ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For The Year Ended June 30, 2016



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#### February 2, 2017

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the District Defender Ninth Judicial District State of Louisiana

#### **REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Public Defender's Office for the Ninth Judicial District, a component unit of the Louisiana Public Defender Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Office's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **OPINIONS**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Public Defender's Office, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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#### **OTHER MATTERS**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the information listed below to supplement the basic financial statements.

- Management's discussion and analysis
- Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Budget and Actual)
- Schedule of Net Pension Liability Data Cost Sharing Retirement Systems
- Schedule of Employer Contributions Cost Sharing Retirement Systmes

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Supplemental Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Public Defender's Office basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is other supplemental information presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standard

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 2, 2017, on our consideration of the Office's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Office's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Rozier, Harrington & McKay Certified Public Accountants

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

This section of annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Office's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, along with certain comparative information for the previous year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. These two types of financial statements present the Office's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

#### Government – Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Office as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These report all revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Furthermore, the government-wide statements include all of the Office's assets and all of the Office's liabilities. All of the Office's activities are classified as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental activities are financed primarily by grants, fines and various fees.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements provide detailed information regarding the Office's most significant activities and are not intended to provide information for the Office as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that are used to account for specific sources of funds. All of the Office's funds are Governmental Funds. These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions that are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund use a modified accrual basis of accounting that provides a short-term view of the Office's finances. Assets reported by governmental funds are limited to amounts that are available for current needs. In addition, liabilities are limited to amounts that are expected to be paid from currently available assets.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE OFFICE AS A WHOLE

A comparative analysis of the government-wide Statement of Net Position is presented as follows:

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

	For the Year Ended June 30,					
	2016	2015				
Assets:						
Cash	\$ 200,661	\$ 199,696				
Receivables and Prepaids	47,580	54,328				
Depreciable capital assets, net	3,543	5,843				
Total Assets	251,784	259,867				
Deferred Outflows	174,087	59,085				
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	6,999	6,500				
Compensated Absences	4,448	22,025				
Net Pension Liability	140,131	16,085				
Total Liabilities	151,578	44,610				
Deferred Inflows	22,271	7,150				
Net Position:						
Unrestricted	248,479	261,349				
Invested in Capital Assets	3,543	5,843				
Total Net Position	\$ 252,022	\$ 267,192				

As the presentation appearing above demonstrates, with the exception of \$3,543 invested in capital assets, the Office's net position are unrestricted and may be used to meet the Office's ongoing obligations.

A comparative analysis of the government-wide Statement of Activities is presented as follows:

	For the Year Ended June 30,							
	 2016		2015					
Revenues:								
Program Revenue:								
State Grants	\$ 344,273	\$	248,641					
Local Funds	574,885		643,191					
Charges for Service	45,981		80,438					
General Revenue:								
Other	383		83					
Total Revenue	965,522		972,353					
Program Expenses:								
General Government - Judicial	 980,692		1,058,221					
Change in Net Position	(15,170)		(85,868)					
Net Position Beginning	 267,192		353,060					
Net Position Ending	\$ 252,022	\$	267,192					

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

As the accompanying presentation demonstrates, the Public Defender's Office's net position has decreased due to using a portion of reserves to offset a decline in grant funding.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE OFFICE'S FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2016, differences between the government-wide presentation and the fund financial statements were limited to reporting equipment and related depreciation and amounts related to pension funding in the government-wide presentation.

#### **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

State law requires the general fund to have a budget. For the year ended June 30, 2016, it was necessary to amend the original budget to address a decline in funds available from grants.

#### **CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION**

For the year ended June 30, 2016, capital asset activity was limited to depreciation of existing assets.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

For the year ended June 30, 2016, there was no debt activity and no debts are outstanding at year end.

### FACTORS EXPECTED TO AFFECT FUTURE OPERATIONS

At the present time, no known issues are expected to have a significant impact on future operations.

## Statement of Net Positon June 30, 2016

	 vernmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 200,661
Receivables	41,618
Prepaid Insurance	5,962
Depreciable Assets	 3,543
Total assets	 251,784
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Funding Deferrals	 174,087
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Accounts payable	3,258
Other Liabilities	3,741
Long-term Liabilities	
Compensated Absences	4,448
Net Pension Liability	 140,131
Total liabilities	 151,578
DEFERRD INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Funding Deferrals	 22,271
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	248,479
Invested in Capital Assets	 3,543
Total net position	\$ 252,022

## Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
Expenses:	
General Government - Judicial	
Payroll & Related Benefits	\$ 338,493
Contract Attorneys	524,887
Insurance	23,321
Rent	16,300
Legal & Professional	15,172
Office Expense	30,681
Utilities & Telephone	14,856
Other	14,682
Depreciation	2,300
Total Expenses	980,692
	<b></b>
Program Revenues:	45,981
Charges for Services	43,901
Operating Grants and Contributions	344,273
State	•
Local	574,885
Total Program Revenues	965,139
Net Income (Expenses) - Governmental Activities	(15,553)
General Revenues:	
Other	383
Total General Revenues	383
Change in Net Position	(15,170)
Net Position - Beginning	
As Previously Reported	292,950
Cumulative Effect of Prior Period Adjustment	(25,758)
As Restated	267,192
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 252,022</u>

## *Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016*

		General
Assets		
Cash	\$	200,661
Receivables		41,618
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	242,279
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	3,258
Other Liabilities		3,741
Total Liabilities		6,999
Fund Balance		005 000
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		<u>235,280</u> 235,280
I otal Fund Balances		235,200
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	242,279
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	235,280
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are excluded from the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet		7,237
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position a different because insurance used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	re	5,962
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position a different because capital assets used in governmental activities are not finance resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		3,543
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	252,022

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General
Revenues:	
Intergovernmental	
State Funds	\$ 344,273
Local Funds	574,885
Indigent Fees	45,981
Other	383
Total revenues	965,522
Expenditures:	
General Government - Judicial	
Payroll & Related Benefits	331,905
Contract Attorneys	524,887
Insurance	23,321
Rent	16,300
Legal & Professional	15,172
Office Expense	30,681
Utilities & Telephone	14,856
Other	14,682
Total expenditures	971,804
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(6,282)
Fund balance - beginning of year	241,562
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ 235,280</u>

Net change in fund balances of Governmental Funds	\$ (6,282)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are	
different because governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated	
over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the	
amount by which depreciation exceeded capital expenditures in the current	
period.	(2,300)
Lont-term liabilities reported in the statement of activites includes pension obligations	
incurred in connection with participation in multi employer cost sharing penion	
plans. Changes in the pension obligation affect the statement of activities	(24,165
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures by	
governmental funds until payment is made	 17,577
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (15,170

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2016

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Ninth Judicial District Public Defender's Office was established under the laws of the State of Louisiana in order to provide legal representation for indigent individuals involved in criminal proceedings. The Office receives appropriations from the State of Louisiana as well as fees and other costs, which are assessed from persons participating in the judicial process. The Office may also receive fees from indigent defendants, whenever the District Judge determines that fees of this nature are appropriate. The Office is administered by the District Public Defender who is appointed by the Louisiana Public Defender Board.

The accompanying policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units.

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of a financial reporting entity. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within a reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
  - a. The ability of the reporting entity to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the reporting entity.
- 2. Organizations for which the reporting entity does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the reporting entity.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the criteria presented above, the Public Defender's Office is a component of the Louisiana Public Defender Board, which is a component of the State of Louisiana. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the accounts maintained by the Public Defender of the Ninth Judicial District. The financial statements do not present information of the State of Louisiana or the Louisiana Public Defender Board, the general government service provided by those governmental units, or other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize all of the Office's operations as governmental activities.

The government-wide and fund financial statements present the Office's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2016

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Office as a whole.

Program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities consist of amounts that are directly associated with a governmental service. Program revenues include charges for services, State grants, and local funds.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The accounts are organized on the basis of funds, which consist of a single general fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Office. It is used to account for all financial resources.

#### **Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The basis of accounting and measurement focus used for various financial statement presentations are described as follows:

Financial Statement Presentation	<b>Basis of Accounting</b>	<u>Measurement Focus</u>
Government-Wide Financial	Accrual Basis	Economic Resources
Statements		
Fund Financial Statements	Modified Accrual Basis	Current Financial
		Resources

Under the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus revenue is recognized when it is considered measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within 60 days of year end. In addition, expenses are generally recorded when a liability has been incurred. Furthermore, when the current financial resources measurement focus is used, amounts recorded as assets exclude capital assets and the acquisition of capital assets is treated as expenditures. Inventories of supplies are considered immaterial and are not recorded.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Budgets**

Budgets are adopted prior to the beginning of each year using the generally accepted basis of accounting. Furthermore, budgets are amended in the manner prescribed by state law.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2016

#### <u>Cash</u>

Amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents (restricted and unrestricted) include all cash on hand, cash in bank accounts, certificates of deposit and highly liquid investments. Credit risk is managed by requiring fiscal agents to provide security for any deposits that exceed FDIC limits.

