DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT PARISHES OF

LINCOLN AND UNION, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

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DON M. MCGEHEE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable John Belton District Attorney of the Third Judicial District 100 West Texas, 2nd Floor Ruston, Louisiana 71270

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Attorney of the Third Judicial District, a component unit of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Attorney of the Third Judicial District as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages pages 4 through 6 and pages 24 - 25, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to the District Attorney of the Third Judicial District is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplemental schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, I have also issued my report dated June 26, 2015, on my consideration of the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Don M. McGehee Certified Public Accountant June 26, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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John F. K. Belton, District Attorney Third Judicial District Of Louisiana Parishes Of Lincoln & Union

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Our discussion and analysis of the District Attorney's financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2014. It is based upon currently known facts, decisions, and conditions. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements which begin on page 8.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and provide information about the financial activities of our Office as a whole. The government-wide statements present a long-term view of our finances. Fund financial statements consist of the respective fund's balance sheet and the fund's statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, if applicable. The fund statements tell how our services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. The primary difference between the fund and government-wide statement presentation methods is that expenditures for capital assets are expensed in the fund financial statements but capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements.

Our office reports information about monies we hold as an agent for others in the fiduciary fund. We are responsible for ensuring that all assets held for others are distributed as ordered by the court. We cannot use the assets held for others to finance our operations.

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about our finances is, "Is the District Attorney's Office as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about our Office as a whole and about our activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is a method similar to accounting used by most private-sector companies. All revenues and expenses of the current year are reported under this method regardless of when cash is received or disbursed.

These two statements report our Office's net position and the changes in the position. You can think of net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the financial health, or financial position, of our Office. Increases/(decreases) in our net position are one indicator of whether our financial health is improving/(deteriorating).

We report the financial activity of all services provided by us in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Expenses primarily include salaries, related benefits, and office expenses. Fees received from defendants, funds from grants and other assistance, and on-behalf payments from the State of Louisiana finance most of our activities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted above, net position may serve as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the governmental activities of our Office.

> Table 1 Total Net Position

Total Net Total Net Total		
	<u> 2014 </u>	2013
Current Assets	\$ 279,357	\$ 266,906
Capital Assets	<u> </u>	27,705
Total Assets	296,372	<u> </u>
Current Liabilities	63,023	129,500
Noncurrent Liabilities	42,439	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	<u> 105,462</u>	<u> </u>
Net Position:		
Investment in Capital Assets	17,015	27,705
Unrestricted Net Position	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Net Position	\$ <u>190,910</u>	\$ <u>107,072</u>

Net position increased \$83,838 from the prior year. Unrestricted net position, which is the part of net position that can be used to finance the day-to-day operations of our office without constraints, increased \$94,528.

Change in Net Position				
		2014		2013
Revenues				
Program Revenues:	•	0.40.450	•	050 504
Fees	\$	242,153	\$	256,591
Intergovernmental		495,085		609,263
On-Behalf Revenue		450,283		456,945
Grants and Other Assistance		594,526		369,521
General Revenues:		•		
Intergovernmental		394,660		384,660
Interest Income		21		57
Other Income		4,192		1,662
Total Revenues		2,180,920		2,078,699
Total Revenues	-	2,100,020		2,010,000
Program Expenses:				
General Government-Judiciary		1,646,799		1,662,610
On-Behalf Expenses		450,283		456,945
Total Expenses		2,097,082		2,119,555
Total Expenses		2,007,002		2,110,000
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$_	83,838	\$_	<u>(40,856</u>)

Table 2

Total revenues increased by 5% (\$102,221) from the prior year. Fees decreased by 6% (\$14,438), intergovernmental program revenue decreased 19% (\$114,178), and grants increased by 61% (\$225,005). General intergovernmental revenue increased by 3% (\$10,000). Expenses decreased 1% (\$22,473), with the net change resulting primarily from a decrease in salaries and benefits, rental of office equipment, and library expense offset by an increase in contract services.

The net effect of the 2014 changes in revenues and expenses from 2013 was a \$124,694 increase in the total change in net position for the year ended December 31, 2014, compared to the prior year total change in net position.

