ST. LANDRY PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Opelousas, Louisiana

Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2015

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Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Landry Parish School Board (School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 19 to the basic financial statements, the School Board adopted new accounting guidance; GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, the schedule of funding progress, the schedules of employer's share of net pension liability and schedules of employer contributions on pages 63 - 73 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the St. Landry's Parish School Board's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2015, on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana December 30, 2015 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

| | G | overnmental Activities |
|---|-------------|--|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments Receivables, net Due from other governmental agencies Inventories, at cost Capital assets: | \$ | 24,675,490 1,943,774 318,000 6,534,203 396,828 |
| Land and construction in progress Capital assets, net | | 3,693,133 32,755,235 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 70,316,663 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | _ | 25,643,535 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts, salaries and other payables Interest payable Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year | | 14,673,977 169,316 1,781,275 19,478,959 |
| Net OPEB obligation payable | | 109,377,711 |
| Net pension liability | _ | 160,045,235 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 305,526,473 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | _ | 24,031,565 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Teachers salaries and benefits Grant contracts | | 20,202,698 7,295,471 1,255,857 |
| Debt service | | 202,758 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | (| (262,554,624) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | <u>\$ (</u> | (233,597,840) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| | | Program | ı Revenues | Net (Expense) Revenue and |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| F /D | E | Charges for | Grants and | Change in Net Position Governmental |
| Functions/Programs Governmental activities: | Expenses | Services | Contributions | Activities |
| Instruction: | | | | |
| Regular programs | \$ 58,855,838 | \$ - | \$ 2,686,579 | \$ (56,169,259) |
| Special education programs | 16,963,695 | ψ - - | 1,212,062 | (15,751,633) |
| Vocational education programs | 3,773,897 | _ | 225,158 | (3,548,739) |
| Other instructional programs | 1,237,731 | _ | 766 | (1,236,965) |
| Special programs | 8,910,649 | _ | 8,249,902 | (660,747) |
| Adult and continuing education programs | 33,823 | _ | - | (33,823) |
| Support services: | 55,625 | _ | | (55,625) |
| Pupil support services | 6,386,537 | _ | 1,073,231 | (5,313,306) |
| Instructional staff support services | 5,504,447 | _ | 3,353,176 | (2,151,271) |
| General administration | 3,871,174 | - | 3,333,170 | (3,871,174) |
| School administration | 9,308,426 | - | - | (9,308,426) |
| Business services | 1,145,152 | - | - | (1,145,152) |
| Operation and maintenance of plant services | 9,773,319 | - | - 7,406 | (9,765,913) |
| Student transportation services | 9,106,289 | - | 84,663 | (9,021,626) |
| Central services | | - | 84,003 | 1 1 1 |
| Non-instructional services: | 1,421,545 | - | - | (1,421,545) |
| | 10 200 540 | 502 064 | 9 400 041 | (1.204.542) |
| Food services | 10,380,548 | 583,064 | 8,492,941 | (1,304,543) |
| Community service operations | 7,306 | - | - | (7,306) |
| Facilities acquisition and construction | 71,708 | - | - | (71,708) |
| Interest on long-term debt | 307,292 | | | (307,292) |
| Total governmental activities | \$147,059,376 | \$ 583,064 | \$25,385,884 | <u>\$ (121,090,428)</u> |
| | Sales and us Grants and cor | es, levied for ge e taxes, levied t | eneral purposes for general purpose restricted to specifi | |
| | programs: State source - Minimum Foundation Program State revenue sharing State source - PIPS Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous | | | 77,138,277 572,115 95,363 34,403 2,119,287 |
| | Total ger | neral revenues | | 116,600,914 |
| | Change i | in net position | | (4,489,514) |
| | Net position, as | restated - July 1 | 1, 2014 | (229,108,326) |
| | Net position - Ju | me 30, 2015 | | \$ (233,597,840) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

| | General | Title I | Nonmajor Governmental | Total |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and interest-bearing deposits | \$21,847,651 | \$ 21,261 | \$1,456,578 | \$23,325,490 |
| Investments | 3,085,180 | - | 208,594 | 3,293,774 |
| Receivables - | | | | |
| Accounts | 108,553 | - | 209,447 | 318,000 |
| Due from other funds | 2,688,849 | - | 1,886 | 2,690,735 |
| Due from other governmental agencies | 2,937,456 | 1,889,602 | 1,707,145 | 6,534,203 |
| Inventories, at cost | 74,623 | | 322,205 | 396,828 |
| Total assets | \$30,742,312 | \$1,910,863 | \$3,905,855 | \$36,559,030 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 565,190 | \$ 17,862 | \$ 133,962 | \$ 717,014 |
| Salaries and benefits payable | 11,655,103 | 1,067,886 | 1,262,230 | 13,985,219 |
| Due to other funds | 830,000 | 825,115 | 1,035,620 | 2,690,735 |
| Total liabilities | 13,050,293 | 1,910,863 | 2,431,812 | 17,392,968 |
| Fund balances - | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 74,623 | - | 322,205 | 396,828 |
| Restricted | 13,247,717 | - | 1,151,838 | 14,399,555 |
| Committed | 1,057,069 | - | - | 1,057,069 |
| Unassigned | 3,312,610 | | | 3,312,610 |
| Total fund balances | 17,692,019 | | 1,474,043 | 19,166,062 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$30,742,312 | \$1,910,863 | \$3,905,855 | \$36,559,030 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

| Total fund balances for governmental funds at June 30, 2015 | | \$ | 19,166,062 |
|--|--------------|------|--------------|
| Capital assets used in governemtnal activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: | | | |
| Land | \$ 3,693,133 | | |
| Buildings and improvements, net of \$31,306,775 accumulated depreciation | 30,497,894 | | |
| Furniture and equipment, net of \$14,153,632 accumulated depreciation | 2,257,341 | | 36,448,368 |
| The deferred outflows of contributions to the retirement systems are | | | |
| not available resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds | | | 25,643,535 |
| Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2015: | | | |
| Bonds and certificates of indebtedness payable | (12,214,489) | | |
| Capital lease payable | (3,792,389) | | |
| Note payable | (69,476) | | |
| Insurance claims payable | (2,268,037) | | |
| Compensated absences payable | (2,637,587) | | |
| Legal fees payable | (250,000) | | |
| Interest payable | (169,316) | | (21,401,294) |
| Net OPEB obligation payable | | (| 109,377,711) |
| Net pension liability | | (| 160,045,235) |
| The deferred inflows of contributions to the retirement systems are | | | |
| not available resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds | | _ | (24,031,565) |
| Net position at June 30, 2015 | | \$(2 | 233,597,840) |

ST. LANDRY PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Opelousas, Louisiana

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Nonmajor

Title I Governmental General Total REVENUES Parish sources: Ad valorem taxes \$ 13,313,237 \$ 13,313,237 Sales taxes 23,328,232 23,328,232 2,227,757 2,823,849 Other 596,092 38,869,226 39,465,318 596,092 Total parish sources State sources 79,057,272 1,795,913 80,853,185 Federal sources 69,467 8,116,353 14,186,824 22,372,644 117,995,965 Total revenues 8,116,353 16,578,829 142,691,147 **EXPENDITURES** Current: Instruction -Regular programs 53,351,777 301,716 1,013,796 54,667,289 Special education programs 14,887,226 74,700 1,066,743 16,028,669 Vocational education programs 3,395,279 224,283 3,619,562 Other instructional programs 1,213,735 727 1,214,462 Special programs 787,045 5,669,580 2,180,839 8,637,464 Adult and continuing education programs 16,486 16,486 Support services -Pupil support services 5,083,022 178,448 833,110 6,094,580 Instructional staff support services 1,915,829 1,465,697 1,700,387 5,081,913 General administration 3,632,741 3,632,741 School administration 8,660,311 8,660,311 Business services 1,051,337 1,051,337 Operation and maintenance of plant services 7,025 9,621,241 9,614,216 Student transportation services 11,225,753 530 78,242 11,304,525 Central services 1,519,558 1,519,558 Non-instructional services -Food services 1 9,627,820 9,627,821 Community service operations 3,561 3,561 Facilities acquisition and construction 328,431 328,431 Debt service: 1,998,955 Principal retirement 1,998,955 269,168 Interest and fiscal charges 269,168 118,954,431 16,725,220 Total expenditures 7,698,423 143,378,074 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (958,466)417,930 (686,927)(146.391)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt 2,652,370 2,652,370 222,583 1,137,539 Transfers in 1,467,914 2,828,036 Transfers out (1,677,999)(640,513)(509,524)(2,828,036)Total other financing sources (uses) 2,442,285 (417,930)628,015 2,652,370 Net change in fund balances 1,483,819 481,624 1,965,443 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 16,208,200 992,419 17,200,619 FUND BALANCES, ENDING \$ 17,692,019 \$ 1,474,043 \$ 19,166,062

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| Total net change in fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2015 per the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances | | \$ 1,965,443 |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------|
| The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities is differenct because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital purchases which are considered as expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2015 | \$ 2,805,408 (4,559,975) | (1,754,567) |
| | | |
| Net proceeds from the sale of assets | | (121,285) |
| Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of | | |
| activities. | | (2,652,370) |
| Principal retirement considered as an expenditure on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance | | 1,999,486 |
| Reduction in legal fees payable | | 125,000 |
| Excess of compensated absences used over compensated absences earned | | 108,718 |
| Net change in OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2015 | | (9,001,339) |
| Pension (expense) benefit not requiring the use of current economic resources and, therefore, not recorded as a fund expenditure | | 5,261,226 |
| Excess of insurance claims incurred over claims paid | | (381,171) |
| Difference between interest on long-term debt on modified accrual basis versus interest on long-term debt on accrual basis | | (38,655) |
| Total change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2015 per the statement of activities | | \$ (4,489,514) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2015

| | Agency Funds |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash and interest-bearing deposits | \$1,524,867 |
| Certificates of deposit | 307,544 |
| Accounts receivable | 4,084 |
| Total assets | 1,836,495 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Due to other governmental units | \$ 35,585 |
| Taxes paid under protest | 311,628 |
| School activity funds payable | _1,489,282 |
| Total liabilities | \$1,836,495 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the St. Landry Parish School Board (School Board) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LRS-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within St. Landry Parish. The School Board is authorized by LRS-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of thirteen members who are elected from thirteen districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates 33 schools within the parish with a total enrollment of 14,919 pupils for the year ended June 30, 2015, based on the October 2014 official MFP student count. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

For financial reporting purposes, the School Board includes all funds and activities for which the School Board exercises financial accountability. Because the School Board members are independently elected and are solely accountable for fiscal matters, which include (1) budget authority, (2) responsibility for funding deficits and operating deficiencies, and (3) fiscal management for controlling the collection and disbursement of funds, the School Board is a separate governmental reporting entity, primary government. The School Board has no component units nor is it a component unit of any other entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements provide operational accountability information for the School Board as an economic unit. The government-wide financial statements report the School Board's ability to maintain service levels and continue to meet its obligations as they come due. The statements include all governmental activities and business-type activities of the primary government. The School Board does not have any business-type activities. Fiduciary funds are omitted from the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School Board are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be an independent fiscal and accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within separate sets of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, expenditures, and transfers.

Major funds are determined as funds whose revenues, expenditures, assets and deferred outflows of resources or liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are at least ten percent of the totals for all governmental funds or enterprise funds and at least five percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds for the same item or funds designated as major at the discretion of the School Board. Funds not classified as a major fund are aggregated and presented in a single column in the fund financial statements. The School Board uses the following funds, grouped by fund type.

Governmental Funds -

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School Board are financed. The acquisition, use and balance of the School Board's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds.

General Fund -

The General Fund represents the general operating activities of the School Board. All financial resources not accounted for in other funds are reported in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of government grants or other specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects of the School Board. The School Board's major Special Revenue Fund is the Title I Fund.

Chapter I Title I of the Improving America's Schools Act (IASA) is a program for economically and educationally deprived school children that is federally financed, state-administered, and locally operated by the School Board. The Title I Fund accounts for the federal monies received through this program. The Title I services are provided through various projects that are designed to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children. The activities supplement, rather than replace, state and locally mandated activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds, established to meet requirements of bond ordinances, are used to account for and report resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The School Board has no major debt service funds.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to report resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for major capital acquisition and construction separately from ongoing operational activities. The School Board has no major capital projects funds.

Fiduciary Funds -

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of other funds within the School Board. The funds accounted for in this category by the School Board are agency funds. The agency funds of the School Board are as follows:

The School Activity Fund accounts for assets held by the School Board as an agent for the individual schools and school organizations.

The Sales Tax Collection Fund accounts for monies collected on behalf of other taxing authorities within the parish.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The measurement focus determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund. The governmental activities within the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus meets the accounting objectives of determining net income, net position, and cash flows.

