Red River Waterway Commission

Natchitoches, Louisiana

December 31, 2020

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Established 1945

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Red River Waterway Commission Natchitoches, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Red River Waterway Commission, Natchitoches, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Red River Waterway Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.





To the Red River Waterway Commission Natchitoches, Louisiana

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Red River Waterway Commission, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of employer contributions, and notes to required supplemental information labeled "Required Supplemental Information" in the table of contents (Part I and Part II) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Red River Waterway Commission's basic financial statements. The schedule of per diem paid to Commission members and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the agency head are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.



To the Red River Waterway Commission Natchitoches, Louisiana

The schedule of per diem paid to Commission members and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the agency head are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of per diem paid to Commission members and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the agency head are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 25, 2021 on our consideration of the Red River Waterway Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Red River Waterway Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Red River Waterway Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Layne, Mome Hemnyton, LLT
Certified Public Accountants
Alexandria, Louisiana

May 25, 2021

Required Supplemental Information – Part I

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Red River Waterway Commission's (Commission) annual financial report offers readers a narrative overview and analysis of the financial performance of the Commission for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the Commission's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Red River Waterway Commission exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$107,765,564 (net position) as of December 31, 2020. This is an increase of \$3,614,858 from the prior year.

As of the close of the current year, the Red River Waterway Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$67,492,336. This is an increase of \$4,581,859 from the prior year. Thirty-nine (39%) percent of this total amount, or \$26,604,660, is unassigned and available for use within the Commission's designation and policies. This is an increase of \$1,022,756 from the prior year. The total general fund expenditures for the current year are 14% of the unassigned fund balance.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Commission's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the sum of the assets and deferred outflows of resources and the sum of the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused, compensated absences).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Commission that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Commission include public works, recreation and parks, and port development. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Commission are classified as governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Commission maintains two governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds for general and capital projects funds, both of which are considered to be major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 37.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Red River Waterway Commission, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$107,765,564 as of December 31, 2020.

A large portion of the Commission's net position (37%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure). The Commission uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The remaining balance of the Commission's net position represents resources that are used to maintain the capital assets and administrative expenses.

Summary Statement of Net Position

| December 31, | | 2020 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|----|-------------|-------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ | 68,170,816 | \$ 62,882,724 |
| Capital assets | | 40,578,785 | 41,546,249 |
| Total assets | | 108,749,601 | 104,428,973 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | 316,902 | 861,383 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Long-term liabilities | | 239,420 | 1,193,682 |
| Other liabilities | _ | 581,761 | 875,791 |
| Total liabilities | | 821,181 | 2,069,473 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | 479,758 | 70,440 |
| Net Position | | | |
| Invested in capital assets | | 40,578,785 | 41,546,249 |
| Restricted | | 35,725,619 | 40,486,350 |
| Unrestricted | | 31,416,160 | 21,117,844 |
| Total net position | \$ | 107,765,564 | \$ 103,150,443 |

The following table provides a summary of the Commission's operations for years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. For both years, the Commission was able to report positive balances in each category of net position.

Summary of Statement of Activities

| December 31, | | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|----|------------|-------------------|
| Revenues | | | |
| Program revenues | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 268,496 | \$ 222,966 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 686,297 | 300,640 |
| General Revenues | | | |
| Property taxes | | 10,611,314 | 10,453,625 |
| State revenue sharing | | 357,034 | 361,249 |
| Leases and royalties | | 364,097 | 351,493 |
| Investment earnings | | 669,767 | 811,036 |
| Miscellaneous | _ | 38,765 | (3,466) |
| Total revenues | | 12,040,997 | 11,973,937 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Public works, recreation and parks, and port development | _ | 9,380,932 | 16,691,651 |
| Change in net position | \$ | 3,614,858 | \$ (4,194,108) |

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental Fund

The focus of the Red River Waterway Commission's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Red River Waterway Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$67,492,336. Approximately 39% of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending, because it has already been committed or assigned to pay for capital assets, port infrastructure, or insurance.

Capital Assets

The Red River Waterway Commission's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2020, is \$40,578,785.

This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, infrastructure, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and boat ramps.

| December 31, | | 2020 | | 2019 |
|-------------------------------|----|----------------|----|--------------|
| Land | \$ | 16,984,052 | \$ | 16,984,052 |
| Construction in progress | | 1,063,397 | | 3,327,058 |
| Infrastructure | | 7,063,295 | | 7,063,295 |
| Land improvements | | 19,683,698 | | 19,639,178 |
| Buildings and improvements | | 5,329,096 | | 5,164,496 |
| Furniture and equipment | | 1,970,354 | | 1,864,097 |
| Boat ramps | _ | 13,763,438 | _ | 11,444,615 |
| Total capital assets | | 65,857,330 | | 65,486,791 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (25, 278, 545) | _ | (23,940,542) |
| Net capital assets | \$ | 40,578,785 | \$ | 41,546,249 |

Additional information on the Red River Waterway Commission's capital assets can be found in Note 6 Capital Assets in this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Commission considered all known and projected costs when preparing the budget for 2021. Total revenues for both funds is expected to decrease approximately \$3,353,702 from 2020 to 2021. 2020 total revenue included cost share funding from the Corps of Engineers and reimbursements from Louisiana Port Priority and CDBG that are not expected to reoccur in 2021. Expenditures for the capital projects fund are expected to increase approximately \$3,142,360 in 2021 due to the development of new capital projects. Expenditures in the general fund are expected to increase approximately \$524,682 in 2021.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Executive Director at P. O. Box 776, Natchitoches, Louisiana, 71458, call (318) 352-7446, or e-mail at colinbrown@redriverwaterway.com.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