#### Compensated Absences

Full time employees earn vacation at rates that vary depending on length of service. Unused vacation that employees are allowed to carryforward is reported as long-term liabilities. Amounts are reported as expenditures when the unused vacation is actually liquidated.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets include significant acquisitions of equipment that are expected to remain in service for a period of years. Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements but are excluded from the fund financial statements. Instead, the funds report the acquisition of capital assets as expenditures rather than asset acquisitions.

All capital assets are reported at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method and estimated useful lives that are based on the expected durability of the particular asset. A useful life of three to five years is typically used.

### NOTE 2 - CASH

Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2016, the Public Defender's Office has \$248,271 in deposits (collected bank balance). These deposits are secured by FDIC coverage in the amount of \$248,271

### NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

At June 30, 2016, consisted entirely of amounts due from governmental sources, which are described as follows:

Rapides Parish Sheriff's Office	\$ 18,745
City of Alexandria	16,825
City of Pineville	6,048
Total	\$ 41,618

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2016

### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the Office's capital assets is provided as follows:

	ginning alance	A	lditions	D	isposals	nding Ilance
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 37,622	\$		\$	24,404	\$ 13,218
Less Accumulated Depreciation	 31,779		1,610		23,714	9,675
Total Net of Depreciation	\$ 5,843	\$	(1,610)	\$	690	\$ 3,543

#### NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Office is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Office insures against these risks by participating in a public entity risk pool that operates as a common insurance program and by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 6 – PENSION PLAN

#### Parochial Employees Retirement System

Substantially all of the Public Defender's Office's employees are members of a statewide retirement system. This system is cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a board of trustees. A summary of amounts reported in connection with participation in this plan is summarized as follows:

		Net Pension Liability				Deferred atflows of esources	Ini	eferred flows of sources
Parochial Employees Retirement System	\$	140,131	\$	174,087	\$	22,271		

Further information regarding the retirement system is furnished as follows:

*Plan Description* - The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All participating employees of the Public Defender's Office are members of Plan A. All permanent employees working at least 28 hours per week are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan A, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service, are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to three per cent of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. However, for those employees who were members of the supplemental plan only prior to January 1, 1980, the benefit is equal to one per cent of the final-average salary, plus \$24 for each year of supplemental plan only service earned prior to January 1, 1980, plus three per cent of final average salary for each year of service credited after the revision date. Final-average salary is the employees'

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2016

average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and who do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

Funding Policy - Employees are required to contribute 9.5% of their salaries to the System. The employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The current rate is 13.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the Public Defender's Office are established and may be amended by state statute. In addition, contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one per cent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish, except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. Contributions to the retirement system for the year ended June 30, 2016 and each of the two preceding years have been consistent with the required amounts.

*Financial Summary* - The plan description, funding policies and financial information provides a summary of the Plan provisions and finances. For additional details the System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained at persla.org.

Plan A's net pension liability was determined at December 31, 2015 (measurement date and actuarial valuation date) and details are provided as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 3,3	387,821,896
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	3,1	124,593,132
Net Pension Liability	2	263,228,764
Public Defender's Office's Proportionate Share (Percentage)		0.053236
Public Defender's Office's Proportionate Share (Amount)	\$	140,131

The net pension liability presented above was not affected by any special funding situations. Changes in the Public Defender's Office proportionate share of Plan A's net pension liability during the measurement period ending June 30, 2016 are provided as follows:

Beginning Net Pension Liability	\$ 16,085
Employer Contributions	(44,575)
Pension Expense	57,262
Deferred Outflows of Resources	126,480
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(15,121)
Ending Net Pension Liability	\$ 140,131

There were no changes between June 30, 2016 and the Plan A's measurement date that are expected to have a significant effect on the Public Defender's Office's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. Balances presented as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported in connection with participation in the plan are presented as follows:

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2016

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	In	eferred flows of sources	Tot	tal (Net)
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	\$	22,271	\$	(22,271)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual					
Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	128,225				128,225
Changes of Assumptions	31,224				31,224
Changes in Proportion	1,316				1,316
Employer Contributions Made After the Measurement					
Date	13,322				13,322
Total Deferrals Deferrals That Will be Recorded as a Reduction in Net	174,087		22,271		151,816
Pension Liability in the Subsequent Reporting Period	(13,322	)			(13,322)
Deferrals Subject to Amortization	<u>\$ 160,765</u>	\$	22,271	\$	138,494

Deferrals that will be amortized as a component of pension expense in future periods are summarized as follows:

Total	\$ 138,494
December 31, 2020	 
December 31, 2019	26,389
December 31, 2018	38,609
December 31, 2017	36,748
December 31, 2016	\$ 36,748
For the Year Ending:	

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of the measurement date are as follows:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of investment expense, including inflation
Projected Salary Increases	5.25% (2.75% Merit, 2.50% Inflation)
Expected Remaining Service Lives	4 Years
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.
Mortality	RP-2000 Employee Sex Distinct Table was selected for employees.
	-15-

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2016

RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Sex Distinct Tables were selected for annuitants and beneficiaries RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table was selected for disabled annuitants.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed on plan data for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan A members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan A members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.00% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return is 7.55% for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	34%	1.06%
Equity	51%	3.56%
Alternatives	12%	0.74%
Real Assets	3%	0.19%
Total –	100%	5.55%
Inflation		2.00%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.55%

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2016

Sensitivity to changes in the discount has been determined by measuring net pension liability at a discount rate that is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current rate. The results are presented as follows:

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount	1% Increase
	Discount Rate	Rate 7.00%	8.00% Discount
Net Pension Liability	\$ 351,083	\$ 140,131	\$ (38,146)

#### NOTE 7 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the major sources of governmental fund revenues and expenditures were as follows:

Revenues:		
State Government		
Appropriations – Special		\$ 344,273
Local Governments		
Statutory Fines, Forfeitures, Fees and Court Cost		574,885
Charges for Services		45,981
Investment Earnings		383
Total Revenues		\$ 965,522
<u>Expenditures</u>		
Personnel Services and Benefits		
Salaries	292,097	
Payroll Taxes	6,726	
Retirement	33,082	
Total		331,905
Professional Development		
Dues, licenses, and registrations	5,316	
Travel	4,816	
Total		10,132
Operating Cost		
Contract Services – Attorney / Legal	528,969	
Contract Services – Other	15,172	
Rent-Office	16,300	
Insurance	23,321	
Office Expense/Supplies	30,681	
Utilities and Telephone	14,856	
Other	468	
Total		629,767
Total Expenditures		971,804
A		

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2016

#### NOTE 8 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Deferred outflows reported in the June 30, 2015, Statement of Net Position were overstated due to the inclusion of amounts that were no eligible. The effect of the adjustment on the change in net position is as follows:

		ernmental ctivities
Change in Net Position, prior to effect of Prior period adjustment	 8	(60,110)
Effect of prior period adjustment	Φ	(25,758)
Change in Net Position	\$	(85,868)

### General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
State Funds	350,273	347,773	344,273	(3,500)
Local Government	621,500	578,069	574,885	(3,184)
Indigent Fees	70,000	44,553	45,981	1,428
Other	-	431	383	(48)
Total revenues	1,041,773	970,826	965,522	(5,304)
Expenditures:				
General Government - Judicial				
Payroll & Related Benefits	404,200	321,724	331,905	(10,181)
Contract Attorneys	545,700	522,409	524,887	(2,478)
Insurance	22,500	23,321	23,321	-
Rent	21,000	16,300	16,300	-
Legal & Professional	22,500	22,500	15,172	7,328
Office Expense	19,900	26,910	30,681	(3,771)
Utilities & Telephone	14,000	14,070	14,856	(786)
Other	30,250	14,476	14,682	(206)
Capital Outlay	35,000			<u> </u>
Total expenditures	1,115,050	961,710	971,804	(10,094)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(73,277)	9,116	(6,282)	(15,398)
Fund balance - beginning of year	168,430	199,696	241,562	(41,866)
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ 95,153</u>	\$ 208,812	<u>\$ 235,280</u>	<u>\$ (41,866</u> )

Schedule of Net Pension Liability Data Cost Sharing Retirement Systems

Retirement System /	Share of Collective Net Pension Liability		Covered	Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of	Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension	
Measurement Date	Percent	Amount	Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability	
Parochial Employees Retirement System December 31, 2014 December 31, 2015	0.059% 0.053%	16,085 140,131	319,189 303,744	5.0% 46.1%	99.1% 92.2%	

Notes to Schedule:

At the present time, management has not identified any factors that are expected to significantly affect trends in the amounts reported above.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Cost Sharing Retirement Systems

Retirement System / Fiscal Year Ending	Statuatorily Required Employer Contributions	Contributions Recognized By the Pension Plan	Difference Between Required and Recognized Contributions	Covered Payroll	Contributions Recognized as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Parochial Employees Retirement System December 31, 2014 December 31, 2015	50,558 32,564	52,972 44,575	(2,414) (12,011)	319,189 303,744	16.60% 14.68%

Notes to Schedule:

At the present time, management has not identified any factors that are expected to significantly affect trends in the amounts reported above.