Fund Financial Statements

As of our year end on December 31, 2014, our governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$164,071, which is \$72,838 more than last year's fund balance. About 3% (\$5,503) is considered unspendable, that portion having been used for prepaid items, 18% (\$29,329) is restricted, with the remaining 79% (\$129,239) unassigned. During 2014, revenues increased 5% (\$104,057) primarily as a result of an increase in grants. Expenditures decreased about 1% (\$12,931) over the prior year, primarily the net result of a decrease in salaries and benefits and an increase in contract services.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

We amend our budget when we determine there are unexpected unfavorable differences exceeding 5% between actual and anticipated revenues and/or expenditures. There were no budget amendments adopted for 2014.

Actual general fund revenues were 10% (\$161,756) more than budgeted revenues, and actual general fund expenditures and transfers were 4% (\$67,691) more than budgeted expenditures and transfers. The more significant variances between actual results compared to the general fund budget, as reported on page 24, were \$54,582 more in fees than budgeted, \$141,200 more in grants than budgeted, and \$28,730 less in intergovernmental than budgeted. Employee benefit expenses were \$38,581 more than budgeted, contract services \$51,222 more than budgeted, and office expenses \$20,796 more than budgeted. Library expenses were \$29,635 less than budgeted and salary expenses were \$96,710 less than budgeted. Additionally, operating transfers out to special revenue funds were \$57,267 more than budgeted.

Capital Assets

In 2014 we purchased computer equipment and office equipment. For the upcoming year, we plan to purchase additional computer equipment and office furniture, but there are no plans to issue debt to finance these purchases or any other future project.

Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions

We are not aware of any facts, decisions, or conditions that are expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or results of operations after the reporting date.

Contacting the District Attorney's Office

This financial report is designed to provide citizens and taxpayers with a general overview of the finances of the District Attorney's Office and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Attorney's Office at 100 W. Texas Avenue, Ruston, LA 71270.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

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	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 104,290
Due from Other Governmental Units	127,628
Due from Grants	38,842
Due from Others	3,094
Prepaid Insurance	5,503
Capital assets, net of depreciation	_ <u>17,015</u>
Total Assets	<u>_296,372</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Deferred Revenue, unearned	30,845 29,678 2,500
Noncurrent Liability: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total Liabilities	15,600 <u>26,839</u> <u>105,462</u>
NET POSITION Invested in Capital Assets Unrestricted Total Net Position	17,015 _ <u>173,895</u> \$ <u>_190,910</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Net (Expense) <u>Revenue</u>		
General Government-Judicial	\$ <u>2,097,082</u>	\$ <u>1,187,521</u>	\$ <u>594,526</u>	\$ <u>(315,035</u>)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>2,097,082</u>	\$ <u>1,187,521</u>	\$ <u>594,526</u>	<u>(315,035</u>)		
General Revenues: Intergovernmental not restri Interest earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues	icted to specific	c programs		394,660 21 <u>4,192</u> <u>398,873</u>		
Change in Net Position				83,838		
Net Position - Beginning				<u> 107,072</u>		
Net Position - Ending				\$ <u>190,910</u>		

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	(General	_	<u>Spec</u> Title		<u>Revenue F</u> orthless	un	ds	Go	Total vernmental
		Fund		IV-D		hecks		TASC	00	Funds
ASSETS			_				-		-	
Cash	\$	83,739	\$	8,360	\$	84	\$	12,107	\$	104,290
Due from Other								-		
Governmental Units		55,501		19,864		0		0		75,365
Due from Grants		26,583		0		0		12,259		38,842
Due from Others		3,094		0		0		0		3,094
Due from Other Funds		28,912		0		0		0		28,912
Prepaid Expenses	_	<u>5,503</u>	_	0		0	_	<u>0</u>	-	<u>5,503</u>
Total Assets	\$_	<u>203,332</u>	\$_	<u>28,224</u>	\$ <u></u>	84	\$_	24,366	\$_	<u>256,006</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	30,352	\$	0	\$	493	\$	0	\$	30,845
Accrued Liabilities		29,678		0		0		0		29,678
Deferred Revenue		2,500		0		0		0		2,500
Due to Other Funds	_	0		7,294	_	<u>5,651</u>	-	<u>15,967</u>	_	<u>28,912</u>
Total Liabilities	_	<u>62,530</u>	_	<u>7,294</u>	_	<u>6,144</u>	-	<u>15,967</u>	-	<u>91,935</u>
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable										
Prepaid Expenses		5,503		0		0		0		5,503
Restricted for										
Title IV-D		0		20,930		0		0		20,930
TASC		0		0		0		8,399		8,399
Unassigned	_	<u>135,299</u>	_	0		(6,060)	-	0	_	129,239
Total Fund Balance	_	<u>140,802</u>	_	<u>20,930</u>	_	<u>(6,060</u>)	-	<u>8,399</u>		164,071
Total Liabilities and	-				•	•	-			
Fund Balance	\$_	<u>203,332</u>	\$_	<u>28,224</u>	\$	<u>84</u>	\$_	24,366		
Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position in the government-										

Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position in the governmentwide financial statements are different from those reported in the balance sheet above because:

- Capital assets are not recognized as financial resources and are not reported as assets in the balance sheet above yet are recognized in the Statement of Net Position.
- Receivables that are not expected to be collected and available to timely pay current period expenditures are not recognized as financial resources and are not recorded as assets in the balance sheet above yet are recognized in the Statement of Net Position. 52,263 A noncurrent liability not due in the current period is not reported

17,015

- in the balance sheet above yet is recognized in the Statement of Net Position. (42,439) Net position of government activities in the government-wide financial
- statements <u>\$_190,910</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

					Total
		Title	Worthless		Governmental
	General	IV-D	Checks	TASC	Funds
REVENUES		<u> </u>			
Fees	\$ 224,362	\$ 0	\$ 17,791	\$ 0	\$ 242,153
Grants and Other Assistance	214,374	238,369	0	157,988	610,731
Interest Income	0	9	0	15	24
Intergovernmental	840,443	0	0	27,007	867,450
On-Behalf Revenue	450,283	0	0	0	450,283
Other Income	3,189	0	0	1,000	4,189
Total Revenues	1.732,651	<u>238,378</u>	<u> </u>	<u> 186,010</u>	2,174,830
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	1,929	1,929
Contract Services	80,678	0	0	65,119	145,797
Dues	8,242	0	0	0	8,242
Employee Benefits	216,067	61,182	8,245	15,205	300,699
Insurance	24,518	0	0	0	24,518
LDAA Assessment	15,677	0	0	0	15,677
Library	5,365	0	0	0	5,365
Lincoln Police Jury	14,000	0	0	0	14,000
Office Expense	52,031	2,184	430	5,682	60,327
Other	6,856	0	0	0	6,856
Payroll Taxes Professional Fees	21,736	3,138	455	4,426	29,755
Rent	26,650 18,297	1,605 0	0	0 4,733	28,255
Salaries	1,034,287	216,365	31,353	95,589	23,030 1,377,594
Telephone	17,904	1,789	01,000	93,389 1,824	21,517
Training and Seminars	2,952	0	0	1,024	2,952
Travel	12,046	417	0 0	1,003	13,466
Trial Expenses	16,536	0	0 0	1,000	16,536
Unemployment	5,477	õ	Ő	õ	<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	1.579.319	286,680	40,483	195,510	2,101,992
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		<u></u>	<u>_</u>	·····,	
Over (Under) Expenditures	153,332	(48,302)	(22,692)	(9,500)	72,838
SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfers In (Out)	(57,267)	43,921	0	<u> 13,346</u>	0
Total Other Financing	<u>(37,207</u>)	43,921	U		0
Sources (Uses)	<u>(57,267</u>)	<u>43,921</u>	0	<u> </u>	0
NET CHANGE IN			/ ** ****		
FUND BALANCE	96,065	(4,381)	(22,692)	3,846	72,838
Fund Balance-Beginning	44,737	<u> 25,311</u>	<u> 16,632</u>	4,553	91,233
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ <u>140,802</u>	\$ <u>20,930</u>	\$ <u>(6,060</u>)	\$ <u>8,399</u>	\$ <u>164,071</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds	\$	72,838
Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities in the government- wide financial statements are different from those reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance in the fund financial statements because:		
Capital outlays are not recognized as expenditures in the Statement of Activities, but an economic cost of the outlay over an estimated useful life of the asset is recognized as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense of \$12,619 recognized in the government-wide Statement of Activities exceeded the \$1,929 in capital outlay expenditures reported in the fund financial statements by \$10,690.		(10,690)
Net revenues of \$52,263 recognized in the Statement of Activities were not available to fund current period expenditures and are not recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements. Revenues of \$46,173 that were recognized in the Statement of Activities in the prior year but not in the fund financial statements were recognized in the current period fund financial statements.		6,090
A \$15,600 payment of a long-term liability was reported as a reduction in liabilities in the Statement of Activities yet is considered a current expenditure in the fund financial statements.	_	15,600
Change in Net Position of Government Activities	\$_	83,838

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

ASSETS	Agency Fund
Cash Non-Cash Assets Seized	\$ 39,678 _ <u>128,920</u>
Total Assets	<u>168,598</u>
LIABILITIES	
Seizures not yet Forfeited	157,107
Judgments not yet Disbursed	<u>11,491</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>168,598</u>
NET POSITION	\$ <u>0</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

As provided by Article V, Section 26 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the district attorney has charge of every criminal prosecution by the state in his district, is the representative of the state before the grand jury in his district, and is the legal advisor to the grand jury. He performs other duties as provided by law. The district attorney is elected by the qualified electors of the judicial district for a term of six years.

The accompanying basic financial statements of the District Attorney's Office are prepared in accordance with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies used by the District Attorney's Office are discussed below:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

REPORTING ENTITY

For financial reporting purposes, in conformity with GASB Statement No. 14, the District Attorney of the Third Judicial District is a component unit of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury. For the purposes of this financial report, this component unit serves as the nucleus for its own financial reporting entity and issues separate financial statements.

The Third Judicial District Truancy Assessment and Services Center (TASC) is a jointly governed organization. TASC's purpose is to identify potential juvenile delinquent behavior, using truancy as the primary indicator, and to correct it through early intervention. It operates through an interagency cooperation agreement with various agencies in Lincoln and Union parishes and with the District Attorney's Office. TASC is a component unit, but is not a legally separate organization from the District Attorney's Office. TASC is blended and reported within the Special Revenue Fund.

FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the District Attorney are organized and operated on the basis of funds. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. Fund accounting utilizes three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Furthermore, each category is divided into separate "fund types."

The fund categories used by the District Attorney's Office are governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Governmental funds account for the District Attorney's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, and the acquisition of general fixed assets. Fiduciary funds account for the activity of the District Attorney as an agent for third parties.

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the district attorney. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The District Attorney's Office uses the following special revenue funds:

<u>Title IV-D Fund</u> - To account for the receipt and expenditures of reimbursement grants from the Louisiana Department of Health and Human Resources, authorized by Act 117 of 1975, to establish family and child support programs compatible with Title IV-D of the social security act. The purpose of the fund is to enforce the support obligation owed by absent parents to their families and children, to locate absent parents, to establish paternity, and to obtain family and child support.

<u>Worthless Checks Fund</u> - To account for the receipt and use of the proceeds from fees collected in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 16:15, which provides that the District Attorney receives, from the principle to the offense, a prescribed amount upon collection of a worthless check. The fund may be used to defray the salaries and expenses of the office of the District Attorney, but may not be used to supplement the salary of the District Attorney.

<u>Third Judicial District Truancy Assessment and Service Center (TASC)</u> - To account for the receipt and use of monies from grants to operate a Truancy Assessment and Services Center. The TASC addresses the underlying causes of truancy to coordinate the pooling of existing resources targeted at the child and family and the providing of appropriate action by services and treatment agencies in Lincoln and Union parishes. The TASC operates through an interagency cooperation with the Third Judicial District Judges, Lincoln and Union Parish School Boards, Lincoln and Union Parish Police Jury, Lincoln and Union Parish Sheriff's Office, Louisiana Tech University, various other organizations, and the District Attorney's Office. The TASC is not legally separate from the District Attorney's Office.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the District Attorney's Office as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations:

<u>Forfeiture and Fine Fund</u> - To account for assets received under the asset forfeiture law, under the bond forfeiture law, and for bail bond license fees. The asset forfeiture funds and the bond forfeiture funds are held until a judgment is rendered on each case instructing the District Attorney's Office on the disbursements of the funds. The bail bond license fees are distributed to various agencies, including the District Attorney's general fund, as provided by law.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself and reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All government funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. An availability period of 60 days was used. Revenues accrued include commissions (collected by another governmental unit and remitted to the District Attorney), other intergovernmental revenue, and reimbursements for expenditures from the state. Revenues that are not considered susceptible to accrual include certain charges for fees and forfeitures. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE

Beginning January 1, 2011, the District Attorney's Office implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - amounts constrained to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - amounts the government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The District Attorney's Office establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an order by the District Attorney. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the District Attorney through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The District Attorney's Office prepared an operating budget on its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds for the year ended December 31, 2014. Budgetary data is prepared based on prior year actual operating revenues and expenditures. It is monitored by management and amended throughout the year as necessary. Appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended. The District Attorney's Office performs only a custodial function in the case of the agency fund and therefore a budget for this fund is not appropriate.

The 2014 general fund budget was authorized by the District Attorney, made available for public inspection at the District Attorney's Office, and adopted by the District Attorney on December 19, 2013.

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and short-term time deposits with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. It also includes cash on hand and undeposited currency being held in trust for evidence. Under state law, the District Attorney may invest funds in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities. Investments are reported at fair value, except certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated fair value as of the date of donation. Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Furniture and Equipment	5 - / years
Vehicles	5 - 7 years

DEFERRED REVENUE

...

Amounts received for which the revenue recognition criteria has not yet been met are classified as deferred revenue.

VACATION AND SICK LEAVE

. . .

Employees earn 12 days of vacation and sick leave each year. Vacation and sick leave must be used in the year earned. There are no accumulated and vested benefits relating to vacation and sick leave that require accrual or disclosure at year end.

NOTE 2 - CASH

Cash consists of demand deposits (\$143,918) and cash on hand (\$50), which includes fiduciary fund cash under the District Attorney's control. Demand deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. Pledged securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At December 31, 2014, the District Attorney's Office has \$172,251 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by federal deposit insurance.

Cash on hand at December 31, 2014 consists of \$50 in petty cash.

NOTE 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units consisted of the following:

Commissions and Fees from -		
City of Ruston	\$	163
Lincoln Parish Sheriff's Office		12,187
Union Parish Sheriff's Office		6,694
Lincoln Parish Criminal Court Fund		17,286
Union Parish Criminal Court Fund		19,171
Title IV-D Reimbursement Grant Monies from the State of LA, DHHR	_	<u>19,864</u>
TOTAL	\$	75,365

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, are as follows:

	Balance <u>01/01/14</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>12/31/14</u>
Capital Assets at Cost	A A (A FAA	• • • • • • •	<u> </u>	
Furniture and Equipment Vehicles	\$ 348,592 <u>5,470</u>	\$ 1,929 0	\$0 0	\$ 350,521 <u>5,470</u>
		0		
TOTALS	354,062	<u> </u>	0	<u>355,991</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Furniture and Equipment	320,887	12,619	0	333,506
Vehicles	5,470	0	<u> </u>	5,470
TOTALS	326,357	<u> 12,619</u>	0	<u>338,976</u>
Net Capital Assets	\$ <u>27,705</u>	\$ <u>(10,690</u>)	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>17,015</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at December 31, 2014, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	<u>Receivable</u>	Payable
General Fund	\$ 28,912	\$ 0
Special Revenue Fund - Title IV-D	0	7,294
Special Revenue Fund - Worthless Check	0	5,651
Special Revenue Fund - TASC	0	<u> 15,967 </u>
TOTAL	\$ <u>28,912</u>	\$ <u>28,912</u>

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLANS

The District Attorney's Office contributes to the District Attorneys' Retirement System and the Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana. The District Attorney and Assistant District Attorneys are members of the Louisiana District Attorneys' Retirement System. All other employees are members of the Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, if they are permanent employees working at least 28 hours a week.

The Parochial Employees Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan which is administered and controlled by a board of trustees. The PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Louisiana Legislature establishes and amends benefit provisions. The PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, P.O. Box 14619, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-4619, or by calling (504) 928-1361.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT PARISHES OF LINCOLN AND UNION, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The PERS has a Plan A and a Plan B; the District Attorney's Office participates in Plan A. Plan A members are required to contribute 9.5% of their annual covered salary, and the District Attorney's Office is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The rate for 2012 through 2014 was 15.75%, 16.75%, and 16%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District Attorney's Office are established and may be amended by the Louisiana Legislature. The District Attorney's contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2013, and 2014 were \$88,711, \$94,210, and \$86,643, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

The District Attorneys' Retirement System (DARS) is a defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement allowances and other benefits. It is a statewide retirement system which is administered and controlled by a board of trustees. The DARS provides retirement and disability benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Louisiana Legislature establishes and amends benefit provisions. The DARS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for DARS. That report may be obtained by writing to District Attorneys' Retirement System of Louisiana, 2109 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana 70116, or by calling (504) 947-5551.

