BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF

(a component unit of Bossier Parish Police Jury) Benton, Louisiana

> Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2018



BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF

Benton, Louisiana

Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2018

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2018

Within this section of the Bossier Parish Sheriff's ("Sheriff") Office annual financial report, the Sheriff's management is to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Sheriff for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Sheriff's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Sheriff's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$3,319,214 (net position) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The net position is composed of the following:

- Net investment in capital assets of \$26,703,054, representing property and equipment of \$47,505,319 reduced by accumulated depreciation of \$20,802,265.
- Unrestricted net position of (\$23,383,840) represents the portion needed to maintain the Sheriff's continuing obligation to the citizens of Bossier Parish.

The Sheriff's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$22,048,937 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$18,584,356 resulting in an increase of \$3,464,581 during the current year.

At the end the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$21,654,858, which represents 56% of the total expenditures of the Sheriff's General Fund and 51% of total revenues in the General Fund, including other financing sources. Overall, the Sheriff's office continues to maintain a strong financial position.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management Discussion and Analysis introduces the Sheriff's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The Sheriff also includes in this report, additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Exhibit 1 below summarizes the major features of the Sheriff's financial statements, including the portion of the Sheriff's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of this Management's Discussion and Analysis explains the structure of the contents of each of the statements.

[Exhibit 1						
Major Features of Sheriff's Government and Fund Financial Statements								
		Fund Statements	:					
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	The entire Sheriff's governmental unit (excluding fiduciary funds).	The activities of the Sheriff that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as public safety.	Instances in which the Sheriff is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources.					
Required financial statements	Statement of net position.Statement of activities.	 Balance sheet. Statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances. 	 Statement of fiduciary net position. Statement of changes in fiduciary net position. 					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resource focus.					
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term.	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets are included.	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the Sheriff's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is paid or received.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payments are due during the year or soon thereafter.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.					

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Sheriff's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Sheriff's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to private sector using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. The government-wide statement of net position presents information that includes all of the Sheriff's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Increase or decrease in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Sheriff as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the Sheriff would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the Sheriff's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when funds are received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the Sheriff's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the Sheriff's taxpayers.

The government-wide financial statements present governmental activities of the Sheriff that are principally supported by property and sales taxes. The sole purpose of these governmental activities is public safety. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 9 and 10.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Sheriff uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Sheriff's most significant funds rather than the Sheriff as a whole.

The Sheriff uses two kinds of funds, governmental funds and fiduciary funds:

In fund financial statements, governmental funds encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Sheriff's governmental funds, including object classifications. The fund statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of expendable resources and balances of expendable resources available at the end of the year. The fund statements are utilized in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of expendable resources of the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the government fund Balance Sheet and the government fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Fiduciary funds consist of agency funds which are reported in the fund financial statements and report taxes collected for the other taxing bodies and deposits held pending court actions. Since these resources are not available to support the Bossier Parish Sheriff's programs, fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic government fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 12 to 17 of this report.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements begin on page 18 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Sheriff's budget presentation, net pension liability, and other post-employment benefits. This information can be found on pages 40 through 45 in this report.

The combining statements for fiduciary funds and a schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the agency head, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, Net Position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, assets of the Bossier Parish Sheriff exceeded liabilities by \$3,319,214. The largest portion of the Bossier Parish Sheriff's Net Position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources.

An additional portion of the Bossier Parish Sheriff's Net Position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions (e.g., debt service). The balance in unrestricted net position is affected by two factors: 1) resources expended, over time, by the Bossier Parish Sheriff to acquire capital assets from sources other than internally generated funds (i.e., debt), and 2) required depreciation (since construction and/or acquisition) on assets of very long-lived assets having been included in the statement of net position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SHERIFF AS A WHOLE

The Sheriff's government-wide net position at June 30, 2018, is \$3,319,214. The following table provides a summary of the Sheriff's government-wide assets and deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, and net position. The 2017 amounts presented in the following tables were restated to reflect the retrospective effect of implementing GASB 75.

		2018			201	17
Cash, cash equivalents,				_		
receivables and other assets	\$	24,138,722	42.81%	\$	20,613,545	35.77%
Capital assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation		26,703,054	47.36%		26,474,989	45.94%
Deferred outflow of resources		5,540,177	9.83%		10,541,603	18.29%
Total assets and deferred				_		
outflow of resources		56,381,953	100.00%		57,630,137	100.00%
				_		
Current liabilities		2,089,785	3.94%		2,029,190	3.46%
Long-term liabilities		47,313,671	89.17%		53,975,578	92.16%
Deferred inflow of resources		3,659,283	6.90%		2,561,064	4.38%
Total liabilities and deferred		_				
inflow of resources		53,062,739	100.00%		58,565,832	100.00%
	_	_		_		
Net position						
Net investment in capital						
assets		26,703,054	804.50%		26,467,561	2,828.65%
Restricted		-	0.00%		-	0.00%
Unrestricted	_	(23,383,840)	(704.50%)	_	(27,403,256)	(2,928.65%)
	_			_		
Net position (deficit)	\$	3,319,214	100.00%	\$_	(935,695)	(100.00%)

The Sheriff continues to maintain a high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for the government activities is 11.55:1.

The Sheriff reported an overall positive balance in net position of the government-wide activities. Net position increased by \$4,254,909 for government-wide activities from government-wide net deficit of (\$935,695) which was the restated balance due to the implementation of GASB 75 to record the Net OPEB liability. This prior period adjustment reduced the net position by \$29,236,956 for the end of the prior fiscal year. The Sheriff has \$3,319,214 in net position as of June 30, 2018, of which 804.50% of the government-wide activities' net position (deficit) is associated with capital assets. The Sheriff uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens of Bossier Parish in the performance of its public safety activities.

The following table provides a summary of the Sheriff's changes in net position at June 30:

	2018	2017
Revenues		_
Program revenues		
Fees, fines and charges for services	\$ 14,407,445	\$ 13,448,838
Operating grants and contributions	267,664	760,757
General revenues		
Taxes		
Property taxes	13,636,920	14,164,982
Sales and use taxes	10,493,148	9,721,816
State revenue sharing	503,138	498,432
Supplemental pay	1,742,696	1,811,332
Interest and investment earnings	14,941	13,330
Miscellaneous	2,583,947	2,571,814
Total revenues	43,649,899	42,991,301
Drogram expenses		
Program expenses Public safety	39,394,990	41,221,240
Total expenses	39,394,990	41,221,240
rotal expenses	39,394,990	41,221,240
Change in net position	4,254,909	1,770,061
Beginning net position	(935,695)	26,531,200
Prior period adjustment	(955,095)	(29,236,956)
Beginning net position, restated		(2,705,756)
beginning het position, restated		(2,100,100)
Ending net position (deficit), restated	\$ 3,319,214	\$ (\$935,695)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Bossier Parish Sheriff uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2018, combined governmental fund balances of \$22,048,937 showed an increase of \$3,464,581 over June 30, 2017.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original 2017-2018 budget for the General Fund budget was adopted in June 2017. No amendments were made during the year.

Actual revenues were higher than the adopted budget by approximately \$3.1 million. The variance percentage was 8%.

Total expenditures were slightly higher than the adopted budget with a .3% variance of approximately \$130 thousand.

Capital Asset

The Sheriff's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$20,802,266, as of June 30, 2018, was \$26,703,052. See Note 4 for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

	2018		2017	
Capital assets				
Land \$	1,827,816	\$	1,599,816	
Buildings	28,237,540		28,195,713	
Law enforcement, weapons and equipment	3,742,497		3,622,357	
Vehicles	8,125,410		8,137,750	
Office furniture and equipment	4,782,788		4,032,480	
Infrastructure	789,268		789,268	
Total capital assets	47,505,319		46,417,384	
Less accumulated depreciation (20,802,265)(19,942,395)
Book value – capital assets \$	26,703,054	\$	26,474,989	
Percentage depreciated	43.79%		42.96%	i

At June 30, 2018, the depreciable capital assets for government activities were 43.79% depreciated versus 42.96% in the prior year. Depreciation expense of buildings, computer equipment, office equipment and vehicles was \$2,218,777 for fiscal year 2018 and is included in total expenses for the public safety activity.

