- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements; *There were 18 employees during the audit period. 50% 9 completed, 9 did not complete.*
 - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;One (1)
 - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

None

iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

None

v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint. Approximately one (1) month.

The entity does not issue an annual sexual harassment report; AMIkids is a non-governmental entity.