Plan members are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary, and the District Attorney's Office is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The rate for the plan years ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015 was 9.75%, 10.25%, 9.75%, and 7%, respectively, of covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District Attorney's Office are established and may be amended by the Louisiana Legislature. The District Attorney's contributions to DARS for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2013, and 2014 were \$30,410, \$31,255, and \$26,388, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 7 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

Employees of the District Attorney's Office received salaries and fringe benefits from the State of Louisiana. The following is a summary of these on-behalf payments:

General Fund	
Salaries	\$ 410,000
Fringe Benefits	40,283
Total On-Behalf Payments	\$ <u>450,283</u>

Fringe benefits paid by the State of Louisiana include pension plan contributions to the District Attorneys' Retirement System.

NOTE 8 - NONCURRENT LIABILITY

The District Attorney's Office was sued for malpractice, and their malpractice insurance carrier successfully defended them. The cost of the defense was \$118,639 in excess of the amount covered by their insurance policy. On October 2, 2009, the District Attorney offered to pay \$6,000 down and \$1,300 per month until this debt was paid. The attorneys that defended this case accepted the offer. In 2014 the District Attorney's Office paid \$15,600 on this debt, which was according to the agreement. This results in an unpaid balance at December 31, 2014 of \$42,349, of which \$15,600 a year will become due through 2017 and the remaining balance will be paid in 2018.

Balance, January 1, 2014	\$	58,039
Less: Payments	_	(15,600)
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	<u>42,439</u>

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT PARISHES OF LINCOLN AND UNION, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 9 - AGREEMENT WITH LINCOLN PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

On September 26, 2014, the District Attorney's Office entered into an agreement with the Lincoln Parish School Board to provide temporary funding to the District Attorney's Truancy Assessment and Services Center Program (TASC). The Lincoln Parish School Board benefits significantly from the TASC Program, and in an effort to insure the continuation of the TASC Program transferred \$30,000 to the District Attorney's TASC Program for a period not to exceed sixty days. On October 10, 2014, the District Attorney's Office received TASC grant monies, and transferred the \$30,000 back to the Lincoln Parish School Board.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2014