During fiscal year 2018, significant capital asset additions consisted mostly of purchases of law enforcement vehicles and computer software.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Bossier Parish Sheriff's Office implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions as of* June 30, 2018, which now requires the Bossier Parish Sheriff's Office to recognize a net OPEB liability of \$31.8 million. The plan had a plan fiduciary net position of \$16,954,847 as of June 30, 2018.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, although similar to "assets," is set apart because these items do not meet the technical definition of being an asset of the Sheriff on the date of these financial statements. In other words, these amounts are not available to pay liabilities in the way assets are available. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred outflow of resources will become an expense/expenditure. The deferred outflow of resources reported relate to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 71 for pension liability reporting. GASB 71 requires that contributions made during the fiscal year to the retirement system be reported as deferred outflows of resources. Consequently, the majority of the deferred outflows of resources reported are comprised of current year contributions to the retirement system. However, there may be some deferred outflows of resources attributable to the various components that impact pension changes, and can include investment changes amortization, changes due to actuarial assumptions, and differences between expected or actual experience.

Deferred inflows of resources are the counterpart to deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources are not technically liabilities of the Sheriff as of the date of the financial statements. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflow of resources will become revenue or an increase to net position. Deferred inflows of resources reported represent a net amount attributable to the various components that impact pension changes, and can include investment changes amortization, changes due to actuarial assumptions, and differences between expected or actual experience.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Sheriff's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Sheriff's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report contact Mike Rabinowitz, Bossier Parish Sheriff's Office, P.O. Box 850, Benton, Louisiana 71006.

Government – Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,906,241
Receivables	2,840,789
Prepaid expenses	391,693
Total current assets	24,138,723
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	26,703,054
Total assets	50,841,777
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred pensions	5,540,177
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,540,177
Liabilities	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	820,644
Accrued expenses	1,269,142
Total current liabilities	2,089,786
Long-term liabilities	
Portion due within one year	
Accrued compensated absences	822,318
Portion due after one year	
Net other post-employment benefit liability	31,774,741
Net pension liability	14,716,612
Total long-term liabilities	47,313,671
Total liabilities	49,403,457
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred other post-employment benefit	290,735
Deferred pensions	3,368,548
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,659,283
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	26,703,054
Unrestricted	(23,383,840)
Total net position	\$ 3,319,214

Statement of Activities for the Year ended June 30, 2018

			Program Revenues					
		Expenses		es, fines and charges for services	gı	operating rants and ntributions	re	et (expense) evenue and anges in net position
Functions/programs Governmental activities								
Public safety Interest and fees on long-term debt	\$	39,394,824 166	\$	14,407,445 -	\$	267,664 -	(\$ (24,719,715) 166)
Total governmental activities	\$	39,394,990	\$	14,407,445	\$	267,664	(24,719,881)
	Genera	I revenues						
		es -						
		roperty taxes						13,636,920
		ales and use taxe						10,493,148
		te revenue sharir	ıg					503,138
		plemental pay						1,742,696
		rest and investm	ent e	arnings				14,941
	IVIIS	cellaneous						2,583,947
	Т	otal general reve	nues					28,974,790
	Change	in net position						4,254,909
	Net pos	ition, beginning						28,301,261
	Pric	or period adjustm	ent. s	ee Note 14			(29,236,956)
		ition (deficit), beg					(935,695)
	Net pos	ition, ending					\$	3,319,214

Fund Financial Statements

BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF

Benton, Louisiana

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		Major Fund General Fund	Other Governmental Fund Capital Projects - Construction Fund			Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,903,855	\$	2,386	\$	20,906,241
Receivables		2,840,789		-		2,840,789
Prepaid expenses		391,693				391,693
Total assets	\$	24,136,337	\$	2,386	\$	24,138,723
Liabilities and Fund Balances Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	386,652	\$	_	\$	386,652
Accrued expenses	•	1,703,134	•	-	•	1,703,134
Total current liabilities		2,089,786		-		2,089,786
Fund balances						
Nonspendable - prepaid expenses		391,693		-		391,693
Assigned - capital projects		-		2,386		2,386
Unassigned		21,654,858				21,654,858
Total fund balances		22,046,551		2,386		22,048,937
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	24,136,337	\$	2,386	\$	24,138,723

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds			\$	22,048,937
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	(47,505,319 20,802,265)		26,703,054
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions				5,540,177
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds Net other post-employment benefit liability Compensated absences payable Net pension liability	(31,774,741) 822,318) 14,716,612)	<u>(</u>	47,313,671)
The net other post-employment benefits liability resulting from contributions in excess of the annual required contributions are not financial resources ar therefore are not reported in the funds.	nd		(290,735)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions			(3,368,548)
Net changes			(18,729,723)
Total net position - government-wide activities			\$	3,319,214

BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF

Benton, Louisiana

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds for the Year ended June 30, 2018

	Major Fund General Fund	Other Governmental Fund Capital Projects Fund - Construction Fund	Total
Revenues			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 13,636,920	\$ -	\$ 13,636,920
Sales taxes	10,493,148	-	10,493,148
Intergovernmental revenues			
Federal grants	185,377	-	185,377
State sources			
Supplemental pay	1,742,696	-	1,742,696
Revenue sharing	503,138	-	503,138
Grants	68,101	-	68,101
Local grants	14,186	-	14,186
Fees, charges, and commissions for services	5.440		5.440
Commissions on licenses and taxes	5,119	-	5,119
Civil and criminal fees	2,048,829	-	2,048,829
Court attendance	32,844	-	32,844
Transporting prisoners	126,680	-	126,680
Feeding and keeping prisoners	9,984,189	-	9,984,189
Tax notices	6,905	-	6,905
Probation fees	554,246	-	554,246
Gaming fees	1,229,232	-	1,229,232
Other fees	419,913	-	419,913
Use of money and property	14,940	1	14,941
Miscellaneous	1,170,016	-	1,170,016
Total revenues	42,236,479	1	42,236,480
Expenditures			
Current- public safety			
Personnel services and related benefits	29,391,373	_	29,391,373
Operating services	3,668,642	_	3,668,642
Materials and supplies	2,853,586	_	2,853,586
Travel and other charges	189,223	_	189,223
Debt service	7,595	_	7,595
Capital outlay	2,484,166	_	2,484,166
Total expenditures	38,594,585		38,594,585
'			
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,641,894	1	3,641,895
Other financing sources and uses			
Operating transfer out	(279,000)	-	(279,000)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	101,687	_	101,687
Total other financing sources and uses	(177,313)		(177,313)
Total other infancing sources and uses	(177,313)		(177,513)
Net change in fund balances	3,464,581	1	3,464,582
Fund balances at beginning of year	18,581,970	2,385	18,584,355
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 22,046,551	\$ 2,386	\$ 22,048,937

BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF

Benton, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities for the Year ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances	\$;	3,464,582
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the effect of capital outlay, depreciation expense, and other capital asset transactions in the current period.			
Net gain on the disposal of capital assets (184,166 37,324) 218,777)		228,065
The net OPEB liability is not susceptible to accrual and therefore is not reported in the funds. This amount represents the change in the net OPEB asset/liability.		(762,222)
The net pension liability is not susceptible to accrual and therefore is not reported in the funds. This amount represents the change in the net pension liability.			1,361,654
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available.			
Capital lease payable decrease in current year Compensated absences decrease in current year (7,428 44,598)	(37,170)
Net changes			790,327
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	·	4,254,909