Red River Waterway Commission Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities December 31, 2020

| | | Exhibit A |
|---|---|---|
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit and investments Receivables Restricted certificates of deposit Restricted receivables | | \$ 8,529,593 47,339,003 10,642,547 1,562,954 96,719 |
| Capital assets Nondepreciable Land Construction in progress | 16,984,052 1,063,397 | |
| Depreciable Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Boat ramps | 7,063,295 19,683,698 5,329,096 1,970,354 13,763,438 | |
| Less - accumulated depreciation Net Capital Assets Total Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources | (25,278,545) | <u>40,578,785</u> 108,749,601 |
| Deferred outflow of pension resources | | 316,902 |
| Liabilities Accounts payable Salaries and employee benefits payable Long-term liabilities Due within one year | | 107,106 474,655 |
| Compensated absences Due in more than one year Compensated absences Net pension liability Total Liabilities | | 133,123 96,120 10,177 821,181 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflow of pension resources | | 479,758 |
| Net Position | | ,,,,,,, |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted for | | 40,578,785 |
| Capital projects Unrestricted Total Net Position | | 35,725,619 31,461,160 \$ 107,765,564 |

Red River Waterway Commission Statement of Activities Governmental Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Exhibit B

| | | | Program Revenues | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----------|------------------|----------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|---|
| Functions/Programs | | Expenses | | arges for ervices | Gr | Capital ants and atributions | R | et (Expense) Revenue and nanges in Net Position |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | - | |
| Public works | \$ | 5,293,412 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | (5,293,412) |
| Recreation and parks | | 822,818 | | 268,496 | | 686,297 | | 131,975 |
| Port development | _ | 3,264,702 | _ | | • | | _ | (3,264,702) |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ | 9,380,932 | \$ | 268,496 | \$ | 686,297 | | (8,426,139) |
| General Revenues Taxes Ad valorem taxes State revenue sharing Leases and royalties Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues | | | | | | | | 10,611,314 357,034 364,097 669,767 38,785 12,040,997 |
| Change in Net Position | | | | | | | | 3,614,858 |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year, as | s R | estated | | | | | | 104,150,706 |
| Net Position, End of Year | | | | | | | \$ | 107,765,564 |

Fund Financial Statements

Red River Waterway Commission Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

Exhibit C

| | _G | eneral Fund | Pr | Capital ojects Fund | Go | Total overnmental Funds |
|--|----|--|----|---|----|---|
| Assets Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit and investments Receivables Due from other funds Restricted certificates of deposit | \$ | 1,725,761 21,843,886 3,716,500 - 1,562,954 | \$ | 6,803,832 25,495,117 6,926,047 348,499 | \$ | 8,529,593 47,339,003 10,642,547 348,499 1,562,954 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 28,849,101 | \$ | 39,573,495 | \$ | 68,422,596 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Salaries and employee benefits payable Total Liabilities | \$ | 36,315 348,499 256,673 641,487 | \$ | 70,791 - 217,982 288,773 | \$ | 107,106 348,499 474,655 930,260 |
| Fund Balances Restricted Capital projects Committed Insurance supplement Port development Unassigned Total Fund Balances | _ | 1,562,954 40,000 26,604,660 28,207,614 | | 39,284,722 - - - 39,284,722 | | 39,284,722 1,562,954 40,000 26,604,660 67,492,336 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ | 28,849,101 | \$ | 39,573,495 | \$ | 68,422,596 |

Red River Waterway Commission Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

| - | | | | |
|----|-----|---|----|--|
| Ex | 100 | п | 10 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | | \$ 67,492,336 |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: | | |
| Restricted receivables consist of accrued amounts for capital projects not considerd current financial resources. | | 96,719 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the fund financial statements. | | |
| Cost of capital assets Less - accumulated depreciation | 65,857,330 (25,278,545) | 40,578,785 |
| Deferred outflow of pension resources are not current assets or financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements. | | 316,902 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements. | | |
| Compensated absences payable Net pension asset (liability) | (229,243) (10,177) | (239,420) |
| Deferred inflow of pension resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements. | - | (479,758) |
| Net Position | | \$ 107,765,564 |

Red River Waterway Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Exhibit E

| | General Fund | | Capital Projects Fund | | Go | Total overnmental Funds |
|---|--------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|----|-------------------------------|
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Local sources | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ | 3,713,959 | \$ | 6,897,355 | \$ | 10,611,314 |
| State sources | | | | | | |
| State revenue sharing | | 124,962 | | 232,072 | | 357,034 |
| Federal sources | | _ | | 686,297 | | 686,297 |
| Leases and royalties | | 364,097 | | - | | 364,097 |
| Investment earnings | | 296,615 | | 373,152 | | 669,767 |
| Charges for services | | 268,496 | | - | | 268,496 |
| Miscellaneous revenues | | 30,870 | | - | | 30,870 |
| Total Revenues | | 4,798,999 | | 8,188,876 | | 12,987,875 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| Public works | | 2,761,551 | | 423,678 | | 3,185,229 |
| Recreation and parks | | 822,818 | | - | | 822,818 |
| Port development | | 40,000 | | 3,224,702 | | 3,264,702 |
| Capital outlay | | 151,874 | | 981,393 | | 1,133,267 |
| Total Expenditures | | 3,776,243 | | 4,629,773 | | 8,406,016 |
| , | | | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | | 1,022,756 | | 3,559,103 | | 4,581,859 |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, As Restated | | 27,184,858 | | 35,725,619 | | 62,910,477 |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ | 28,207,614 | \$ | 39,284,722 | \$ | 67,492,336 |

Red River Waterway Commission

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

| E | xh | ib | it | F |
|---|----|----|----|---|
| | | | | |

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 4,581,859

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in Governmental Funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.

| Capital outlays | 1,133,267 | |
|--|-------------|-----------|
| Less - projects completed on behalf of other governments | (665,453) | |
| Less - depreciation expense | (1,425,706) | (957,892) |

In the Statement of Activities, the gain or loss from the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, only proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of capital assets sold less the related accumulated depreciation.

