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TOWN OF SUNSET, LOUISIANA

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2007

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Release Date 130/08

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Cecil Lavergne, Mayor, and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Sunset, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Sunset, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Sunset, Louisiana's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Sunset, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2007, on our consideration of the Town of Sunset, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The required supplementary information on pages 37 and 38 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Town of Sunset has not presented management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Sunset, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 40 through 43 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. All of the supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana December 5, 2007

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

		2007	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 139,524	\$ 42,204	\$ 181,728
Receivables, net	595	50,048	50,643
Internal balances	(19,814)	19,814	-
Due from other governmental units	46,605	-	46,605
Prepaid items	2,029	1,186	3,215
Total current assets	168,939	113,252	282,191
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	11 5,9 38	115,938
Capital assets:			
Land	75,841	50,210	126,051
Capital assets, net	440,120	1,152,620	1,592,740
Total noncurrent assets	515,961	1,318,768	1,834,729
Total assets	684,900	1,432,020	2,116,920
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts, salaries and other payables	52,859	17,778	70 ,6 37
Bonds payable	20,000	23,398	43,398
Accrued interest	400	761	<u>1,161</u>
Total current liabilities	73,259	41,937	<u> 115,196</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Customers' deposits	-	62,581	62,581
Bonds payable	<u>-</u>	183,842	183,842
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u> </u>	246,423	246,423
Total liabilities	73,259	288,360	361,619
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	495,961	1,018,988	1,514,949
Restricted for debt service	25,671	29,198	54,869
Unrestricted	90,009	95,474	185,483
Total net assets	<u>\$ 611,641</u>	\$ 1,143,660	\$ 1,755,301

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

LOUISIANA	
TOWN OF SUNSET,	

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Pro	Program Revenues Onerating	Canital	O IO	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net A seets	s and te
Activities	Expenses	Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General gov er nment Public safety:	\$ 292,602	\$ 93,704	، م	، ج	\$(198,898)	۰ ج	\$ (198,898)
Police	414,094	56.747	ŀ	1.284	(356,063)	ı	(356,063)
Fire	153,032		8.734	, ,	(144.298)	ı	(144 298)
Streets	217,685	ı	5,425	J	(212,260)		(212,260)
Interest on long-term debt	4,600	,	ı	,	(4.600)		(4,600)
Total governmental activities	1,082,013	150,451	14,159	1,284	(916,119)	•	(916.119)
Business-type activities:							
Gas	189,874	306,516	·			116.642	116.642
Water	179,100	200,156	ı	4	•	21.056	21.056
Sewer	120,376	139,889	,	158,481	•	177,994	177,994
Total business-type activities	489,350	646,561		158,481	•	315,692	315,692
Total							
1 Cla	<u>505,11,51,503</u>	\$ 797,012	<u>s 14,159</u>	\$159,765	(916,119)	315,692	(600,427)
	General revenues:						
	Taxes -						
	Property tax	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	oses		83,269	ı	83,269
	Property tax	Property taxes, levied for debt service			22,832	ı	22,832
	Sales and us	Sales and use taxes, levied for general purposes	purposes		266,550	•	266,550
	rrancnise taxes Grants and contrib	Franchise taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to ensuring measure -	smerific programs		138,965	•	138,965
	State sources	5	alwarine kroßemi		54.159	ı	54.159
	Interest and in	Interest and investment earnings			388	1,882	2,270
	Miscellaneous				18,808		18,808
	Special item - in	Special item - insurance reimbursement for gym fire	gym fire		49,058		49,058
	Transfers				169,612	(169,612)	• • •
	Total g	Fotal general revenues and transfers	SIG		803,641	(167,730)	635,911
	Change	Change in net assets			(112,478)	147,962	35,484
	Net assets - July	- July 1, 2006			724,119	995,698	1,719,817
	Net assets - June	- June 30, 2007			\$ 611,641	\$1,143,660	\$ 1,755,301
The accommon nation and a second s							

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

Sales Tax Fund -

To account for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Town's 1% sales and use tax. The tax is dedicated to constructing, acquiring, extending, improving and/or maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works, waterworks, public streets, roads, alleys, sidewalks, and drainage facilities, including the purchase of equipment therefore. The tax proceeds may also be funded into bonds or used to pay any bonded or funded indebtedness of the Town incurred for such capital purposes, to the extent and in the manner provided by state law.

Debt Service Fund

General Obligation Bonds Fund -

To accumulate monies for payment of \$200,000 of general obligation bonds, Series 1988, which are due in annual installments, plus interest, through maturity in 2008. Debt service is financed from the collection of the Town's 1.88 property tax millage.