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

	Retired Employees Benefit Trust Fund			Agency Funds		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	3,684,723		
Investments		16,915,847		-		
Accounts receivable from General Fund		39,000				
Total assets	\$	16,954,847	\$	3,684,723		
Liabilities						
Unsettled balances due to taxing bodies and others	\$		\$	3,684,723		
Total liabilities	\$		\$	3,684,723		
Net Position						
Restricted for other postemployment benefits		16,954,847		-		
Total liabilities and net position	\$	16,954,847	\$	3,684,723		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds for the Year ended June 30, 2018

	Retired Employee Benefit Trust Fund		
Additions			
Contributions			
General Fund	\$	279,000	
Total contributions		279,000	
Investment earnings			
Net increase in fair value of investments		391,744	
Dividends		774,116	
Total investment earnings	<u>-</u>	1,165,860	
Less investment expense		69,247	
Net investment earnings		1,096,613	
Total additions		1,375,613	
Reductions			
Change in Net Position		1,375,613	
Net Position, July 1, 2017		15,579,234	
Net Position, June 30, 2018	\$	16,954,847	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

Introduction

As provided by Article V, Section 27 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Bossier Parish Sheriff (the "Sheriff") serves a four-year term as the chief executive officer of the law enforcement district and as exofficio tax collector of the Parish. The Sheriff administers the Parish jail system and exercises duties required by the Parish court system, such as providing bailiffs, executing orders of the court, and serving subpoenas.

As the chief law enforcement officer of the Parish, the Sheriff has the responsibility for enforcing state and local laws and ordinances within the territorial boundaries of the Parish. The Sheriff provides protection to the residents of the Parish through on-site patrols and investigations and serves the residents of the Parish through the establishment of neighborhood watch programs, anti-drug abuse programs, etc. In addition, when requested, the Sheriff provides assistance to other law enforcement agencies within the Parish.

As the ex-officio tax collector of the Parish, the Sheriff is responsible for collecting and distributing ad valorem property taxes, state revenue sharing funds, and fines, costs, and bond forfeitures imposed by the district court.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting entity - As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Bossier Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Bossier Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Bossier Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial responsibility. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization governing body, and:
 - a. The ability of the police jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the police jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the police jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the policy jury.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if the data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Because the police jury maintains and operates the parish courthouse in which part of the Sheriff's office is located and provides some funds for equipment and furniture of the Sheriff's office, the Sheriff was determined to be a component unit of the Bossier Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Sheriff and do not present information on the police jury, the general government services provided by that government unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

Basis of presentation - The accompanying basic financial statements of the Sheriff have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Sheriff as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities and funds of the reporting entity, which are considered to be governmental activities. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the functions of the Sheriff's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular program or function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Sheriff, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - The Sheriff uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Sheriff's functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Sheriff are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Sheriff or its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least ten (10%) percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds.

The Sheriff reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:1422, is the principal fund of the Sheriff and accounts for the operations of the Sheriff. The Sheriff's primary source of revenue is an ad valorem tax levied by the law enforcement district and state revenue sharing. Other sources of revenue include commissions on state revenue sharing, state supplemental pay for deputies, civil and criminal fees, and maintaining and transporting of prisoners. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund. The Sheriff's Correctional Facility Fund is included as part of the General Fund for reporting purposes. This fund was previously classified as a special revenue fund; however, it no longer meets that criteria.

The Sheriff also reports the following fund types:

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - Capital projects funds account for financial resources received and used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities not reported in the other governmental funds.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Sheriff in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units. The funds accounted for in this category are the Pension (and Other Post-employment Benefits) Trust Funds and the Agency Funds.

<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> – These funds are used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, other postemployment benefit plans, or other employee benefit plans. The Sheriff's Retired Employee Benefit Trust Fund accounts for the assets held in an irrevocable trust for payment of retirees' insurance premiums.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. The Sheriff's Agency Funds are used as depositories for civil suits, cash bonds, taxes, fees, etc. Disbursements from these funds are made to various parish agencies, litigants in suits, etc., in the manner prescribed by law. The accounts of the Tax Collector Agency Fund are established to reflect the collections imposed by law, distributions pursuant to such law, and unsettled balances due various taxing bodies and others. The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus.

Measurement focus/basis of accounting - The governmental financial statements were prepared using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of the Sheriff's operations.

The amounts reflected in the governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Sheriff considers all revenues available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain long term compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The government-wide financial statements are accounted for using an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. The government-wide financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or an economic asset used.

The following practices are used in recording revenues and expenditures within the governmental funds:

Revenues - Ad valorem taxes, sales taxes and commissions earned from state revenue sharing are recorded in the year they become due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed for the calendar year on January 1. Ad valorem taxes are levied and the tax roll is filed on or before November 15 of each year. Tax notices are usually mailed shortly after November 15. Ad valorem taxes are payable by December 31 and become delinquent thereafter. The lien date is January 1. An interest rate of 1% per month is charged from January until paid. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year. Any property with delinquent taxes may be sold at the tax sale held in June.

Revenue sharing is generally collected in three equal installments in December, March and May of the fiscal year.

Intergovernmental revenues and fees, charges, and commissions for services are recorded when the Sheriff is entitled to the funds.

Interest income on time deposits is recorded as earned.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures - Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Other Financing Sources - Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets, transfers between funds, and compensation from loss or damaged assets are accounted for as other financing sources and are recognized when the underlying events occur.

The following practices are used in recording additions and reductions within the Fiduciary Funds (agency funds):

Additions - The majority of additions are not susceptible to accrual because they are not measurable until received in cash.

Reductions - Reductions are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Budgetary accounting - The Sheriff utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data for the General Fund:

- During May, the Sheriff's office prepares the proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) A public hearing is held on the proposed budget.
- 3) The adopted budget is published in the official journal prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 4) A public hearing is held for proposed amendments to the budget.
- 5) Amended budget is published in official journal.
- 6) All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7) The budget is prepared on the same basis as these financial statements are prepared, specifically the modified accrual basis, as described in the preceding pages. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations on a fund basis.

The proposed budget for the year ended June 30, 2018, was made available for public inspection and was published in the Bossier Press-Tribune, more than ten days before the public hearing, which was held on June 28, 2017, at the Bossier Parish Sheriff's office for comments from taxpayers.

Encumbrances and budget - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, formal integration of the budget into the accounting records is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

Cash and interest-bearing deposits - Cash and interest-bearing deposits include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits and time deposits. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

State law authorizes the Sheriff, as the Tax Collector for Bossier Parish, to deposit tax collections in interest-bearing accounts with a bank domiciled in the parish when the funds are collected.

State statutes authorize the Sheriff to invest in direct United States Treasury obligations; indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal governmental agencies (provided such obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government); indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federally sponsored U.S. government agencies; time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana and national banks having their principal office in the State of Louisiana; or mutual or trust fund institutions which are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In addition, R.S. 13:5554.1C limits the Bossier Parish Retired Employees Insurance Fund (BREIF) investments to not less than twenty-five percent of the portfolio may be invested in equities, and at least twenty-five percent of the portfolio will be invested in fixed income provided that the average credit quality of the fixed income portion is rated investment grade by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Capital assets - Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Sheriff maintains the following threshold levels for capitalizing assets: \$500 or more for office equipment, communication equipment, office furniture and fixtures, and computer equipment; \$3,000 or more for computer software, general equipment, heavy equipment, industrial grade furniture and equipment, and law enforcement equipment; building improvements over \$10,000; and all titled assets and weapons regardless of cost.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the useful lives.

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and building improvements	20-40 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Equipment	5-20 years

Compensated absences - Employees of the Sheriff's office earn from 10 to 20 days of noncumulative vacation leave, depending upon their length of service. Employees resigning during the year may be paid for unused vacation leave at the employee's current rate of pay. However, the vacation leave is noncumulative; therefore, if the vacation days are not used by December 31, the employee cannot carry any vacation days over to the next year.

Employees are allowed up to ten days noncumulative sick leave per calendar year. Employees are not paid for accumulated sick leave upon retirement or resignation.