The fund financial statements use either the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus as appropriate. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus. This measurement focus is based upon the receipt and disbursement of current available financial resources rather than upon net income.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The accrual basis of accounting is used throughout the government-wide statements; conversely, the financial statements of the governmental funds have been prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when considered both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the School Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. An exception to this is grant revenue collected on a reimbursement basis. Those reimbursable grants are recognized as revenue when reimbursable expenditures are made. The School Board considers reimbursement amounts received within one year as available. The School Board accrues ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, federal and state grants, and investment income based upon this concept. Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liabilities are incurred and become payable in the current period. Proceeds of debt are reported as other financing sources, and principal and interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded as expenditures when paid.

Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific purposes or projects are recognized in the period in which the expenditures are recorded. All other revenue items are considered to be measureable and available only when cash is received by the School Board. Transfers between governmental funds are recorded when the related liability is incurred. These transfers do not represent revenues (expenditures) to the School Board and are, therefore, reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental fund financial statements.

Since the fund level statements are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each fund level statement that summarizes the adjustments necessary to convert the fund level statements into the government-wide presentations. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The financial statements of the Fiduciary funds have been prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when incurred.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the School Board, which are stated at cost.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Investments

Under state law the School Board may deposit funds with a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The School Board may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans (current portion) are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Receivables

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. The majority of this balance is comprised of ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes and federal and state grants.

Inventories

The cost of inventories is recorded as expenses when consumed on the government-wide financial statements and some inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased on the fund financial statements. Reserves are established for an amount equal to the carrying value of inventories.

Inventory of the General Fund consists of school supplies purchased which are valued at cost (first-in, first-out).

Inventory of the School Food Service Special Revenue Fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Food and Consumer Service through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture. All inventory items purchased are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), and donated commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The School Board maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements 20 - 55 years Furniture and equipment 5 - 20 years

In the fund financial statements, the acquisition of capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as expenditures of the governmental funds upon acquisition.

The School Board does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks and parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings and improvements. In the future, if such items are built or constructed, and appear to be material in cost compared to all capital assets, they will be capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives in the same manner as all other depreciable capital assets.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School Board reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$25,643,535 at June 30, 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School Board reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of \$24,031,565 at June 30, 2015.

See Note 14 for additional information related to deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Compensated Absences

All twelve-month employees earn from 12 to 18 days of vacation leave each year, depending on their length of service with the School Board. A maximum of 40 days of vacation time can be carried over to the next year. The School Board changed its policy in 2001. Before 2001, there was no maximum. All hours earned prior to the policy change were grandfathered in.

Nine-month and twelve month employees who are members of the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement system earn 10 days of sick and personal leave each year. Other twelve-month employees earn from 12 to 18 days of sick leave each year, depending on length of service with the School Board. Accumulation of sick leave is unlimited. Upon death or retirement, unused accumulated sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to employees (or heirs) at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, the total unused accumulated sick leave, including the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service for leave earned prior to July 1, 1998. For sick leave earned after July 1, 1998, under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System and for sick leave earned under the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System, all unpaid sick leave, which excludes the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service. Upon resignation, all sick leave is forfeited.

Sabbatical leave may be granted for rest and recuperation and for professional and cultural improvement. Any employee with a teaching certificate is entitled, subject to approval by the School Board, to one semester of sabbatical leave after three years of continuous service or two semesters of sabbatical leave after six or more years of continuous service. Due to its restrictive nature, sabbatical leave is accounted for as expenditure in the period taken and no liability is recorded in advance of the sabbatical.

For fund financial statements, vested or accumulated sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a current fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In the government-wide statements, amounts of vested or accumulated sick leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded as noncurrent liabilities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive vacation pay. A liability has been recorded for up to 25 days of accumulated sick leave for those employees eligible for retirement as of June 30, 2015.

At June 30, 2015, employees of the School Board have accumulated and vested \$2,665,843 of compensated absence benefits payable.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Since the School Board doesn't have a proprietary fund, all School Board long-term debt is used in governmental fund operations.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of a capital leases payable, QZAB certificates, QSCB certificates, and certificates of indebtedness.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources net of the applicable premium or discount and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. For government-wide reporting, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgage notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, and contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the School Board's policy to use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for an expense which has been incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

c. Unrestricted net position consists of all other assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily upon the extent to which the School Board is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The categories and their purposes are:

- a. Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints requiring they remain intact. The School Board's nonspendable fund balance includes inventories.
- b. Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the School Board through formal legislative action of the School Board and do not lapse at year end. A committed fund balance constraint can only be established, modified or rescinded by passage of a resolution by the School Board.
- d. Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained by the School Board's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The assignment of fund balance is authorized by a directive approved by the School Board's finance committee.
- e. Unassigned includes fund balance amounts which have not been classified within the above mentioned categories.

It is the School Board's policy to use restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless prohibited by legal or contractual provisions. Additionally, the School Board uses committed, assigned, and lastly, unassigned amounts of fund balance in that order when expenditures are made unless Board members or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

E. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Revenues

The School Board considers revenue to be susceptible to accrual in the governmental funds as it becomes measurable and available, as defined under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School Board generally defines the availability period for revenue recognition as received within sixty (60) days of year end. The School Board's major revenue sources that meet this availability criterion are ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, and federal and state grants.

There are two classifications of programmatic revenues for the School Board, grant revenue and program revenue. Grant revenues are revenues from federal, state and private grants. These revenues are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met and reported as intergovernmental revenues. The primary source of program revenue is grant revenues. Program revenues included in the statement of activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the School Board's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues.

Federal and state entitlement (unrestricted grants-in-aid, which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded when available and measureable. Expenditure-driven federal and state grants, which are restricted as to the purpose of the expenditures, are recorded when the reimbursable expenditures have been incurred.

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed in December, by the Parish Assessor, based on the assessed value and become due on December 31st of each year. The taxes become delinquent on January 1st. An enforceable lien attaches to the property as of January 31st. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables, and such amounts are measurable and available to finance current operations.

Interest income is recorded as earned in the fund holding the interest bearing asset. Revenues from rentals, leases, and royalties are recorded when earned. Sales and use tax revenues are recorded in the month collected by the School Board.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by character. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources whereas the government-wide financial statements report expenses related to the use of economic resources.

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions, but are reported separately in the statement of activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in direct expenses of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the statement of activities.

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Nine-month employee salaries are incurred over a nine-month period but paid over a twelve-month period. Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees (or heirs) are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death.

Commitments under construction contracts are recognized as expenditures when earned by the contractor. Principal and interest on long-term obligations are not recognized until due.

All other expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Other types of transactions such as capital lease transactions, sales of capital asstets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, et cetera, are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) in the fund financial statements. These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying event occurs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

F. Revenue Restrictions

The School Board has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

| Revenue Source | Legal Restrictions on Use | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Ad valorem taxes | See Note 4 | |
| Sales and use taxes | See Note 13 | |

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The School Board may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2015, the School Board has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$26,507,901 as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | Fiduciary Funds | Tota1 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Demand deposits | \$ 10,923 | \$ 1,524,867 | \$ 1,535,790 |
| Interest-bearing accounts | 23,314,567 | - | 23,314,567 |
| Certificates of deposit | 1,350,000 | 307,544 | 1,657,544 |
| Total | \$ 24,675,490 | \$ 1,832,411 | \$ 26,507,901 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the School Board's deposits may not be recovered or the School Board will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or a similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2015, were secured as follows:

| Bank balances | \$28,307,094 |
|--|--------------|
| Federal deposit insurance | 3,627,200 |
| Pledged securities | 24,642,121 |
| Total federal insurance and pledged securities | _28,269,321 |
| Amount uninsured | \$ 37,773 |

Deposits in the amount of \$24,679,894 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School Board's name. The School Board does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. Deposits were under secured by approximately \$37,773 at June 30, 2015.

(3) Investments

At June 30, 2015, the School Board's investments were as follows:

| Description | |
|--|--------------|
| Governmental Activities: | |
| Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP) | \$ 1,637,094 |
| Louisiana State Treasury Education Excellence Fund | 306,680 |
| Total investments | \$ 1,943,774 |

The School Board participates in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). The LAMP is an investment pool established as a cooperative endeavor to enable public entities of the State of Louisiana to aggregate funds for investment. The LAMP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company. LAMP is intended to improve administrative efficiency and increase yield of participating public entities. The LAMP's portfolio securities are valued at market value even though amortized cost method is permitted by Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, which governs registered money market funds. Because the LAMP is not a money market fund, it has no obligation to conform to this rule.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The investment in LAMP is not exposed to custodial credit risk and is not categorized in the three categories provided by GASB Codification Section I50.164 because the investment is in the pool of funds and therefore not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to meet its obligations. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the estimated fair value of an investment. The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value of investments is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the fair value of the School Board's investment in LAMP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The School Board's other investment consists of amounts on deposit with the Louisiana State Treasury for the Education Excellence Fund. These funds are covered by Louisiana State Insurance. The School Board has reported their other investments at fair value at June 30, 2015. Fair value was determined by obtaining "quoted" year-end market prices.

Governmental Funds:

Interest rate risk: State law does not address specific policies for managing interest rate risk. The School Board does not have a policy for interest rate risk. The following provides information about interest rate risk associated with the governmental funds investments:

| | | Type of Investment | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------|--|
| | | | Education | |
| | | | Excellence | |
| Maturity | Fair Value | LAMP | Fund | |
| Less than 1 year | \$ 1,943,774 | \$ 1,637,094 | \$ 306,680 | |
| 1 - 3 years | - | - | - | |
| 3 - 5 years | - | - | - | |
| 5 - 7 years | - | - | - | |
| 7 - 10 years | - | - | - | |
| Greater than | | | | |
| 10 years | | | | |
| | \$ 1,943,774 | \$ 1,637,094 | \$ 306,680 | |

Credit rate risk: The credit rate risk of the governmental funds investments is managed by restricting investments to those authorized by R.S. 33:5162. The School Board does not have a policy for credit rate risk.

| | | _ Rating 1 | by Star | ıdard & Poor's |
|---------------------------|--------------|------------|---------|----------------|
| Description of Investment | Fair Value | AA | A | Not rated |
| LAMP | \$ 1,637,094 | \$ | - | \$ 1,637,094 |
| Education Excellence | 306,680 | | - | 306,680 |
| Total | \$ 1,943,774 | \$ | - | \$ 1,943,774 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk: R.S. 33:5162 provides that all fixed income investments be appropriately diversified by maturity, security, sector, and credit quality. At June 30, 2015, no more than 5 percent of the governmental fund's total investments were investments in any single issue.

(4) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st of each year. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, taxes were levied by the School Board in December 2014 and were billed to taxpayers by the Assessor in December 2014. Billed taxes are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January 1st of the following year. The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of St. Landry Parish and are collected by the Sheriff. The taxes are remitted to the School Board net of deductions for Pension Fund contributions.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, taxes were levied on property with net assessed valuations totaling \$607,673,010 and were dedicated as follows:

| Constitutional | 4.37 | mills |
|--|-------|-------|
| Operation, improvement and maintenance | 4.29 | mills |
| Salaries of teachers and other employees | 11.57 | mills |
| Total assessment | 20.23 | mills |

Gross taxes levied for the current fiscal year totaled \$12,293,225. After accounting for deductions for various pension distributions and uncollectible taxes and collections of back taxes, ad valorem taxes reported by School Board amounted to \$13,313,237.