Enterprise Fund

Utility Fund -

To account for the provision of water, sewerage and gas services to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

ASSETS	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Total
ASSEIS				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 86,633	\$16,967	\$ 35,924	\$ 139,524
Receivables:	·			·
Taxes	306	-	278	584
Accrued interest	11	-	-	11
Due from other governmental units	46,605	-	-	46,605
Due from other funds	10,131	-	-	10,131
Prepaid items	2,029		-	2,029
Total assets	\$ 145,715	\$16,967	\$ 36,202	\$ 198,884
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 14,319	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,319
Salaries payable	14,641	-	-	14,641
Cash bonds payable	17,535	-	-	17,535
Accrued liabilities	6,364	-	-	6,364
Due to other funds	<u> 19,814 </u>		<u>10,131</u>	29,945
Total liabilities	72,673		10,131	82,804
Fund balances -				
Reserved for prepaid items	2,029	-	-	2,029
Reserved for debt service	-	-	26,071	26,071
Unreserved	71,013	16,967		87,980
Total fund balances	73,042	16,967	26,071	116,080
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 145,715</u>	\$16,967	<u>\$ 36,202</u>	<u>\$ 198,884</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

Total fund balances for governmental funds at June 30, 2007		\$	11 6,080
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	\$ 75,841		
Buildings, net of \$279,041 accumulated depreciation	83,607		
Improvements, net of \$35,770 accumulated depreciation	64,189		
Machinery and equipment net of \$758,859 accumulated depreciation	 292,324		5 15,96 1
Liabilities at June 30, 2007:			
Bonds payable	(20,000)		
Accrued interest payable	 (400)		(20,400)
Total net assets of governmental activities at June 30, 2007		<u>\$</u>	<u>611,641</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Total
Revenues:	General	<u>Itevenue</u>	Berneo	
Taxes	\$ 222,234	\$ 266,550	\$ 22,832	\$ 511,616
Licenses and permits	93,704	-	-	93,704
Intergovernmental	69,602	-	-	69,602
Fines and forfeits	56,747	-	-	56,747
Miscellaneous	67,866	85	303	68,254
Total revenues	510,153	266,635	23,135	799,923
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	276,770	2,706	22	279,498
Public safety:				
Police	394,316	-	-	394,316
Fire	80,824	-	-	80,824
Streets	209,452	-	-	209,452
Capital outlay	10,407	-	-	10,407
Debt service		•	24,200	24,200
Total expenditures	971,769	2,706	24,222	998,697
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	<u>(461,616</u>)	263,929	(1,087)	(198,774)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	436,741	-	2,400	439,141
Transfers out	-	(269,529)	<u> </u>	(269,529)
Total other financing sources (uses)	436,741	(269,529)	2,400	169,612
Net changes in fund balances	(24,875)	(5,600)	1,313	(29,162)
Fund balances beginning	97,917	22,567	24,758	145,242
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 73,042</u>	<u>\$ 16,967</u>	<u>\$ 26,071</u>	\$ 116,080

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Total net changes in fund balances at June 30, 2007 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		\$ (29,162)
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 10,407	
Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2007	(113,323)	(102,916)
Principal paid on long term debt considered as an expenditure on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		20,000
Difference between interest on long-term debt on modified accrual basis versus interest on long-term debt on accrual basis		(400)
Total changes in net assets at June 30, 2007 per Statement of Activities		<u>\$(112,478</u>)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund June 30, 2007

ASSETS

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits, at cost	\$	42,204
Receivables:		
Accounts receivable		29,376
Unbilled utility receivables		19,721
Accrued interest receivable		59
Other receivables		892
Due from other funds		19,814
Prepaid Items		1,186
Total current assets		113,252
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets -		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits, at cost		115,938
Capital assets:		
Land		50,210
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,	152,620
Total noncurrent assets	1,	318,768
Total assets	-	432,020
	<u></u>	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:		
		16,975
Accounts payable Other liabilities		803
Payable from restricted assets -		603
Revenue bonds		23,398
Accrued interest		23,398 761
Total current liabilities		41,937
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Customers' deposits		62,581
Revenue bonds payable		183,842
Total noncurrent liabilities		246,423
Total liabilities		<u>288,360</u>
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1.0	018,988
Restricted for debt service	- ,	29,198
Unrestricted		95,474
Total net assets	\$1,	143,660