Compensatory Time is defined as the time off awarded to non-exempt Bossier Sheriff's Office employees for hours worked beyond the normal hours. Any time worked in excess of 40 hours per 7 day period for non-law enforcement personnel or 86 hours per 14 day period for law enforcement personnel shall be compensated in comp time at a rate of 1.5 hours earned for every hour worked in excess of 40 hours or 86 hours, respectively. Accrued but unused compensatory time shall be cashed out within a reasonable time following termination of employment or at the sole option of the Sheriff.

There is no portion of the accrued liability for compensated absences due after one year. The liability for compensatory time and unused vacation at June 30, 2018, is included in the government-wide financial statements as a long-term liability due within one year.

Claims and judgments - Claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds for the amount that will be liquidated with current available financial resources. The remainder of any liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Net position classifications - In the government-wide statements, net position are classified and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund balance classification – Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the Sheriff implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending restraints:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Sheriff had \$391,693 in prepaid expenses which is a nonspendable resource as of June 30, 2018.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Sheriff had no restricted resources as of June 30, 2018.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Sheriff. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Sheriff removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Sheriff had no committed resources as of June 30, 2018.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Sheriff's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Sheriff or by an official or body to which the Sheriff delegates the authority. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The Sheriff had \$2,386 as assigned resources for capital projects as of June 30, 2018.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund and also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts. General Fund had \$21,654,858 at June 30, 2018, classified as unassigned.

The Sheriff would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

On-Behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries - The Bossier Parish Sheriff receives on-behalf payments from the State of Louisiana to be used for supplemental pay to qualified law enforcement officers. On-behalf payments to the Sheriff totaled \$1,742,696 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenue and public safety personnel expenses in the GAAP basis government-wide and general fund financial statements.

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, expenses, and other financing sources and uses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund ("the Fund") and additions to/deductions from the Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Budgets and budget basis of accounting - Annual expenditure budgets are adopted for the General Fund which includes the Correctional Facility Fund.

Adoption of new financial accounting standards - The Sheriff adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. The adoption of Statement No. 75 has resulted in the restatement of the Sheriff's fiscal year 2017 government-wide statements to reflect the reporting of the net OPEB liability in accordance with the provisions of the statement (See Note 14).

Future accounting pronouncements - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future presentations. The Sheriff is currently evaluating the potential impacts of the following GASB statements on its accounting practices and financial statements.

- GASB Statement No. 84 Fiduciary Activities
- GASB Statement No. 87 Leases
- GASB Statement No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to Debt

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits - All deposits of the Sheriff are held by area financial institutions. At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Sheriff's cash deposits was as follows:

		Fiduciary
	Government-	Funds
	Wide Statement	Statement of
	of Net Position	 Net Position
Demand deposits	\$ 20,902,990	\$ 3,684,723
Petty cash	3,250	-
Total	\$ 20,906,240	\$ 3,684,723

The bank balances in the General Fund and Fiduciary Funds totaled \$25,190,532. The difference in the bank balances and the carrying amounts presented above is mostly due to outstanding checks at June 30, 2018. Under state law, these deposits, or the resulting bank balances, must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance (GASB Category 1). In addition, as of June 30, 2018, the remaining \$24,940,532 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but in the Sheriff's name (GASB Category 2).

Investments - The Bossier Parish Retired Employees Insurance Fund (BREIF) is included in the Retired Employees Benefits Trust Fund as an investment asset. The Sheriff reports the Retired Employees Benefits Trust Fund as a fiduciary fund. These investments are managed by an investment management company.

Fair Value Measurement - The investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. Debt, equities, and investment derivatives classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor.

As of June 30, 2018, the Sheriff's assets held in the Retired Employees Benefit Trust Fund consisted of the following:

Description	Credit Rating	Percentage of total portfolio		Fair market value	Fair value level
Cash and cash equivalents	N/A	1.4%	\$	237,026	1
Bond Mutual Funds	Α	38.7%		6,543,069	1
Equity Mutual Funds	N/A	59.1%		10,007,224	1
Alternative Mutual Funds	N/A	0.7%		128,528	1
Total		100%	_ \$_	16,915,847	

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Sales tax	\$	971,037
Ad valorem tax		35,203
Intergovernmental revenues:		
Federal grants		40,172
Gaming proceeds		119,091
Fees, charges, and commissions for services		360,340
Feeding and keeping prisoners		942,499
Reimbursements		209,781
Other	_	162,666
Total	\$	2,840,789

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets used in governmental activities is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2017		Additions		Disposals	_	Balance June 30, 2018
Land Buildings and	\$ 1,599,816	\$	228,000	\$	-	\$	1,827,816
improvements	28,195,713		41,827		-		28,237,540
Vehicles	8,137,750		1,207,829		1,220,169		8,125,410
Office furniture and equipment	4,032,480		859,496		99,091		4,782,788
Law enforcement weapons	, ,		,		,		, - ,
and equipment	3,662,357		147,015		76,973		3,742,497
Infrastructure	789,268	_			-		789,268
Total cost	46,417,384	\$	2,484,167	\$	1,396,233	_	47,505,319
Less accumulated				•			
depreciation	19,942,395	\$	2,218,777	\$	1,358,907		20,802,265
Capital assets, net	\$ 26,474,989			,		\$	26,703,054

Depreciation expense of buildings, computer equipment, office equipment and vehicles was \$2,218,777 for fiscal year 2018 and is included in total expenses for the public safety activity.

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund (the "Fund") was established for the purpose of providing retirement benefits for employees of sheriffs' offices throughout the State of Louisiana, employees of the Louisiana Sheriffs' association and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date. The Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined pension plan.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement

For members who become eligible for membership on or before December 31, 2011: Members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five; members with thirty years of service may retire regardless of age. The retirement allowance is equal to three and one third percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Active, contributing members with at least ten years of creditable service may retire at age sixty. The accrued normal retirement benefit is reduced actuarially for each month or fraction thereof that retirement begins prior to the member's earliest normal retirement date assuming continuous service.

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in the system began on or after January 1, 2012: Members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age sixty-two; members with twenty years of service may retire at age sixty; members with thirty years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five. The benefit accrual rate for such members with less than thirty years of service is three percent; for members with thirty or more years of service; the accrual rate is three and one-third percent. The retirement allowance is equal to the benefit accrual rate times the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Members with twenty or more years of service may retire with a reduced retirement at age fifty.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began on or before June 30, 2006, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest thirty-six consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the thirty-six month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began after June 30, 2006, and before July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the thirty-six month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began on or after July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty month period shall not exceed 115% of the preceding twelve-month period.

Disability Benefits

A member is eligible to receive disability benefits if he has at least ten years of creditable service when a non-service related disability is incurred; there are no service requirements for service related disability. Disability benefits shall be the lesser of 1) a sum equal to the greatest of 45% of final average compensation or the members' accrued retirement benefit at the time of termination of employment due to disability, or 2) the retirement benefit which would be payable assuming continued service to the earliest normal retirement age. Members who become partially disabled receive 75% of the amount payable for total disability.

Survivor's Benefits

Survivor benefits for death solely as a result of injuries received in the line of duty are based on the following. For a spouse alone, a sum equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation with a minimum of \$150 per month. If a spouse is entitled to benefits and has a child or children under eighteen

years of age (or over said age if physically or mentally incapacitated and dependent upon the member at the time of his death), an additional sum of 15% of the member's final average compensation is paid to each child with total benefits paid to spouse and children not to exceed 100%. If a member dies with no surviving spouse, surviving children under age eighteen will receive monthly benefits of 15% of the member's final average compensation up to a maximum of 60% of final average compensation if there are more than four children. If a member is eligible for normal retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse receives an automatic option 2 benefit. The additional benefit payable to children shall be the same as those available for members who die in the line of duty. In lieu of receiving option 2 benefit, the surviving spouse may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions. All benefits payable to surviving children shall be extended through age twenty-two, if the child is a full time student in good standing enrolled at a board approved or accredited school, college, or university.

Deferred Benefits

The Fund does provide for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Benefits become payable once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement.

Back Deferred Retirement Option Plan (Back-DROP)

In lieu of receiving a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who has more than sufficient service for a regular service retirement may elect to receive a "Back-DROP" benefit. The Back-DROP benefit is based upon the Back-DROP period selected and the final average compensation prior to the period selected. The Back-DROP period is the lesser of three years or the service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. For those individuals with thirty or more years, the Back-DROP period is the lesser of four years or service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. At retirement the member's maximum monthly retirement benefit is based upon his service, final average compensation and plan provisions in effect on the last day of creditable service immediately prior to the commencement of the Back-DROP period. In addition to the monthly benefit at retirement, the member receives a lump-sum payment equal to the maximum monthly benefit as calculated above multiplied by the number of months in the Back-DROP period. In addition, the member's Back-DROP account will be credited with employee contributions received by the retirement fund during the Back-DROP period. Participants have the option to opt out of this program and take a distribution, if eligible, or to rollover the assets to another qualified plan.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

Cost of living provisions for the Fund allows the board of trustees to provide an annual cost of living increase of 2.5% of the eligible retiree's original benefit if certain funding criteria are met. Members are eligible to receive a cost of living adjustment once they have attained the age of sixty and have been retired at least one year. Funding criteria for granting cost of living adjustments is dependent on the funded ratio.

Contributions

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the actuarially determined employer contribution rates was 12.75% and 13.25%, respectively, with an additional 0% allocated from the Funding Deposit Account. Employer contributions for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, were \$2,905,358 and \$3,109,794, respectively.

In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes, insurance premium taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue and excluded from pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2018. Non-employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$1,349,058.

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 10.25% of their annual covered salary. The Bossier Parish Sheriff elected to contribute the entire contribution on behalf of its plan members who were hired prior to January 2013. For those hired subsequent to that date, the Sheriff contributed .25% on behalf of the employee and the 10% was paid by the plan member.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Sheriff reported a liability of \$14,716,612 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Sheriff's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Sheriff's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the Sheriff's proportion was 3.398541% which decreased .095752% from the proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Sheriff recognized pension expense of \$2,602,026, which included the Sheriff's amortization of change in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of (\$2,843).

At June 30, 2018, the Sheriff reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 2,561,821
Changes in assumptions		2,589,464	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
retirement plan investments		-	211,228
Changes in proportion and differences between Sheriff			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		45,355	595,499
Sheriff contributions subsequent to measurement date	_	2,905,358	
Total	\$ _	5,540,177	\$ 3,368,548

Deferred outflows of resources of \$2,905,358 related to pensions resulting from the Sheriff's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Amount</u>
2019	\$ (679,775)
2020	903,291
2021	220,585
2022	(1,193,560)
2023	22,643
2024	(6,912)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 (measurement date), are as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.5% net of investment expense

Discount rate 7.4%

Projected salary increases 5.5% (2.775% Inflation, 2.725% Merit)

Mortality rates RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex

Distinct Table for active members, healthy annuitants and

beneficiaries.

RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table

Expected remaining service lives

Cost of Living adjustments

2017-7 years, 2016-7 years, 2015-6 years, 2014-6 years The present value of future retirement benefits is based on

benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to

be substantively automatic.

The mortality rate assumptions were set after reviewing an experience study performed over the period July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2014. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Equity Securities	60%	7.4%	4.4%
Bonds	25	2.6	0.7
Alternative Investments	15	4.2	0.6
Totals	100%		5.7%
Inflation	•	_	2.6%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		- -	8.3%

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.4%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected

rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Sheriff's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Sheriff's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 7.4%, as well as what the Sheriff's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.4%) or one percentage-point higher (8.4%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease		Current Discount		1.0% Increas		
	(6.4%)		Rate (7.4%)		(8.4%		
Sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	30,320,102		\$	14,716,612	\$	1,588,401

<u>Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities</u> - Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Sheriff recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Sheriff recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$1,349,058 for its participation in the Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund.

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund Audit Report at <u>www.lla.la.gov</u>. The Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund issues a publicly available audit report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At June 30, 2018, the Sheriff had payables due to the pension plan totaling \$436,323.

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

<u>Plan Description and Administration</u> - The Bossier Parish Sheriff's Office administers the Bossier Parish Sheriff's Office Retiree Benefits Plan (the Plan) - a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide post-employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for all permanent full-time employees of the Sheriff. The Plan was established in January 1, 2013.

<u>Management of the Plan</u> – Management of the plan is vested in the Board, which consists of management and the Board of Directors, who may vary from time to time.

Plan Membership – At June 30, 2018, the Plan's membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	107
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active plan members	391
	498

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – Medical/dental and life insurance benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement. The employer pays 100% of the medical coverage for the retiree only (not dependents). Employees are covered by the Louisiana Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions as follows: 30 years of service at any age; or, age 55 and 12 years of service.

Life insurance coverage is continued to retirees and based on a blended rate for active and retirees. Insurance coverage amounts are reduced at to 75% of the original amount at age 65 and to 50% of the original amount at age 70.

<u>Contributions</u> – The Sheriff has the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the Sheriff and the plan members. Plan members are not required to contribute to their post-employment benefits costs.

Investments

<u>Investment policy</u> – The fund is governed by and Investment Advisory Board consisting of the comptroller of the sheriff's office (responsible for the day-day management and making and/or approving investment decisions) five retired sheriffs or deputy sheriffs and one active deputy sheriff. The following was the asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2018:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equity mutual funds	60%
Bond mutual funds	38%
Cash	2%

<u>Concentrations</u> – The Trust has over 5% invested in the following funds; Growth Fund of America, 8.87%, Oakmark Fund, 8.33%, and Washington Mutual, 8.44%.

<u>Rate of Return</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 7.03%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability of the Sheriff

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Sheriff at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 48,729,588 16,954,847
Sheriff's net OPEB liability	\$ 31,774,741
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	34.79%

The Sheriff's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	4.0%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	5.0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates	Flat 5.5% annually

Mortality rates were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Reserving (94GAR) table, projected to 2002, based on a fixed blend of 50% of the unloaded male mortality rates and 50% of the unloaded female mortality rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	of Return
Domestic Equity	6.0%
Corporate Bonds	5.0%
Agency Bonds	1.5%
Cash	0.0%

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Sheriff's contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increases (Decreases)				
	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net OPE				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)		
Balances at 6/30/2017	46,558,403	15,545,884	31,012,519		
Service Cost	1,267,869		1,267,869		
Interest Cost at 5.00%	2,292,773		2,292,773		
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	16,428		16,428		
Employer contributions					
Trust		312,350	(312,350)		
Net investment income		1,165,860	(1,165,860)		
Benefit payments					
a. From Trust	-	-	-		
b. Direct	(1,405,885)		(1,405,885)		
Administrative expense					
a. From Trust		(69,247)	69,247		
b. Direct	-		-		
Net changes:	2,171,185	1,408,963	762,222		
Balances at 6/30/2018	48,729,588	16,954,847	31,774,741		

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following represents the net OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.0%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0	0% Decrease	Cı	urrent Discount	1.	0% Increase
		(4.0%)		Rate (5.0%)		(6.0%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	39,621,392	\$	31,774,741	\$	25,548,060

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following represents the net OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.	0% Decrease (4.5%)	С	urrent Discount Rate (5.5%)	1.	0% Increase (6.5%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	25,302,785	\$	31,774,741	\$	39,912,423

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Sheriff recognized OPEB expense of \$2,771,192. At June 30, 2018, the Sheriff reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Outflows	Deferr	ed Inflows of
	of Reso	ources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(305,243)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		15,255
Total	\$	-	\$	(290,735)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending June 30	be Recognized
2019	(75,325)
2020	(75,325)
2021	(75,325)
2022	(75,325)
2023	1,173
Thereafter	9,392

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2018, the Sheriff reported a payable (Due to BREIF) of \$39,000 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Governmental activities:		Beginning Balance	_	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within one year
Capital lease	\$	7,428	\$	-	\$ 7,428 \$	- \$	-
Compensated absences Governmental activity long-	_	777,720	-	1,261,003	1,216,405	822,318	822,318
term liabilities	\$_	785,148	\$	1,261,003	\$ 1,223,833 \$	822,318 \$	822,318

Capital Lease Obligation

The Sheriff entered into a capital equipment agreement. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes; and, therefore, has been reported at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The final lease payment was due in February 2018 and paid. The payment included interest of 2.24%. The equipment purchased under the capital lease totals \$36,345 and is included in the capital assets of the Sheriff. The amortization of this equipment has been included in the Sheriff's depreciation expense.

There are no obligations related to the capital lease as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 8 – DEPOSITS DUE TO OTHERS

A summary of changes in agency funds balances due to taxing bodies and others follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2018
Tax collector fund	\$ 887,823	\$ 115,229,518	\$ 114,366,035	\$ 1,751,306
Civil fund	822,869	8,620,035	8,362,830	1,080,074
Criminal fund	638,090	3,594,980	3,496,290	736,780
Inmate fund	94,936	2,126,727	2,127,910	93,753
Evidence fund	7,880	29,415	14,485	22,810
Additional services	\$ 2,451,598	\$ 129,600,675	\$ 128,367,550	\$ 3,684,723

NOTE 9 - AD VALOREM TAXES

The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes which represent separate millages authorized by the voters as of June 30, 2018:

	Authorized	Levied	Expiration
	Millage	Millage	Date
Law enforcement district	8.11	8.11	None
Special operation and detention center	6.25	6.25	None

In April 2000, voters of the parish approved a one-half of one percent sales and use tax submitted by the Bossier Parish Police Jury. Seventy percent (70%) of the avails of the tax are for the police jury and are used for the acquisition, operation, maintenance, and furnishing of a maximum security jail and courthouse facilities. Those taxes are remitted directly to the parish police jury. The remaining thirty percent (30%) of the avails of the tax, in accordance with an intergovernmental agreement dated April 5, 2000, are remitted directly to the sheriff's office to be used for the purposes of operating and improving a maximum security jail and meeting other costs of law enforcement in the parish. On January 17, 2005, voters of the parish approved a one-fourth of one percent sales and use tax to be used for paying deputy salaries and law enforcement operations. Both taxes are collected by the Bossier Parish Sales Tax Commission. For its collection, services the commission receives one percent (1%) of gross taxes collected.

As of June 30, 2018, the cash balance on hand in the tax collector account is \$1,751,306 which is included in the cash balance reflected in Note 2. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, Sheriff's office, as Tax Collector for Bossier Parish, collected \$110,369,059 of 2017 assessed taxes totaling \$111,944,618, net of homestead exemptions of \$22,378,410. In addition, the Sheriff collected \$51,296 of prior year taxes in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The Sheriff has collected and uncollected taxes as of June 30, 2018, attributable to the following taxing authorities:

Tax Authority	Co	llected Taxes	Uncollected ⁻	Taxes
Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry	\$	25,534		1
Louisiana Tax Commission		29,347		-
Bossier Parish Assessor		1,932,879		7,475
Bossier Parish Police Jury		16,151,219	6	66,882
Bossier Parish School Board		62,023,718	25	56,838
Bossier Parish Sheriff		13,626,998	5	56,429
Bossier Port Commission		2,381,878		9,863
Ambulance		891,972	1	10,548
District Levee		2,750,752	1	10,941
Cyprus Black Bayou		1,101,877		4,141
Red River Waterway Commission		2,220,554		9,195
Fire District No. 1		1,417,420	1	11,612
Fire District No. 2		1,533,486		1,805
Fire District No. 4		3,316,126		5,312
Fire District No. 5		616,609		4,715
Fire District No. 7		348,690		3,308
	\$	110,369,059	\$ 45	59,065
These taxes are uncollected for these general reasons:				
Taxes not paid - Bankruptcies			\$	3,204
Taxes not paid – Movables, mobile homes, RE bankruptcy disc	harged			52,958
Adjudications (tax sale properties)	3			2,903
			\$ 45	59,065

NOTE 10 - STATE REVENUE SHARING FUNDS

The revenue sharing funds provided by Louisiana Act 945 were distributed as follows:

Bossier Parish	
Assessor	\$ 265,737
Police Jury	560,689
School Board	625,019
Sheriff	503,302
District Levee	200,246
Cyprus Black Bayou	30,141
Red River Waterway Commission	180,211
Fire District #2	268
Bossier Port Commission	52
Pension funds	 45,462
Total	\$ 2,411,127

NOTE 11 - PROTEST TAXES

Louisiana Revised Statute 47:2110 provides that taxpayers, at the time of payment of all taxes due, may give notice to the Tax Collector of their intention to file suit for recovery of all or a portion of the total taxes paid. Upon receipt of this notice, the amount paid is segregated and held by the Tax Collector for a period of 30 days. If suit is filed within the 30-day period for recovery of such amounts, the funds are held pending outcome of the suit. If the taxpayer prevails, the Tax Collector refunds the amount due, with interest at the actual rate earned on the money paid under protest from the date the funds were received by the Tax Collector. At June 30, 2018, the Sheriff, as Tax Collector, held protest taxes of \$1,339,691.

NOTE 12 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Part of the Bossier Parish Sheriff's office is located in the parish courthouse. The cost of maintaining and operating the courthouse, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:4715, is paid by the Bossier Parish Police Jury (BPPJ). The Bossier Parish Sheriff's office makes payments to the Bossier Parish Police Jury for reimbursements for monthly prisoner prescriptions, ambulance services, and sewer pond repairs and chemicals. The Sheriff also paid BPPJ for a share of Geographic Information System (GIS) and quarterly appropriations for administrative costs. Sheriff payments to BPPJ totaled \$174,646 for the year ended June 30, 2018. BPPJ makes payments to the Sheriff's office for maintenance of parish prisoners and related costs. The total payments made by BPPJ to the Sheriff's office for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$908,261.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES, LITIGATIONS, AND CLAIMS

Litigation

At June 30, 2018, the Sheriff is named as defendant in several lawsuits. In the opinion of the Sheriff's legal counsel, no claims or suits exist for which there is insufficient insurance coverage and resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Bossier Parish Sheriff.

Grants

The Sheriff participates in several federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. The Sheriff believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

Risk management

The Sheriff is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; and errors and omission. These risks are handled by the Sheriff through the purchase of various commercial insurance policies with varying coverage limits, deductibles, and premiums based on the type of policy. No significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year occurred and no claims exceeded the Sheriff's insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

NOTE 14: CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, the Sheriff adopted GASB 75 related to post-employment benefits other than pension which resulted in the restatement of the beginning net position of the Sheriff's government-wide statements reflecting the cumulative retrospective effect of the adoption as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Net Position - June 30, 2017	\$	28,301,261				
Prior Period Adjustment:						
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle:						
GASB 75- Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions		(29,236,956)				
Net Position (deficit) - as restated	\$	(935,695)				