(9,572)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(953,799)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts consumed during the year. In the governmental funds, however, these expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).

| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences accrued | 2,496 |
|--|---------|
| (Increase) decrease in net pension liability/asset accrued | 951,766 |

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 3,614,858

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Red River Waterway Commission (Commission) was created by Act No. 17 of the Louisiana Legislature in 1965 as a political body and corporation of the State of Louisiana, and the powers of the Commission are enumerated in LA Revised Statute (LSA-R.S.) 34:2301-2317. The Commission is not subject in any respect to the authority, control, or supervision of any regulatory body of the state or any political subdivision thereof.

The Commission is composed of all territories located within the parishes of Avoyelles, Rapides, Natchitoches, Red River, Grant, Bossier, and Caddo. It was created to establish, operate, and maintain a navigable waterway system extending from the vicinity of the confluence of the Red River with Old River and the Atchafalaya River northwestward in the Red River Valley to the state boundary. The commissioners administer the operations and responsibilities of the Commission in accordance with Louisiana statutes. Members of the Commission are appointed by the governor with one member from each parish being selected from the recommendations of the respective Police Juries, Levy Boards, and Red River Valley Association. The Secretary of the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD) serves as ex-officio chairman of the Red River Waterway Commission.

The Red River Waterway Commission, for financial purposes, includes all of the governmental funds relevant to the operations of the Commission. The financial statements presented do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the Commission.

The Division of Administration of the State of Louisiana has determined that the Commission is a primary government and not a component unit or agency of the state government for financial reporting purposes.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

The Commission's Basic Financial Statements consist of Government-Wide Financial Statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and Fund Financial Statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The Government-Wide Financial Statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report financial information for the Commission as a whole.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and general revenues, from business-type activities (if any), generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. The activity of internal service funds (if any), is eliminated to avoid duplicating revenues and expenses. The Commission does not have any business-type activities or internal service funds.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the governmental activities at year-end.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Commission's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The Statement of Activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) leasing, royalties, and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Commission and (2) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for charges for services is which function generates the revenue. For grants and contributions, the determining factor is to which functions the revenues are restricted. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Commission.

Fund Financial Statements – The accounting system is organized on the basis of funds. The financial transactions of the Commission are recorded in individual funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that include its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The various funds are grouped, in the financial statements in this report, into two major governmental funds as follows:

- General Fund The general operating fund of the Commission accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.
- Capital Projects Fund This fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The primary effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for all governmental funds which are reported as separate columns.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Commission. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds (if any) are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Commission considers all revenues, except ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing, available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Budgets are prepared and adopted using the same basis of accounting. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources (uses):

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and attach as an enforceable lien and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1993 requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Property taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December, January, and February of the current fiscal year. Revenue sharing is generally collected in three (3) equal installments in December, March, and May.

Intergovernmental revenues, leasing, royalties, and charges for services are recorded when the Commission is entitled to the funds.

Interest income on time deposits is recorded when the time deposits have matured and the interest is available.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability has been incurred.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Proceeds from the sale of land and surplus capital assets are accounted for as other financing sources (uses).

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Commission is excluded from the provisions of Act 504 of 1980 (Budget Act) by Attorney General Opinion 80-1561. The Commission has developed an expenditure budget for the operating and maintenance (general fund) and the construction (capital projects fund) in order to maintain improved control over expenditures. Revenues were not budgeted in detail but were assumed sufficient to cover the expenditures.

- a. Based on improved data, the budget is periodically amended and approved by the Board of Commissioners.
- b. The budgetary comparison schedule, a required supplemental schedule, for the general fund presents comparisons of legally adopted budgets with actual data on a budgetary basis is in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- c. Unused appropriations for annually adopted budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.
- d. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits, if any, with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Certificates of Deposit and Investments

The Commission's investments consist of direct U.S. Agency and Treasury obligations and certificates of deposit that have a maturity of more than three months when purchased. The U.S. Agency and Treasury obligations are stated at fair market value as of December 31, 2020. The certificates of deposit are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

The Commission does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Commission may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or time certificates of deposit of any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the State of Louisiana, investments as stipulated in Louisiana Revised Statute (RS) 33:2955, or any other federally insured investment.

Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, since ad valorem taxes are not considered fully collectible.

Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized and depreciated on a straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The Commission has adopted a capitalization threshold of \$500 for reporting purposes. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

assets, if any, are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes.

The Commission's capital assets are depreciated over the following useful lives:

| Asset Group | <u>Years</u> |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Furniture, fixtures, and equipment | 5 to 10 |
| Vehicles | 5 |
| Buildings | 40 |
| Land improvements and infrastructure | 20 to 30 |
| Boat ramps | 50 |
| Outdoor equipment | 20 |

Expenditures that extend the useful lives of capital assets beyond their initial estimated useful lives or improve their efficiency or capacity are capitalized, whereas expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds.