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets -Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services -	
Gas sales	\$ 299,238
Water sales	170,410
Sewer charges	135,635
Miscellaneous	41,278
Total operating revenues	646,561
Operating expenses:	
Gas department	189,874
Water department	179,100
Sewer department	110,569
Total operating expenses	479,543
Operating income	167,018
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	1,882
Interest expense	(9,807)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(7,925)
Income before contributions and transfers	159,093
Capital contributions	158,481
Transfers out	(169,612)
Change in net assets	147,962
Net assets, beginning	995,698
Net assets, ending	<u>\$ 1,143,660</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 604,114
Payments to suppliers	(342,121)
Payments to employees	(59,440)
Other receipts	41,278
Net cash provided by operating activities	243,831
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash paid to other funds	(29,455)
Transfers to other funds	<u>(169,612</u>)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	(199,067)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Principal paid on revenue bonds payable	(22,370)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on revenue bonds payable	(9,516)
Proceeds from meter deposits	16,600
Refund of meter deposits	(4,541)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(175,431)
Proceeds from grants	158,481
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	<u>(36,777</u>)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	1,844
Net cash used by investing activities	1,844
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	9,831
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	148,311
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 158,142

(continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund - (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 167,018
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Depreciation	78,177
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in accounts receivable	10,062
Increase in unbilled utility receivable	(11,231)
Increase in other receivables	(892)
Decrease in accounts payable	(12)
Increase in other liabilities	709
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 243,831</u>
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement	
of cash flows to the balance sheet:	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	\$ 29,196
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	119,115
Total cash and cash equivalents	148,311
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	42,204
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	115,938
Total cash and cash equivalents	158,142
Net increase	<u>\$ 9,831</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Sunset (Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary fund, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Sunset was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under the Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. Under provisions of this Statement, this report includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Town executive and legislative branches (the Mayor and Board of Aldermen). Control by or dependence on the Town was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility. The Town has no components and therefore, none are presented in the government-wide financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of selfbalancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with financerelated legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Town are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type: and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Town are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

Sales Tax Fund -

The Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Debt Service Fund – General Obligation Bonds Fund –

The General Obligation Bonds Fund is used to accumulate monies for payment of the Town's general obligation bonds, which are being financed by ad valorem tax revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Fund -

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Sunset's enterprise fund is the Utility Fund.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net assets, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Town. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes and franchise taxes. Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as their major receivables. Uncollectible utility service receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. The allowance for uncollectibles for customers' utility receivables was \$3,465 at June 30, 2007. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month, are recorded at yearend.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to July 1, 2001, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment	5 years
Utility system and improvements	20-40 years
Infrastructure	20 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to the revenue bond accounts and utility meter deposits.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The longterm debt consists primarily of the revenue bonds payable and utility meter deposits payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principle and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Vacation and sick leave are recorded as expenditures of the period in which paid. Vacation must be taken in the year accrued and cannot be carried over. Sick leave is accumulated by employees at a rate dependent upon number of years of employment. Although sick leave is available for employees when needed, it does not vest nor is it payable at termination of employment. Therefore, no liability has been recorded in the accounts as of June 30, 2007.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

F. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use	
Sales Tax	See Note 3	
Utility Fund Revenue	Debt Service and Utility Operations	

The Town uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

G. <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 15, the Town Clerk submits to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Aldermen. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

H. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) <u>Ad Valorem Taxes</u>

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of St. Landry Parish and are collected by the Sheriff. Taxes were billed to taxpayers by the Assessor in November and are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Town property tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed.

For the year ended June 30, 2007, taxes of 8.94 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$12,423,000 and were dedicated for general corporate purposes (7.06 mills), and debt services (1.88 mills).

Gross taxes levied for the current fiscal year totaled \$111,062. The taxes are remitted to the Town net of deductions for Pension Fund contributions.

(3) <u>Sales and Use Tax</u>

Proceeds of a 1 percent sales and use tax (accounted for in the Sales Tax Fund - a special revenue fund) levied by the Town of Sunset (2007 collections \$266,550) are dedicated to the following purposes:

Constructing and purchasing fire department stations and equipment; opening, constructing, and improving drains, drainage canals, and subsurface drainage; constructing, acquiring, or improving any work of public permanent improvement; and purchasing and acquiring all equipment and furnishing for the public works, buildings, improvement, and facilities of the town of Sunset.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(4) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2007, the Town had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$297,666 as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 129,138
Money market accounts	106,708
Time deposits	<u>61,820</u>
Total	<u>\$ 297,666</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the Town or the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2007, are secured as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$ 314,644</u>
Federal deposit insurance Pledged securities	200,000 114,644
Total	\$ 314,644