Required Supplementary Information

BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF

Benton, Louisiana

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2018

		Budg	et (a)				Variance Favorable
		Original		Final		Actual (a)	(l	Jnfavorable)
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	13,430,000	\$	13,430,000	\$	13,636,920	\$	206,920
Sales taxes		9,340,000		9,340,000		10,493,148		1,153,148
Federal grants		169,000		169,000		185,377		16,377
State supplemental pay		1,818,000		1,818,000		1,742,696	(75,304)
State revenue sharing		498,000		498,000		503,138		5,138
Other state grants		67,000		67,000		68,101		1,101
Local grants		24,000		24,000		14,186	(9,814)
Commissions on licenses and taxes		19,000		19,000		5,119	(13,881)
Civil and criminal fees		1,626,000		1,626,000		2,048,829		422,829
Court attendance		31,000		31,000		32,844		1,844
Transporting prisoners		101,000		101,000		126,680		25,680
Feeding and keeping prisoners		8,990,000		8,990,000		9,984,189		994,189
Tax notices		8,000		8,000		6,905	(1,095)
Probation fees		546,000		546,000		554,246		8,246
Gaming fees		1,051,000		1,051,000		1,229,232		178,232
Use of money and property and other fees		1,203,000		1,203,000		434,853	(768,147)
Other revenue		177,000		177,000		1,170,016		993,016
Total revenue		39,098,000		39,098,000		42,236,479		3,138,479
Expenditures								
Personnel services and related benefits		30,789,000		30,789,000		29,391,373		1,397,627
Operating services		3,410,000		3,410,000		3,668,642	(258,642)
Materials and supplies		2,687,000		2,687,000		2,853,586	(166,586)
Travel and other charges		204,000		204,000		189,223	`	14,777
Debt service		30,000		30,000		7,595		22,405
Capital outlay		1,345,000		1,345,000		2,484,166	(1,139,166)
Total expenditures		38,465,000		38,465,000		38,594,585	 (129,585)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		633,000		633,000		3,641,894		3,008,894
Other financing sources and uses								
Operating transfers in		1,000,000		1,000,000		_	(1,000,000)
Operating transfers out	(1,257,000)	(1,257,000)	(279,000)	`	978,000
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	`	15,000	`	15,000	`	101,687		86,687
Total other financing sources and uses	(242,000)	(242,000)	(177,313)		64,687
Net changes in fund balances		391,000		391,000		3,464,581		3,073,581
Fund balance at beginning of year		16,026,069		16,026,069		18,581,970		2,555,901
Fund balance at end of year	\$	16,417,069	\$	16,417,069	\$	22,046,551	\$	5,629,482

⁽a) Note that a separate budget was adopted for the correctional facilities fund; however, since the correctional facilities fund is part of the General Fund, it is included in the budget and actual columns above.

Schedule of the Sheriff's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2018

Fiscal Year* Sheriff's Pension and	Agency's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	of th	Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		Agency's ered-employee payroll	Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2017	3.39854%	ď	14.716.612	\$	23.470.143	62.7%	88.5%
-*	***********	\$, -,-	*	-, -, -	*=····	
2016	3.49429%	\$	22,177,911	\$	23,826,167	93.1%	82.1%
2015	3.51206%	\$	15,655,055	\$	23,295,032	67.2%	86.6%
2014	3.54822%	\$	14,050,966	\$	22,697,031	61.9%	87.3%

^{*}Amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date.

Schedule of the Sheriff's Pension Contributions June 30, 2018

Fiscal Year*	(a) Statutorily Required Contribution	in re	(b) contributions elation to the statutorily ed contribution	Conf	a-b) ribution cy (Excess)	COV	Agency's ered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
Sheriff's Pensi	on and Relief Fund	1						
2018	\$ 2,905,358	\$	2,905,358	\$	-	\$	22,787,119	12.75%
2017	\$ 3,109,794	\$	3,109,794	\$	-	\$	23,470,143	13.25%
2016	\$ 3,276,098	\$	3,276,098	\$	-	\$	23,826,167	13.75%
2015	\$ 3,319,542	\$	3,319,542	\$	_	\$	23,295,032	14.25%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms in the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate was lowered from 7.5% to 7.4% in the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2017. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the discount rate was reduced from 7.6% to 7.5%, the salary increase assumption was reduced from 6% to 5.5%, and the inflation assumption was reduced from 2.775% to 2.725%.

^{*}Amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 1,267,869 2,292,773 - 16,428 - 1,405,885 2,171,185
Total OPEB liability - beginning	46,558,403
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 48,729,588
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 312,350 - 1,165,860 - (69,247) 1,408,963 15,545,884 \$ 16,954,847 \$ 31,774,741
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	34.79%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,326,586
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	156.32%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes. There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Changes of Assumptions. There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Schedule of Employer Contributions for Other Post-Employment Benefits For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined contribution \$ 3,285,278

Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution

Employer contributions to trust 312,350 Employer-paid retiree premiums 1,405,885

 Contribution deficiency (excess)
 1,718,235

 Covered annual payroll
 \$ 1,567,043

 \$ 20,326,586

Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll 8.45%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date 7/1/2017

Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of the last day

of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level dollar, open

Amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value

Inflation 2.5% annually

Healthcare trend Graded from 8% down to 5% ultimate over ten years

Salary increases 4.0% annually

Investment return 5.0% annually

Retirement age 3 years after the attainment of: 30 years of service; and,

attainment of age 60 and 5 years of service.

Mortality 94 GAR projected to 2002, 50% unisex blend

Turnover Age specific table with an average of 8% when applied to the

active census

Schedule of Investment Returns for Other Post-Employment Benefits June 30, 2018

<u>Year</u>	Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense
2018	7.03%
2017	11.60%
2016	-0.63%
2015	0.72%
2014	10.64%
2013	6.23%
2012	0.75%
2011	12.03%
2010	2.24%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATIONFiduciary Fund Type – Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for other governments.

Tax Collector Fund - Article V, Section 27 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, provides that the sheriff will serve as the collector of state and parish taxes, licenses, and fees. The Tax Collector Fund is used to collect and distribute these taxes, licenses, and fees to the appropriate taxing bodies.

Civil Fund - The Civil Fund accounts for the collection of funds in civil suits, sheriff's sales, and garnishments and payment of these collections to the sheriff's General Fund and other recipients in accordance with applicable laws.

Criminal Fund - The Criminal Fund accounts for the collection and settlement of fines, bonds, and forfeitures levied by the district court and settlement of these collections to the sheriff's General Fund and other recipients in accordance with applicable laws.

Inmate Fund - The Inmate Fund accounts for individual prisoner account balances. Funds are deposited in the name of the prisoner and are payable upon request. Balances in the individual prisoner accounts are returned upon completion of their jail sentences.

Evidence Fund - The Evidence Fund accounts for the collection of funds that were seized during criminal investigations. The funds are held until the investigation is settled.

BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF

Benton, Louisiana

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2018

	Ta	ax Collector Fund	Civil Fund	Criminal Fund	Inmate Fund	E	vidence Fund	Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,751,306	\$ 1,080,074	\$ 736,780	\$ 93,753		22,810	\$ 3,684,723
Total assets	\$	1,751,306	\$ 1,080,074	\$ 736,780	\$ 93,753	\$	22,810	\$ 3,684,723
Liabilities								
Due to taxing bodies and others	\$	1,751,306	\$ 1,080,074	\$ 736,780	\$ 93,753	\$	22,810	\$ 3,684,723
Total liabilities	\$	1,751,306	\$ 1,080,074	\$ 736,780	\$ 93,753	\$	22,810	\$ 3,684,723

BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF

Benton, Louisiana

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for the Year ended June 30, 2018