No provision is made for depreciation on capital assets in the fund financial statements since the full cost is expensed at the time of purchase or construction.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

In the governmental funds, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Employees earn and accumulate vacation and sick leave at various rates, depending on their years of service. The amount of vacation and sick leave that may be accumulated by each employee is unlimited. Upon termination, employees or their heirs are compensated for up to 300 hours of unused vacation leave at the employee's hourly rate of pay. Upon retirement, unused vacation leave in excess of 300 hours plus unused sick leave are used to compute retirement benefits. In addition, employees are due unused comp time in accordance with Commission policy.

Vested or accumulated sick or vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is recognized as a governmental fund liability and expenditure of the governmental functions/programs that will pay it. This includes payments that come due before the end of the reporting period upon the occurrence of employee resignation, retirement, or death that will be paid during the first month of the following year. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured. The full liability and related costs are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental funds are not reported in the Balance Sheet for the fund financial statements. All liabilities are included on the face of the Statement of Net Position in the government-wide financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently the Commission has only one that qualifies for reporting in this category: deferred outflow of pension resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. Currently the Commission has only one that qualifies for reporting in this category: deferred inflow of pension resources.

Net Position

The net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the net position's use is either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In cases where restricted and unrestricted monies are received by the Commission for the same function or purpose, the restricted monies are used first.

Fund Balances

Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances represent those portions of fund balance that are restricted to specific purposes by external parties, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which is the Board of Commissioners. Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balances. In cases where restricted and unrestricted monies are received by the Commission for the same function or purpose, the restricted monies are used first. Unrestricted monies are then spent in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Since the majority of the revenue in the capital projects fund is restricted by an external party, these funds are considered restricted. Therefore, the entire capital projects fund balance has been classified as restricted on the governmental fund balance sheet as of December 31, 2020.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Under state law, the Commission may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States. At December 31, 2020, the Commission had cash and cash equivalents of \$8,529,593.

Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

3. Certificates of Deposit and Investments

At year-end, the Commission had time deposits with a maturity over ninety days at the time of purchase. Investments consisted of bonds or notes issued or guaranteed by U.S. government instrumentalities with a Moody rating of AAA and held by the Red River Waterway Commission's agent in the Red River Waterway Commission's name. Certificates of deposit and investments are reported as follows:

| Certificates of deposit | \$ 18,974,102 |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| Restricted certificates of deposit | 1,562,954 |
| Investments | 28,364,901 |
| | \$ 48.901.957 |

The Red River Waterway Commission categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All investment types are valued using Level 1 inputs.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk:</u> For cash, cash equivalents, certificates of deposit, and investments, custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover its deposits. As of December 31, 2020, the Commission's certificates of deposit balance of \$20,536,605 was covered by depository insurance or collateral held by fiscal agent banks in the Commission's name. The Commission was not exposed to custodial credit risk at year-end.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

4. Receivables

| Ad valorem taxes receivable | \$ 10,486,303 |
|--|------------------|
| Revenue sharing receivables | 238,422 |
| Other receivables | 24,881 |
| Total receivables – governmental funds | 10,749,606 |
| Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts | (107,059) |
| Total net receivables – governmental funds | 10,642,547 |
| Restricted receivables | 96,719 |
| Total net receivables – government-wide | \$ 10,739,266 |

| Description | A | Ad Valorem Taxes | Revenue Sharing | | Other | | Total |
|--|----|---------------------|--------------------|----|--------|----|------------|
| General Fund | \$ | 3,632,735 | \$ 83,448 | \$ | 317 | \$ | 3,716,500 |
| Capital Projects Fund Total receivables – | - | 6,746,509 | 154,974 | - | 24,564 | 9 | 6,926,047 |
| governmental funds | \$ | 10,379,244 | \$ 238,422 | \$ | 24,881 | \$ | 10,642,547 |

5. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Due from/to other funds:

Individual balances due from/to other funds at December 31, 2020, are as follows:

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | Α | mount |
|-----------------------|--------------|----|---------|
| Capital Projects Fund | General Fund | \$ | 348,499 |

Balances at December 31, 2020, resulted from the routine lag between the dates that interfund goods or services are provided and reimbursable expenditures occur. Transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made to satisfy the balances.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, is as follows:

| Governmental Activities | | Balance at January 1, 2020 | _ | Increases | Decreases | | Balance at ecember 31, 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|-----------|-----------|----|-----------------------------|
| Capital assets not being depreciated | 1 | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 16,984,052 | \$ | _ | \$ - | \$ | 16,984,052 |
| Construction in progress | | 3,327,058 | | 981,393 | 3,245,054 | _ | 1,063,397 |
| Total Capital Assets Not Being | | | | | | | A |
| Depreciated | | 20,311,110 | | 981,393 | 3,245,054 | | 18,047,449 |
| Other Capital Assets | | | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | | 7,063,295 | | _ | - | | 7,063,295 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

| | Balance at January 1, 2020 | Increases | Decreases | Balance at December 31, 2020 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| Land improvements | 19,639,178 | 44,520 | | 19,683,698 |
| Buildings and improvements | 5,164,496 | 164,600 | - | 5,329,096 |
| Furniture and equipment | 1,864,097 | 203,532 | 97,275 | 1,970,354 |
| Boat ramps | 11,444,615 | 2,318,823 | | 13,763,438 |
| Total Other Capital Assets | 45,175,681 | 2,731,475 | 97,275 | 47,809,881 |
| Less | | | | |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | |
| Infrastructure | 5,460,697 | 156,558 | - | 5,617,255 |
| Land improvements | 10,663,981 | 742,721 | _ | 11,406,702 |
| Buildings and improvements | 2,793,963 | 135,984 | (- | 2,929,947 |
| Furniture and equipment | 1,356,487 | 115,174 | 87,703 | 1,383,958 |
| Boat ramps | 3,665,414 | 275,269 | | 3,940,683 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | 23,940,542 | 1,425,706 | 87,703 | 25,278,545 |
| Other Capital Assets, Net | 21,235,139 | 1,305,769 | 9,572 | 22,531,336 |
| Governmental Activities Capital | | | | |
| Assets, Net | \$ 41,546,249 | \$ 2,287,162 | \$ 3,254,626 | \$ 40,578,785 |