(5) Receivables

At June 30, 2015, receivables consisted of the following:

| Accounts | \$ 301,089 |
|------------------|------------|
| Accrued interest | 5,114 |
| Other | 11,797 |
| | \$ 318,000 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) <u>Due from Other Governmental Agencies</u>

At June 30, 2015, due from other governmental agencies consisted of the following:

| State of Louisiana, Department of Education | |
|---|-------------|
| for various appropriations and reimbursements | \$3,916,807 |
| Other municipalities and agencies for taxes and various other | |
| reimbursements | 2,617,396 |
| | \$6,534,203 |

(7) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

| | Balance | | | Balance |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|--------------|
| | 7/1/2014 | Additions | Deletions | 6/30/2015 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 3,693,133 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,693,133 |
| Construction in progress | 627,992 | - | 627,992 | - |
| Other capital assets: | | | | |
| Building and improvements | 61,255,910 | 895,059 | 346,300 | 61,804,669 |
| Furniture and equipment | 16,118,083 | 2,538,341 | 2,245,451 | 16,410,973 |
| Total | 81,695,118 | 3,433,400 | 3,219,743 | 81,908,775 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| Building and improvements | 27,664,938 | 3,866,852 | 225,015 | 31,306,775 |
| Furniture and equipment | 15,705,960 | 693,123 | 2,245,451 | 14,153,632 |
| Total | 43,370,898 | 4,559,975 | 2,470,466 | 45,460,407 |
| Net capital assets | \$38,324,220 | \$(1,126,575) | \$ 749,277 | \$36,448,368 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

| Regular programs | \$ 1,789,011 |
|---|--------------|
| Special education programs | 518,409 |
| Vocational education programs | 115,322 |
| Other instructional programs | 37,826 |
| Special programs | 272,336 |
| Adult and continuing education programs | 1,033 |
| Pupil support services | 195,182 |
| Instructional staff support services | 168,212 |
| General administration | 118,218 |
| School administration | 284,446 |
| Business services | 34,989 |
| Plant services | 298,400 |
| Student transportation services | 350,251 |
| Central services | 47,566 |
| Food services | 318,208 |
| Community service programs | 223 |
| Facilities acquisition and construction | 10,343 |
| Total depreciation expense | \$ 4,559,975 |

(8) Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

At June 30, 2015, accounts, salaries, and other payables consisted of the following:

| Salaries and benefits payable | \$ 11,593,524 |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Accounts | 717,014 |
| Other liabilities | 2,363,439 |
| | \$ 14,673,977 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(9) Long-Term Liabilities

The School Board issues certificates of indebtedness, lease financing, qualified zone academy certificates of indebtedness (QZAB) and qualified school construction bonds (QSCB) secured by General Fund revenues. This debt is used to finance the purchase of specific equipment and to make improvements to existing schools.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, the School Board entered into a lease agreement for the acquisition of forty (40) buses totaling \$2,862,080. At June 30, 2015, the buses had a value of \$667,800 (net of \$2,194,280 of accumulated depreciation), which is included in the furniture and equipment capital asset class. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the School Board entered into a lease agreement for the acquisition of thirty-three (35) buses totaling \$2,553,997. At June 30, 2015, the buses had a value of \$2,065,215 (net of \$488,782 accumulated depreciation), which is included in the furniture and equipment capital asset class.

All of the School Board's long-term debt is associated with governmental activities. Workmen's compensation claims are generally liquidated by the General Fund and School Food Service Special Revenue Fund. Claims and judgments (included in insurance claims), and compensated absences liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund and arbitrage is generally liquidated by the capital projects fund. Long-term debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Capital leases, notes payable, QZAB certificates, QSCB bonds, and certificates of indebtedness payable:

| Issued | Issue | Final Maturity | Interest | Balance |
|--------------|----------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| Amount | Date | Date | Rates | _Outstanding_ |
| \$ 2,862,080 | 10/07/11 | 10/07/20 | 3.99% | \$ 1,778,504 |
| 2,553,997 | 08/12/14 | 08/01/18 | 2.89% | 2,013,885 |
| 7,916,000 | 07/25/07 | 07/25/17 | 0.85% | 2,374,800 |
| 10,000,000 | 05/01/11 | 03/15/26 | 1.05% | 9,700,000 |
| 260,100 | 01/24/13 | 01/14/18 | 0.00% | 139,689 |
| 98,373 | 08/15/14 | 09/15/14 | 3.75% | 69,476 |
| \$23,690,550 | | | | \$16,076,354 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

A. <u>Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities</u>

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2015:

| | Balance | | | Balance | Due Within |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | 7/1/2014 | Additions | Reductions | 6/30/2015 | One Year |
| | | | | | |
| QSCB Bonds | \$ 9,700,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 9,700,000 | \$ - |
| QZAB Certificates | 3,166,400 | - | 791,600 | 2,374,800 | 791,600 |
| 2005 Certificates | 330,000 | - | 330,000 | - | - |
| 2012 Certificates | 190,658 | - | 50,969 | 139,689 | 52,664 |
| Capital leases | 2,036,412 | 2,553,997 | 798,020 | 3,792,389 | 751,079 |
| Note payable | - | 98,373 | 28,897 | 69,476 | 32,676 |
| Legal fees | 375,000 | - | 125,000 | 250,000 | 125,000 |
| Insurance Claims | 1,886,866 | 381,171 | - | 2,268,037 | - |
| Compensated | | | | | |
| Absences | 2,773,486 | | 107,643 | 2,665,843 | 28,256 |
| | \$ 20,458,822 | \$3,033,541 | \$2,232,129 | \$ 21,260,234 | \$1,781,275 |

B. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

| Year Ending | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2016 | \$ 751,079 | \$ 128,193 | \$ 879,272 |
| 2017 | 774,765 | 104,507 | 879,272 |
| 2018 | 800,224 | 79,048 | 879,272 |
| 2019 | 826,540 | 52,732 | 879,272 |
| 2020 | 313,633 | 25,527 | 339,160 |
| 2021-2025 | 326,148 | 13,012 | 339,160 |
| | \$3,792,389 | \$ 403,019 | \$ 4,195,408 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the note payable are as follows:

| Year Ending | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2016 | \$ 32,676 | \$ 1,958 | \$ 34,634 |
| 2017 | 33,923 | 801 | 34,724 |
| 2018 | 2,877 | 16 | 2,893 |
| | \$ 69,476 | \$ 2,775 | \$ 72,251 |

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the QZAB certificates of indebtedness are as follows:

| Year Ending | | | |
|-------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2016 | \$ 791,600 | \$ 67,286 | \$ 858,886 |
| 2017 | 791,600 | 67,286 | 858,886 |
| 2018 | 791,600 | 67,286 | 858,886 |
| | \$ 2,374,800 | \$ 201,858 | \$ 2,576,658 |

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the QSCB bonds are as follows:

| Year Ending | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2016 | \$ - | \$ 101,364 | \$ 101,364 |
| 2017 | - | 101,364 | 101,364 |
| 2018 | - | 101,364 | 101,364 |
| 2019 | - | 101,364 | 101,364 |
| 2020 | - | 101,364 | 101,364 |
| 2021-2025 | - | 506,820 | 506,820 |
| 2026 | 9,700,000 | 50,682 | 9,750,682 |
| | \$ 9,700,000 | \$1,064,322 | \$10,764,322 |

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates of indebtedness are as follows:

| Year Ending | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2016 | \$ 52,664 | \$ - | \$ 52,664 |
| 2017 | 54,435 | - | 54,435 |
| 2018 | 32,590 | | 32,590 |
| | <u>\$ 139,689</u> | <u>\$</u> - | \$ 139,689 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Annual payment requirements for legal fees payable are as follows:

| Year Ending | |
|-------------|------------|
| June 30 | Total |
| 2016 | \$ 125,000 |
| 2017 | 125,000 |
| | \$ 250,000 |

(10) Post Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of postemployment healthcare benefits should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future year when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2009, the School Board began to recognize the cost of postemployment healthcare in the year when employee services are received, to report the accumulated liability from prior years, and to provide information useful in assessing potential demands on the School Board's future cash flows. Because the School Board adopted the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 prospectively, recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

Plan Description: In accordance with State statutes, the School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. Substantially all of the School Board's employees become eligible for these benefits upon reaching retirement age while working for the School Board. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through the Louisiana Office of Group Benefits (OGB), whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the School Board. The OGB plan is a fully insured, multiple-employer arrangement and has been deemed to be an agent multiple-employer plan for financial reporting purposes and for this valuation. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Employees of the School Board are covered by four different pension plans as explained further in Note 14.

Funding Policy: The plan is funded on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, with the School Board contributing approximately \$9,101,561 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, for retirees and their dependents. No assets have been segregated and restricted to provide post employment benefits.

Retirees contribute approximately 25% of the retiree only coverage for the basic core and premium buy-up plans respectively, and one-half of the cost of dependent coverage. Active employees contribute approximately 25% of the employee only coverage for the basic core and premium buy-up plans, respectively, and one-half of the cost of dependent coverage.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The School Board provides an employer paid life insurance benefit to all active employees and retirees. Employees and retirees hired on or before January 1, 2002 receive a life insurance benefit of one and one-half times their most recent salary. Employees hired on July 2, 2002 or thereafter receive a life insurance benefit restricted to \$50,000. At age 70 the life insurance benefit is reduced to \$7,500 for retirees.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The ARC was calculated as part of the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuations performed by outside actuary consultants.

The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation:

| Annual required contribution | \$ 18,102,900 |
|---|---------------|
| Contributions made | (9,101,561) |
| Increase in net OPEB obligation | 9,001,339 |
| Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year | 100,376,372 |
| Net OPEB obligation - end of year | \$109,377,711 |

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of 2013, 2014, and 2015 follows:

| Fiscal | Annual | Percentage of | |
|-----------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| Year | OPEB | Annual OPEB | Net OPEB |
| Ended | Cost | Cost Contributed | Obligation |
| 6/30/2013 | \$ 18,619,000 | 39.9% | \$ 89,379,653 |
| 6/30/2014 | 18,344,800 | 40.1% | 100,376,372 |
| 6/30/2015 | 18,102,900 | 50.3% | 109,377,711 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress: The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2014, was as follows:

| Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial valuation of plan assets | \$ 2 | 256,333,600 |
|--|------|-------------|
| Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) | \$ 2 | 256,333,600 |
| Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL) | | 0.0% |
| Covered payroll (active plan members) | \$ | 31,740,100 |
| UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll | | 807.6% |

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Actuarial valuations of the School Board's plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress included in required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The ARC for the year was determined as part of the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation using the following methods and assumptions:

| Actuarial cost method | Projected unit credit |
|----------------------------|--|
| Investment return | 4% (net of administrative expenses) |
| Healthcare inflation rate | 8% and 7% for pre-Medicare and Medicare eligibles, respectively, scaling down to ultimate rate of 4.5% |
| UAAL amortization method | Level percentage of payroll, open |
| Projected salary increases | 3% |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(11) Risk Management

The School Board is partially self-insured with regard to workers' compensation insurance. Under the terms of an excess workers' compensation insurance agreement with a private insurance company in effect at June 30, 2015, the School Board's maximum liability per occurrence is \$300,000 for all claims paid during the year. The School Board reported a claims liability of \$2,268,037 on the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2015. The School Board purchases commercial insurance for individuals' claims in excess of \$300,000. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(12) <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

A. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2015, the School Board was a defendant in lawsuits principally arising from the normal course of operations. The School Board's legal counsel has reviewed the School Board's claims and lawsuits, which are primarily personal injury claims, in order to evaluate the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome to the School Board and to arrive at an estimate, if any, of the amount or range of potential loss to the School Board. It is the opinion of the School Board, after conferring with legal counsel, that the liability, if any, which might arise from these lawsuits would not have a material adverse effect on the School Board's financial position.

B. Grant Audits

The School Board receives grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by governmental agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the grantor for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency.

(13) Sales and Use Taxes

The School Board collects a one percent sales and use tax on all taxable sales within the Parish. The proceeds of this tax must be used for teachers' salaries and for expenses of operating the schools. The School Board also collects a one percent sales and use tax levied through the Educational Facilities and Improvement District of the Parish of St. Landry. The proceeds of this tax must be used to supplement employee salaries and benefits. The St. Landry Parish Sales Tax Commission has authorized the St. Landry Parish School Board to collect sales and use taxes for all taxing bodies within the parish beginning July 1, 1992. The School Board retains one percent of all collections as a collection fee. The collection and distribution of sales taxes are accounted for in the Sales Tax Agency Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Listed below are sales tax collections and distributions to other parish governmental agencies during fiscal year June 30, 2015.

| | Total | Collection | | Net |
|--|--------------|------------|-----------|----------------|
| Taxing Bodies | Collections | Cost | Refunds | _Distribution_ |
| St. Landry Parish School Board (3.55%) | | | | |
| & School Board (1.0%) | \$11,735,124 | \$ - | \$ 31,568 | \$11,703,556 |
| Solid Waste Commission (.8%) | 9,363,038 | 93,630 | 25,410 | 9,243,998 |
| EFID (1.0%) | 11,703,876 | - | 31,763 | 11,672,113 |
| Law Enforcement District (.75%) | 8,777,837 | 87,778 | 23,822 | 8,666,237 |
| Road District #1 (2.0%) | 7,105,187 | 71,053 | 377 | 7,033,757 |
| Town of Washington (1.2%) | 134,742 | 1,347 | - | 133,395 |
| Town of Melville (2.2%) | 182,114 | 1,821 | - | 180,293 |
| Town of Grand Coteau (2.0%) | 266,378 | 2,664 | - | 263,714 |
| Town of Arnaudville (2.0%) | 554,279 | 5,543 | - | 548,736 |
| City of Eunice (2.2%) | 5,272,349 | 52,723 | 24,559 | 5,195,067 |
| City of Opelousas (2.2%) | 9,390,043 | 93,900 | 8,966 | 9,287,177 |
| Town of Port Barre (2.2%) | 670,610 | 6,706 | - | 663,904 |
| Town of Sunset (2.0%) | 694,443 | 6,944 | 2,635 | 684,864 |
| Town of Krotz Springs (1.0%) | 207,154 | 2,071 | - | 205,083 |
| Village of Cankton (1.0%) | 29,039 | 290 | | 28,749 |
| | \$66,086,213 | \$426,470 | \$149,100 | \$65,510,643 |

(14) Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL), Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LASERS), and State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) and additions to/deductions from the systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. <u>Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)</u>

Plan Description: Certain employees of the St. Landry Parish School Board are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL). Chapter 2 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LA R.S. 11:401) grants to TRSL Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefits terms, investments, and funding of the plan. TRSL issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trsl.org.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Benefits Provided: The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general informational purposes only. TRSL provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement benefits: Normal retirement: Regular Plan – Members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011 may retire with a 2.5% accrual rate after attaining age sixty with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. All other members, if initially hired on or after July 1, 1999, are eligible for a 2.5% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service. Members may retire with an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. If hired before July 1, 1999, members are eligible for a 2% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service and are eligible for a 2.5% accrual rate at the earliest of age 65 with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service.

