FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2015

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KOLDER, CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA* Russell F. Champagne, CPA* Victor R. Slaven, CPA* Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA* Robert S. Carter, CPA* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA* Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA Penny Angelle Scruggins, CPA Christine C. Doucet, CPA Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA

Casey L. Ardoin, CPA Albert R. Leger, CPA,PFS,CSA* Marshall W. Guidry, CPA Stephen R. Mcore, Jr., CPA, PFS, CFP®, ChFC®* James R. Roy, CPA Robert J. Metz, CPA Alan M. Taylor, CPA Kelly M. Doucet, CPA Mandy B. Self, CPA Paul L. Delcambre, Jr., CPA Jane R. Hebert, CPA Deidre L. Stock, CPA Karen V. Fontenot, CPA Tabby A. LeMay, CPA

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

To the Marshal City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana Lafayette, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana (Marshal), as of and for the year then ended October 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Marshal's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Member of: SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

450 East Main Street New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204 Fax (337) 367-9208

200 South Main Street

OFFICES

Phone (337) 232-4141 Fax (337) 232-8660 113 East Bridge St. Breaux Bridge, LA 70517 Phone (337) 332-4020

183 South Beadle Rd

Lafavette, LA 70508

Fax (337) 332-2867

Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 Fax (337) 893-7946 1013 Main Street

1234 David Dr. Ste 203 Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020 Franklin, LA 70538 Phone (337) 828-0272 Fax (985) 384-3020

434 Fast Main Street Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 Phone (318) 253-9252 Fax (337) 363-3049

332 West Sixth Avenue Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737 Fax (337) 639-4568

Fax (318) 253-8681 1428 Metro Drive Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421

Fax (337) 828-0290

133 East Waddil St

Marksville LA 71351

Fax (318) 442-9833 WEB SITE WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

Retired: Conrad O. Chapman, CPA* 2006

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana as of October 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Marshal, City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriated operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Marshal, City Court of Lafayette's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 25 through 30 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The comparative statements and schedule on pages 25-26 and 29-30 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The prior year comparative information on these statements has been derived from the 2014 financial statements and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The comparison schedules on pages 27 and 28 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2016 on our consideration of the Marshal – City Court of Lafayette's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Marshal's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana April 26, 2016

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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Statement of Net Position October 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 297,439
Accounts receivable	56,795
Prepaid insurance	16,151
Total current assets	370,385
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net	84,514
TOTAL ASSETS	454,899
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	60,121
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	84,514
Restricted	21,744
Unrestricted	288,520
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$394,778

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended October 31, 2015

]	Program Revenue Operating	es Capital	Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 1,862,978	\$ 576,407	<u>\$ 1,402,589</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 116,018
	General revenu Interest	es:			18
	Change in net po	osition			116,036
	Net position - N	ovember 1, 201	.4		278,742
	Net position - O	ctober 31, 2015	5		<u>\$ 394,778</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

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Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds October 31, 2015

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 275,695	\$ 21,744	\$297,439
Receivables -			
Accounts	56,795	-	56,795
Prepaid insurance	16,151		16,151
Total assets	<u>\$ 348,641</u>	<u>\$ 21,744</u>	\$370,385
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 60,121	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 60,121</u>
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable (prepaid insurance)	16,151	-	16,151
Restricted	-	21,744	21,744
Unassigned	272,369		272,369
Total fund balances	288,520	21,744	310,264
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 348,641</u>	<u>\$ 21,744</u>	\$370,385

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Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position October 31, 2015

	\$310,264
\$ 61,367	84 514
23,147	<u>84,514</u> \$394,778
	\$ 61,367 23,147

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended October 31, 2015

Revenues:	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fees charges and commissions for services -			
Bond forfeitures	\$ 10,564	\$ -	\$ 10,564
Fees and commissions	565,134	709	565,843
Intergovernmental -			
Federal grants	5,222	-	5,222
On-behalf payments	1,397,367	-	1,397,367
Interest income		18	18
Total revenues	1,978,287	727	1,979,014
Expenditures:			
Current -			
General government	1,817,708	2,450	1,820,158
Capital outlay	14,083		14,083
Total expenditures	1,831,791	2,450	1,834,241
Net change in fund balances	146,496	(1,723)	144,773
Fund balances, beginning	142,024	23,467	165,491
Fund balances, ending	\$ 288,520	<u>\$ 21,744</u>	\$ 310,264