Current year depreciation expense in the amount of \$1,425,706 was charged to public works expenditures.

Capital assets, when declared as surplus by the Commission, no longer have any service utility and are reported as an impairment loss in the Statement of Activity. During 2020, impaired capital assets with a gross carrying amount of \$97,275 were declared as surplus with a net carrying amount of \$9,572 being reported as an impairment loss. At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of idle impaired capital assets amounted to \$71,177.

7. Long-term Liabilities (Assets)

The following is a summary of the long-term liabilities (assets) for the year ended December 31, 2020:

| | t Pension ility (Asset) | | mpensated bsences | | Total |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----|-----------------------|----|---------------------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ 961,943 | \$ | 231,739 | \$ | 1,193,682 |
| Additions | - | | 130,627 | | 130,627 |
| Deductions | (951,766) | | (133, 123) | | (1,084,889) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ 10,177 | \$ | 229,243 | \$ | 239,420 |
| | 3alance 2/31/20 | | ue within one year | | ue in more an one year |
| Net pension liability (asset) | \$ 10,177 | \$ | - | \$ | 10,177 |
| Compensated absences | 229,243 | • | 133,123 | • | 96,120 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

8. Ad Valorem Taxes

The Commission (a multi-parish Commission) authorized and levied ad valorem tax millage of 2.34 for the year ended December 31, 2020. The millage is allocated sixty-five percent (65%) to capital outlay and thirty-five percent (35%) to maintenance as follows:

| | | | Expiration |
|--|------------|--------|------------|
| | Authorized | Levied | Date |
| Capital outlay (Capital Projects Fund) | 1.52 | 1.52 | Indefinite |
| Maintenance (General Fund) | .82 | .82 | Indefinite |

Ad valorem taxes are recorded as receivables and revenues in the year assessed, net of an estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$107.059.

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020, the property tax calendar was approximately as follows:

| Levy date | November 15, 2020 |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Due date | December 31, 2020 |
| Delinquent date | January 1, 2021 |
| Lien date | January 1, 2021 |

The Commission is subject to a number of tax abatement agreements entered into by other governments that reduce the ad valorem tax revenues of the Commission. These abatements are based on undepreciated values of various contracts as reported by Louisiana Economic Development and the tax assessors of all seven parishes. The estimated amount of ad valorem taxes abated through indirect agreements is \$790,706.

9. Leases

The Commission leases out land throughout all seven parishes. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the total amount received was \$353,731. The leases are either public bid leases or leasebacks and cover a period of five years. The lessee of a public bid lease has the option to lease the land for an additional five years with a maximum of ten years. The lessee of a leaseback has the option to lease the land for an additional five years with no maximum number of years. The leases are reported as revenue when the lease is billed to the lessee annually on the applicable renewal date.

10. Net Position and Fund Balances

Restricted Fund Balances/Net Position

In accordance with the provisions of the ad valorem tax propositions passed by the voters in all seven parishes, the Commission has a \$39,284,722 restriction on total fund balance and \$35,725,619 on total net position for capital projects of the Commission from enabling legislation. This restriction is in the capital projects fund and is a result from the wording of the ad valorem tax resolution approved by voters.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The Commission has entered into certain intergovernmental cooperative agreements for the development of ports using the capital projects funds. Therefore, the Commission has designated and expended the following amounts to date:

| Port | Designations | | Expended | | Balance | |
|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Caddo-Bossier | \$ | 3,755,500 | \$ | 3,248,151 | \$ | 507,349 |
| Natchitoches | | 701,010 | | 428,807 | | 272,203 |
| | \$ | 4,456,510 | \$ | 3,676,958 | \$ | 779,552 |

Committed Fund Balances

The Commission has formally designated fund balances by recording them as committed fund balances on the fund financial statements. These amounts are included in unrestricted net position on the government-wide financial statements.

The Commission committed \$1,562,954 of its fund balance to supplement the high cost of liability insurance and be used primarily to offset the higher deductible used to obtain lower premiums on its primary liability coverage.

The Commission also committed \$40,000 of its fund balance for port development.

11. Retirement Systems

Substantially all employees of the Commission are required by state law to belong to the retirement plan administered by the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS), which is administered on a state-wide basis. PERS is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the Commission are members of Plan A.

Plan Description

Qualifying employees of the Commission are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS). PERS was established and provided for by Sections 1901 through 2025 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LRS. 11:1901-2025). PERS provides retirement benefits to employees of taxing districts of a parish, or any branch or section of a parish, within the state which does not have their own retirement system and which elect to become members of PERS. Plan A was designated for employers out of Social Security. Plan B was designated for those employers that remained in Social Security on the revision date. The Commission only participates in Plan A. The information below applies only to Plan A.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information and plan documents for detail eligibility requirements.

PERS issues a publicly available financial report that is available for download at www.persla.org.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Eligibility Requirements

All permanent parish government employees (except those employed by Orleans, Lafourche, and East Baton Rouge Parishes) who work at least 28 hours a week shall become members on the date of employment. New employees meeting the age and Social Security criteria have up to 90 days from the date of hire to elect to participate.

As of January 1997, elected officials, except coroners, justices of the peace, and parish presidents may no longer join the System.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. PERS provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

1. Retirement

Normal Retirement – Any member of Plan A can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria. Members hired prior to January 1, 2007, may retire at the earliest of age sixty-five (65) with a minimum of seven (7) years of creditable service, age sixty (60) with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service, age fifty-five (55) with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service, or at any age with thirty (30) years or more of creditable service. Members hired after January 1, 2007, may retire at the age of sixty-seven (67) with seven (7) years of service, age sixty-two (62) with ten (10) years of service, or age fifty-five (55) with thirty (30) years of service.

Benefit Formula – Generally, the monthly amount of retirement allowance of any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent (3%) of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his/her years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions, as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

2. Survivor Benefits

Upon the death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service who is not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children, as outlined in the statutes. Any member of Plan A, who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an automatic Option 2 benefit, as outlined in the statutes.

3. Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, any member of Plan A who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) in which they are enrolled for three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance at that fund, or roll over the fund to an Individual Retirement Account.

Interest is accrued on the DROP benefits for the period between the end of DROP participation and the member's retirement date.

For individuals who become eligible to participate in the DROP on or after January 1, 2004, all amounts which remain credited to the individual's subaccount after termination in DROP will be placed in liquid asset money market investments at the discretion of the board of trustees. These subaccounts may be credited with interest based on money market rates of return or, at the option of the PERS, the funds may be credited to self-directed subaccounts. The participant in the self-directed portion of DROP must agree that the benefits payable to the participant are not the obligations of the state or the PERS, and that any returns and other rights of DROP are the sole liability and responsibility of the participant and the designated provider to which contributions have been made.

4. Disability Retirement Benefits

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if they were hired prior to January 1, 2007, and has at least five (5) years of creditable service or if hired after January 1, 2007, has seven (7) years of creditable service, and is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of an amount equal to three percent (3%) of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of service, not to be less than fifteen (15), or three percent (3%) multiplied by years of service assuming continued service to age sixty (60).

5. Cost-of-Living Adjustments

The Board of PERS is authorized to provide a cost-of-living allowance for those retirees who retired prior to July 1973. The adjustment cannot exceed two percent (2%) of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements.

In addition, the Board may provide an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are over age sixty-five (65) equal to two percent (2%) of the member's benefit paid on October 1, 1977, (or the member's retirement date, if later). Also, the Board may provide a cost of living increase up to two and a half percent (2.5%) for retirees sixty-two (62) years and older (RS11:1937). Lastly, Act 270 of 2009 provided for further reduced actuarial payments to provide an annual two and a half percent (2.5%) cost of living adjustment commencing at age fifty-five (55).

Employer Contributions

According to state statute, contributions for all employees are actuarially determined each year. For the plan year ended December 31, 2019, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 12.18% of member's compensation for Plan A. However, the actual rate for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019 was 11.50%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

According to state statute, the PERS also receives one-fourth (1/4) of one percent (1%) of ad valorem taxes collected within the respective parishes, except for Orleans and East Baton Rouge parishes. The PERS also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. Tax monies and revenue sharing monies are apportioned between Plan A and Plan B in proportion to the member's compensation. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and are considered support from non-contributing entities.

Contributions to the pension plan from the Commission were \$172,942 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

<u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At December 31, 2020, the Commission reported a liability of \$10,177 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset). The Net Pension Liability (Asset) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability (Asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Commission's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the valuation date December 31, 2019, the Commission's proportion was 0.216189%, which was a decrease of 0.000545% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Commission recognized pension expense of \$197,179 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$177,659.

At December 31, 2020, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | ed Outflows esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ ж. | \$ | 91,108 | |
| Changes of assumptions | 142,138 | | - | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | | 381,496 | |
| Changes in employer's proportion of beginning net pension liability | - | | 6,989 | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 1,822 | | 165 | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total | \$ 172,942 316,902 | \$ | 479,758 | |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The \$172,942 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the Net Pension Liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending December 31, | |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| 2021 | \$ (77,552) |
| 2022 | (96,066) |
| 2023 | 9,581 |
| 2024 | (171,761) |

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Valuation Date
Actuarial Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:
Investment Rate of Return
Inflation Rate
Mortality

December 31, 2019 Entry Age Normal

6.50% net of investment expenses 2.40% per annum

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Health Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2018 scale for annuitant and beneficiary mortality. For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Employees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2018 scale. Pub-210 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2018 scale for disabled annuitants. 4.75%

Salary Increases

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the capital asset pricing model (CAPM) (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block method (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward-looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of two percent (2%) and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return is 7.18% for the plan year ended December 31, 2019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | Expected Real Rate |
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | of Return |
| Fixed Income | 35% | 1.05% |
| Equity | 52% | 3.41% |
| Alternatives | 11% | 0.61% |
| Real Assets | 2% | <u>0.11%</u> |
| | | 5.18% |
| Inflation | | <u>2.00%</u> |
| Expected Arithmetic Nomin | al Return | 7.18% |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% for Plan A. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the PERS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.50%) or one percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

| | • | 1.0% Decrease (5.50%) | urrent Discount Rate (6.50%) | 1 | .0% Increase (7.50%) |
|---|----|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----|----------------------|
| Employer's proportionate share of the net pension | | | | | |
| liability/(asset) | \$ | 1,099,972 | \$ 10,177 | \$ | (903,049) |

Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities

Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Commission recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Commission recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$17,487 for its participation in PERS.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.persla.org.