REVENUES		udgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Fees	\$	169,780	\$	224,362	\$ 54,582
Grants and Other Assistance	Ψ	73,174	Ψ	214,374	141,200
Interest Income		10		0	(10)
Intergovernmental		869,173		840,443	(28,730)
On-Behalf Revenue		456,945		450,283	(6,662)
Other Income		1,813		3,189	<u> </u>
TOTAL REVENUES	_	1,570,895	-	1,732,651	161,756
EXPENDITURES	_	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	-	<u></u>	<u></u>
Contract Services		23,346		80,678	(57,332)
Dues and Subscriptions		2,084		8,242	`(6 ,158)
Employee Benefits		177,486		216,067	(38,581)
Insurance		23,480		24,518	(1,038)
LDAA Assessment		15,677		15,677	Ŭ Û
Library		35,000		5,365	29,635
Lincoln Parish Police Jury		14,000		14,000	0
Office Expenses		31,235		52,031	(20,796)
Other		7,594		6,856	738
Payroll Taxes		14,206		21,736	(7,530)
Professional Fees		17,360		26,650	(9,290)
Rent		25,182		18,297	6,885
Salaries		1,130,997		1,034,287	96,710
Telephone		18,886		17,904	982
Training and Seminars		990		2,952	(1,962)
Travel and Meals		12,772		12,046	726
Trial Expenses		18,600		16,536	2,064
Unemployment		0	_	5,477	<u>(5,477</u>)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1,568,89 <u>5</u>	-	<u>1,579,319</u>	<u>(10,424)</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	_	2,000	_	<u>153,332</u>	<u> 151,332</u>
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Operating Transfers Out		0		(57,267)	(57,267)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		0	-	(57,267)	<u>(57,267</u>) (57,267)
		Q	_	(01,201)	<u>(01,201</u>)
EXCESS OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		0.000		00.005	04.005
AND OTHER USES		2,000		96,065	94,065
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	-	<u>30,478</u>	-	44,737	14,259
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	32,478	\$_	<u>140,802</u>	\$ <u>108,324</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE-SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Fees	\$ 13,810	\$ 17,791	\$ 3,981
Grant	441,574	396,357	(45,217)
Intergovernmental	10,000	27,007	17,007
Interest Income	40	24	(16)
		1,000	<u> </u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u> 465,424</u>	<u>442,179</u>	<u>(23,245</u>)
EXPENDITURE\$			
Capital Outlay	723	1,929	(1,206)
Contract Services	70,611	65,119	5,492
Employee Benefits	84,365	84,632	(267)
Office Expense	15,641	8,296	7,345
Payroll Taxes	6,978	8,019	(1,041)
Professional Fees	0	1,605	(1,605)
Rent	4,594	4,733	(139)
Salaries	317,942 2,952	343,307 3,613	(25,365)
Telephone Travel	1,808	<u>1,420</u>	(661) 388
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	505,614	522,673	<u>388</u> (17,059)
		_022,010	<u> (17,058</u>)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER	(40,400)	(00.404)	(40.004)
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(40,190)	(80,494)	(40,304)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In	0	<u> </u>	57,267
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			
SOURCES	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(40,190)	(23,227)	16,963
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	<u> </u>	<u> 46,496</u>	(4,645)
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ <u>10,951</u>	\$ <u>23,269</u>	\$ <u>12,318</u>

OTHER REPORTS AND SCHEDULES

.

DON M. MCGEHEE

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

P.O. Box 1344 205 E. Reynolds Drive, Suite A Ruston, Louisiana 71273-1344

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <u>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Honorable John Belton District Attorney of the Third Judicial District 100 West Texas, 2nd Floor Ruston, Louisiana 71270

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Third Judicial District District Attorney, a component unit of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated June 26, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as #2014-1 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. I consider none of the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and guestioned costs to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District Attorney's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

District Attorney's Response to Findings

The District Attorney's responses to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying schedule of management's corrective action plan. The District Attorney's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinions on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dơn M. McGehee Certified Public Accountant June 26, 2015

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT PARISHES OF LINCOLN AND UNION, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

I have audited the financial statements of the District Attorney as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and have issued my report thereon dated June 26, 2015. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2014 resulted in an unqualified opinion. The following is a summary of my audit observations on internal control, tests of compliance, and findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>:

Section 1 Summary of Auditor's Reports

Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

Internal Control Material Weaknesses 🛛 Yes 🗌 No	Significant Deficiencies	Yes	\boxtimes	No
Compliance				
Compliance Material to Financial Statements	🗌 Yes 🖾 No			

Section 2 Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2014-1. Separation of Duties. The District Attorney's Office has too few personnel involved in the accounting system to have adequate separation of duties for internal control.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT PARISHES OF LINCOLN AND UNION, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

SECTION 1 INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>FINDINGS</u>

STATUS Unresolved. See Finding 2014-1.

2013-1. Separation of Duties. The District Attorney's Office has too few personnel involved in the accounting system to have adequate separation of duties for internal control.

2013-2. Late Submitting Audit Report. The

District Attorney's Office did not submit the audited financial statements within six months of year end.

The District Attorney's Office had an unfavorable budget variance in excess of 5%.

Resolved.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT PARISHES OF LINCOLN AND UNION, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

SECTION 1 INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FINDINGS

2014-1. Separation of Duties. Too few personnel involved in the accounting system to have adequate separation of duties for internal control.

RESPONSE

The District Attorney's Office has an accounting workload that can be easily managed by two employees. The hiring of additional employees to provide enhanced internal control does not appear to be the best use of resources.

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

District Attorney of the Third Judicial District, Robert W. Levy:

Purpose	<u>Amount</u>
Salary Salary peid On Dehalf	\$ 115,000
Salary paid On-Behalf Benefits-Retirement	50,000 9,631
Benefits-Retirement paid On-Behalf	4,188
Benefits-Group Health Insurance Travel	8,050 1,742
Dues	435