Plan A – Members may retire with a 3.0% annual accrual rate at age 55 with 25 years of service, age 60 with 5 years of service or 30 years of service, regardless of age. Plan A is closed to new entrants.

Plan B – Members may retire with a 2.0% annual accrual rate at age 55 with 30 years of service, or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Benefits Formula: For all plans, retirement benefits are based on a formula which multiplies the final average compensation by the applicable accrual rate, and by the years of credible service. For Regular Plan and Lunch Plan B members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 60-month period. For all other members, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 36-month period.

Payment options: A retiring member is entitled to receive the maximum benefit payable until the member's death. In lieu of the maximum benefit, the member may elect to receive a reduced benefit payable in the form of a Joint and Survivor Option, or a lump sum that cannot exceed 36 months of the member's maximum monthly benefit amount.

Effective July 1, 2009, members may make an irrevocable election at retirement to receive an actuarially reduced benefit which increases 2.5% annually, beginning on the first retirement anniversary date, but not before age 55 or before the retiree would have attained age 55 in the case of a surviving spouse. This option can be chosen in combination with the above options.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP): In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible member can begin participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed the 3rd anniversary of retirement eligibility. Delayed participation reduced the three year participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Upon termination of DROP, the member can continue employment and earn additional accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit.

Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

Disability Benefits: Active members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system before January 1, 2011, and who have five or more years of service credit are eligible for disability retirement benefits if certified by the State Medical Disability Board (SMDB) to be disabled from performing their job. All other members must have at least 10 years of service to be eligible for a disability benefit. Calculation of the disability benefit as well as the availability of a minor child benefit is determined by the plan to which the member belongs and the date on which the member's first employment made them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system.

Survivor Benefits: A surviving spouse with minor children of an active member with five years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) 50% of the member's benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service. When a minor child(ren) is no longer eligible to receive survivor benefits, the spouse's benefit reverts to a survivor benefit in accordance with the provisions for a surviving spouse with no minor child(ren). Benefits for the minor child(ren) cease when he/she is no longer eligible.

Each minor child (maximum of 2) shall receive an amount equal to the greater of (a) 50% of the spouse's benefit, or (b) \$300 (up to 2 eligible children). Benefits to minors cease at attainment of 18, marriage, or age 23 if enrolled in an approved institution of higher education.

A surviving spouse without minor children of an active member with 10 years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) the option 2 equivalent of the benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service.

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments: As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, TRSL allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by; the State Legislature.

Optional Retirement Plan (ORP): The Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) was established for academic employees of public institutions of higher education who are eligible for membership in TRSL. This plan was designed to provide certain academic and unclassified employees of public institutions of higher education an optional method of funding for their retirement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The OPR is a defined contribution pension plan which provides for portability of assets and full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted on behalf of the affected employees to the approved providers. These providers are selected by the TRSL Board of Trustees. Monthly employer and employee contributions are invested as directed by the employee to provide the employee with future retirement benefits. The amount of these benefits is entirely dependent upon the total contributions and investment returns accumulated during the employee's working lifetime. Employees in eligible positions of higher education can make an irrevocable election to participate in the ORP rather than TRSL and purchase annuity contracts – fixed, variable, or both – for benefits payable at retirement.

Contributions: The employer contribution rate is established annually under LA R.S. 11:101 – 11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Each sub plan pays a separate actuarially determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of TRSL are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members, regardless of their plan. The rates in effect during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

| 2015 | Contril | outions | | Contril | outions |
|------------------------|----------|----------|------|----------|----------|
| TRSL Sub Plan | Employee | Employer | ORP | Employee | Employer |
| | | | | | |
| K-12 Regular Plan | 8.0% | 28.0% | 2015 | 8.0% | 22.7% |
| Higher Ed Regular Plan | 8.0% | 26.4% | | | |
| Plan A | 9.1% | 33.1% | | | |
| Plan B | 5.0% | 30.1% | | | |

The agency's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 30.0% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$17,991,317 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2015, the School Board reported a liability of \$148,394,986 for its proportionate share of the TRSL net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the School Board's proportion was 1.45180%, which was an increase of 0.0511% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$13,026,476 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$1,093,633.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

At June 30, 2015, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experiences | \$ - | \$ 1,420,756 |
| Changes of assumptions | - | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | 18,935,535 |
| Change in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 4,880,490 | 505,956 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 17,991,317 | <u> </u> |
| Total | \$ 22,871,807 | \$20,862,247 |

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$17,991,317 resulting from School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (benefit) as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ended | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| 6/30/2016 | \$(3,995,440) |
| 6/30/2017 | (3,995,440) |
| 6/30/2018 | (3,995,440) |
| 6/30/2019 | (3,995,437) |

Contributions – Proportionate Share: Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the System and contributions reported by the participating employer.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014, and 2013 are as follows:

| Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization approach | June 30, 2014 and 2013 Entry Age Normal Closed |
|--|---|
| Actuarial Assumptions: | |
| Expected Remaining Service Lives | 5 years |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.75% per annum |
| Inflation Rate | 2.5% per annum |
| Salary Increases | Vary from 3.5% - 10.0% depending upon duration of service |
| Cost of Living Adjustments | None |
| Mortality Rates | Mortality rates were projected based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table with projection to 2015 using Scale AA |
| Termination and disability | Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five year (2008-2012) experience study of the System's members. |

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007 and ending June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014, are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term Expected |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| Domestic equity | 31.0% | 4.7% |
| International equity | 19.0% | 5.7% |
| Domestic fixed income | 14.0% | 2.0% |
| International fixed income | 7.0% | 2.8% |
| Alternatives | 29.0% | 5.9% |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.75%) or one percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.0% Decrease 6.75% | Current Discount Rate 7.75% | 1.0% Increase 8.75% |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 189,002,672 | \$ 148,394,986 | \$ 113,835,839 |

Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities: Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School Board did not recognize revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities.

Change in Net Pension Liability: The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2014 were recognized in the current reporting period except as follows:

- a. Differences between Expected and Actual Experience: Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The difference between expected and actual experience resulted in a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of amount of \$1,775,946 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension benefit and remaining deferred inflow of resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$355,189 and \$1,420,756, respectively.
- b. Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings: Differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings resulted in a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$23,669,418 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension benefit and remaining deferred inflow of resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$4,733,883 and \$18,935,535, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

c. Change in Proportion: Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. The change in proportion resulted in a deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$6,100,612 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension expense and remaining deferred outflow of resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$1,220,122 and \$4,880,490, respectively.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRSL 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.trsl.org.

B. <u>Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)</u>

Plan Description: Certain employees of the St. Landry Parish School Board are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LA R.S. 11:401) grants to LASERS Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefits terms, investments, and funding of the plan. LASERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.lasersonline.org.

Benefits Provided: The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general informational purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement: The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. The majority of LASERS rank and file members may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of credible service or at age 60 upon completing five to ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement benefits under any one of six different options providing for reduced retirement benefits payable throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirement, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification but generally is ten years of service.

Deferred Retirement Benefits: The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

Disability Benefits: All members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Upon reaching age 60, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees.

For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation.

Survivor Benefits: Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased member who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments: As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LASERS allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Contributions: Contribution requirements of active employees are governed by Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LA R.S. 11:401) and may be amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Employee and employer contributions are deducted from a member's salary and remitted to LASERS by participating employers. The rates in effect during the year ended June 30, 2015 for the various plans follow:

| | | Employee | Employer |
|--|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Plan Status | Contribution | Contribution |
| Plan | ORP_ | Rate | Rate |
| Regular Employees and Appellate Law Clerks | | | |
| Pre Act 75 (hired before 7/1/2006) | Closed | 7.5% | 37.0% |
| Pre Act 75 (hired after 6/30/2006) | Open | 8.0% | 37.0% |
| Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) | | | |
| Pre Act 75 (hired before 7/1/2006) | Closed | 7.5% | 37.0% |
| Pre Act 75 (hired after 6/30/2006) | Closed | 8.0% | 37.0% |
| Legislators | Closed | 11.5% | 41.2% |
| Special Legislative Employees | Closed | 9.5% | 41.2% |
| Judges hired before 1/1/2011 | Closed | 11.5% | 41.5% |
| Judges hired after 12/31/2010 | Open | 13.0% | 36.2% |
| Corrections Primary | Closed | 9.0% | 39.9% |
| Corrections Secondary | Closed | 9.0% | 40.8% |
| Wildlife Agents | Closed | 9.5% | 46.9% |
| Peace Officers | Closed | 9.0% | 41.5% |
| Alcohol Tobacco Control | Closed | 9.0% | 44.8% |
| Bridge Police | Closed | 8.5% | 35.3% |
| Hazardous Duty | Open | 9.5% | 35.6% |
| | | | |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The agency's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 37.0% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$129,185 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2015, the School Board reported a liability of \$923,427 for its proportionate share of the LASERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the School Board's proportion was 0.01477%, which was an increase of 0.0029% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$71,758 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$69,184.

At June 30, 2015, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experiences | \$ - | \$ 16,454 | | |
| Changes of assumptions | - | - | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | 116,822 | | |
| Change in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 140,690 | 2,322 | | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 129,185 | | | |
| Tota1 | \$ 269,875 | <u>\$ 135,598</u> | | |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$129,185 resulting from School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (benefit) as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ended | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| 6/30/2016 | \$ 31,752 |
| 6/30/2017 | 31,752 |
| 6/30/2018 | (29,206) |
| 6/30/2019 | (29,206) |

Contributions – Proportionate Share: Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the System and contributions reported by the participating employer.

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014, and 2013 are as follows:

| Valuation Date | June 30, 2014 and 2013 |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
| | could all |

Amortization approach Closed

Actuarial Assumptions:

Expected Remaining Service Lives 3 years

Investment Rate of Return 7.75% per annum Inflation Rate 3.0% per annum

Non-disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-

Mortality Rates 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with mortality

improvement projected to 2015.

Disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no

projection for mortality improvement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

| Termination, | Disability, | and |
|--------------|-------------|-----|
| Retirement | | |

projected based on a five year (2009-2013) experience study of the System's members.

Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were

Salary Increases

Salary increases were projected based on a 2009-2013 experience study of the System's members. The salary increase ranges for specific types of members are:

| | Lower | Upper |
|----------------|-------|-------|
| Member Type | Range | Range |
| Regular | 4.0% | 13.0% |
| Judges | 3.0% | 5.5% |
| Corrections | 3.6% | 14.5% |
| Hazardous Duty | 3.6% | 14.5% |
| Wildlife | 3.6% | 14.5% |

Cost of Living Adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term Expected |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| | | |
| Cash | 0.0% | 0.50% |
| Domestic equity | 27.0% | 4.69% |
| International equity | 30.0% | 5.83% |
| Domestic Fixed Income | 11.0% | 2.34% |
| International Fixed Income | 2.0% | 4.00% |
| Alternative Investments | 23.0% | 8.09% |
| Global Asset Allocation | <u>7.0%</u> | 3.42% |
| Total | <u>100.0%</u> | 5.78% |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.75%) or one percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.0 | 1.0% Decrease | | Current Discount Rate | | 1.0% Increase | |
|---|-----|---------------|---|-----------------------|---------|---------------|---------|
| | | 6.75% | _ | | 7.75% | | 8.75% |
| Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 1,184,370 | | \$ | 923,427 | \$ | 702,241 |

Change in Net Pension Liability: The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2014 were recognized in the current reporting period except as follows:

- a. Differences between Expected and Actual Experience: Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The difference between expected and actual experience resulted in a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of amount of \$24,682 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension benefit and remaining deferred inflow for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$8,227 and \$16,454, respectively.
- b. Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings: Differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings resulted in a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$146,028 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension benefit and remaining deferred inflow for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$29,206 and \$116,822, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

c. Change in Proportion: Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. The change in proportion resulted in a deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$211,035 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension expense and remaining deferred outflow of resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$70,345 and \$140,690.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LASERS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.lasersonline.org.

C. <u>State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)</u>

Plan Description: Certain employees of the St. Landry Parish School Board are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System, a component unit of the State of Louisiana. The System was established and provided for by LA R.S. 11:1001 to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits to all eligible school bus drivers, school janitors, school custodians, school maintenance employees, school bus aides, or other regular school employees who actually work on a school bus helping with the transportation of school children. LSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.lsers.net.