12. Restatement of Beginning Net Position

During the 2020 audit, it was determined that the Commission understated receivables and net position as of December 31, 2019 in the amount of \$1,000,263.

| Overstatement of Caddo-Bossier 2019 receivable/revenue (1) | \$ (351,529) |
|---|-----------------|
| Understatement of Teague/Stoner 2019 receivable/revenue (2) | 1,351,792 |
| Total understatement of receivables and net position | \$ 1,000,263 |

- (1) In prior years, the Commission advanced funds of \$4,821,792 to the Caddo-Bossier Parishes Port Commission (Caddo-Bossier) for a warehouse expansion project in accordance with a cooperative endeavor agreement. The agreement provided that Caddo-Bossier reimburse the Commission for the advanced funds, upon approval and receipt of funds from the State of Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD). The DOTD approved the funding in June 2017 and paid \$3,937,119 to Caddo-Bossier during 2019. Caddo-Bossier then reimbursed the Commission leaving a balance of \$884,673 in receivables at December 31, 2019. However, the Commission recorded revenue and a receivable of \$1,236,202. Therefore, the Commission recorded a prior period adjustment in 2020 to restate net position and beginning receivables in the amount of \$351,529.
- (2) In October 2019, the Commission submitted a reimbursement request for funds expended for the Teague Parkway and Stoner Avenue Dock Rehabilitation project in the amount of \$1,652,433. A portion of these funds were received in 2019 in the amount of \$300,640 leaving a receivable in the amount of \$1,351,792. This receivable was not recorded in 2019. Therefore, the Commission recorded a prior period adjustment in 2020 to restate net position and beginning receivables in the amount of \$1,351,792.

13. Litigation and Claims

The Commission is continually faced with lawsuits and claims as a result of expropriation of property for rights-of-way and damages resulting from the normal operation of the waterway. While the litigation cannot be predicted with any certainty, in the opinion of management, based on advice of legal counsel, the final outcome of such litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the Commission's financial position.

Required Supplemental Information – Part II

Red River Waterway Commission Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (with Variances) General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Statement G

| | Budgete | d Am | ounts | | Fin | riance with al Budget - Positive |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|------|------------|------------------|------------|--|
| | Original | | Final | Actual | (Negative) | |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Local sources | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 3,713,959 | \$ | 3,713,959 |
| State sources | | | | | | |
| State revenue sharing | - | | _ | 124,962 | | 124,962 |
| Investment earnings | - | | - | 296,615 | | 296,615 |
| Leases and royalties | _ | | - | 364,097 | | 364,097 |
| Charges for services | - | | - | 268,496 | | 268,496 |
| Miscellaneous revenues | _ | | | 30,870 | | 30,870 |
| Total Revenues | 4,734,462 | | 4,734,462 | 4,798,999 | | 64,537 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| Public works | 3,166,558 | | 3,166,558 | 2,761,551 | | 405,007 |
| Recreation and parks | 947,000 | | 947,000 | 822,818 | | 124,182 |
| Port development | 80,000 | | 80,000 | 40,000 | | 40,000 |
| Capital outlay | 222,000 | | 222,000 | 151,874 | | 70,126 |
| Total Expenditures | 4,415,558 | | 4,415,558 | 3,776,243 | | 639,315 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 318,904 | | 318,904 | 1,022,756 | | 703,852 |
| Fund Balances - Beginning of Year | 27,184,858 | | 27,184,858 | 27,184,858 | _ | |
| Fund Balances - End of Year | \$ 27,503,762 | \$ | 27,503,762 | \$ 28,207,614 | \$ | 703,852 |

GAAP serves as the budgetary basis of accounting.

Red River Waterway Commission Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS)

Statement H

| | 12/31/2015 | 12/31/2016 | 12/31/2017 | 12/31/2018 | 12/31/2019 | 12/31/2020 |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | 0.251196% | 0.271194% | 0.260802% | 0.227690% | 0.216734% | 0.216189% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ 68,679 | \$ 713,861 | \$ 537,125 | \$ (169,002) | \$ 961,943 | \$ 10,177 |
| Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll | \$ 1,097,038 | \$ 1,554,917 | \$ 1,546,700 | \$ 1,401,472 | \$ 1,332,388 | \$ 1,370,836 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | | | | | | |
| as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll | 6.26% | 45.91% | 34.73% | -12.06% | 72.20% | 0.74% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the | | | | | | |
| Total Pension Liability | 99.15% | 92.23% | 94.15% | 101.98% | 88.86% | 99.90% |

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year-end.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Red River Waterway Commission Schedule of Employer Contributions Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS)

Statement I

| Year Ending | R | ntractually equired ntribution | Re Con R | ributions in elation to stractually equired ntribution | Defi | ribution ciency cess) | 1 | mployer's Covered Employee Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll |
|-------------|----|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|------|-----------------------------|----|---|---|
| 12/31/2020 | \$ | 172,942 | \$ | 172,942 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,411,770 | 12.25% |
| 12/31/2019 | | 157,646 | | 157,646 | | - | | 1,370,836 | 11.50% |
| 12/31/2018 | | 153,225 | | 153,225 | | - | | 1,332,388 | 11.50% |
| 12/31/2017 | | 175,184 | | 175,184 | | - | | 1,401,472 | 12.50% |
| 12/31/2016 | | 201,071 | | 201,071 | | - | | 1,546,700 | 13.00% |
| 12/31/2015 | | 225,463 | | 225,463 | | - | | 1,554,917 | 14.50% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Red River Waterway Commission Notes to Required Supplemental Information Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS) For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Statement J