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended October 31, 2015

Total net changes in fund balances for the year ended October 31, 2015 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		\$	144,773
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Depreciation expense for the year ended October 31, 2015	\$ 14,083 (42,820)		(28,737)
Total changes in net position for the year ended October 31, 2015 per Statement of Activities		<u>\$</u>	<u>116,036</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

INTRODUCTION

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Marshal – City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana (Marshal) is an elected official who serves six-year terms. The Marshal is charged with the responsibility of conducting policing and security functions for the City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana. Operations of the Marshal's office are funded by Lafayette City-Parish Consolidated Government (LCG), the State of Louisiana, and court costs charged by the City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana attributable to the performance of the Marshal's duties.

These financial statements only include funds, activities, et cetera, that are controlled by the Marshal as an independently elected official.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Marshal have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Marshal as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Marshal. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with professional standards.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the Marshal's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include bond forfeitures, drug seizures, equitable sharing receipts, and fees and commissions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The Marshal uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid the Marshal by segregating transactions related to certain Marshal's functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Marshal are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Marshal or its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds. For reporting purposes, the General Fund of the Marshal is considered to be a major fund. The funds of the Marshal are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Marshal. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is financed through court costs and commissions as well as bond forfeitures earned by the Marshal. Resources of the fund are used to supplement the cost of operating the Marshal's office.

Special Revenue Funds

Drug Enforcement Fund -

The Drug Enforcement Fund is used to account for the Marshal's revenues which are legally restricted for use in drug enforcement and education. This fund is financed through a sixty percent (60%) allocation of monies seized in drug-related arrests.

Equitable Sharing Fund -

The Equitable Sharing Fund is used to account for the Marshal's revenues which are legally restricted for law enforcement expenditures. This fund is financed through a Federal Equitable Sharing Agreement with the United States Departments of Justice and the Treasury sharing forty percent (40%) of available amounts with participating local law enforcement agencies.

Fiduciary (Agency) Funds -

Garnishment Fund

The Garnishment Fund is used to account for assets held by the Marshal as agent. This fund is used for the collection of court-ordered garnishment judgments. The Marshal charges an administrative fee and remits all other funds to the respective creditors. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The Marshal disburses all funds received during the month on the last day of each month and, therefore, at October 31, 2015 there is no balance in this fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Restitution Fund

The Restitution Fund is used to account for assets held by the Marshal as agent. This fund is used for the collection of court-ordered restitutions. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The Marshal disburses all funds received during the month on the last day of each month and, therefore, at October 31, 2015 there is no balance in this fund.

Since by definition, fiduciary assets are held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations for the Marshal, they are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. Since there is no book balance in the fiduciary funds at October 31, 2015, the Marshal does not present a fiduciary funds statement of assets and liabilities.

C. <u>Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting</u>

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The agency funds are prepared on the cash basis of accounting which approximates modified accrual basis of accounting.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after the year end. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

Cash and interest-bearing deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not received. Amounts due to the Marshal for courts costs, commissions, and bond forfeitures earned from providing services to the City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana are included in accounts receivable, which amounted to \$56,795 at October 31, 2015.

Prepaid expenditures

Payments made for insurance that will benefit periods beyond the end of the fiscal year are recorded as prepaid expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Marshal as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Office Equipment	5
Computer Equipment	5
Radio Equipment	10
Furniture and Fixtures	10

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. There were no deferred inflows or outflows as of October 31, 2015.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Net position is considered restricted if the use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers or the Marshal's debt.
- c. Unrestricted net position Consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted".

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund equity is classified as fund balances and are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to remain intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable at October 31, 2015, by the Marshal are nonspendable in form. The Marshal has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to directives of the Marshal who has the highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through actions of the Marshal.
- d. Assigned Includes amounts that the Marshal intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. The Marshal or his designee may assign amounts to this classification.
- e. Unassigned Includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

Use of restricted resources

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (fund balances), the Marshal considers to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the Marshal considers to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less restrictive classifications – committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

Operating Revenues

Intergovernmental revenues and fees, charges and commissions for services are recorded when the Marshal is entitled to the funds.

Interest on interest-bearing deposits is recorded or accrued as revenues when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Expenditures/Expenses

Capital expenditures and purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) when the transfer is authorized by the Marshal.

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Marshal is required to adopt an annual budget for the General Fund. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") of the United States of America.

G. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Marshal may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Marshal may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At October 31, 2015, the Marshal had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$297,439 attributable to governmental activities.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Marshal's deposits may not be recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. As of October 31, 2015, bank balances in the amount of \$438,617 were as follows:

Bank balances	\$438,617
Federal deposit insurance	250,000
Pledged securities	188,6 17
Total	<u>\$438,617</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(3) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended October 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	11/1/2014	Additions	Deletions	10/31/2015
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated				
Equipment	\$ 429,311	\$ 4,000	\$-	\$ 433,311
Furniture and fixtures	88,144	10,083	_	98,227
Total capital assets being depreciated	517,455	14,083		531,538
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Equipment	332,382	39,562	-	371,944
Furniture and fixtures	71,822	3,258		75,080
Total accumulated depreciation	404,204	42,820		447,024
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	<u>\$ 113,251</u>	<u>\$(28,737</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 84,514</u>

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$42,820 was charged to general government.

(4) <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>

At October 31, 2015, fund balance of the Drug Enforcement Fund in the amount of \$14,327 was restricted for drug enforcement and education expenditures. At October 31, 2015, fund balance of the Equitable Sharing Fund in the amount of \$7,417 was restricted for law enforcement expenditures.

(5) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Marshal is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of professional liability, auto liability, general liability, and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. LCG obtains and maintains insurance coverage for the Marshal and the Marshal is responsible for paying one-half of the cost. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(6) Litigation and Claims

As of October 31, 2015, the Marshal was not involved in any lawsuits claiming damages.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(7) Expenditures of the Marshal's Office Paid by LCG

The Marshal's administrative office is located in a building owned by LCG. The cost of maintaining and operating this building, as required by statute, is paid by LCG. These expenditures are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Payroll and benefits for the full-time employees of the Marshal's office are paid by LCG and are not reimbursed by the Marshal's office. There are no liabilities related to payroll, benefits and postemployment benefits attributable to the Marshal's office. Additionally, one-half of the Marshal's insurance expense is paid by LCG.

(8) <u>On-behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries</u>

GASB Statement No. 24, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, requires the Marshal to report in the financial statements on-behalf salary and fringe benefit payments made by the State of Louisiana and by the parish governments to certain employees of the Marshal's office.

Supplemental salary payments are made by the state and parish governments directly to the Marshal's employees. The Marshal's office is not legally responsible for these salaries. Therefore, the basis for recognizing the revenue and expenditure payments is the actual contributions made by the state and parish governments. On-behalf payments recorded as revenue and expenditures in the 2015 financial statements are as follows:

General Fund:	
State of Louisiana	\$ 100,715
Lafayette City-Parish Consolidated Government	1,296,652
Total on-behalf payments	\$1,397,367

(9) Employee Retirement Systems

Substantially all employees of the Marshal's office participate in one of two retirement systems as follows:

<u>Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS)</u> is a cost-sharing defined benefit plan which provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible employees and their beneficiaries. The employees participate in Plan A. The separately issued plan report may be accessed on their website at <u>http://www.mersla.com/</u>