Membership is mandatory for all persons employed by a Louisiana Parish or City School Board or by the Lafourche Special Education District #1 who work more than twenty hours per week or for part-time employees who have ten years of creditable service in the System as a school bus driver, school janitor, school custodian, school maintenance employee, school bus aide or any other regular school employee who actually works on a school bus helping with the transportation of school children. If a person is employed by and is eligible to be a member of more than one public agency within the state, he must be a member of each such retirement system. Members are vested after 10 years of service or 5 years if enrolled after June 30, 2010.

All temporary, seasonal and part-time employees as defined in Federal Regulations 26 CFR 31:3121(b)(7)-2 are not eligible for membership in the System. Any part-time employees who work 20 hours or less per week and who are not vested will be refunded their contributions.

Benefits Provided: Benefit provisions are authorized under Louisiana Revised Statues 11:1141 – 11:1153. The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general informational purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Retirement: A member who joined the System on or before June 30, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of credible service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 55, 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. A member who joined the system on or after July 1, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 60, or 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

For members who joined the System prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to 3 1/3% of the average compensation for the three highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2.00 per month for each year of service. For members who joined the System on or after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010, 3 1/3% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits; however, the calculation consists of the five highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation. For members who join the System on or after July 1, 2010, 2 ½% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the five highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the System on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan: Members of the System may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) and defer the receipt of benefits. The election may be made only one time and the duration is limited to three years. Once an option has been selected, no change is permitted. Upon the effective date of the commencement of participation in the DROP Plan, active membership in the regular retirement plan of the System terminates. Average compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the System. The monthly retirement benefits, that would have been payable had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan Fund Account.

The System maintains subaccounts within this account reflecting the credits attributed to each participant in the DROP program. Interest credited and payments from the DROP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3). Upon termination of participation in both the DROP program and employment, a participant may receive his DROP monies wither in a lump sum payment from the account or systematic disbursements.

The System also provides for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Disability Benefits: A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has become totally and permanently disabled and is certified as disabled by the Medical Board. A vested person with twenty or more years of creditable service is eligible for a disability benefit until normal retirement age. A member who joins the System on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least ten years of service to qualify for disability benefits.

Survivor Benefits: Upon the death of a member with five or more years of creditable service, the System provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the status, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the members' benefits.

Initial Benefit Retirement Plan: Effective January 1, 1996, the state legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefits Retirement Plan (IBRP) program. IBRP is available to members who have not participated in DROP and who select the maximum benefit, Option 2 benefit, Option 3 benefit or Option 4 benefit. Thereafter, these members are ineligible to participate in the DROP. The IBRP program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of a regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest credited and payments from IBRP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3).

Contributions: Contributions for all participating school boards are actuarially determined as required by Act 81 of 1988 but cannot be less than the rate required by the Constitution. The actuarial required contribution rate for June 30, 2014 was 32.00%. The actual employer rate for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was 33.00% and 32.30%, respectively. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$2,136,543 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2015, the School Board reported a liability of \$10,726,822 for its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the School Board's proportion was 1.85045%, which was a decrease of 0.0296% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$838,121 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$85,319.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

At June 30, 2015, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experiences | \$ - | \$ 587,054 |
| Changes of assumptions | 365,310 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | 2,276,028 |
| Change in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | - | 170,638 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 2,136,543 | |
| Total | \$ 2,501,853 | \$ 3,033,720 |

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$2,136,543 resulting from School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (benefit) as follows:

| _ | Fiscal Year Ended | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| | 6/30/2016 | \$ (765,198) |
| | 6/30/2017 | (765, 198) |
| | 6/30/2018 | (569,007) |
| | 6/30/2019 | (569,007) |

Contributions – Proportionate Share: Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense/(benefit) using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the System and contributions reported by the participating employer.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014, and 2013 are as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2014 and 2013

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization approach Closed

Actuarial Assumptions:

Salary Increases

Cost of Living Adjustments

Expected Remaining Service Lives 3 years

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, net of investment expense

Inflation Rate 2.75%

Mortality Rates Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Sex Distinct

Mortality Table

Salary increases were projected based on a 2008-2012 experience study of the Plan's members. The annual

salary growth rates are based upon the members' years of

service.

Cost-of-livings raises may be granted form the

Experience Account provided there are sufficient funds needed to offset the increase in the actuarial liability and

the plan has met the criteria and eligibility requirements

outline by ACT 399 of 2014.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PERSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the system's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

| | Current | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | 1.0% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1.0% Increase 8.25% | | |
| | 6.25% | 7.25% | 8.23% | | |
| Employer's proportionate share | | | | | |
| of the net pension liability | \$ 14,834,307 | \$ 10,726,822 | \$ 6,627,742 | | |

Change in Net Pension Liability: The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2014 were recognized in the current reporting period except as follows:

- a. Differences between Expected and Actual Experience: Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The difference between expected and actual experience resulted in a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$880,581 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension benefit and remaining deferred inflow of resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$293,527 and \$587,054, respectively.
- b. Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings: Differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings resulted in a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$2,845,035 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension benefit and remaining deferred inflowsof resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$569,007 and \$2,276,028, respectively.
- c. Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs: Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions thought the pension plan. Changes of assumptions or other inputs resulted in a deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$547,965 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension expense and remaining deferred outflow of resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$182,655 and \$365,310, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

d. Change in Proportion: Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. The change in proportion resulted in a deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$226,184 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Pension benefit and remaining deferred inflow of resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$75,489 and \$150,789, respectively.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued stand-alone audit report issued on School Employees' Retirement System financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014. Access to the audit report can be found on the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website: www.lla.state.la.us.

(15) Compensation of Board Members

A detail of the compensation paid to individual board members for the year ended June 30, 2015 follows:

| | Amount | |
|---------------------|-------------|--------|
| Ambres, Milton L. | \$ | 9,600 |
| Boss, Kyle C. | | 9,600 |
| Cassimere, Raymond | | 9,600 |
| Donatto, Mary Ellen | | 4,800 |
| Frank, Josie Gale | | 5,100 |
| Fruge, Harry | | 4,800 |
| Gerace, Candy | | 9,600 |
| Hayes, Albert | | 4,800 |
| Perron, Donnie J. | | 9,600 |
| Ross, Charles | | 9,600 |
| Sias, Hazel | | 9,600 |
| Standberry, Anthony | | 9,900 |
| Wagley, David R. | | 9,600 |
| Wyble, Huey J. | | 9,600 |
| Young, Roger | | 9,600 |
| | <u>\$ 1</u> | 25,400 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(16) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments to Superintendent, Edward D. Brown, for the year ended June 30, 2015 follows:

| Purpose | Amount |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| Salary | \$120,437 |
| Benefits - insurance | 5,051 |
| Benefits - retirement | 35,504 |
| Car allowance | 7,800 |
| Reimbursements | 1,351 |
| Registration fees | 735 |
| Conference travel | 875 |
| | \$171,753 |

(17) Fund Balance

As of June 30, 2015, fund balances are composed of the following:

| | | | | | Ionmajor | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|-------|-----------|
| | | | | Go | vernmental | | |
| | G | ieneral | Title I | | Funds | Total | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable - | | | | | | | |
| Inventory | \$ | 74,623 | \$ - | \$ | 322,205 | \$ | 396,828 |
| Restricted - | | | | | | | |
| Sales taxes for salaries and benefits | 13 | ,247,717 | - | | - | 1 | 3,247,717 |
| Child nutrition | | - | - | | 933,652 | | 933,652 |
| Insurance | | - | - | | 15,428 | | 15,428 |
| Debt service | | - | - | | 202,758 | | 202,758 |
| Committed - | | | | | | | |
| Emergency | | 657,192 | - | | - | | 657,192 |
| Worker's compensation | | 399,877 | - | | - | | 399,877 |
| Unassigned | 3 | ,312,610 | | _ | | | 3,312,610 |
| Total | \$17 | ,692,019 | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$1</u> | 1,474,043 | \$1 | 9,166,062 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(18) <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

A. Interfund receivables and payables, by fund, at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

| | Interfund Receivables | Interfund Payables |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Major funds: | | |
| General Fund | \$ 2,688,849 | \$ 830,000 |
| Title I | | 825,115 |
| Total major funds | 2,688,849 | 1,655,115 |
| Nonmajor funds: | | |
| Lunch | 127 | 43,493 |
| Migrant | 2 | - |
| Title II | - | 136,003 |
| REAP | - | 45,579 |
| IDEA | - | 525,553 |
| Summer Feeding | - | 4,017 |
| Carl Perkins | - | 8,341 |
| EETT | - | 2,781 |
| Title III | - | 649.000 |
| CCLC | 1,757 | - |
| LA4 | - | 206,208 |
| 21st Century | | 62,996 |
| Total nonmajor funds | 1,886 | 1,035,620 |
| Total | \$ 2,690,735 | \$ 2,690,735 |

The amounts due from the General Fund from various other funds are for reimbursements owed for expenditures paid for those funds. The other receivable balances are for short-term loans. All interfund balances will be repaid within one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

| | Transfers In | Transfers Out |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Major funds: | | |
| General Fund | \$ 1,467,914 | \$ 1,677,999 |
| Title I | 222,583 | 640,513 |
| Total major funds | 1,690,497 | 2,318,512 |
| Nonmajor funds: | | |
| Lunch | 1,014,012 | - |
| Title II | 20,712 | 121,497 |
| REAP | 1,295.000 | 42,166 |
| IDEA | 67,591 | 266,704 |
| Title III | - | 243 |
| LA4 | 27,403 | 41,882 |
| 21st Century | - | 37,032 |
| Debt Service Fund | 6,526 | |
| Total nonmajor funds | 1,137,539 | 509,524 |
| Total | \$ 2,828,036 | \$ 2,828,036 |

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(19) New Accounting Pronouncement/Prior Period Adjustment

During the current fiscal year, the School Board implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governments through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet the criteria established by this standard. As a result of the implementation, the beginning net position of governmental activities in the amount of \$(65,413,835), as originally reported, has been decreased by \$163,694,491 to \$(229,108,326).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ST. LANDRY PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Opelousas, Louisiana General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| | Buc | doot | | Variance Positive |
|---|---------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | (Negative) |
| REVENUES | | | | (110gan110) |
| Parish sources: | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ 11,910,900 | \$ 11,910,900 | \$ 13,313,237 | \$ 1,402,337 |
| Sales taxes | 11,600,000 | 11,600,000 | 23,328,232 | 11,728,232 |
| Other | 1,000,762 | 1,000,762 | 2,227,757 | 1,226,995 |
| Total parish sources | 24,511,662 | 24,511,662 | 38,869,226 | 14,357,564 |
| State sources | 79,309,244 | 79,309,244 | 79,057,272 | (251,972) |
| Federal sources | 52,000 | 52,000 | 69,467 | 17,467 |
| Total revenues | 103,872,906 | 103,872,906 | 117,995,965 | 14,123,059 |
| | 103,872,300 | 103,872,900 | 117,993,903 | 14,123,039 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Instruction - | | | | |
| Regular programs | 51,172,040 | 51,172,040 | 53,351,777 | (2,179,737) |
| Special education programs | 14,231,876 | 14,231,876 | 14,887,226 | (655,350) |
| Vocational education programs | 3,449,569 | 3,449,569 | 3,395,279 | 54,290 |
| Other instructional programs | 1,410,648 | 1,410,648 | 1,213,735 | 196,913 |
| Special programs | 797,249 | 797,249 | 787,045 | 10,204 |
| Adult and continuing education programs | 15,487 | 15,487 | 16,486 | (999) |
| Support services - | | | | |
| Pupil support services | 5,073,732 | 5,073,732 | 5,083,022 | (9,290) |
| Instructional staff support services | 2,124,618 | 2,124,618 | 1,915,829 | 208,789 |
| General administration | 3,685,184 | 3,685,184 | 3,632,741 | 52,443 |
| School administration | 8,930,127 | 8,930,127 | 8,660,311 | 269,816 |
| Business services | 1,034,988 | 1,034,988 | 1,051,337 | (16,349) |
| Operation and maintenance of plant services | 8,884,904 | 8,884,904 | 9,614,216 | (729,312) |
| Student transportation services | 9,773,919 | 9,773,919 | 11,225,753 | (1,451,834) |
| Central services | 1,520,241 | 1,520,241 | 1,519,558 | 683 |
| Non-instructional services - | | | | |
| Food services | - | - | 1 | (1) |
| Community service operations | 3,085 | 3,085 | 3,561 | (476) |
| Facilities acquisition and construction | 253,406 | 253,406 | 328,431 | (75,025) |
| Debt service: | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 1,732,918 | 1,732,918 | 1,998,955 | (266,037) |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 376,296 | 376,296 | 269,168 | 107,128 |
| Total expenditures | 114,470,287 | 114,470,287 | 118,954,431 | (4,484,144) |
| Deficiency of revenues over expenditures | (10,597,381) | (10,597,381) | (958,466) | 18,607,203 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Issuance of debt | - | _ | 2,652,370 | 2,652,370 |
| Sale of assets | 10,000 | 10,000 | - | (10,000) |
| Transfers in | 12,179,899 | 12,179,899 | 1,467,914 | (10,711,985) |
| Transfers out | (1,213,755) | (1,213,755) | (1,677,999) | (464,244) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 10,976,144 | 10,976,144 | 2,442,285 | (8,533,859) |
| Excess of revenues and other sources | | | | |
| over expenditures and other uses | \$ 378,763 | \$ 378,763 | 1,483,819 | \$ 10,073,344 |
| • | <u> </u> | 2 270,702 | | ¥ 10,075,514 |
| FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING | | | 16,208,200 | |
| FUND BALANCE, ENDING | | | <u>\$ 17,692,019</u> | |