As of June 30, 2007, the Town's total bank balances were fully insured and collateralized with securities held in the name of the Town by the pledging financial institution's agent and, therefore, not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(5) <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2007 of \$50,643 consist of the following:

			Business-type	
	Governme	ental Activities	Activities	
	General	Debt Service	Utility	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 306	\$ 278	<u> </u>	\$ 584
Accounts	-	-	29,376	29,376
Unbilled	-	-	1 9,721	19,721
Other	11		<u>951</u>	962
Totals	<u>\$ 317</u>	<u>\$ 278</u>	\$ 50,048	<u>\$ 50,643</u>

(6) Due from Other Governmental

Due from other governmental units consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities
Franchise Fees	\$ 31,670
Beer Tax	1,973
Racino Revenue	4,228
Fire Insurance Rebate	8,734
Total	<u>\$ 46,605</u>

(7) <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Restricted assets consisted of the following at June 30, 2007:

	Business-Type Activities	
Customers' deposits	\$ 62,581	
Revenue bond sinking fund account	61	
Revenue bond depreciation and contingency	36,643	
Sewer reserve account	16,653	
Total restricted assets	\$ 115,938	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(8) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Balance 07/01/06	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/07
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and construction in progress	\$ 75,841	\$-	\$ -	\$ 75,841
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	362,648	-	-	362,648
Infrastructure	99,959	· -	-	99,959
Equipment	1,040,776	10,407		<u>1,051,183</u>
Totals	1,579,224	10,407		1,589,631
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	265,808	13,233	-	279,041
Infrastructure	31,445	4,325	-	35,770
Equipment	663,094	95,765	<u> </u>	758,859
Total accumulated depreciation	960,347	113,323		1,073,670
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 618,877</u>	<u>\$ (102,916)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 515,961</u>
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 50,210	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,210
Other capital assets:				
Utility system and extensions	5,360,193	175,431	-	5,535,624
Machinery and equipment	38,001		3,200	34,801
Totals	5,448,404	175,431	3,200	5,620,635
Less accumulated depreciation				
Utility system and extensions	4,306,148	73,342	-	4,379,490
Machinery and equipment	36,679	4,836	3,200	38,315
Total accumulated depreciation	4,342,827	78,178	3,200	4,417,805
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$1,105,577</u>	<u>\$ 97,253</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$1,202,830

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 13,104
Police	19,778
Fire	72,207
Streets	8,233
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 113,322</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to husiness type activities as fo	lloure

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 44,033
Gas	12,160
Sewer	21,985
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 78,178</u>

(9) Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

The accounts, salaries, and other payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2007:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Accounts	\$ 14,319	\$16,975	\$ 31,294
Salaries	14,641	-	14,641
Cash bonds	17,535	-	17,535
Other liabilities	6,364	803	7,167
Totals	<u>\$ 52,859</u>	<u>\$17,778</u>	<u>\$ 70,637</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(10) Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2007:

	Governmental	Business-type
	Activities	Activities
	General	
	Obligation	Revenue
	Bonds	Bonds
Long-term debt payable, July 1, 2006	\$ 40,000	\$ 229,610
Long-term debt issued	-	-
Long-term debt retired	(20,000)	(22,370)
Long-term debt payable, June 30, 2007	<u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ 207,240</u>

\$20,000

\$207,240

Long-term debt payable at June 30, 2007 is comprised of the following:

General Obligation bonds -

\$200,000 General Obligation Bonds, dated April 1, 1988; due in annual installments of \$5,000 to \$20,000 through April 1, 2008; interest at 7.96 percent; payable from property tax revenues

Revenue bonds -

\$410,000 1995 Sewer Utility Revenue Bond, dated February 17, 1995; due in monthly installments of \$2,681 through February 2015; interest at 4.5 percent; secured by Utility Fund revenues

The long-term debt is due as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
Year ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
June 30,	payments	payments	payments	payments
2008	\$ 20,000	\$ 1,600	\$ 23,398	\$ 8,779
2009	-	-	24,473	7,704
2010	•	-	25,597	6,580
2011	-	-	26,773	5,404
2012	-	-	28,003	4,174
2013-2015		<u> </u>	78,996	4,676
Total	<u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,600</u>	\$ 207,240	<u>\$ 37,317</u>

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(11) Flow of Funds; Restrictions on Use - Utilities Revenues

Utility Revenue Bonds:

Under the terms of the Bond indenture on outstanding Public Utility Bonds dated February 17, 1995, all income and revenues (hereinafter referred to as revenue) of every nature, earned or derived from operation of the Utility System, are pledged and dedicated to the retirement of said bonds, and are to be set aside into the following special funds:

Each month, there will be set aside into a fund called the "Bond and Interest Sinking Fund" the amount of \$1,538 each month. Such transfers shall be fully sufficient to assure the prompt payment of principal and interest installments as they become due and may be used only for such payments.