<u>Parochial Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u> is a cost-sharing defined benefit plan which provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible employees and their beneficiaries. The employees participate in Plan A. The separately issued plan report may be accessed on the website at <u>http://www.persla.com/</u>

The Marshal's share of the costs of each of these plans is paid by LCG, and therefore, the pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to these plans are included in LCG's financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(10) Changes in Agency Fund Balances

A summary of changes in agency fund balances at October 31, 2015 is as follows:

	Garnishment	Restitution	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Balances, October 31, 2014	\$ 1,208	\$ -	\$ 1,208
Additions	952,096	34,665	986,761
Reductions	(953,304)	(34,665)	(987,969)
Balances, October 31, 2015	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -

(11) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to Brian Pope, City Marshal, for the year ended October 31, 2015 follows:

Purpose	Earl J. Picard November 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014	Brian L. Pope January 1, 2015 - October 31, 2015
On-behalf payments:		
Lafayette Consolidated Government -		
Salary	\$ 13,782	\$ 61,003
Benefits - insurance	1,941	9,706
Benefits - retirement	2,474	5,021
State of Louisiana -		
Supplemental pay	1,000	5,000
Civil fees (paid by Lafayette City Court)	6,328	59,882
Garnishments	9,413	22,510
Per diem	-	446
Reimbursements - phone charges	-	227
Travel	-	415
Registration fees	-	210
Conference travel	·	2,007
Total	<u>\$ 34,938</u>	<u>\$ 166,427</u>

(12) <u>Subsequent Event</u>

On November 13, 2015, The Independent, a local Lafayette, LA newspaper, filed a lawsuit against Brian Pope, City Marshal, for a public records dispute. The matter was adjudicated in the District Court and an appeal regarding the ruling is currently pending at the Court of Appeals.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended October 31, 2015

				Variance with Final Budget
	Buc	lget		Positive
	Original	Amended	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Fees charges and commissions for services -				
Bond forfeitures	\$ 10,000	\$ 11,864	\$ 10,564	\$ (1,300)
Fees and commissions	480,000	575,000	565,134	(9,866)
Intergovernmental -				
Federal grants	10,000	10,052	5,222	(4,830)
On-behalf payments	1,450,000	1,397,367	<u>1,397,367</u>	
Total revenues	1,950,000	1,994,283	<u>1,978,287</u>	(15,996)
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	1,892,500	1,794,523	1,817,708	(23,185)
Capital outlay	35,000	14,953	14,083	870
Total expenditures	1,927,500	1,809,476	<u>1,831,791</u>	(22,315)
Net change in fund balance	22,500	184,807	14 6,496	(38,311)
Fund balance, beginning	142,024	142,024	142,024	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$164,524</u>	\$ 326,831	\$ 288,520	<u>\$ (38,311</u>)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Comparative Statement of Net Position For the Years Ended October 31, 2015 and 2014

	Governmental Activities	
	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 297,439	\$ 131,322
Accounts receivable	56,795	56,248
Prepaid insurance	16,151	17,036
Total current assets	370,385	204,606
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net	84,514	113,251
Total assets	454,899	317,857
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	60,121	39,115
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	84,514	113,251
Restricted	21,744	23,467
Unrestricted	283,298	142,024
Total net position	<u>\$ 389,556</u>	<u>\$ 278,742</u>

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Comparative Balance Sheet - General Fund October 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$275,695	\$107,855
Receivables -		
Accounts	56,795	56,248
Prepaid insurance	16,151	17,036
Total assets	<u> </u>	¢101 100
Total assets	<u>\$348,641</u>	<u>\$181,139</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 60,121</u>	\$ 39,115
Fund balance:		
Nonspendable (prepaid insurance)	16,151	17,036
Unassigned	272,369	124,988
Onussigned		124,900
Total fund balance	288,520	142,024
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$348,641</u>	<u>\$181,139</u>

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended October 31, 2015 With Comparative Actual Balances for the Year Ended October 31, 2014

		2	015		
	n - 1 - 11 d de 1			Variance with Final Budget	
	Buc	lget		Positive	
	Original	Amended	Actual	(Negative)	2014
Revenues:					
Fees charges and commissions for services -					
Bond forfeitures	\$ 10,000	\$ 11 ,864	\$ 10,564	\$ (1,300)	\$ 15,350
Fees and commissions	480,000	575,000	565,134	(9,866)	350,937
Intergovernmental -					
Federal grants	10,000	10,052	5,222	(4,830)	-
On-behalf payments	1,450,000	1,397,367	1,397,367	-	1,450,000
Interest income		-		-	249
Total revenues	1,950,000	1,994,283	1,978,287	(15,996)	1,816,536
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government	1,892,500	1,794,523	1,817,708	(23,185)	1,883,525
Capital outlay	35,000	14,953	14,083	870	9,653
Total expenditures	1,927,500	1,809,476	1,831,791	(22,315)	1,893,178
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	22,500	184,807	146,496	(38,311)	(76,642)
Other financing sources:					
Transfers from Equitable Sharing Fund					54,199
Net change in fund balance	22,500	184,807	146,496	(38,311)	(22,443)
Fund balance, beginning	142,024	142,024	142,024		164,467
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 164,524</u>	<u>\$ 326,831</u>	\$ 288,520	<u>\$(38,311</u>)	\$ 142,024

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures - General Fund For the Year Ended October 31, 2015 With Comparative Actual Balances for the Year Ended October 31, 2014

		2	015		
	Buc	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2014
	Original	Amended	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Current:				´	
General government -					
Salaries and overtime	\$ 65,000	\$ 69,953	\$ 74,707	\$ (4,754)	\$ 67,67 1
On-behalf salaries and benefits	1,450,000	1,397,367	1,397,367	-	1,450,000
Accounting	8,750	16,500	17,285	(785)	8,750
Advertising	1,000	2,436	2,480	(44)	702
Ammunition	10,000	9,981	9,151	830	8,642
Automobile expenses	4,000	5,185	6,837	(1,652)	3,360
Badges	1,000	5,410	5,048	362	779
Beepers	. 250	151	126	25	205
Belts and holsters	3,000	2,335	1,946	389	3,079
Bullet proof vests	5,000	-	2,259	(2,259)	3,987
CALEA	3,500	3,470	3,470	-	3,470
Clothing allowance	12,000	12,000	12,000	-	12,000
Computer expense	6,000	3,932	10,267	(6,335)	5,045
Dues and subscriptions	1,000	1,775	1,775	-	578
Equipment	10,000	16,822	21,105	(4,283)	7,526
Equipment maintenance	5,000	70	304	(234)	4,831
Evidence preservation	1,000	340	408	(68)	949
Insurance	75,000	50,741	47,305	3,436	72,324
K9 expenses	4,500	4,500	4,474	26	3,666
Legal - incurred/paid prior to 12/31/14	25,000	33,650	33,650	-	26,981
- incurred/paid after 1/1/15	-	2,800	2,786	14	-
Medical	10,000	10,000	10,417	(417)	8,992
Office expense	25,000	32,000	34,803	(2,803)	29,110
Photographs and equipment	5,000	105	416	(311)	1,750
Postage	12,000	10,385	11,756	(1,371)	12,543
Printing and binding	3,000	5,894	4,957	937	2,591
Prisoner transportation	5,000	7,645	7,326	319	3,610
Reference books and publications	3,000	4,185	4,154	31	2,793
Tasers	5,000	2,876	5,398	(2,522)	9,124
Telephone	75,000	61,000	60,905	95	72,593
Training seminars	9,000	4,825	4,177	648	9,140
Transportation	30,000	7,512	7,308	204	30,798
Travel and meetings	6,000	205	434	(229)	5,686
Uniforms	3,500	7,944	10,183	(2,239)	3,031
Weapons	10,000	529	724	(195)	7,219
Total general government	1,892,500	1,794,523	1,817,708	(23,185)	1,883,525
Capital outlay	35,000	14,953	14,083	870	9,653
Total expenditures	\$1,927,500	\$1,809,476	\$1,831,791	\$ (22,315)	\$1,893,178
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Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds October 31, 2015

			Total
	Drug	Equitable	Nonmajor
	Enforcement	Sharing	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 14,327	\$ 7,417	<u>\$ 21,744</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Fund balances:			
Restricted	<u>\$ 14,327</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 21,744</u>
			<u></u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended October 31, 2015 With Comparative Actual Balances for the Year Ended October 31, 2014

		2015		
	Drug Enforcement Fund	Equitable Sharing Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2014
Revenues:				
Fees charges and commissions for services -				
Fees and commissions	\$ 709	\$-	\$ 709	\$ 5,961
Interest income	18		18	82
Total revenues	727	-	727	6,043
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	2,450		2,450	8
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(1,723)	-	(1,723)	6,035
Other financing uses:				
Transfers to General Fund	–	-		(54,199)
Net change in fund balances	(1,723)	-	(1,723)	(48,164)
Fund balances, beginning	16,050	7,417	23,467	71,631
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 14,327</u>	<u>\$ 7,417</u>	<u>\$ 21,744</u>	<u>\$23,467</u>

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE,

AND OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

OFFICES

450 East Main Street New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204 Fax (337) 367-9208

200 South Main Street Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 Fax (337) 893-7946

1234 David Dr. Ste 203 Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020 Fax (985) 384-3020

183 South Beadle Rd.

Phone (337) 232-4141

Breaux Bridge, LA 70517

Phone (337) 332-4020

Lafavette, LA 70508

Fax (337) 232-8660

113 East Bridge St.

Fax (337) 332-2867

434 East Main Street Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 Fax (337) 363-3049

133 East Waddil St. Marksville LA 71351 Phone (318) 253-9252 Fax (318) 253-8681

1013 Main Street

Franklin, LA 70538

Fax (337) 828-0290

Phone (337) 828-0272

332 West Sixth Avenue Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737 Fax (337) 639-4568 1428 Metro Drive Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 Fax (318) 442-9833

WEB SITE WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

Retired: Conrad O. Chapman, CPA* 2006

C. Burton Kolder, CPA* Russell F. Champagne, CPA* Victor R. Slaven, CPA* Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA* Robert S. Carter, CPA* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA* Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA* Penny Angelle Scruggins, CPA Christine C. Doucet, CPA Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA

Casey L. Ardoln, CPA Albert R. Leger, CPA,PFS,CSA* Marshall W. Guldry, CPA Stephen R. Moore, Jr., CPA,PFS,CFP[®],ChFC[®]* James R. Roy, CPA Robert J. Metz, CPA Alan M. Taylor, CPA Kelly M. Doucet, CPA Mandy B. Self, CPA Paul L. Delcambre, Jr., CPA Jane R. Hebert, CPA Deidre L. Stock, CPA Karen V. Fontenot, CPA Tabby A. LeMay, CPA

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Marshal City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana Lafayette, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshal – City Court of Lafayette, Louisiana (Marshal) as of and for the year ended October 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Marshal's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Marshal's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Marshal's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Marshal's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2015-001 and 2015-002 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Marshal's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Marshal's Response to Findings

The Marshal's response to the findings indentified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Marshal's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

April 26, 2016 Lafayette, Louisiana

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended October 31, 2015

Ref. No.	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	Finding	Corrective Action Taken	Corrective Action Planned	Name of Contact Person	Anticipated Completion Date
CURRENT	Г <u>YEAR (10</u> /	31/15)				
<u>Internal Co</u> 2015-001	<u>ontrol:</u> 2007	The Marshal's office does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including related notes.	N/A	The Marshal has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP and determined that it is in the best interests of the Marshal's office to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.	Brian Pope, City Marshal	N/A
2015-002	2014	Due to the small number of employees, the Marshal did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.	N/A	No response is considered necessary.	Brian Pope, City Marshal	N/A
Manageme	nt Letter:					
2015-003	2015	The Marshal receives a six percent administrative fee for garnishment collections. Based upon review of the Louisiana Revised Statutes and existing Attorney General Opinions relative to this matter, it is unclear whether this is acceptable practice. It is recommended that the Marshal obtain further guidance from the Attorney General in this matter.	No	The Marshal will request guidance from the Attorney General.	Brian Pope, City Marshal	10/31/2016
PRIOR YE	EAR (10/31/1	4)				
Internal Co	ntrol:					
2014-001	2007	The Marshal's office does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including related notes.	N/A	The Marshal has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP and determined that it is in the best interests of the Marshal's office to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.	Brian Pope, City Marshal	N/A
2014-002	2014	Due to the small number of employees, the Marshal did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.	N/A	No response is considered necessary.	Brian Pope, City Marshal	N/A

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C Burton Kolder, CPA*	CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMP	PANY, LLC	CES
Russell F Champagne, CPA*	CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS		020
Victor R Slaven, CPA*		183 South Beadle Rd	450 East Main Street
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*		Lafavette, LA 70508	New Ibena, LA 70560
Robert S Carter, CPA*		Phone (337) 232-4141	Phone (337) 367-9204
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*		Fax (337) 232-8660	Fax (337) 367-9208
Brad E Kolder, CPA, JD*			. ,
Stephen J Anderson, CPA*		113 East Bridge St	200 South Main Street
Penny Angelle Scruggins, CPA		Breaux Bridge, LA 70517	Abbeville, LA 70510
Christine C. Doucet, CPA		Phone (337) 332-4020	Phone (337) 893-7944
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA		Fax (337) 332-2867	Fax (337) 893-7946
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA			
Matthew E Margaglio, CPA		1234 David Dr Ste 203	1013 Main Street
		Morgan City, LA 70380	Franklin, LA 70538
Casey L Ardoin, CPA		Phone (985) 384-2020	Phone (337) 828-0272
Albert R Leger, CPA,PFS,CSA*		Fax (985) 384-3020	Fax (337) 828-0290
Marshall W Guidry, CPA			
Stephen R Moore, Jr , CPA,PFS,CFP [®] ,ChFC [®] *		434 East Main Street	133 East Waddil St
James R Roy, CPA		Ville Platte, LA 70586	Marksville LA 71351
Robert J Metz, CPA		Phone (337) 363-2792	Phone (318) 253-9252
Alan M Taylor, CPA		Fax (337) 363-3049	Fax (318) 253-8681
Kelly M. Doucet, CPA			
Mandy B Self, CPA		332 West Sixth Avenue	1428 Metro Drive
Paul L. Delcambre, Jr., CPA	MANAGEMENT LETTER	Oberlin, LA 70655	Alexandria, LA 71301
Jane R Hebert, CPA Deidre L Stock, CPA		Phone (337) 639-4737	Phone (318) 442-4421
Karen V. Fontenot, CPA		Fax (337) 639-4568	Fax (318) 442-9833
Tabby A LeMay, CPA			
		WEB	
* A Brofossional Association		WWW KCSR	CPAS COM
		Retired:	-

Conrad O. Chapman, CPA* 2006

Brian Pope, City Marshal Lafayette, Louisiana

During our audit of the basic financial statements of the Marshal – City Court of Lafayette Louisiana for the year ended October 31, 2015, we noted the following area in which the operations of the Marshal could be improved.

1. The Marshal receives a six percent administrative fee for garnishment collections. Based upon review of the Louisiana Revised Statutes and existing Attorney General Opinions relative to this matter, it is unclear whether this is acceptable practice. It is recommended that the Marshal obtain further guidance from the Attorney General in this matter.

We would like to express our appreciation to you and your staff, particularly your office staff, for the courtesies and assistance rendered to us in the performance of our audit. Should you have any questions or need assistance please feel free to contact us.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana April 26, 2016