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| | Ві | Variance - Positive | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | (Negative) |
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Federal sources | \$7,415,414 | \$7,415,414 | \$8,116,353 | \$ 700,939 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Instruction - | | | | |
| Regular programs | 296,617 | 296,617 | 301,716 | (5,099) |
| Special education programs | 74,154 | 74,154 | 74,700 | (546) |
| Other instructional programs | - | - | 727 | (727) |
| Special programs | 5,487,406 | 5,487,406 | 5,669,580 | (182,174) |
| Support services - | | | | |
| Pupil support services | 148,308 | 148,308 | 178,448 | (30,140) |
| Instructional staff support services | 1,408,929 | 1,408,929 | 1,465,697 | (56,768) |
| Operation and maintenance of plant services | - | - | 7,025 | (7,025) |
| Student transportation services | | | 530 | (530) |
| Total expenditures | 7,415,414 | 7,415,414 | 7,698,423 | (283,009) |
| Excess of revenues over | | | | |
| expenditures | - | - | 417,930 | 417,930 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | |
| Transfers in (out) | | | (417,930) | (417,930) |
| Excess of revenues over | | | | |
| expenditures and other uses | \$ - | <u>\$ - </u> | - | \$ - |
| FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING | | | | |
| FUND BALANCE, ENDING | | | <u>\$ - </u> | |

Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| | | | Unfunded | | | |
|--------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------|---------------|------------|
| | | Actuarial | Actuarial | | | UAAL as a |
| Actuarial | Actuarial | Accrued | Accrued | | | Percentage |
| Valuation | Value of | Liabilities | Liabilities | Funded | Covered | of Covered |
| Date | Assets | (AAL) | (UAAL) | Ratio | Payroll | Payroll |
| July 1, 2012 | \$ - | \$271,629,000 | \$271,629,000 | 0.0% | \$ 57,889,000 | 469.2% |
| July 1, 2013 | - | 271,192,600 | 271,192,600 | 0.0% | 56,477,800 | 480.2% |
| July 1, 2014 | - | 256,333,600 | 256,333,600 | 0.0% | 31,740,100 | 807.6% |

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 *

| | | | | Employer's | |
|----------|-------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | Employer | Employer | | Proportionate Share | |
| | Proportion | Proportionate | | of the Net Pension | Plan Fiduciary |
| | of the | Share of the | Employer's | Liability (Asset) as a | Net Position |
| Year | Net Pension | Net Pension | Covered | Percentage of its | as a Percentage |
| ended | Liability | Liability | Employee | Covered Employee | of the Total |
| June 30, | (Asset) | (Asset) | Payroll | Payroll | Pension Liability |
| | | | | | |
| 2015 | 1.45180% | \$148,394,986 | \$ 62,450,525 | 237.6% | 63.70% |

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 *

| | | | | Employer's | |
|----------|-------------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | Employer | Employer | | Proportionate Share | |
| | Proportion | Proportionate | | of the Net Pension | Plan Fiduciary |
| | of the | Share of the | Employer's | Liability (Asset) as a | Net Position |
| Year | Net Pension | Net Pension | Covered | Percentage of its | as a Percentage |
| ended | Liability | Liability | Employee Covered Employee | | of the Total |
| June 30, | (Asset) | (Asset) | Payroll | Payroll | Pension Liability |
| | | | | | |
| 2015 | 0.01477% | \$ 923,427 | \$ 279,119 | 330.8% | 65.00% |

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 *

| | | | | Employer's | |
|----------|-------------|---------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | Employer | Employer | | Proportionate Share | |
| | Proportion | Proportionate | | of the Net Pension | Plan Fiduciary |
| | of the | Share of the | Employer's | Liability (Asset) as a | Net Position |
| Year | Net Pension | Net Pension | Covered | Percentage of its | as a Percentage |
| ended | Liability | Liability | Employee | Covered Employee | of the Total |
| June 30, | (Asset) | (Asset) | Payroll | Payroll | Pension Liability |
| | | | | | |
| 2015 | 1.85045% | \$ 10,726,822 | \$ 5,202,925 | 206.2% | 76.18% |

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| | | Contributions in | | | Contributions |
|------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Relation to | | Employer's | as a % of |
| | Contractually | Contractual | Contribution | Covered | Covered |
| Year ended | Required | Required | Deficiency | Employee | Employee |
| June 30, | Contribution | Contribution | (Excess) | Payroll | Payroll |
| | | | | | |
| 2015 | \$ 17,991,317 | \$ 17,991,317 | \$ - | \$ 64,238,744 | 28.01% |

Schedule of Employer Contributions Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| | | | Con | tributions in | | | | | Contributions |
|------------|----|-------------|-----|-----------------|-----|------------------|----|-----------|---------------|
| | | | R | elation to | | | Eı | mployer's | as a % of |
| | Co | ntractually | C | ontractual | Con | tribution | (| Covered | Covered |
| Year ended | F | Required | F | Required Defici | | ficiency | Ε | mployee | Employee |
| June 30, | Сс | ntribution | Cc | ntribution | (E | (Excess) Payroll | | Payroll | |
| | _ | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | \$ | 129,185 | \$ | 129,185 | \$ | - | \$ | 349,149 | 37.00% |

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| | | Contributions in | | | Contributions |
|------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | Relation to | | Employer's | as a % of |
| | Contractually | Contractual | Contribution | Covered | Covered |
| Year ended | Required | Required | Deficiency | Employee | Employee |
| June 30, | Contribution | Contribution | (Excess) | xcess) Payroll | |
| | | | | | |
| 2015 | \$ 2,136,543 | \$ 2,136,543 | \$ - | \$ 6,474,373 | 33.00% |

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

(1) Retirement Systems

A. Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

- 1) Changes of benefit terms A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2014, provided by Act 204 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session.
- 2) Changes of assumptions There were no changes of benefit assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2015.

B. <u>Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System</u>

- 1) Changes of benefit terms There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2015.
- 2) Changes of Assumptions There were no changes of benefit assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2015.

C. Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

- 1) Changes of benefit terms
 - a. A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2014, provided by Act 102 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session.
 - b. Improved benefits for certain members employed by the Office of Adult Probation and Parole within the Department of Public Safety and Corrections as established by Act 852 of 2014.
- 2) Changes of Assumptions There were no changes of benefit assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2015.

(2) Budget Practices

The proposed budget for 2015 was completed and made available for public inspection at the School Board office prior to the required public hearing held for suggestions and comments from taxpayers. The School Board formally adopted the proposed fiscal year 2015 budget on September 4, 2014. In accordance with R.S.17:88(A), parish school boards must adopt the budget no later than September fifteenth of each year. The budget, which included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the General and Special Revenue Funds, was published in the official journal ten days prior to the public hearing.

The budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds for the fiscal year were prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

Formal budgetary accounts are integrated into the accounting system during the year as a management control device, including the recording of encumbrances. With the exception of the multi-year projects in the capital projects funds, appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The level of control over the budget is exercised at the function or program level for the General and Special Revenue. The Superintendent and/or Director of Finance are authorized to transfer budget amounts within each fund; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require School Board approval. As required by state law, when actual revenues within a fund are failing to meet estimated annual budgeted revenues by five percent or more, and/or actual expenditures within a fund are exceeding estimated budgeted expenditures by five percent or more, a budget amendment to reflect such changes is adopted by the School Board in an open meeting. Budgeted amounts included in the financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

(3) Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the following funds had actual expenditures over appropriations as follows:

| Fund | | Budget | Actual | Excess |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| General Fund Improving America's | Schools | 114,470,287 | 118,954,431 | (4,484,144) |
| Act Title I Fund | Schools | 7,415,414 | 7,698,423 | (283,009) |

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS 183 South Beadle Rd Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141

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Retired Conrad O Chapman, CPA* 2006

Mr. Edward D. Brown, Superintendent, and Members of the St. Landry Parish School Board Opelousas, Louisiana

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Landry Parish School Board (the School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School Board's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan as items 2015-001, 2015-002, and 2015-003, and 2015-004 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings as items 2015-005, 2015-006, and 2015-007.

School Board's Response to Findings

The School Board's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan. The School Board's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

December 30, 2015 Ville Platte, Louisiana

KOLDER, CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

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Retired Conrad O Chapman, CPA* 2006

Mr. Edward D. Brown, Superintendent, and Members of the St. Landry Parish School Board Opelousas, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the St. Landry Parish School Board's (the School Board) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinions on Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Program and Special Education Grants to States Programs

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the School Board did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 84.010 Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Program as described in finding number 2015-002 for Special Tests and Provisions - Comparability. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the School Board to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the School Board did not comply with the requirements regarding CFDA 84.027 and 84.173 Special Education Grants to States Programs as described in finding number 2015-003 for Matching, Level of Effort, Earmarking - Maintenance of Effort. Compliance with such requirements is necessary in our opinion, for the School Board to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinions on Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Program and Special Education Grants to States Programs

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the St. Landry Parish School Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirement referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA 84.010 Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Program and CFDA 84.027 and 84.173 Special Education Grants to States Programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Other Matters

The School Board's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The School Board's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal

program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2015-002 and 2015-003 to be material weaknesses.

The School Board's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The School Board's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

December 30, 2015 Ville Platte, Louisiana

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ | Project | CFDA | Revenue | |
|--|-------------|--------|--------------|--------------|
| Program Title | Number | Number | Recognized | Expenditures |
| U. S. Department of Education: | | | | |
| Passed through State Department of Education: | | | | |
| Migrant Education - State Grant Program | 28-15-MF-49 | 84.011 | \$ 39,709 | \$ 39,709 |
| Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers | 28-15-C8-49 | 84.287 | 470,848 | 470,848 |
| Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States - | | | | |
| Carl Perkins Basic Grant | 28-14-02-49 | 84.048 | 224,283 | 224,283 |
| Race to the Top | 28-14-RT-49 | 84.413 | 199,158 | 199,158 |
| Rural Education | RE-15-RE-49 | 84.358 | 529,748 | 529,748 |
| Special Education-Preschool Grants - | | | | |
| SPED IDEA-Part B* | 28-15-P1-49 | 84.173 | 118,400 | 118,400 |
| Special Education-Grants to States - | | | | |
| SPED IDEA-Part B* | 28-14-B1-49 | 84.027 | 3,271,663 | 3,271,663 |
| Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies - | | | | |
| Title I-Part A Basic Grant* | 28-15-T1-49 | 84.010 | 8,116,353 | 8,116,353 |
| Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient | | | | |
| and Immigrant Students | | | | |
| IASA Title III | 28-15-60-49 | 84.365 | 12,397 | 12,397 |
| Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants - | | | | |
| IASA Title II | 28-15-50-49 | 84.367 | 1,541,494 | 1,541,494 |
| Total U.S. Department of Education | | | 14,524,053 | 14,524,053 |
| U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Passed through Louisiana Department of Social Services - | | | | |
| Temporary Assistance For Needy Families- Cecil J. Picard LA 4 Program | 28-15-36-49 | 93.558 | 523,150 | 523,150 |
| Passed through State Department of Education: | | | | |
| Child Care and Development Block Grant- | | | | |
| Early Childhood Community Network Pilots - Cohort 3 | 28-15-C6-49 | 93.575 | 12,000 | 12,000 |
| Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services | | | 535,150 | 535,150 |
| - | | | | |
| U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed through State Department of Education - National School Lunch Program - | | | | |
| National School Lunch Program School Breakfast Program - | N/A | 10.555 | 5,401,669 | 5,401,669 |
| National School Breakfast Program Summer Food Service Program for Children - | N/A | 10.553 | 1,768,298 | 1,768,298 |
| Summer Food Service Program | N/A | 10.559 | 86,007 | 86,007 |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture | | | 7,255,974 | 7,255,974 |
| U.S. Department of Defense: | | | | |
| NJROTC Program | N/A | N/A | 57,467 | 57,467 |
| TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS | | | \$22,372,644 | \$22,372,644 |
| * Indicates major program | | | | |

^{, ,}

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2015

(1) General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the St. Landry Parish School Board (the School Board). The School Board reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015. All federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies is included on the schedule as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies. The following programs are considered major federal programs of the School Board: Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Program and Special Education Grants to States Program.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the School Board's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015.