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Supplemental Information

Red River Waterway Commission Schedule of Per Diem Paid to Commission Members For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

| | Schedu | le K |
|--|----------|---|
| Roy Burrell Versa Clark David Crutchfield, II Michael Deville Paul Fleming Randall Fletcher Charles Greer David Jones Ronald Lattier James Maxey Larry Sayes | \$ 1, | 451 609 623 627 039 693 938 900 937 831 208 |
| Michael Simpson | | 607 |
| Total | \$ 8, | 463_ |

Red River Waterway Commission Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to the Agency Head For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Schedule L

Agency Head: Colin Brown, Executive Director

| Purpose | Amount | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|---------|--|--|
| Salary | \$ | 152,867 | | |
| Benefits - insurance | | 1,392 | | |
| Benefits - retirement | | 18,726 | | |
| Car allowance | | 5,469 | | |
| Cell phone | | 1,423 | | |
| Travel | | 5,666 | | |
| Total | _\$ | 185,543 | | |

Other Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Established 1945

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Red River Waterway Commission Natchitoches, Louisiana

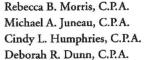
We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Red River Waterway Commission (the Commission), Natchitoches, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 25, 2021.

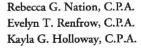
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2020-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.









To the Red River Waterway Commission Natchitoches, Louisiana

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Red River Waterway Commission's Response to Findings

The Commission's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Commission's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tayne, Morre Hernighon, UP
Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana

May 25, 2021

Red River Waterway Commission Schedule of Findings and Responses For Year Ended December 31, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

| Type of auditor's report issued: | Unmodified |
|--|---------------------|
| Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered | _X yes no |
| to be material weaknesses? | yes X none reported |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | yes <u>X</u> no |
| Management's Corrective Action Plan | See attached |
| Management's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings | See attached |
| Federal Awards | Not applicable |

Section II - Findings Relating to the Financial Statements

Finding 2020-001: Financial Reporting Controls

<u>Criteria:</u> Management is responsible for establishing and implementing effective internal controls to prevent, detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

<u>Condition and Context:</u> During our audit, we noted that the cost share agreement reimbursement request submitted to the United States Corps of Engineers was not properly recorded as a receivable in a prior year. The agreement provides that the United States Corps of Engineers reimburse the Commission once the Teague/Stoner Dock Rehabilitation project was completed.

<u>Cause and Effect:</u> The Commission failed to record the receivable once the reimbursement request was submitted. As a result, receivables and net position were understated by \$1,351,792 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that controls be implemented to communicate all reimbursement requests submitted to the United States Corps of Engineers to the Commission's CPA firm for proper recording of the related receivable and revenue.

Management's response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Not applicable.

Management's Corrective Action Plan



JOHN BEL EDWARDS GOVERNOR

CHAIR Shawn D. Wilson, Ph.D.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR Colin S. Brown, P.E.

COMMISSIONERS

Jacques M. Goudeau Avoyelles Parish

William David Jones Bossier Parish

Ronald F. Lattier Caddo Parish

Randell A. Fletcher Grant Parish

A. Paul Fleming Natchitoches Parish

David L. Crutchfield, II Rapides Parish

Michael Simpson Red River Parish

Charles R. Greer At Large

Versa O. Clark At Large

James F. Maxey At Large

Michael P. Deville At Large

STATE OF LOUISIANA REDRIVER WATERWAY COMMISSION Developing the Gift of River Living

Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The Red River Waterway Commission respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Independent Public Accounting Firm:

Payne, Moore & Herrington, LLP P.O. Box 13200 Alexandria, La 71315-3200

Audit Period: January 1, 2020 - December 31, 2020

Finding 2020-001: Financial Reporting Controls

<u>Condition and Context:</u> During our audit, we noted that the cost share agreement reimbursement request submitted to the United States Corps of Engineers was not properly recorded as a receivable in a prior year. The agreement provides that the United States Corps of Engineers reimburse the Commission once the Teague/Stoner Dock Rehabilitation project was completed.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that controls be implemented to communicate all reimbursement requests submitted to the United States Corps of Engineers to the Commission's CPA firm for proper recording of the related receivable and revenue.

<u>Management's response:</u> In accordance with the audit recommendation and proper accounting standards, the Commission will revise its procedures and implement controls to continue the review of all contracts and cooperative agreements, will record reimbursements as receivables, and will ensure all assets and liabilities are recorded per current accounting standards.

Respectfully submitted.

Colin Brown
Executive Director

Management's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings



JOHN BEL EDWARDS GOVERNOR

CHAIR Shawn D. Wilson, Ph.D.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR Colin S. Brown, P.E.

COMMISSIONERS

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Charles R. Greer At Large

Versa O. Clark At Large

James F. Maxey At Large

Michael P. Deville At Large

RED RIVER

WATERWAY COMMISSION

Developing the Gift of River Living

Management's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Finding 2019-001: Financial Reporting Controls

<u>Condition and Context:</u> During our audit, we noted that the cooperative endeavor agreement with the Caddo-Bossier Parishes Port Commission was not properly recorded as a receivable in a prior year. The agreement provides that Caddo-Bossier reimburse the Commission once funds are received from the State of Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development.

Status: Resolved.