There shall also be set aside into a "Bond Reserve Fund" the amount of \$135 each month until the amount of \$32,177 has been accumulated therein.. Such amounts may be used only for the payment of maturing bonds and interest coupons for which sufficient funds are not on deposit in the Bond and Interest Sinking Fund and as to which there would otherwise be default.

Funds will also be set aside into a "Contingency Fund" at the rate of \$243 each month. Money in this fund may be used for the making of extraordinary repairs or replacements to the system which are necessary to keep the system in operating condition and for which money is not available as a maintenance and operation expense. Money in this fund may also be used to pay principal or interest on the bonds falling due at any time there is not sufficient money for payment in the other bond funds.

All of the revenues received in any fiscal year and not required to be paid in such fiscal year into any of the above noted funds shall be regarded as surplus and may be used for any lawful corporate purpose.

The Town of Sunset was in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions in the bond indentures at June 30, 2007.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(12) Employee Retirement

All employees are members of one of the following retirement systems:

Federal Social Security System Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana

Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

A. Federal Social Security System

All employees of the Town of Sunset are members of the Federal Social Security System. The Town and its employees contribute a percentage of each employee's salary to the System (7.65% contributed by the Town; 7.65% by the employee). Total covered wages for the year ended June 30, 2007 was \$536,120. The Town's contribution during the year ended June 30, 2007 amounted to \$41,013.

B. <u>Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana System</u>

Eligible employees of the Town participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system. The plan is controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. Pertinent information relative to the plan follows:

<u>Plan Description</u> - The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the municipality are members of Plan A.

All permanent employees working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from municipal funds and all elected municipal officials are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan A, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3% of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. Furthermore, employees with at least 10 years of creditable service, but less than 30 years, may take early retirement benefits commencing at or after age 60, with the basic benefit reduced 3% for each year retirement precedes age 62, unless he has at least 30 years of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The system issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809 or by calling (504) 925-4810.

Funding policy – Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 9.25% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 16.25% of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of 1% (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Town's contributions to the System under Plan A for the years ending June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$36,366, \$14,388, and \$13,435 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

C. <u>Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (System)</u>

Eligible employees of the Town participate in the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system. The plan is controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. Pertinent information relative to the plan follows:

Plan description – All full-time police department employees engaged in law enforcement are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service or at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 1/3% of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System, 8401 United Plaza Boulevard, Room 270, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-7017.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 7.5% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 15.5% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The contributions to the System for the years ending June 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$3,175, \$13,214, and \$11,778, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(13) Segment Information for the Enterprise Fund

The Town of Sunset maintains one enterprise fund with three departments which provide water, sewerage and gas services. Segment information for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Water Department	Sewerage Department	Gas Department	Total Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues	\$ 200,156	\$ 139,889	\$ 306,516	\$ 646,561
Operating expenses:				
Depreciation	44,034	21,984	1 2,159	78,177
Other	135,066	88,585	177,715	401,366
Total operating expenses	179,100	110,569	189,874	479,543
Operating income	<u>\$ 21,056</u>	<u>\$ 29,320</u>	\$ 116,642	<u>\$ 167,018</u>

(14) Compensation of Town Officials

A detail of compensation paid to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for the year ended June 30, 2007 follows:

Cecil Lavergne, Mayor	\$ 10,800
Aldermen:	
Dalton Belson	5,400
Melanie White	5,400
Charles James	5,400
Bernice Smith	5,400
Joseph Meche	5,400
	\$ 37,800

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(15) <u>Pending Litigation</u>

The Town is a defendant in a workers compensation claim filed by a former employee. Management is of the opinion that monetary damages would be minimal, in the event the Town is unsuccessful in its defense.

(16) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Town is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year.

(17) Interfund Transactions

A. Receivables and Payables

Due to the Utility Fund from the General Fund for reimbursement	
for expenditures paid	\$ 19,814
Due to the General Fund from the General Obligations Fund for	
reimbursement for expenditures paid	10,131
Total	<u>\$ 29,945</u>

Summary of balances due from other funds reported in fund financial statements:

Due from other funds, Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$ 10,131
Due from other funds, Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	19,814
	\$ 29,945

B. Transfers

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major governmental funds:		
General Fund	\$ 455,741	\$ 19,000
Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	-	269,529
Debt Service Fund	2,400	-
Proprietary Fund:		
Enterprise Fund		169,612
Total	\$ 458,141	\$458,141

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 216,500	\$ 226,500	\$ 222,234	\$ (4,266)	
Licenses and permits	101,000	76,000	93,704	17,704	
Intergovernmental	89,000	89,000	69,602	(19,398)	
Fines and forfeits	70,000	50,000	56,747	6,747	
Miscellaneous	19,000	65,700	67,866	2,166	
Total revenues	495,500	507,200	510,153	2,953	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government	220,649	254,649	276,770	(22,121)	
Public safety:	400.000	101.000			
Police	430,300	421,900	394,316	27,584	
Fire	56,900	64,900	80,824	(15,924)	
Streets	182,100	222,300	209,452	12,848	
Capital outlay	25,000	55,000	10,407	<u>44,593</u>	
Total expenditures	914,949	<u>1,018,749</u>	<u> </u>	46,980	
Deficiency of revenues					
over expenditures	(419,449)	(511,549)	(461,616)	49,933	
Other financing sources:					
Transfer from Utility Fund	220,000	230,000	167,212	(62,788)	
Transfer from Sales Tax Fund	255,000	285,000	269,529	(15,471)	
Total other financing sources	475,000	515,000	436,741	(78,259)	
Net change in fund balance	55,551	3,451	(24,875)	(28,326)	
Fund balance, beginning	97,917	97,917	97,917		
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 153,468</u>	<u>\$ 101,368</u>	<u>\$ 73,042</u>	<u>\$(28,326)</u>	

TOWN OF SUNSET, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				- ` ` ``
Taxes	\$255,000	\$270,000	\$266,550	\$ (3,450)
Miscellaneous - interest	100	100	85	(15)
Total revenues	255,100	270,100	266,635	(3,465)
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Sales tax collection fees	2,550	2,550	2,681	(131)
Miscellaneous	300	300	25	275
Total expenditures	2,850	2,850	2,706	144
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	252,250	267,250	263,929	(3,321)
Other financing use:				
Transfer to General Fund	(255,000)	(285,000)	(269,529)	15,471
Net change in fund balance	(2,750)	(17,750)	(5,600)	12,150
Fund balance, beginning	22,567	22,567	22,567	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 19,817</u>	<u>\$ 4,817</u>	<u>\$ 16,967</u>	\$ 12,150

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bu	dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 88,000	\$ 85,000	\$ 83,269	\$ (1,731)
Franchise - electric	120,000	133,000	132,926	(74)
Franchise - telephone	6,500	6,500	4,445	(2,055)
Franchise - cable	2,000	2,000	1,594	(406)
	216,500	226,500	_222,234	(4,266)
Licenses and permits:				
Licenses	86,000	61,000	8 6, 11 6	25,116
Building permits	15,000	15,000	7,088	(7,912)
House moving and plumbing permits			500	500
	101,000	76,000	93,704	17,704
Intergovernmental:				
State of Louisiana -				
Racino revenue	47,000	47,000	48,976	1,976
Beer taxes	4,000	4,000	5,183	1,183
Fire insurance rebate	7,000	7,000	8,734	1,734
Grass cutting	9,000	9,000	5,425	(3,575)
State grant	15,000	15,000	1,284	(13,716)
Housing Authority	7,000	7,000		(7,000)
	89,000	89,000	69,602	(19,398)
Fines and forfeits:				
Fines and court costs	70,000	50,000	56,747	6,747
Miscellaneous:				
Insurance reimbursement	-	46,700	49,058	2,358
First response donations	4,000	4,000	3,627	(373)
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	15,181	181
	19,000	65,700	67,866	2,166
Total revenues	\$495,500	\$ 507,200	<u>\$510,153</u>	<u>\$ 2,953</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bud			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
General government:		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	¢
Salaries - mayor and council	\$ 37,800	\$ 37,800	\$ 37,800	\$ -
Other salaries	77,600	77,600	83,914	(6,314)
Payroll taxes	7,800	7,800	8,941	(1,141)
Retirement	6,000	6,000	13,857	(7,857)
Office supplies and postage	22,049	22,049	18,949	3,100
Insurance	22,000	33,000	46,691	(13,691)
Telephone and electricity	8,100	8,100	15,002	(6,902)
Travel, seminars, and conventions	8,000	11,000	10,334	666
Advertising, dues, and publications	6,000	6,000	7,853	(1,853)
Repairs and maintenance	2,200	2,200	2,876	(676)
Preparation of tax roll	1,600	1,600	1,630	(30)
Consulting	8,500	8,500	4,740	3,760
Legal and accounting	12,000	27,000	18,387	8,613
Miscellaneous	1,000	6,000	5,796	204
Total general government	220,649	254,649	276,770	(22,121)
Public safety:				
Police department -				
Salaries	254,600	244,000	251,050	(7,050)
Payroll taxes	19,000	19,000	18,370	630
Retirement	17,000	3,200	3,175	25
Office supplies and postage	7,700	7,700	10,463	(2,763)
Uniforms	3,000	3,000	1,786	1,214
Materials and repairs	4,000	4,000	3,910	90
Insurance	80,000	95,000	71,380	23,620
Telephone and electricity	11,500	11,500	8,880	2,620
Prisoner meals	1,500	1,500	1,156	344
Auto	10,000	10,000	6,372	3,628
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	963	37
Gasoline	15,000	16,000	11,334	4,666
Crime lab	2,500	2,500	2,612	(112)
Drug testing	1,500	1,500	969	531
Conventions and conferences	2,000	2,000	1,896	104
Total police department				
rotai ponce ucpartinent	430,300	421,900	394,316	27,584

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

				Variance with Final Budget
		dget	_	Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Public safety:				
Fire department -				
Salaries	19,900	19,900	23,964	(4,064)
Payroll taxes	3,100	3,100	3,734	(634)
Retirement	2,200	2,200	5,454	(3,254)
Supplies and repairs	2,500	2,500	4,791	(2,291)
Auto	2,500	2,500	8,337	(5,837)
Office expense	2,500	500	374	126
Insurance	14,000	24,000	24,016	(16)
Telephone and electricity	5,500	5,500	5,033	467
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	1,004	(4)
Volunteer fire department	-	-	828	(828)
Conventions and conferences	1,200	1,200	795	405
Gasoline	2,500	2,500	2,494	6
Total fire department	56,900	64,900	80,824	(15,924)
Streets:				
Salaries	86,900	89,500	88,104	1,396
Payroll taxes	6,600	6,600	6,789	(189)
Retirement	6,000	9,000	14,698	(5,698)
Materials and supplies	6,000	5,000	5,191	(191)
Uniforms	1,400	1,400	115	1,285
Repairs and maintenance	1,000	3,500	3,495	5
Miscellaneous	1,000	3,000	1,207	1,793
Shell, gravel, dirt and hot mix	2,000	6,000	5,314	686
Electricity	31,200	40,000	22,915	17,085
Grass cutting	2,000	2,000	1,955	45
Insurance	29,000	34,000	38,453	(4,453)
Tractor and backhoe	3,000	2,000	3,481	(1,481)
Gasoline and diesel	4,000	3,000	2,767	233
Animal control	-	2,500	2,857	(357)
Welding	-	1,500	1,250	250
Station	2,000	12,000	9,432	2,568
Truck	-	1,300	1,429	(129)
Total streets	182,100	222,300	209,452	12,848

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	В	udget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Capital outlay:				
General government -				
Gym repairs	-	30,000	-	30,000
Public safety -				
Police department equipment	10,000	10,000	1,099	8,901
Fire department equipment	15,000	15,000	9,308	5,692
Total capital outlay	25,000	55,000	10,407	44,593
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 914,949</u>	\$1,018,749	<u>\$971,769</u>	<u>\$ 46,980</u>

TOWN OF SUNSET, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Departmental Analysis of Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Total	Gas	Water	Sewer
Operating revenues:				
Customer service charges	\$ 605,283	\$ 299, 238	\$170,410	\$135,635
Miscellaneous	41,278	7,278	29,746	4,254
Total operating revenues	646,561	306,516	200,156	139,889
Operating expenses:				
Salaries	55,241	17,788	19,387	18,066
Payroll taxes	4,199	1,352	1,364	1,483
Retirement	7,984	1,988	4,008	1,988
Gas purchases	108,579	108,579	-	-
Maintenance and repairs	4,824	2,478	2,071	275
Telephone and electricity	82,477	2,836	36,504	43,137
Legal and accounting fees	12,010	2,046	7,918	2,046
Engineering fees	12,973	-	7,420	5,553
Insurance	21,265	4,660	11,409	5,196
Office expense	6,922	2,438	3,269	1,215
Auto expense	4,901	831	1,389	2,681
Supplies and parts	30,057	4,929	24,140	988
Meter reading expense	17,324	8,662	8,662	-
Survey and analysis	8,004	4,825	-	3,179
Bad debts	19,487	12,425	5,290	1,772
Depreciation	78,177	12,159	44,034	21,984
Miscellaneous	5,119	1,878	2,235	1,006
Total operating expenses	479,543	189,874	179,100	110,569
Operating income (loss)	167,018	\$116,642	<u>\$ 21,056</u>	<u>\$ 29,320</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Interest income	1,882			
Interest expense	(9,807)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(7,925)			
Income before contributions and transfers	159,093			
Capital contributions	158,481			
Transfers out	(169,612)			
Change in net assets	1 47,962			
Net assets, beginning	995,698			
Net assets, ending	\$1, 143,660			

INTERNAL CONTROL

AND

COMPLIANCE

KOLDER, CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

C. Burton Kolder, CPA* Russell F. Champagne, CPA* Victor R. Slaven, CPA* P. Troy Courville, CPA* Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA* Robert S. Carter, CPA Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*

Tynes E. Mixon, Jr., CPA Alten J. LaBry, CPA Albert R. Leger, CPA, PFS, CSA* Penny Angelie Scruggins, CPA Christine L. Cousin, CPA Mary T. Thibodeaux, CPA Marshall W. Guidry, CPA Alan M. Taylor, CPA James R. Rov. CPA Robert J. Metz. CPA Kelly M. Doucet, CPA Cheryl L. Bartley, CPA, CVA Mandy B. Self, CPA Paul L. Deicambre, Jr. CPA

Retired: Conrad O. Chapman, CPA* 2006 Harry J. Clostic, CPA 2007

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FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER

The Honorable Cecil Lavergne, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Sunset, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Sunset, Louisiana (the Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely effects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan as items 07-1(IC) and 06-A1 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

This report is intended solely for the information of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

> Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana December 5, 2007

	Anticipated Completion Date	NA	12/31/2007	
	Name of Contact Person	Cassandra Ardoin, Town Clerk	Cassandra Ardoin, Town Clerk	
and Corrective Action Flan Year Ended June 30, 2007	Corrective Action Planned	The Town has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interests of the government to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.	The Town prepared and adopted written policies and procedures governing its operations and accounting activities at the December 2007 Town meeting.	
And Correct Year Ende	.0/07)	The Town does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes.	The Town of Sunset has not prepared and adopted written policies and procedures governing its operations and accounting activities in accordance with guidelines set forth by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.	ompliance: There are no current year compliance findings.
	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Ref. No. Occurred CURRENT YEAR (6/30/07) Internal Control:	07-1(IC) 6/30/2007	6/30/2006	E no current y
	Fisc: Fin Inii Ref. No. Occ CURRENT YEA Internal Control:	07-1(IC)	06-A1	<u>Compliance:</u> There are n

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2007

Corrective Action Taken			Q	YES	YES	YES
Description of finding			The Town of Sunset has not prepared and adopted written policies and procedures governing its operations and accounting activities in accordance with guidelines set forth by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.	The mayor reestablished a credit card in the name of the Town and the previous mayor. This was done without the knowledge or consent of the previous mayor.	Documentation for travel and convention charges are either inadequate or improper. The Town experienced significant budget overruns in the area of travel.	The Town's payroll account had not been reconciled for the entire year.
Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	PRIOR YEAR (6/30/06)	<u>;0</u> ;	06/30/06	06/30/06	06/30/06	06/30/06
Ref. No.	PRIOR YEAI	Internal Control:	06-A1	06-A2	06-A3	06-A4

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2007

Corrective Action Taken			YES	YES	YES	YES
Description of finding			Bids were not obtained prior to purchases exceeding \$20,000.	The Town failed to obtain competitive price quotes for equipment/vehicle purchases between \$10,000 and \$20,000.	The Town did not adopt detailed procedures for preparing, adopting, monitoring and amending the budget. The budget was not amended prior to fiscal year end.	A mileage log was not maintained for the mayor's use of a town vehicle, nor was a fringe benefit added as income to the employee's W-2 statement.
Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	R (6/30/06)		06/30/06	06/30/06	06/30/06	06/30/06
Ref. No.	PRIOR YEAR (6/30/06)	Compliance:	06-B1	06-B2	06-B3	06-B4