(3) <u>Commodities</u>

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2015, the School Board had \$322,205 of commodities inventory remaining.

(4) Relationship to Fund Financial Statements

Federal financial assistance revenues are reported in the School Board's fund financial statements as follows:

From federal sources:

 General Fund
 \$ 69,467

 Special Revenue Funds
 22,303,177

Total \$22,372,644

(5) Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for the amounts in reports submitted as of a date subsequent to June 30, 2015, which will differ from the schedule by the amount of encumbrances as of June 30, 2015.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

Part I. Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the School Board were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. Four deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements. These deficiencies were considered to be material weaknesses.
- 3. Three instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. Two deficiencies in internal control over a major federal award program were disclosed. These deficiencies are considered to be material weaknesses.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for CFDA 84.010 Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Program and CFDA 84.027 and 84.173 Special Education Grants to States Programs expresses qualified opinions.
- 6. The audit disclosed two findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- 7. The following programs were considered to be major programs: Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Program (CFDA 84.010) and Special Education Grants to States Program (CFDA 84.027 and 84.173).
- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as described in Section 520(b) of OMB Circular A-133 was \$671,179.
- 9. The School Board did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under Section 530 of OMB Circular A-133.

Part II. Findings which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted Governmental Auditing Standards:

Internal Control -

See Internal Control Findings 2015-001, 2015-002, 2015-003 and 2015-004 on the Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan.

Compliance Findings -

See Compliance Findings 2015-005, 2015-006, and 2015-007 on the Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2015

Part III. Findings and questioned costs for Federal awards which include audit findings as defined in Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Compliance and Internal Control Finding –

2015-002

Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies CFDA #84.010

Condition

During our audit, we noted that the School Board failed to meet the comparability requirements in six schools as provided by §1120(A)(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act.

Criteria

§1120(A)(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act states that to be eligible to receive Title I funds, the LEA must use state and local funds to provide services in Title I schools that are at least comparable to services provided in non-Title I schools.

Effect

Because of errors in the comparability reports, the School Board provided services to Title I schools that were not at least comparable to non-Title I schools.

Cause

Errors were made in the comparability reports thereby showing all Title I and non-Title I schools as comparable.

Recommendation

Procedures should be implemented for careful review and approval of all comparability reports.

Planned Corrective Action and Management's Response

The Title I supervisor will review these reports prior to submission, comparing to prior year data as well as current year data to ensure no errors are made. A compliant comparability report was submitted to the Louisiana Department of Education on October 2, 2015, which showed all schools comparable for the 2015-2016 school year.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2015

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Compliance and Internal Control Finding -

2015-003

Special Education Grants to States CFDA #84.027 and #84.173

Condition

During our audit, we noted that the School Board failed to meet the IDEA Maintenance of Effort (MOE) eligibility requirement as provided by 34 CFR §300.203(a).

Criteria

This requirement states that the Local Education Agency (LEA) budget for the education of students with disabilities in FY 2014-2015 at least the same amount as it expended in FY 2013-2014.

Effect

The School Board was not in compliance with the Maintenance of Effort requirements.

Cause

Budgeted expenditures totals did not exceed the most recent prior year actual expenditures.

Recommendation

The School Board administrative staff should consider the Special Education requirements when preparing future general fund budgets.

Planned Corrective Action and Management's Response

The School Board will make every effort to maintain spending in the Special Education area.

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2015

| Ref. No. | Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred | Description of Finding | Corrective Action Taken | Corrective Action Planned | Name of Contact Person | Anticipated Date of Completion |
|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| CURRENT YEA | | Description of Finding | 1 aken | Coffective Action Hainled | 1 erson | Completion |
| Internal Control: | 110 (0/30/13) | | | | | |
| 2015-001 | Unknown | The School Board is not providing the proper oversight of the school activity accounts. The lack of adequate oversight provides the opportunity for the misappropriation of cash and the funds designated for a particular club to be expended by another group. | | The School Board performs routine audits of the school activity funds. In the past, school administrators allowed certain groups to spend funds that were not available to their group, which has created negative cash balances for some groups. All school administrators have been informed of the proper procedures for spending school activity funds. | Tressa Miller, Director of Finance | 6/30/16 |
| 2015-002 | 2015 | The School Board failed to comply with the comparability requirements relative to the Title I funds it received. | Yes | The School Board will closely monitor the comparability requirements for Title I funds in the future. A corrected Title I comparability report was submitted to the Louisiana Department of Education on October 2, 2015. | Tressa Miller, Director of Finance | 10/2/15 |
| 2015-003 | 2015 | The School Board failed to comply with the maintenance of effort requirements relative to the IDEA funds it received. | Yes | The School Board will closely monitor maintenance of effort requirements for the IDEA funds it receives and will make every effort to maintain spending in the Special Education area. | Tressa Miller, Director of Finance | Immediately |
| 2015-004 | 2015 | On September 27, 2014, a poboy sale was held that resulted in the collection of \$1,756. The money was brought home by a school employee over the weekend, and returned to the school on Monday morning. On October 6, 2014, when another employee went to get the money to prepare a deposit slip and bring it to the bank, it was discovered that the money was missing. The Opelousas Police Department was contacted to conduct an investigation. After the investigation, the School Board was unable to determine who took the money; therefore, no efforts have been made to obtain restitution, nor has any personnel action been taken. | Yes | The School Board will monitor school activity funds more closely and discuss proper internal controls with school administrators. Also, all schools have been instructed to avoid removing money from the school premises other than to make a deposit and have at least two people present when counting and reconciling activity funds. | Tressa Miller, Director of Finance | 10/06/14 |
| | | | | | | |

(continued)

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2015

| Ref. No. | Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred | Description of Finding | Corrective Action Taken | Corrective Action Planned | Name of Contact Person | Anticipated Date of Completion |
|-------------|--|--|-------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| CURRENT YEA | AR (6/30/15) | | | | | |
| Compliance: | | | | | | |
| 2015-005 | 2015 | The School Board purchased a backhoe and financed it through John Deere without obtaining State Bond Commission approval which is a violation of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, Article VII, Section 8. | Yes | The School Board agrees with this finding and will obtain Bond Commission approval in the future. | Tressa Miller, Director of Finance | Immediately |
| 2015-006 | 2014 | The School Board's deposits were not fully collateralized at June 30, 2015. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1225 states that the amount of the securities pledged by the financial institution shall at all times be equal to one hundred percent of the amount of collected funds on deposit to the credit of each depositing authority except that portion of the deposits insured by FDIC. At June 30, 2015 the School Board had deposits in the amount of \$37,773 unsecured. | | The School Board agrees with this finding and will monitor deposits on a recurring basis to ensure compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1225. | Tressa Miller, Director of Finance | 06/30/15 |
| 2015-007 | 2015 | The School Board did not notify the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and local law enforcement in writing when an incident of theft occurred, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:523. See current year finding 2015-002. See current year finding 2015-003. | | The School Board agrees with this finding and will notify the Louisiana Legislative Auditor in the future. | Tressa Miller, Director of Finance | Immediately |
| | | | | | | (continued) |

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2015

| | Fiscal Year Finding | | Corrective | | Name of | Anticipated |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|------------|------------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| | Initially | | Action | | Contact | Date of |
| Ref. No. | Occurred | Description of Finding | Taken | Corrective Action Planned | Person | Completion |
| PRIOR YEAR (| 5/30/14) | | | | | |
| Internal Control: | | | | | | |
| 2014-001 | 2013 | The School Board did not conduct a physical inventory of fixed assets for the audit year ended June 30, 2014. | Yes | | | |
| 2014-002 | Unknown | The School Board is not providing the proper oversight of the school activity accounts. The lack of adequate oversight provides the opportunity for the misappropriation of cash and the funds designated for a particular club to be expended by another group. | No | See current year finding 2015-001. | | |
| 2014-003 | 2014 | In April of 2014, the School Board was alerted that money may have been taken from one of the school activity accounts. After performing an internal audit, it was determined that \$3,179 was misappropriated by a coach. The St. Landry Parish School Board did not terminate the coach because cash is typically not handled by this employee. The District Attorney was notified, as well as the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and the Investigative Division of the Louisiana Department of Justice. | Yes | | | |
| <u>Compliance:</u> 2014-004 | 2012 | The School Board made improper payments for excess insurance premiums for certain board members in violation of Article 7 Section 14 of the Louisiana Constitution. These amounts have been outstanding for several fiscal periods. The uncleared receivable for these payments is \$361 at June 30, 2014. | Yes | | | |

(continued)

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2015

| Ref. No. | Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred | Description of Finding | Corrective Action Taken | Corrective Action Planned | Name of Contact Person | Anticipated Date of Completion |
|--------------|---|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| PRIOR YEAR (| 6/30/14) | | | | | |
| Compliance: | | | | | | |
| 2014-005 | 2013 | The School Board did not properly present the budget in accordance with the Louisiana Local Government Budget Act (R.S. 36:1305(c)(2)(a)). | Yes | | | |
| 2014-006 | 2014 | The School Board's deposits were not fully collateralized at June 30, 2014. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1225 states that the amount of the securities pledged by the financial institution shall at all times be equal to one hundred percent of the amount of collected funds on deposit to the credit of each depositing authority except that portion of the deposits insured by FDIC. At June 30, 2014 the School Board had deposits in the amount of \$589,918 unsecured. | No | See current year finding 2015-006. | | |

ST. LANDRY PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

SPECIAL AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT ON SCHOOL BOARD PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

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Mr. Edward D. Brown, Superintendent and Members of the St. Landry Parish School Board Opelousas, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures included in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of St. Landry Parish School Board and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, solely to assist users in evaluating management's assertions about the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of St. Landry Parish School Board and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of the report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Our procedures and findings relate to the accompanying schedules of supplemental information and are as follows:

I. <u>General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)</u>

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue

There were no exceptions noted.

II. Education Levels of Public School Staff (Schedule 2)

2. We reconciled the total number of full-time classroom teachers per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals, Assistant Principals, and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total number of full-time classroom teachers per this schedule and to school board supporting payroll records as of October 1st.

There were no exceptions noted.

3. We reconciled the combined total of principals and assistant principals per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals, Assistant Principals, and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total of principals and assistant principals per this schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

4. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October 1st and as reported on the schedule. We traced a random sample of 25 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determine if the individual's education level was properly classified on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

III. Number and Type of Public Schools (Schedule 3)

5. We obtained a list of schools by type as reported on the schedule. We compared the list to the schools and grade levels as reported on the Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA 84.010) application and/or the National School Lunch Program (CFDA 10.555) application.

There were no exceptions noted.

IV. Experience of Public Principals, Assistant Principals, and Full-time Classroom Teachers (Schedule 4)

6. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October 1 and as reported on the schedule and traced the same sample used in procedure 4 to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's experience was properly classified on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

V. <u>Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (Schedule 5)</u>

7. We obtained a list of all classroom teachers including their base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status as well as full-time equivalent as reported on the schedule and traced a random sample of 25 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

8. We recalculated the average salaries and full-time equivalents reported in the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

VI. Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 6)

9. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule and reconciled school type classifications to Schedule 3 data, as obtained in procedure 5. We then traced a random sample of 10 classes to the October 1st roll books for those classes and determined if the class was properly classified on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

VII. Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) (Schedule 7)

10. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by St. Landry Parish School Board.

There were no exceptions noted.

VIII. The Graduation Exit Examination (GEE) (Schedule 8)

11. The Graduation Examination (GEE) is no longer administered. This schedule is no longer applicable.

IX. <u>iLEAP Tests (Schedule 9)</u>

12. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by St. Landry Parish School Board.

There were no exceptions noted.

We were not engaged to, and did not, perform an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on management's assertions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the use of management of St. Landry Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, the Louisiana Legislature, and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana December 30, 2015

Schedules Required by State Law (R.S. 24:514 – Performance and Statistical Data)
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Schedule 1 - General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources

This schedule includes general fund instructional and equipment expenditures. It also contains local taxation revenue, earnings on investments, revenue in lieu of taxes, and nonpublic textbook and transportation revenue. This data is used either in the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula or is presented annually in the MFP 70% Expenditure Requirement Report.

Schedule 2 – Education Levels of Public School Staff

This schedule includes the certificated and uncertificated number and percentage of full-time classroom teachers and the number and percentage of principals and assistant principals with less than a Bachelor's; Master's; Master's +30; Specialist in Education; and Ph. D or Ed. D degrees. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the Annual Financial and Statistical Report (AFSR).

Schedule 3 – Number and Type of Public Schools

This schedule includes the number of elementary, middle/junior high, secondary and combination schools in operation during the fiscal year. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the Annual Financial and Statistical Report (AFSR).