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Agency Head					
	Gler	in Cortello	Ton	ıy Tillman	Dei	rdre Fuller
<u>Purpose</u>						
Salary	\$	37,535	\$	16,500	\$	11,250
Retirement		5,443		-		1,463
Reimbursements		-		2,353		787

Note 1:

The Public Defenders Office had three individuals as agency head during the current year. Above, all of the Public Defenders are listed with their salary and related benefits for the period of time they were the Chief Public Defender.



February 2, 2017

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the District Defender State of Louisiana Ninth Judicial District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and the major fund of the Public Defender's Office for the Ninth Judicial District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Office's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2017.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Office's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Office's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Office's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Office's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items **2016-1**, **2016-2**, and **2016-3**.

### PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE RESPONSE TO FINDINGS

The Public Defender's Office response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Office's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kon Hast + Molg

ROZIER, HARRINGTON & McKAY Certified Public Accountants

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

### PART I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- The Independent Auditors' Report on the basic financial statements of the Public Defender's Office as of June 30, 2016 and for the year then ended expressed an unmodified opinion.
- The audit did not disclose any audit findings which are considered to be significant control deficiencies or material weaknesses.
- The results of the audit disclosed three instances of noncompliance (2016-1, 2016-2, 2016-3) required to be reported in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost.

#### PART II - FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS:

#### 2016-1: Noncompliance with Financial Reporting Policies:

The Public Defender's Office was notified by their previous auditor in late November 2016 that he would be unable to perform the audit for the current year. Even though the Office was able to obtain the services of another auditor, the late termination of the previous auditor did not allow for the audit to be completed timely. This resulted in the Office being unable to submit their annual audit as required by State Law.

#### 2016-2: Noncompliance with Personnel Policy:

During the current year, three employees terminated the Public Defender's Office and received compensation for at least 30 days of accrued vacation which may not be in compliance with the personnel policy. The personnel policy states that employees with 8 to 15 years of service may accrue up to 15 days of vacation annually. Furthermore, the policy states that upon voluntary termination an employee shall be compensated for accumulated vacation not to exceed the number of days vacation for years of service. In addition, the policy is silent for years in excess of 15.

In order to eliminate such issues in the future, we suggest that the District Defender review and update the personnel policy as well as update and maintain accurate records related to accrued leave time.

#### 2016-3: Duties as Public Defender:

Based on information obtained from the Louisiana Public Defender Board, the previous public defender may have operated a private practice out of the Ninth Judicial District's Public Defender's Office. The duties of the public defender's office require that the public defender work 40 hours a week. However, an investigation conducted by the Louisiana Public Defender Board demonstrated that there may have been work performed on private cases. This may mean that the previous public defender was compensated with public funds while performing duties as a private practice. This matter has been turned over to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and the Ninth Judicial District Attorney. Furthermore, the previous public defender resigned November 30, 2015.

## MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

SECTION I						
Internal Control and Compliance Material						
To The Financial Statements						
<b>2016-1:</b> Noncompliance with Financial Reporting <b>Policies:</b> The Public Defender's Office was notified by their previous auditor in late November 2016 that he would be	Response: Due to us having to hire a new auditor late in the year we were unable to complete the current year audit					
unable to perform the audit for the current year. Even though the Office was able to obtain the services of another auditor, the late termination of the previous auditor did not allow for the audit to be completed timely. This resulted in the Office being unable to submit their annual audit as required by State Law.	timely. We will file the subsequent year audit timely.					
2016-2: Noncompliance with Personnel Policy: As discussed in more detail in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, three employees were compensated for accrued vacation upon termination for more days than are allowed for in the personnel policy.	Response: We have turned this matter over to the local district attorney.					
2016-3: Duties as Public Defender: As discussed in more detail in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, the previous public defender may have been operating a private practice out of the Public Defender's Office.	<b><u>Response:</u></b> The Louisiana Public Defender Board has sent a letter to the District Attorney and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor regarding this matter.					
SECTION II Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards						
No findings of this nature were reported	No findings of this nature were reported					
SECTION III Management Letter						
No management letter was issued with this report.	No management letter was issued with this report.					

### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

SECTION I Internal Control and Compliance Material To The Financial Statements					
No findings of this nature were reported	No findings of this nature were reported				
SECTION II Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards No findings of this nature were reported No findings of this nature were reported					
SECTION III Management Letter No management letter was issued with this report. No management letter was issued with this					
No management letter was issued with this report.	No management letter was issued with thi report.				