	Tax Collector Fund	Civil Fund	Criminal Fund	Inmate Fund	Evidence Fund	Total
Balances, June 30, 2017	\$ 887,823	\$ 822,869	\$ 638,090	\$ 94,936	\$ 7,880	\$ 2,451,598
Additions						
Ad valorem taxes:						
Current year	110,618,059	-	-	-	-	110,618,059
Current year protested	767,601	-	-	-	-	767,601
Prior year	51,296	-	-	-	-	51,296
State revenue sharing	2,411,127	-	-	-	-	2,411,127
Parish licenses	8,572	-	-	-	-	8,572
Interest on:						-
Checking accounts	5,303	-	-	-	-	5,303
Delinquent taxes	106,861	-	-	-	-	106,861
Prior year taxes	5,163	-	-	-	-	5,163
Protest taxes	957	-	-	-	-	957
Sheriff's sales	-	8,313,156	-	-	-	8,313,156
Bonds, fines and costs	584,329	-	3,594,980	-	-	4,179,309
Inmate deposits	-	-	-	2,126,727	-	2,126,727
Redemptions	670,250	-	-	-	-	670,250
Other additions	-	306,879	-	-	29,415	336,294
Total additions	115,229,518	8,620,035	3,594,980	2,126,727	29,415	129,600,675
Reductions						
Louisiana Dept. of Agriculture & Forestry	21,710	-	-	-	-	21,710
Louisiana Tax Commission	29,348	-	-	-	-	29,348
Bossier Parish:						
Assessor	3,540,895	-		-	-	3,540,895
Sheriff's General Fund	14,038,242	1,263,918	455,895	-	-	15,758,055
Police Jury	14,916,126	-	978,054	-	-	15,894,180
School Board	60,709,787	-		-	-	60,709,787
Clerk of Court	11,378	226,005	243,919	-	-	481,302
Red River Waterway Commission	2,331,375	-	-	-	-	2,331,375
Fire protection districts	7,011,621	-	-	-	-	7,011,621
District Levee	2,863,281	-	-	-	-	2,863,281
Cypress Black Bayou Recreation						
and Water Conservation District	1,097,295	-		-	-	1,097,295
Ambulance District	877,387	-		-	-	877,387
Caddo/Bossier Port Commission	2,307,488	-		-	-	2,307,488
Twenty-sixth Judicial District:						
District Attorney	-	-	285,320	-	-	285,320
Judge's fund	-	-	52,189	-	-	52,189
Indigent defender board	-	-	342,720	-	-	342,720
Pension funds	3,157,423	-	-	-	-	3,157,423
Archon Information Systems fees	477,549	-	-	-	-	477,549
Refunds and redemptions	972,664	8,174	-	-	-	980,838
North Louisiana Crime Lab	-	-	268,441	-	-	268,441
Attorneys and litigants	-	6,422,396		-	-	6,422,396
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	-	-	10,231	-	-	10,231
Louisiana Traumatic Head and Spinal						
Cord Injury	-	-	21,035	-	-	21,035
Other reductions	2,466	442,337	838,486	2,127,910	14,485	3,425,684
Total reductions	114,366,035	8,362,830	3,496,290	2,127,910	14,485	128,367,550
Balances, June 30, 2018	\$ 1,751,306	\$ 1,080,074	\$ 736,780	\$ 93,753	\$ 22,810	\$ 3,684,723

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Agency Head Name: Julian Whittington, Sheriff of Bossier Parish

Purpose	Amount		
Salary	\$	156,119	
Benefits-insurance		15,362	
Benefits-retirement		43,280	
Deferred compensation		10,928	
Cell phone/data		1,189	
Travel (hotel, registration, and per diem)		6,393	

State of Louisiana, Parish of Bossier

AFFIDAVIT

Julian Whittington, Sheriff of Bossier Parish

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally came and appeared, <u>Julian Whittington</u>, the Sheriff of Bossier Parish, State of Louisiana, who after being duly sworn, deposed and said:

The Following information is true and correct:

The amount of cash on hand in the tax collector account on June 30, 2018, is \$1,751,306

He further deposed and said:

All itemized statements of the amount of taxes collected for the tax year 2017, by taxing authority, are true and correct.

All itemized statements of all taxes assessed and uncollected, which indicate the reasons for the failure to collect, by taxing authority, are true and correct.

fulian Whittington, Sheriff

Sheriff & Ex-Officio Tax Collector of Bossier Parish

Commission is for Life

SWORN to and subscribed before me, Notary, this 12th day of December 2018, in

my office in Shreveport, Louisiana.

Mary Kerry, Notary Public #62368

Bossier Parish, Louisiana

MARY A, KERRY, NOTARY PUBLIC NOTARY ID # 62368 BOSSIER PARISH, LOUISIANA

MY COMMISSION IS FOR LIFE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Julian C. Whittington Bossier Parish Sheriff Benton, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bossier Parish Sheriff, component unit of the Bossier Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, which includes each fiduciary fund type of the Bossier Parish Sheriff, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, the Sheriff adopted *Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, which resulted in a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle of (\$29,236,956) to the June 30, 2017 net position for governmental activities. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, the schedule of the sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of the sheriff's pension contributions and notes, the schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedule of employer contributions for other post-employment benefit plan, and the schedule of investment returns for other post-employment benefit plan, on pages 1 through 7 and 40 through 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bossier Parish Sheriff's basic financial statements. The combining fiduciary funds statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in assets and liabilities are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head, presented in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statues (LRS) 24:513(A)(3), is on page 49. These schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The agency funds combining statement of fiduciary net position, the agency funds combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities, and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the agency funds combining statement of fiduciary net position, the agency funds combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities, and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2018, on our consideration of the Bossier Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bossier Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Shreveport, Louisiana December 12, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Julian C. Whittington Bossier Parish Sheriff Benton, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bossier Parish Sheriff, component unit of Bossier Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bossier Parish Sheriff's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bossier Parish Sheriff's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Can Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

Shreveport, Louisiana December 12, 2018

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2018

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

A. Financial Statement Audit

Type of auditors' report issued on the basic financial statements: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? No

Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted? No

Was a management letter issued? No

B. Federal Awards

At June 30, 2018, the Bossier Parish Sheriff did not meet the requirements to have a single audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance; therefore, this section is not applicable.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings Reported in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards

Current Year Findings and Responses

None

Prior Year Findings and Responses

None

Bossier Parish Sheriff Benton, Louisiana

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

June 30, 2018





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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Bossier Parish Sheriff and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Bossier Parish Sheriff (Sheriff) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. The Sheriff's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtained and inspected the Sheriff's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories:
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

b) Purchasing, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

d) **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

f) **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring card usage.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

g) **Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)**, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

h) **Travel and expense reimbursement**, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

i) **Ethics,** including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the Sheriff's ethics policy.

Results: The policy does not include a requirement that all employees annually attest through signature that they have read the ethics policy. No other exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

j) Debt Service, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

Payroll and Personnel

2. Obtained a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected five employees/officials, obtained related paid salaries and personnel files, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

- 3. Randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the five employees/officials selected under #2 above, obtained attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observed that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

b) Observed that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

c) Observed that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the Sheriff's cumulative leave records.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

4. Obtained a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly selected two employees/officials, obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations, agreed the hours to the employee/officials' cumulate leave records, and agreed the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee/officials' personnel files.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

5. Obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

CARR, RIGGS, & INGRAM, LLC

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

Shreveport, Louisiana December 12, 2018

JULIAN C. WHITTINGTON SHERIFF PH: (318) 965-2203

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BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF'S OFFICE POST OFFICE BOX 850 BENTON, LA 71006

December 12, 2018

Louisiana Legislative Auditor 1600 North 2nd St. P.O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

And

Carr, Riggs, & Ingram 1000 E. Preston Avenue Suite 200 Shreveport, LA 71105 RE: Management's Response to Agreed-upon Procedures

The Bossier Sheriff's Office Management Team has reviewed the Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-upon Procedures.

Response: The Bossier Sheriff's Office Ethics policy not including a requirement that all employees annually attest through signature that they have read the ethics policy.

Management believes that an annual training course provided by the Louisiana Ethics Board, that says the same as the agencies Code of Conduct, that concludes with proof of completion (a certificate) would have greater weight than someone signing a piece of paper saying they read the code of conduct when there is no proof they in fact had done so. In addition, an annual signing of a document that would need to be kept in each employee's file, in addition to the certificate that is required by law, would add 400 pages of additional paper to our files. Which over time, would contribute to file space difficulty not to mention the man hours required to complete the task. At this time, we do not believe that our policy requires a change.

Sayle Kengrey, Major