Schedule 4 - Experience of Public Principals, Assistant Principals, and Full-time Classroom Teachers

This schedule includes the number of years of experience in teaching for assistant principals, principals, and full-time classroom teachers. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the Annual Financial and Statistical Report (AFSR).

Schedule 5 – Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries

This schedule includes average classroom teachers salary using full-time equivalents, including and excluding ROTC and rehired retiree teachers. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the Annual Financial and Statistical Report (AFSR).

Schedule 6 – Class Size Characteristics

This schedule includes the percent and number of classes with student enrollment in the following ranges: 1-20, 21-26, 27-33, and 34+ students. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the Annual Financial and Statistical Report (AFSR).

Schedule 7 – Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP)

This schedule represents student performance testing data and includes summary scores by district for grades 4 and 8 in each category tested. Scores are reported as Advanced, Proficient, Basic, Approaching Basic, and Unsatisfactory. This schedule includes three years of data.

Schedule 8 – Graduation Exit Examination (GEE)

The Graduation Exit Examination (GEE) is no longer administered. This schedule is no longer applicable.

Schedule 9 - iLEAP Tests

This schedule represents student performance testing data and includes a summary for grades 3, 5, 6, and 7 for each district. The summary score reported is the National Percentile Rank showing relative position or rank as compared to a large, representative sample of students in the same grade from the entire nation. This schedule includes three years of data.

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures

| General Fund Instructional Expenditures: Teacher and Student Interaction Activities: Classroom Teacher Salaries Other Instructional Staff Activities Instructional Staff Employee Benefits Purchased Professional and Technical Services Instructional Materials and Supplies Instructional Equipment Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities | \$40,958,057 4,274,054 25,179,697 267,834 1,700,459 46,720 | \$ | 72,426,821 |
|--|---|----------------|--|
| Other Instructional Activities | | | 333,792 |
| Pupil Support Services Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Services Net Pupil Support Services | 5,083,022 | | 5,083,022 |
| Instructional Staff Services Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services Net Instructional Staff Services | 1,905,728 | | 1,905,728 |
| School Administration Less: Equipment for School Administration Net School Administration | 8,660,311 | | 8,660,311 |
| Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures | | \$ | 88,409,674 |
| Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures | | \$ | 1,253,037 |
| Certain Local Revenue Sources Local Taxation Revenue: Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes Renewable Ad Valorem Tax Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes Sales and Use Taxes Total Local Taxation Revenue | | \$ | 2,753,514 9,993,301 - 371,845 23,712,855 36,831,515 |
| Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property: Earnings from 16th Section Property Earnings from Other Real Property Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property | | \$ | 18,531 1,124 19,655 |
| State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes: Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Nonpublic Textbook Revenue Nonpublic Transportation Revenue | | \$ \$ \$ | 123,526 448,589 - - 572,115 53,213 |

SCHEDULE 2

ST. LANDRY PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Opelousas, Louisiana

Education Levels of Public School Staff As of October 1, 2014

| | Fu | ll-time Classr | oom Teachers | | Principals & Assistant Principals | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------------|----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| | Certifi | icated | Uncertificated | | Certificated | | Uncertificated | |
| Category | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Less than a bachelor's degree | 10 | 1.19% | ı | - | - | • | - | 1 |
| Bachelor's degree | 629 | 74.61% | 33 | 91.67% | - | - | - | - |
| Master's degree | 171 | 20.28% | 3 | 8.33% | 40 | 71.43% | - | 1 |
| Master's degree + 30 | 28 | 3.32% | ı | - | 13 | 23.21% | - | 1 |
| Specialist in education | 1 | 0.12% | ı | - | 1 | 1.79% | | - |
| Ph. D. or Ed. D. | 4 | 0.47% | İ | - | 2 | 3.57% | - | - |
| Total | 843 | 100% | 36 | 100.0% | 56 | 100.0% | - | - |

SCHEDULE 3

ST. LANDRY PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Opelousas, Louisiana

Number and Type of Public Schools For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| Туре | Number |
|--------------------|--------|
| Elementary | 19 |
| Middle/Junior High | 7 |
| Secondary | 6 |
| Combination | 1 |
| Total | 33 |

Note: Schools opened or closed during the fiscal year are included on this schedule.

SCHEDULE 4

Experience of Public Principals, Assistant Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers As of October 1, 2014

| | 0-1 Yr. | 2-3 Yrs. | 4-10 Yrs. | 11-14 Yrs. | 15-19 Yrs. | 20-24 Yrs. | 25+ Yrs. | Total |
|----------------------|---------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|----------|-------|
| Assistant principals | 0 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 22 |
| Principals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 9 | 15 | 34 |
| Classroom teachers | 176 | 75 | 209 | 109 | 109 | 100 | 101 | 879 |
| Total | 176 | 75 | 216 | 115 | 119 | 113 | 121 | 935 |

SCHEDULE 5

Classroom Teachers

ST. LANDRY PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Opelousas, Louisiana

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| | All Classroom Teachers | Excluding ROTC, Rehired Retirees, and Flagged Salary Reductions |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Average classroom teachers' salary including extra compensation | 44,430 | 44,558 |
| Average classroom teachers' salary excluding extra compensation | 42,305 | 42,427 |
| Number of teacher full-time equivalents (FTEs) used in computation of average salaries | 1046 | 1043 |

Note: Figures reported include all sources of funding (i.e., federal, state, and local) but exclude stipends and employee benefits. Generally, retired teachers rehired to teach receive less compensation than non-retired teachers; some teachers may have been flagged as receiving reduced salaries (e.g., extended medical leave); and ROTC teachers usually receive more compensation because of a federal supplement. For these reasons, these teachers are excluded from the computation in the last column. This schedule excludes day-to-day substitutes, temporary employees, and any teachers on sabbatical leave during any part of the school year.

Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2014

| | | | | Class Si | ze Range | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|----------|----------|--------|---------|--------|
| | 1 - | 1 - 20 | | - 26 | 27 | - 33 | 34 | 1+ |
| School Type | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number |
| Elementary | 54.2% | 1,507 | 39.0% | 1,085 | 6.4% | 179 | 0.4% | 10 |
| Elementary activity classes | 46.5% | 153 | 31.6% | 104 | 9.7% | 32 | 12.2% | 40 |
| Middle/Junior High | 48.7% | 347 | 35.6% | 254 | 14.9% | 106 | 0.8% | 6 |
| Middle/Junior High activity classes | 82.1% | 128 | 11.5% | 18 | 5.1% | 8 | 1.3% | 2 |
| High | 63.0% | 990 | 25.3% | 397 | 11.6% | 182 | 0.1% | 2 |
| High activity classes | 95.4% | 329 | 4.3% | 15 | 0.3% | 1 | 0.0% | - |
| Combination | 88.6% | 218 | 11.0% | 27 | 0.4% | 1 | 0.0% | - |
| Combination activity classes | 83.9% | 26 | 3.2% | 1 | 12.9% | 4 | 0.0% | - |

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.

SCHEDULE 7

Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| District Achievement | Engli | English Language Arts | | | Mathematics | | | |
|----------------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | | |
| Grade 4 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | | |
| Advanced | 2% | 3% | 4% | 1% | 9% | 5% | | |
| Mastery | 31% | 26% | 21% | 21% | 18% | 16% | | |
| Basic | 39% | 47% | 50% | 30% | 38% | 43% | | |
| Approaching basic | 21% | 17% | 19% | 37% | 19% | 17% | | |
| Unsatisfactory | 7% | 7% | 6% | 11% | 16% | 19% | | |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | |

| District Achievement | | Science | | | Social Studies | | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|--|--|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | | |
| Grade 4 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | | |
| Advanced | 1% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 1% | 1% | | |
| Mastery | 13% | 12% | 10% | 10% | 13% | 10% | | |
| Basic | 45% | 49% | 47% | 52% | 51% | 53% | | |
| Approaching basic | 31% | 29% | 29% | 22% | 24% | 22% | | |
| Unsatisfactory | 10% | 8% | 12% | 15% | 11% | 14% | | |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | |

| District Achievement | Engli | sh Language | Arts | Mathematics | | | |
|----------------------|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|--|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | |
| Grade 8 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| Advanced | 2% | 2% | 3% | 2% | 3% | 1% | |
| Mastery | 33% | 14% | 17% | 21% | 4% | 4% | |
| Basic | 36% | 49% | 48% | 27% | 50% | 53% | |
| Approaching basic | 20% | 29% | 25% | 29% | 24% | 26% | |
| Unsatisfactory | 9% | 6% | 7% | 21% | 19% | 16% | |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | |

| District Achievement | | Science | | Social Studies | | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|--|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | |
| Grade 8 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| Advanced | 1% | 1% | 2% | 1% | 1% | 0% | |
| Mastery | 9% | 11% | 12% | 7% | 8% | 8% | |
| Basic | 37% | 44% | 41% | 44% | 49% | 49% | |
| Approaching basic | 33% | 32% | 34% | 30% | 30% | 26% | |
| Unsatisfactory | 20% | 12% | 11% | 18% | 12% | 17% | |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | |

SCHEDULE 9

iLeap Tests For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| District Achievement | English Language Arts | | | Mathematics | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|--|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | |
| Grade 3 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| Advanced | 1% | 4% | 3% | 3% | 7% | 5% | |
| Mastery | 29% | 19% | 16% | 21% | 17% | 15% | |
| Basic | 31% | 41% | 45% | 29% | 40% | 44% | |
| Approaching basic | 24% | 21% | 23% | 29% | 22% | 21% | |
| Unsatisfactory | 15% | 15% | 13% | 18% | 14% | 15% | |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | |

| District Achievement | | Science | | | Social Studies | | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|--|--|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | | |
| Grade 3 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | | |
| Advanced | 3% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 1% | 1% | | |
| Mastery | 14% | 12% | 13% | 13% | 12% | 15% | | |
| Basic | 44% | 42% | 46% | 52% | 50% | 48% | | |
| Approaching basic | 27% | 29% | 29% | 22% | 23% | 22% | | |
| Unsatisfactory | 12% | 15% | 10% | 12% | 14% | 14% | | |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | |

| District Achievement | English Language Arts | | | Mathematics | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|--|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | |
| Grade 5 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| Advanced | 1% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 1% | 1% | |
| Mastery | 24% | 16% | 11% | 15% | 5% | 9% | |
| Basic | 40% | 48% | 52% | 28% | 48% | 48% | |
| Approaching basic | 26% | 22% | 23% | 41% | 21% | 23% | |
| Unsatisfactory | 9% | 12% | 12% | 15% | 25% | 19% | |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | |

| District Achievement | | Science | | | Social Studies | | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|--|--|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | | |
| Grade 5 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | | |
| Advanced | 1% | 1% | 1% | 2% | 2% | 2% | | |
| Mastery | 9% | 8% | 10% | 5% | 7% | 8% | | |
| Basic | 41% | 45% | 43% | 47% | 49% | 45% | | |
| Approaching basic | 31% | 34% | 34% | 29% | 28% | 26% | | |
| Unsatisfactory | 18% | 12% | 12% | 17% | 14% | 19% | | |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | |

SCHEDULE 9

iLeap Tests (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

| District Achievement | English Language Arts | | | Mathematics | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|--|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | |
| Grade 6 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| Advanced | 0% | 2% | 3% | 0% | 2% | 3% | |
| Mastery | 31% | 14% | 14% | 13% | 5% | 10% | |
| Basic | 40% | 54% | 55% | 38% | 54% | 53% | |
| Approaching basic | 23% | 18% | 21% | 39% | 24% | 19% | |
| Unsatisfactory | 6% | 12% | 7% | 10% | 15% | 15% | |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | |

| District Achievement | Science | | | Social Studies | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Grade 6 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| Advanced | 1% | 1% | 1% | 2% | 2% | 4% |
| Mastery | 9% | 9% | 13% | 8% | 7% | 10% |
| Basic | 45% | 45% | 48% | 46% | 44% | 46% |
| Approaching basic | 33% | 33% | 29% | 31% | 34% | 26% |
| Unsatisfactory | 12% | 12% | 9% | 13% | 13% | 14% |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

| District Achievement | English Language Arts | | | Mathematics | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Grade 7 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| Advanced | 2% | 4% | 4% | 1% | 2% | 1% |
| Mastery | 23% | 14% | 15% | 13% | 8% | 9% |
| Basic | 37% | 50% | 50% | 35% | 53% | 52% |
| Approaching basic | 25% | 23% | 25% | 37% | 21% | 22% |
| Unsatisfactory | 13% | 9% | 6% | 14% | 16% | 16% |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

| District Achievement | Science | | | Social Studies | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|
| Level Results | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Grade 7 Students | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| Advanced | 1% | 1% | 1% | 2% | 2% | 1% |
| Mastery | 12% | 15% | 13% | 9% | 8% | 6% |
| Basic | 42% | 41% | 39% | 47% | 47% | 47% |
| Approaching basic | 29% | 30% | 35% | 25% | 30% | 27% |
| Unsatisfactory | 16% | 13% | 12% | 17% | 13% | 19% |
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |